

HSA Runtime Programmer's Reference Manual

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- Budirijanto Purnomo
- Shreyas Ramalingam
- Ben Sander
- · Yaki Tebeka
- Hari Thangirala
- Vinod Tipparaju
- Tony Tye
- Besar Wicaksono
- Shucai Xiao
- · Ming Yao
- Konstantin Zhuravlyov

ARM

- Djordje Kovacevic
- Jason Parker
- Håkan Persson

Codeplay

- Simon Brand (spec editor)
- Ralph Potter
- Andrew Richards (workgroup chair)

General Processor

- Paul D'Arcy
- John Glossner

Imagination

- James Aldis
- Andy Glew
- John Howson
- James McCarthy
- Jason Meredith
- · Mark Rankilor
- Zoran Zaric

Mediatek

- Rahul Agarwal
- Richard Bagley
- Barz Hsu
- Emerson Huang
- Roy Ju
- · Jason Lin
- Trent Lo

MultiCore Ware

· Tom Jablin

National Taiwan University

Medicine Yeh

Northeastern University

• Dave Kaeli

Qualcomm

- Greg Bellows
- Lihan Bin
- Alex Bourd
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CHAPTER 1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

Recent heterogeneous system designs have integrated CPU, GPU, and other accelerator devices into a single platform with a shared high-bandwidth memory system. Specialized accelerators now complement general purpose CPU chips and are used to provide both power and performance benefits. These heterogeneous designs are now widely used in many computing markets including cellphones, tablets, personal computers, and game consoles. The Heterogeneous System Architecture (HSA) builds on the close physical integration of accelerators that is already occurring in the marketplace, and takes the next step by defining standards for uniting the accelerators architecturally. The HSA specifications include requirements for virtual memory, memory coherency, architected dispatch mechanisms, and power-efficient signals. HSA refers to these accelerators as kernel agents.

The HSA system architecture defines a consistent base for building portable applications that access the power and performance benefits of the dedicated kernel agents. Many of these kernel agents, including GPUs and DSPs, are capable and flexible processors that have been extended with special hardware for accelerating parallel code. Historically these devices have been difficult to program due to a need for specialized or proprietary programming languages. HSA aims to bring the benefits of these kernel agents to mainstream programming languages using similar or identical syntax to that which is provided for programming multi-core CPUs. For more information on the system architecture, refer to the HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2.

In addition to the system architecture, HSA defines a portable, low-level, compiler intermediate language called HSAIL. A high-level compiler generates the HSAIL for the parallel regions of code. A low-level compiler called the finalizer translates the intermediate HSAIL to target machine code. The finalizer can be run at compile-time, install-time, or run-time. Each kernel agent provides its own implementation of the finalizer. For more information on HSAIL, refer to the HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2.

The final piece of the puzzle is the HSA runtime API. The runtime is a thin, user-mode API that provides the interfaces necessary for the host to launch compute kernels to the available kernel agents. This document describes the architecture and APIs for the HSA runtime. Key sections of the runtime API include:

- Error handling
- Runtime initialization and shutdown
- System and agent information
- Signals and synchronization
- · Architected dispatch
- · Memory management

The remainder of this document describes the HSA software architecture and execution model, and includes functional descriptions for all of the HSA APIs and associated data structures.

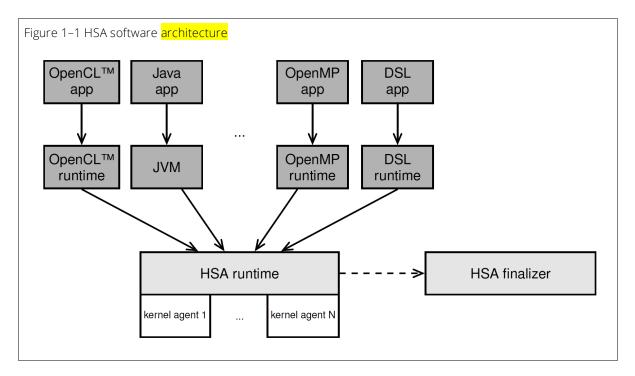


Figure 1–1 (above) shows how the HSA runtime fits into a typical software architecture stack. At the top of the stack is a programming model such as OpenCL™, Java, OpenMP, or a domain-specific language (DSL). The programming model must include some way to indicate a parallel region that can be accelerated. For example, OpenCL has calls to clEnqueueNDRangeKernel with associated kernels and grid ranges. Java defines stream and lambda APIs, which provide support for both multi-core CPUs and kernel agents. OpenMP contains OMP pragmas that mark loops for parallel computing and that control other aspects of the parallel implementation. Other programming models can also build on this same infrastructure.

The language compiler is responsible for generating HSAIL code for the parallel regions of code. The code can be precompiled before runtime or compiled at runtime. A high-level compiler can generate the HSAIL before runtime, in which case, when the application loads the finalizer, converts the HSAIL to machine code for the target machine. Another option is to run the finalizer when the application is built, in which case the resulting binary includes the machine code for the target architecture. The HSA finalizer is an optional element of the HSA runtime, which can reduce the footprint of the HSA software on systems where the finalization is done before runtime.

Each language also includes a "language runtime" that connects the language implementation to the HSA runtime. When the language compiler generates code for a parallel region, it will include calls to the HSA runtime to set up and dispatch the parallel region to the kernel agent. The language runtime is also responsible for initializing the HSA runtime, selecting target devices, creating execution queues, and managing memory. The language runtime may use other HSA runtime features as well. A runtime implementation may provide optional extensions. Applications can query the runtime to determine which extensions are available. This document describes the extensions for Finalization, Linking, and Images.

The API for the HSA runtime is standard across all HSA vendors. This means that languages that use the HSA runtime can execute on different vendors' platforms that support the API. Each vendor is responsible for supplying their own HSA runtime implementation that supports all of the kernel agents in the vendor's platform. HSA does not provide a mechanism to combine runtimes from different vendors. The implementation of the HSA runtime may include kernel-level components (required for some hardware components) or may only include user-space components (for example, simulators or CPU implementations).

Figure 1–1 (on the previous page) shows the "AQL" (Architected Queuing Language) path that application runtimes use to send commands directly to kernel agents. For more information on AQL, see 2.6 Architected Queuing Language packets (on page 86).

1.2 Programming model

This section introduces the main concepts behind the HSA programming model by outlining how they are exposed in the runtime API. In this introductory example we show the basic steps that are needed to launch a kernel.

The rest of the sections in this specification provide a more formal and detailed description of the different components of the HSA API, including many not discussed here.

1.2.1 Initialization and agent discovery

The first step any HSA application must perform is to initialize the runtime before invoking any other calls to the API:

```
hsa_init();
```

The next step the application performs is to find a device where it can launch the kernel. In HSA parlance, a regular device is called an *agent*, and if the agent can run kernels then it is also an *kernel agent*. The glossary at the end of this document contains more precise definitions of these terms. The HSA API uses opaque handles of type hsa_agent_t to represent agents and kernel agents.

The HSA runtime API exposes the set of available agents via <code>hsa_iterate_agents</code>. This function receives a callback and a buffer from the application; the callback is invoked once per agent unless it returns a special 'break' value or an error. In this case, the callback queries an agent attribute (<code>HSA_AGENT_INFO_FEATURE</code>) in order to determine whether the agent is also a kernel agent. If this is the case, the kernel agent is stored in the buffer and the iteration ends:

```
hsa_agent_t kernel_agent;
hsa_iterate_agents(get_kernel_agent, &kernel_agent);
```

where the application-provided callback get_kernel_agent is:

Section 2.3 System and agent information (on page 25) lists the set of available agent and system-wide attributes, and describes the functions to query them.

1.2.2 Queues and AQL packets

When an HSA application needs to launch a kernel in a kernel agent, it does so by placing an *AQL packet* in a *queue* owned by the kernel agent. A packet is a memory buffer encoding a single command. There are different types of packets; the one used for dispatching a kernel is named *kernel dispatch packet*. The binary structure of the different packet types is defined in the *HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version* 1.2.

For example, all the packets types occupy 64 bytes of storage and share a common header, and the kernel dispatch packets should specify a handle to the executable code at offset 32. The packet structure is known to the application (kernel dispatch packets correspond to the hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t type in the HSA API), but also to the hardware. This is a key HSA feature that enables applications to launch a packet in a specific agent by simply placing it in one of its *queues*.

A queue is a runtime-allocated resource that contains a packet buffer and is associated with a packet processor. The packet processor tracks which packets in the buffer have already been processed. When it has been informed by the application that a new packet has been enqueued, the packet processor is able to process it because the packet format is standard and the packet contents are self-contained – they include all the necessary information to run a command. The *packet processor* is generally a hardware unit that is aware of the different packet formats.

After introducing the basic concepts related to packets and queues, we can go back to our example and create a queue in the kernel agent using **hsa_queue_create**. The queue creation can be configured in multiple ways. In the snippet below the application indicates that the queue should be able to hold 256 packets.

```
hsa_queue_t*queue;
hsa_queue_treate(kernel_agent, 256, HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE, NULL, NULL, UINT32_MAX, UINT32_MAX, &queue);
```

The next step is to create a packet and push it into the newly created queue. Packets are not created using an HSA runtime function. Instead, the application can directly access the packet buffer of any queue and setup a kernel dispatch by simply filling all the fields mandated by the kernel dispatch packet format (type hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t). The location of the packet buffer is available in the <code>base_address</code> field of any queue:

```
hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t* packet = (hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*) queue->base_address;

// Configure dispatch dimensions: use a total of 256 work-items
packet->grid_size_x = 256;
packet->grid_size_y = 1;
packet->grid_size_z = 1;

// Configuration of the rest of the kernel dispatch packet is omitted for simplicity
```

In a real-world scenario, the application needs to exercise more caution when enqueuing a packet – there could be another thread writing a packet to the same memory location. The HSA API exposes several functions that allow the application to determine which buffer index to use to write a packet, and when to write it. For more information on queues, see 2.5 Queues (on page 68). For more information on AQL packets, see 2.6 Architected Queuing Language packets (on page 86).

1.2.3 Signals and packet launch

The kernel dispatch packet is not launched until the application informs the packet processor that there is new work available. The notification is divided in two parts:

1. The contents of the first 32 bits of the packet (which include the *header* and the *setup* fields) must be atomically set using a release memory ordering. This ensures that previous modifications to the rest of the packet are globally visible by the time the first 32 bits of the packet are also visible. The most relevant information passed in the header is the packet's type (in this case, HSA_PACKET_TYPE_KERNEL_DISPATCH). For simplicity we omit the details on how to setup the header and setup fields (see hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t for the source code of the helper functions used in the snippet). One possible implementation of the atomic update in GCC is:

```
uint16_t hdr = header(HSA_PACKET_TYPE_KERNEL_DISPATCH);
uint16_t setup = kernel_dispatch_setup();
__atomic_store_n(packet, hdr | (setup << 16), ATOMIC_RELEASE);
```

2. The buffer index where the packet has been written (in the example, zero) must be stored in the *doorbell signal* of the queue.

A *signal* is a runtime-allocated, opaque object used for communication between agents in an HSA system. Signals are similar to shared memory locations containing an integer. Agents can atomically store a new integer value in a signal, atomically read the current value of the signal, etc. using HSA runtime functions. Signals are the preferred communication mechanism in an HSA system because signal operations usually perform better (in terms of power or speed) than their shared memory counterparts. For more information on signals, see 2.4 Signals (on page 44).

When the runtime creates a queue, it also automatically creates a "doorbell" signal that must be used by the application to inform the packet processor of the index of the packet ready to be consumed. The doorbell signal is contained in the doorbell_signal field of the queue. The value of a signal can be updated using hsa_signal_store_screlease:

```
hsa_signal_store_screlease(queue->doorbell_signal, 0);
```

After the packet processor has been notified, the execution of the kernel may start asynchronously at any moment. The application could simultaneously write more packets to launch other kernels in the same queue.

In this introductory example, we omitted some important steps in the dispatch process. In particular, we did not show how to compile a kernel, indicate which executable code to run in the kernel dispatch packet, nor how to pass arguments to the kernel. However, some relevant differences with other runtime systems and programming models are already evident. Other runtime systems provide software APIs for setting arguments and launching kernels, while HSA architects these at the hardware and specification level. An HSA application can use regular memory operations and a very lightweight set of runtime APIs to launch a kernel or in general submit a packet.

CHAPTER 2.

HSA Core Programming Guide

This chapter describes the HSA Core runtime APIs, organized by functional area. For information on definitions that are not specific to any functionality, see 2.9 Common definitions (on page 160). The API follows the requirements listed in the HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2 and the HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2.

Several operating systems allow functions to be executed when a DLL or a shared library is loaded (for example, DllMain in Windows and GCC *constructor/destructor* attributes that allow functions to be executed prior to main in several operating systems). Whether or not the HSA runtime functions are allowed to be invoked in such fashion may be implementation-specific and is outside the scope of this specification.

Any header files distributed by the HSA Foundation for this specification may contain calling-convention specific prefixes such as _cdecl or _stdcall, which are outside the scope of the API definition.

Unless otherwise stated, functions can be considered thread-safe.

2.1 Initialization and shut down

When an application initializes the runtime (**hsa_init**) for the first time in a given process, a runtime instance is created. The instance is reference counted such that multiple HSA clients within the same process do not interfere with each other. Invoking the initialization routine n times within a process does not create n runtime instances, but a unique runtime object with an associated reference counter of n. Shutting down the runtime (**hsa_shut_down**) is equivalent to decreasing its reference counter. When the reference counter is less than one, the runtime object ceases to exist, and any reference to it (or to any resources created while it was active) results in undefined behavior.

After being initialized for the first time, the runtime is in the configuration state. Certain functions are only callable while the runtime is in the configuration state. When a runtime function other than any of the following functions is called, the runtime is no longer in the configuration state:

- hsa_init
- hsa_system_get_info
- hsa_extension_get_name
- hsa_system_extension_supported
- hsa system get extension table
- hsa_agent_get_info
- hsa iterate agents
- hsa_agent_get_exception_policies
- hsa_cache_get_info
- hsa_agent_iterate_caches
- hsa_agent_extension_supported

- hsa_region_get_info
- hsa_agent_iterate_regions
- hsa_isa_from_name
- hsa_agent_iterate_isas
- hsa_isa_get_info
- hsa_isa_get_info_alt
- hsa_isa_get_exception_policies
- hsa_isa_get_round_method
- hsa_wavefront_get_info
- hsa_isa_iterate_wavefronts
- hsa_isa_compatible

Extensions can specify functions which do not cause the runtime to exit the configuration state.

2.1.1 Initialization and shut down API

2.1.1.1 hsa_init

Initialize the HSA runtime.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_init();
```

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR REFCOUNT OVERFLOW

The HSA runtime reference count reaches INT32_MAX.

Description

Initializes the HSA runtime if it is not already initialized, and increases the reference counter associated with the HSA runtime for the current process. Invocation of any HSA function other than **hsa_init** results in undefined behavior if the current HSA runtime reference counter is less than one.

2.1.1.2 hsa_shut_down

Shut down the HSA runtime.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_shut_down();

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

Description

Decreases the reference count of the HSA runtime instance. When the reference count reaches 0, the HSA runtime is no longer considered valid but the application might call **hsa_init** to initialize the HSA runtime again.

Once the reference count of the HSA runtime reaches 0, all the resources associated with it (queues, signals, agent information, etc.) are considered invalid and any attempt to reference them in subsequent API calls results in undefined behavior. When the reference count reaches 0, the HSA runtime may release resources associated with it.

2.2 Runtime notifications

The runtime can report notifications (errors or events) synchronously or asynchronously. The runtime uses the return value of functions in the HSA API to pass synchronous notifications to the application. In this case, the notification is a status code of type hsa_status_t that indicates success or error.

The documentation of each function defines what constitutes a successful execution. When an HSA function does not execute successfully, the returned status code might help determine the source of the error. While some conditions can be generalized to a certain degree (e.g., failure in allocating resources), others have implementation-specific explanations. For example, certain operations on signals (see 2.4 Signals (on page 44)) can fail if the runtime implementation validates the signal object passed by the application. Because the representation of a signal is specific to the implementation, the reported error would simply indicate that the signal is invalid.

The hsa_status_t enumeration captures the result of any API function that has been executed, except for accessors and mutators. Success is represented by HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS which has a value of zero. Error statuses are assigned positive integers and their identifiers start with the HSA_STATUS_ERROR prefix. The application may use hsa_status_string to obtain a string describing a status code.

The runtime passes asynchronous notifications in a different fashion. When the runtime detects an asynchronous event, it invokes an application-defined callback. For example, queues (see 2.5 Queues (on page 68)) are a common source of asynchronous events because the tasks queued by an application are asynchronously consumed by the packet processor. When the runtime detects an error in a queue, it invokes the callback associated with that queue and passes it a status code (indicating what happened) and a pointer to the erroneous queue. An application can associate a callback with a queue at creation time.

The application must use caution when using blocking functions within their callback implementation - a callback that does not return can render the runtime state to be undefined. The application cannot depend on thread local storage within the callback's implementation and may safely kill the thread that registers the callback. The application is responsible for ensuring that the callback function is thread-safe. The runtime does not implement any default callbacks.

2.2.1 Runtime notifications API

2.2.1.1 hsa status t

Status codes.

See also:

- 3.2.1.1 Additions to hsa_status_t (on page 165) in the HSAIL finalization API
- 3.3.1.1 Additions to hsa status t (on page 186) in the images and samplers API
- 3.4.1.1 Additions to hsa_status_t (on page 213) in the performance counter API
- 3.5.6.1 Additions to has status t (on page 235) in the profile events API
- 3.6.1 Additions to hsa_status_t (on page 253) in the logging events API

Signature

```
typedef enum {
   HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS = 0x0,
   HSA_STATUS_INFO_BREAK = 0x1,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR = 0x1000,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT = 0x1001,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_QUEUE_CREATION = 0x1002,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ALLOCATION = 0x1003,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT = 0x1004,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_REGION = 0x1005,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SIGNAL = 0x1006,
   HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID QUEUE = 0x1007.
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES = 0x1008,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_PACKET_FORMAT = 0x1009,
   HSA\_STATUS\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_FREE = 0x100A,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED = 0x100B,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_REFCOUNT_OVERFLOW = 0x100C,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INCOMPATIBLE_ARGUMENTS = 0x100D,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_INDEX = 0x100E,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA = 0x100F
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA_NAME = 0x1017,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT = 0x1010,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE = 0x1011,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_FROZEN_EXECUTABLE = 0x1012,
   HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID SYMBOL NAME = 0x1013.
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_VARIABLE_ALREADY_DEFINED = 0x1014,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_VARIABLE_UNDEFINED = 0x1015,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_EXCEPTION = 0x1016
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_SYMBOL = 0x1018,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL = 0x1019,
   HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID FILE = 0x1020,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_READER = 0x1021,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CACHE = 0x1022,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_WAVEFRONT = 0x1023,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SIGNAL_GROUP = 0x1024,
   HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_RUNTIME_STATE = 0x1025,
   HSA\_STATUS\_ERROR\_FATAL = 0x1026
} hsa status t:
```

Values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS INFO BREAK

A traversal over a list of elements has been interrupted by the application before completing.

HSA STATUS ERROR

A generic error has occurred.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

One of the actual arguments does not meet a precondition stated in the documentation of the corresponding formal argument. This error may also occur when the packet processor encounters a kernel dispatch packet with an invalid dimension, kernel address or completion signal.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_QUEUE_CREATION

The requested queue creation is not valid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ALLOCATION

The requested allocation is not valid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The agent is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_REGION

The memory region is invalid.

${\sf HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SIGNAL}$

The signal is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_QUEUE

The queue is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime or packet processor failed to allocate the necessary resources. This error may occur when the HSA runtime needs to spawn threads or create internal OS-specific events. This error may also occur when the packet processor is unable to allocate the resources required for a kernel dispatch packet such as for the grid, work-group, group segment or private segment size requested.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID PACKET FORMAT

The AQL packet is malformed. For example, the packet header type is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_RESOURCE_FREE

An error has been detected while releasing a resource.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

An API other than hsa_init has been invoked while the reference count of the HSA runtime is 0.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_REFCOUNT_OVERFLOW

The maximum reference count for the object has been reached.

HSA STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS

The arguments passed to a function are not compatible.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

The index is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA_NAME

The instruction set architecture name is invalid.

- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT The code object is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE The executable is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_FROZEN_EXECUTABLE The executable is frozen.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SYMBOL_NAME There is no symbol with the given name.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_VARIABLE_ALREADY_DEFINED The variable is already defined.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_VARIABLE_UNDEFINED The variable is undefined.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_EXCEPTION

 An HSAIL operation resulted in a hardware exception.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_SYMBOL The code object symbol is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL The executable symbol is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_FILE The file descriptor is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_READER The code object reader is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CACHE The cache is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_WAVEFRONT The wavefront is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SIGNAL_GROUP The signal group is invalid.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_RUNTIME_STATE

 The HSA runtime is not in the configuration state.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_FATAL

A fatal error has occurred that may have resulted in the process being in an undefined state and require termination. For example, a memory fault has been detected.

2.2.1.2 hsa_status_string

Query additional information about a status code.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_status_string(hsa_status_t status, const char **status_string);

Parameters

status

(in) Status code.

status_string

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the NUL-terminated string that describes the error status.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

status is an invalid status code, or status_string is NULL.

2.3 System and agent information

The HSA runtime API uses opaque handles of type hsa_agent_t to represent agents. The application can traverse the list of agents that are available in the system using hsa_iterate_agents, and use hsa_agent_get_info to query agent-specific attributes. Examples of agent attributes include: name, type of backing device (CPU, GPU), and supported queue types. Implementations of hsa_iterate_agents are required to at least report the host (CPU) agent.

If an agent supports kernel dispatch packets, then it is also a kernel agent (supports the AQL packet format and the HSAIL instruction set). The application can inspect the HSA_AGENT_INFO_FEATURE attribute in order to determine if the agent is a kernel agent. Kernel agents expose a rich set of attributes related to kernel dispatches such as wavefront size or maximum number of work-items in the grid.

The application can use **hsa_system_get_info** to query system-wide attributes. Note that the value of some attributes is not constant. For example, the current timestamp HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_TIMESTAMP value returned by the runtime can increase as time progresses. For more information on timestamps, see *HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2*, section *2.7 Requirement: HSA system timestamp*.

2.3.1 System and agent information API

2.3.1.1 hsa_endianness_t

Endianness. A convention used to interpret the bytes making up a data word.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_ENDIANNESS_LITTLE = 0,
    HSA_ENDIANNESS_BIG = 1
} hsa_endianness_t;
```

Values

HSA ENDIANNESS LITTLE

The least significant byte is stored in the smallest address.

HSA_ENDIANNESS_BIG

The most significant byte is stored in the smallest address.

2.3.1.2 hsa_machine_model_t

Machine model. A machine model determines the size of certain data types in HSA runtime and an agent.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_MACHINE_MODEL_SMALL = 0,
    HSA_MACHINE_MODEL_LARGE = 1
} hsa_machine_model_t;
```

Values

HSA_MACHINE_MODEL_SMALL
Small machine model. Addresses use 32 bits.

HSA_MACHINE_MODEL_LARGE
Large machine model. Addresses use 64 bits.

2.3.1.3 hsa_profile_t

Profile. A profile indicates a particular level of feature support. For example, in the base profile the application must use the HSA runtime allocator to reserve shared virtual memory, while in the full profile any host pointer can be shared across all the agents.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_PROFILE_BASE = 0,
    HSA_PROFILE_FULL = 1
} hsa_profile_t;
```

Values

HSA_PROFILE_BASE Base profile.

HSA_PROFILE_FULL Full profile.

2.3.1.4 hsa_system_info_t

System attributes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_VERSION_MAJOR = 0,
    HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_VERSION_MINOR = 1,
    HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_TIMESTAMP = 2,
    HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_TIMESTAMP_FREQUENCY = 3,
    HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_SIGNAL_MAX_WAIT = 4,
    HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_ENDIANNESS = 5,
    HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_MACHINE_MODEL = 6,
    HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_EXTENSIONS = 7
```

} hsa_system_info_t;

Values

HSA SYSTEM INFO VERSION MAJOR

Major version of the HSA runtime specification supported by the implementation. The type of this attribute is uint16 t.

HSA SYSTEM INFO VERSION MINOR

Minor version of the HSA runtime specification supported by the implementation. The type of this attribute is uint16_t.

HSA SYSTEM INFO TIMESTAMP

Current timestamp. The value of this attribute monotonically increases at a constant rate. The type of this attribute is uint64 t.

HSA SYSTEM INFO TIMESTAMP FREQUENCY

Timestamp value increase rate, in Hz. The timestamp (clock) frequency is in the range 1-400MHz. The type of this attribute is uint64 t.

HSA SYSTEM INFO SIGNAL MAX WAIT

Maximum duration of a signal wait operation. Expressed as a count based on the timestamp frequency. The type of this attribute is uint64_t.

HSA SYSTEM INFO ENDIANNESS

Endianness of the system. The type of this attribute is hsa_endianness_t

HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_MACHINE_MODEL

Machine model supported by the HSA runtime. The type of this attribute is hsa machine model t

HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_EXTENSIONS

Bit-mask indicating which extensions are supported by the implementation. An extension with an ID of i is supported if the bit at position i is set. The type of this attribute is uint8_t[128].

2.3.1.5 hsa_system_get_info

Get the current value of a system attribute.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_system_get_info(
hsa_system_info_t attribute,
void *value);
```

Parameters

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid system attribute, or value is NULL.

2.3.1.6 hsa_extension_t

HSA extensions.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXTENSION_FINALIZER = 0,
    HSA_EXTENSION_IMAGES = 1,
    HSA_EXTENSION_PERFORMANCE_COUNTERS = 2,
    HSA_EXTENSION_PROFILE_EVENTS = 3
} hsa_extension_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXTENSION_FINALIZER Finalizer extension.

HSA_EXTENSION_IMAGES Images extension.

HSA_EXTENSION_PERFORMANCE_COUNTERS Performance counter extension.

HSA_EXTENSION_PROFILE_EVENTS Profile events extension.

2.3.1.7 hsa_extension_get_name

Query the name of a given extension.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_extension_get_name(
    uint16_t extension,
    const char **name);
```

Parameters

extension

(in) Extension identifier. If the extension is not supported by the implementation (see HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_EXTENSIONS), the behavior is undefined.

name

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the extension name. The extension name is a NUL-terminated string.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

extension is not a valid extension, or name is NULL.

2.3.1.8 hsa_system_extension_supported (Deprecated)

Query if a given version of an extension is supported by the HSA implementation.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_system_extension_supported(
    uint16_t extension,
    uint16_t version_major,
    uint16_t version_minor,
    bool*result);
```

Parameters

extension

(in) Extension identifier.

version_major

(in) Major version number.

version minor

(in) Minor version number.

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check. The result is true if the specified version of the extension is supported, and false otherwise.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

extension is not a valid extension, or result is NULL.

2.3.1.9 hsa_system_major_extension_supported

Query if a given version of an extension is supported by the HSA implementation. All minor versions from 0 up to the returned *version_minor* must be supported by the implementation.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_system_major_extension_supported( uint16_t extension,
```

```
uint16_t version_major,
uint16_t *version_minor,
bool *result);
```

Parameters

extension

(in) Extension identifier.

version_major

(in) Major version number.

version_minor

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the greatest supported minor version for the supplied major version.

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check. The result is true if the specified version of the extension is supported, and false otherwise.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

extension is not a valid extension, or version_minor is NULL, or result is NULL.

2.3.1.10 hsa_system_get_extension_table (Deprecated)

Retrieve the function pointers corresponding to a given version of an extension. Portable applications are expected to invoke the extension API using the returned function pointers.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_system_get_extension_table(
    uint16_t extension,
    uint16_t version_major,
    uint16_t version_minor,
    void *table);
```

Parameters

extension

(in) Extension identifier.

version major

(in) Major version number for which to retrieve the function pointer table.

version_minor

(in) Minor version number for which to retrieve the function pointer table.

table

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated function pointer table that is populated by the HSA runtime. Must not be NULL. The memory associated with table can be reused or freed after the function returns.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

extension is not a valid extension, or table is NULL.

Description

The application is responsible for verifying that the given version of the extension is supported by the HSA implementation (see <a href="https://hsa.gov/hsa.

2.3.1.11 hsa_system_get_major_extension_table

Retrieve the function pointers corresponding to a given major version of an extension. Portable applications are expected to invoke the extension API using the returned function pointers.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_system_get_major_extension_table(
    uint16_t extension,
    uint16_t version_major,
    size_t table_length,
    void *table);
```

Parameters

extension

(in) Extension identifier.

version_major

(in) Major version number for which to retrieve the function pointer table.

table length

(in) Size in bytes of the function pointer table to be populated. The implementation will not write more than this many bytes to the table.

table

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated function pointer table that is populated by the HSA runtime. Must not be NULL. The memory associated with table can be reused or freed after the function returns.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

extension is not a valid extension, or table is NULL.

Description

The application is responsible for verifying that the given version of the extension is supported by the HSA implementation (see <a href="https://hsa.given.com/hsa.given.

2.3.1.12 hsa_agent_t

Struct containing an opaque handle to an agent: a device that participates in the HSA memory model. An agent can submit AQL packets for execution, and may also accept AQL packets for execution (agent dispatch packets or kernel dispatch packets launching HSAIL-derived binaries).

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_agent_s {
     uint64_t handle;
} hsa_agent_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.3.1.13 hsa_agent_feature_t

Agent features.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_AGENT_FEATURE_KERNEL_DISPATCH = 1,
    HSA_AGENT_FEATURE_AGENT_DISPATCH = 2
} hsa_agent_feature_t;
```

Values

HSA AGENT FEATURE KERNEL DISPATCH

The agent supports AQL packets of kernel dispatch type. If this feature is enabled, the agent is also a kernel agent.

```
HSA AGENT FEATURE AGENT DISPATCH
```

The agent supports AQL packets of agent dispatch type.

2.3.1.14 hsa_device_type_t

Hardware device type.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_CPU = 0,
    HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_GPU = 1,
    HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_DSP = 2,
    HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_FPGA = 3,
    HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_CUSTOM = 4
} hsa_device_type_t;
```

Values

HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_CPU CPU device.

HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_GPU GPU device.

HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_DSP DSP device.

HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_FPGA FPGA device.

HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_CUSTOM

Custom processor device not listed above.

2.3.1.15 hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t

Default floating-point rounding mode.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_DEFAULT = 0,
    HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_ZERO = 1,
    HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_NEAR = 2
} hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t;
```

Values

HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_DEFAULT
Use a default floating-point rounding mode specified elsewhere.

HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_ZERO

Operations that specify the default floating-point mode are rounded to zero by default.

HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_NEAR

Operations that specify the default floating-point mode are rounded to the nearest representable number and that ties should be broken by selecting the value with an even least significant bit.

2.3.1.16 hsa_agent_info_t

Agent attributes.

See also 3.3.1.2 Additions to hsa_agent_info_t (on page 187) in the images and samplers API.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_NAME = 0,
   HSA AGENT INFO VENDOR NAME = 1,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_FEATURE = 2,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_MACHINE_MODEL = 3,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_PROFILE = 4,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE = 5,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_BASE_PROFILE_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODES = 23,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_FAST_F16_OPERATION = 24,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_WAVEFRONT_SIZE = 6,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_DIM = 7,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_SIZE = 8,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_GRID_MAX_DIM = 9,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_GRID_MAX_SIZE = 10,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_FBARRIER_MAX_SIZE = 11,
   HSA AGENT INFO QUEUES MAX = 12,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_QUEUE_MIN_SIZE = 13,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_QUEUE_MAX_SIZE = 14,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_QUEUE_TYPE = 15,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_NODE = 16,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_DEVICE = 17,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_CACHE_SIZE = 18,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_ISA = 19,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_EXTENSIONS = 20,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_VERSION_MAJOR = 21,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_VERSION_MINOR = 22,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_COMPUTE_UNIT_COUNT = 23,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_MAX_CLOCK_FREQUENCY = 24,
   HSA_AGENT_INFO_GROUP_SEGMENT_TYPE = 25
} hsa_agent_info_t;
```

Values

HSA_AGENT_INFO_NAME

Agent name. The type of this attribute is a NUL-terminated char[64]. The agent name must be at most 63 characters long (not including the NUL terminator) and all array elements not used for the name must be NUL.

HSA AGENT INFO VENDOR NAME

Name of vendor. The type of this attribute is a NUL-terminated char[64]. The vendor name must be at most 63 characters long (not including the NUL terminator) and all array elements not used for the name must be NUL.

HSA AGENT INFO FEATURE

Agent capability. The type of this attribute is hsa_agent_feature_t.

HSA AGENT INFO MACHINE MODEL

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_MACHINE_MODELS for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa_agent_iterate_isas.

Machine model supported by the agent. The type of this attribute is hsa_machine_model_t.

HSA_AGENT_INFO_PROFILE

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_PROFILES for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa_agent_iterate_isas.

Profile supported by the agent. The type of this attribute is hsa profile t.

HSA AGENT INFO DEFAULT FLOAT ROUNDING MODE

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODES for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa_agent_iterate_isas.

Default floating-point rounding mode. The type of this attribute is hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t but the value HSA DEFAULT FLOAT ROUNDING MODE DEFAULT is not allowed.

HSA AGENT INFO BASE PROFILE DEFAULT FLOAT ROUNDING MODES

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_BASE_PROFILE_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODES for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa agent iterate isas.

A bit-mask of hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t values, representing the default floating-point rounding modes supported by the agent in the base profile. The type of this attribute is uint32_t. The default floating-point rounding mode (HSA_AGENT_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE) bit must not be set.

HSA_AGENT_INFO_FAST_F16_OPERATION

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_FAST_F16_OPERATION for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first I SA enumerated by **hsa agent iterate isas**.

Flag indicating that the f16 HSAIL operation is at least as fast as the f32 operation in the current agent. The value of this attribute is undefined if the agent is not a kernel agent. The type of this attribute is bool.

HSA AGENT INFO WAVEFRONT SIZE

(Deprecated) Query HSA_WAVEFRONT_INFO_SIZE for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa_agent_iterate_isas.

Number of work-items in a wavefront. Must be a power of 2 in the range [1,256]. The value of this attribute is undefined if the agent is not a kernel agent. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA_AGENT_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_DIM

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_DIM for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa_agent_iterate_isas.

Maximum number of work-items of each dimension of a work-group. Each maximum must be greater than 0. No maximum can exceed the value of HSA_AGENT_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_SIZE. The value of this attribute is undefined if the agent is not a kernel agent. The type of this attribute is uint16_t[3].

HSA_AGENT_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_SIZE

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_SIZE for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa_agent_iterate_isas.

Maximum total number of work-items in a work-group. The value of this attribute is undefined if the agent is not a kernel agent. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA AGENT INFO GRID MAX DIM

(Deprecated) Query HSA ISA INFO GRID MAX DIM for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead.

Maximum number of work-items of each dimension of a grid. Each maximum must be greater than 0, and must not be smaller than the corresponding value in HSA AGENT INFO WORKGROUP MAX DIM. No maximum can exceed the value of HSA_AGENT_INFO_GRID_MAX_DIM The value of this attribute is undefined if the agent is not a kernel agent. The type of this attribute is hsa_dim3_t.

HSA AGENT INFO GRID MAX SIZE

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_GRID_MAX_SIZE for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa agent iterate isas.

Maximum total number of work-items in a grid. The value of this attribute is undefined if the agent is not a kernel agent. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA AGENT INFO FBARRIER MAX SIZE

(Deprecated) Query HSA_ISA_INFO_FBARRIER_MAX_SIZE for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by **hsa_agent_iterate_isas**.

Maximum number of fbarriers per work-group. Must be at least 32. The value of this attribute is undefined if the agent is not a kernel agent. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA AGENT INFO QUEUES MAX

(Deprecated) The maximum number of queues is not statistically determined.

Maximum number of queues that can be active (created but not destroyed) at one time in the agent. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA AGENT INFO QUEUE MIN SIZE

Minimum number of packets that a queue created in the agent can hold. Must be a power of 2 greater than 0. Must not exceed the value of HSA_AGENT_INFO_QUEUE_MAX_SIZE The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA AGENT INFO QUEUE MAX SIZE

Maximum number of packets that a queue created in the agent can hold. Must be a power of 2 greater than 0. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA AGENT INFO QUEUE TYPE

Type of a queue created in the agent. The type of this attribute is hsa_queue_type_t.

HSA AGENT INFO NODE

(Deprecated) NUMA information is not exposed anywhere else in the API.

Identifier of the NUMA node associated with the agent. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA AGENT INFO DEVICE

Type of hardware device associated with the agent. The type of this attribute is hsa_device_type_t.

HSA AGENT INFO CACHE SIZE

(Deprecated) Query hsa agent iterate caches to retrieve information about the caches present in a given agent.

Array of data cache sizes (L1..L4). Each size is expressed in bytes. A size of 0 for a particular level indicates that there is no cache information for that level. The type of this attribute is uint32_t[4].

HSA AGENT INFO ISA

(Deprecated) An agent may support multiple instruction set architectures. See **hsa_agent_iterate_isas**. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, the returned value corresponds to the first ISA enumerated by hsa_agent_iterate_isas.

Instruction set architecture of the agent. The type of this attribute is hsa_isa_t.

HSA AGENT INFO EXTENSIONS

Bit-mask indicating which extensions are supported by the agent. An extension with an ID of i is supported if the bit at position i is set. The type of this attribute is uint8_t[128].

HSA AGENT INFO VERSION MAJOR

Major version of the HSA runtime specification supported by the agent. The type of this attribute is uint16_t.

HSA AGENT INFO VERSION MINOR

Minor version of the HSA runtime specification supported by the agent. The type of this attribute is uint16 t.

HSA AGENT INFO COMPUTE UNIT COUNT

Returns the number of compute units the agent provides.

HSA_AGENT_INFO_MAX_CLOCK_FREQUENCY

The maximum clock frequency (measured in Hz) supported by the agent for executing kernels.

HSA_AGENT_INFO_GROUP_SEGMENT_TYPE

Queries the type of memory used for the group segment enumerated by **hsa_agent_group_segment_type_t**.

2.3.1.17 hsa_agent_group_segment_type_t

Type of memory used for the group segment.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_AGENT_GROUP_SEGMENT_INFO_LOCAL = 0,
    HSA_AGENT_GROUP_SEGMENT_INFO_CACHED_GLOBAL = 1
} hsa_agent_group_segment_type_t;
```

Values

HSA_AGENT_GROUP_SEGMENT_INFO_LOCAL

The agent's group segment is handled by on-chip local memory.

HSA AGENT GROUP SEGMENT INFO CACHED GLOBAL

The agent's group segment is in global memory and cached.

2.3.1.18 hsa_agent_get_info

Get the current value of an attribute for a given agent.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_agent_get_info(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_agent_info_t attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) A valid agent.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid agent attribute, or value is NULL.

2.3.1.19 hsa_iterate_agents

Iterate over the available agents, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_iterate_agents(
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_agent_t agent, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per agent. The HSA runtime passes two arguments to the callback, the agent and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to *callback* on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

2.3.1.20 hsa_exception_policy_t

Exception policies applied in the presence of hardware exceptions.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXCEPTION_POLICY_BREAK = 1,
    HSA_EXCEPTION_POLICY_DETECT = 2
} hsa_exception_policy_t;
```

Values

HSA EXCEPTION POLICY BREAK

If a hardware exception is detected, a work-item signals an exception.

HSA_EXCEPTION_POLICY_DETECT

If a hardware exception is detected, a hardware status bit is set.

2.3.1.21 hsa_agent_get_exception_policies (Deprecated)

Use **hsa_isa_get_exception_policies** for a given instruction set architecture supported by the agent instead. If more than one ISA is supported by the agent, this function uses the first value returned by **hsa_agent_iterate_isas**.

Retrieve the exception policy support for a given combination of agent and profile.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_agent_get_exception_policies(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_profile_t profile,
    uint16_t*mask);
```

Parameters

```
agent
```

(in) Agent.

profile

(in) Profile.

mask

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores a mask of hsa_exception_policy_t values. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The agent is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

profile is not a valid profile, or mask is NULL.

2.3.1.22 hsa_cache_t

Cache handle.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_cache_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_cache_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.3.1.23 hsa_cache_info_t

Cache attributes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_CACHE_INFO_NAME_LENGTH = 0
    HSA_CACHE_INFO_NAME = 1,
    HSA_CACHE_INFO_LEVEL = 2,
    HSA_CACHE_INFO_SIZE = 3,
    HSA_CACHE_INFO_CACHE_LINE_SIZE = 4
} hsa_cache_info_t;
```

Values

HSA_CACHE_INFO_NAME_LENGTH

The length of the cache name in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA_CACHE_INFO_NAME

Human-readable description. The type of this attribute is a NUL-terminated character array with the length equal to the value of HSA_CACHE_INFO_NAME_LENGTH attribute.

HSA_CACHE_INFO_LEVEL

Cache level. An L1 cache must return a value of 1, an L2 must return a value of 2, and so on. The type of this attribute is uint8 t.

HSA CACHE INFO SIZE

Cache size, in bytes. A value of 0 indicates that there is no size information available. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA CACHE INFO CACHE LINE SIZE

Returns the size of a cache line or cache block in bytes.

2.3.1.24 hsa_cache_get_info

Get the current value of an attribute for a given cache object.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_cache_get_info(
    hsa_cache_t cache,
   hsa_cache_info_t attribute,
   void *value);
```

Parameters

cache

(in) Cache.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of attribute, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID CACHE

The cache is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is not a valid instruction set architecture attribute, or value is NULL.

2.3.1.25 hsa_agent_iterate_caches

Iterate over the memory caches of a given agent, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_agent_iterate_caches(
   hsa_cache_t agent,
   hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_cache_t cache, void *data),
   void *data);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per cache that is present in the agent. The HSA runtime passes two arguments to the callback, the cache and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to callback on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

Description

Caches are visited in ascending order according to the value of the HSA_CACHE_INFO_LEVEL attribute.

2.3.1.26 hsa_agent_extension_supported (Deprecated)

Query if a given version of an extension is supported by an agent.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_agent_extension_supported(
    uint16_t extension,
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    uint16_t version_major,
    uint16_t version_minor,
    bool*result);
```

Parameters

extension

(in) Extension identifier.

agent

(in) Agent.

version_major

(in) Major version number.

version minor

(in) Minor version number.

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check. The result is true if the specified version of the extension is supported, and false otherwise. The result must be false if **hsa_system_extension_supported** (**Deprecated**) returns false for the same extension version.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

extension is not a valid extension, or result is NULL.

2.3.1.27 hsa_agent_major_extension_supported

Query if a given version of an extension is supported by an agent. All minor versions from 0 up to the returned *version_minor* must be supported.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_agent_major_extension_supported(
    uint16_t extension,
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    uint16_t version_major,
    uint16_t *version_minor,
    bool*result);
```

Parameters

extension

(in) Extension identifier.

agent

(in) Agent.

version_major

(in) Major version number.

version minor

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the greatest supported minor version for the supplied major version.

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check. The result is true if the specified version of the extension is supported, and false otherwise. The result must be false if hsa_system_extension_supported (Deprecated) returns false for the same extension version.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

extension is not a valid extension, or version minor is NULL, or result is NULL.

2.4 Signals

Agents can communicate with each other by using coherent shared (global) memory or by using signals. Agents can perform operations on signals similar to operations performed on shared memory locations. For example, an agent can atomically store an integer value on them, atomically load their current value, etc. However, signals can only be manipulated using the HSA runtime API or HSAIL instructions. The advantage of signals over shared memory is that signal operations usually perform better in terms of power or speed. For example, a spin loop involving atomic memory operations that waits for a shared memory location to satisfy a condition can be replaced with an HSA signal wait operator such as <code>hsa_signal_wait_scacquire</code>, which is implemented by the runtime using efficient hardware features.

The runtime API uses opaque signal handlers of type hsa_signal_t to represent signals. A signal carries a signed integer value of type hsa_signal_value_t that can be accessed or conditionally waited upon through an API call or HSAIL instruction. The value occupies four or eight bytes depending on the machine model (small or large, respectively) being used. The application creates a signal using the function hsa_signal_create.

Modifying the value of a signal is equivalent to sending the signal. In addition to the regular update (store) of a signal value, an application can perform atomic operations such as add, subtract, or compare-and-swap. Each read or write signal operation specifies which memory order to use. For example, store-release (hsa_signal_store_screlease function) is equivalent to storing a value on the signal with release memory ordering. The combinations of actions and memory orders available in the API match the corresponding HSAIL instructions. For more information on memory orders and the HSA memory model, please refer to the other HSA specifications (HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2; HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2).

The application may wait on a signal, with a condition specifying the terms of the wait. The wait can be done either in the kernel agent by using an HSAIL wait instruction or in the host CPU by using a runtime API call. Waiting for a signal implies reading the current signal value (which is returned to the application) using an acquire (hsa_signal_wait_scacquire) or a relaxed (hsa_signal_wait_relaxed) memory order. The signal value returned by the wait operation is not guaranteed to satisfy the wait condition due to multiple reasons:

- A spurious wakeup interrupts the wait.
- The wait time exceeded the user-specified timeout.
- The wait time exceeded the system timeout HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_SIGNAL_MAX_WAIT.
- The wait has been interrupted because the signal value satisfies the specified condition, but the value is modified before the implementation of the wait operation has the opportunity to read it.

2.4.1 Signals API

2.4.1.1 hsa_signal_value_t

Signal value. The value occupies 32 bits in small machine mode, and 64 bits in large machine mode.

Signature

```
#ifdef HSA_LARGE_MODEL
typedef int64_t hsa_signal_value_t
#else
typedef int32_t hsa_signal_value_t
#endif
```

2.4.1.2 hsa_signal_t

Signal handle.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_signal_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_signal_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.4.1.3 hsa_signal_create

Create a signal.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_signal_create(
    hsa_signal_value_t initial_value,
    uint32_t num_consumers,
    const hsa_agent_t*consumers,
    hsa_signal_t*signal);
```

Parameters

initial value

(in) Initial value of the signal.

num_consumers

(in) Size of consumers. A value of 0 indicates that any agent might wait on the signal.

consumers

(in) List of agents that might consume (wait on) the signal. If *num_consumers* is 0, this argument is ignored; otherwise, the HSA runtime might use the list to optimize the handling of the signal object. If an agent not listed in *consumers* waits on the returned signal, the behavior is undefined. The memory associated with *consumers* can be reused or freed after the function returns.

signal

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime will store the newly created signal handle.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

signal is NULL, num_consumers is greater than 0 but consumers is NULL, or consumers contains duplicates.

2.4.1.4 hsa_signal_destroy

Destroy a signal previously created by **hsa_signal_create**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_signal_destroy(
hsa_signal_t signal);
```

Parameter

signal

(in) Signal.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SIGNAL *signal* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

The handle in signal is 0.

2.4.1.5 hsa_signal_load

Atomically read the current value of a signal.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_load_scacquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal);

hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_load_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_t signal);
```

Parameter

signal

(in) Signal.

Returns

Value of the signal.

2.4.1.6 hsa_signal_load_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_load_scacquire**; see **hsa_signal_load**.

Atomically read the current value of a signal.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_load_acquire(
hsa_signal_t signal);
```

Parameter

```
signal (in) Signal.
```

Returns

Value of the signal.

2.4.1.7 hsa_signal_store

Atomically set the value of a signal.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_store_relaxed(
   hsa_signal_t signal,
   hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_store_screlease(
   hsa_signal_t signal,
   hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

```
signal
(in) Signal.

value
(in) New signal value.
```

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.8 hsa_signal_store_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_store_screlease**; see **hsa_signal_store**.

Atomically set the value of a signal.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_store_release(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

```
signal
(in) Signal.
```

(in) New signal value.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.9 hsa_signal_silent_store

Atomically set the value of a signal without necessarily notifying the agents waiting on it.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_silent_store_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_silent_store_screlease(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

```
signal
(in) Signal.

value
(in) New signal value.
```

Description

The agents waiting on *signal* may not wake up even when the new value satisfies their wait condition. If the application wants to update the signal and there is no need to notify any agent, invoking this function can be more efficient than calling the non-silent counterpart.

2.4.1.10 hsa_signal_exchange

Atomically set the value of a signal and return its previous value.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_exchange_scacq_screl(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_exchange_scacquire(
```

```
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);

hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_exchange_relaxed(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);

hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_exchange_screlease(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) New value.

Returns

Value of the signal prior to the exchange.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.11 hsa_signal_exchange_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa signal exchange scacq screl; see hsa signal exchange.

Atomically set the value of a signal and return its previous value.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_exchange_acq_rel(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) New value.

Returns

Value of the signal prior to the exchange.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.12 hsa_signal_exchange_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_signal_exchange_scacquire; see hsa_signal_exchange.

Atomically set the value of a signal and return its previous value.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_exchange_acquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) New value.

Returns

Value of the signal prior to the exchange.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.13 hsa_signal_exchange_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_signal_exchange_screlease; see hsa_signal_exchange.

Atomically set the value of a signal and return its previous value.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_exchange_release(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) New value.

Returns

Value of the signal prior to the exchange.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.14 hsa_signal_cas

Atomically set the value of a signal if the observed value is equal to the expected value. The observed value is returned regardless of whether the replacement was done.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_cas_scacq_screl(
   hsa_signal_t signal,
   hsa_signal_value_t expected,
   hsa_signal_value_t value);
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_cas_scacquire(
   hsa_signal_t signal,
   hsa_signal_value_t expected,
   hsa_signal_value_t value);
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_cas_relaxed(
   hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t expected,
   hsa_signal_value_t value);
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_cas_screlease(
   hsa_signal_t signal,
   hsa_signal_value_t expected,
   hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

expected

(in) Value to compare with.

value

(in) New value.

Returns

Observed value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.15 hsa_signal_cas_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_cas_scacq_screl**; see **hsa_signal_cas**.

Atomically set the value of a signal if the observed value is equal to the expected value. The observed value is returned regardless of whether the replacement was done.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_cas_acq_rel(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t expected,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

expected

(in) Value to compare with.

value

(in) New value.

Returns

Observed value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.16 hsa_signal_cas_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_cas_scacquire**; see **hsa_signal_cas**.

Atomically set the value of a signal if the observed value is equal to the expected value. The observed value is returned regardless of whether the replacement was done.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_cas_acquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t expected,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

expected

(in) Value to compare with.

value

(in) New value.

Returns

Observed value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.17 hsa_signal_cas_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_cas_screlease**; see **hsa_signal_cas**.

Atomically set the value of a signal if the observed value is equal to the expected value. The observed value is returned regardless of whether the replacement was done.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_cas_release(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t expected,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

expected

(in) Value to compare with.

value

(in) New value.

Returns

Observed value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.18 hsa_signal_add

Atomically increment the value of a signal by a given amount.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_add_scacq_screl(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_add_scacquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_add_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_add_screlease(
    hsa_signal_add_screlease(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to add to the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.19 hsa_signal_add_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_add_scacq_screl**; see **hsa_signal_add**.

Atomically increment the value of a signal by a given amount.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_add_acq_rel(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to add to the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.20 hsa_signal_add_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_signal_add_scaquire; see hsa_signal_add.

Atomically increment the value of a signal by a given amount.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_add_acquire(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to add to the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.21 hsa_signal_add_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_add_screlease**; **hsa_signal_add**.

Atomically increment the value of a signal by a given amount.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_add_release(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to add to the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.22 hsa_signal_subtract

Atomically decrement the value of a signal by a given amount.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_subtract_scacq_screl(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_subtract_scacquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_subtract_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_subtract_screlease(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to subtract from the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.23 hsa_signal_subtract_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_subtract_scacq_screl**; see **hsa_signal_subtract**.

Atomically decrement the value of a signal by a given amount.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_subtract_acq_rel(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to subtract from the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.24 hsa_signal_subtract_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_subtract_scacquire**; see **hsa_signal_subtract**.

Atomically decrement the value of a signal by a given amount.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_subtract_acquire(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to subtract from the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.25 hsa_signal_subtract_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_signal_subtract_screlease; see hsa_signal_subtract.

Atomically decrement the value of a signal by a given amount.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_subtract_release(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to subtract from the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.26 hsa_signal_and

Atomically perform a bitwise AND operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_and_scacq_screl(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_and_scacquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_and_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_and_screlease(
    hsa_signal_and_screlease(
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to AND with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.27 hsa_signal_and_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa signal and scacq screl**; see **hsa signal and**.

Atomically perform a bitwise AND operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_and_acq_rel(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to AND with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.28 hsa_signal_and_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_and_scacquire**; see **hsa_signal_and**.

Atomically perform a bitwise AND operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_and_acquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If *signal* is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to AND with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.29 hsa_signal_and_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa signal and screlease**; see **hsa signal and**.

Atomically perform a bitwise AND operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_and_release(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to AND with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.30 hsa_signal_or

Atomically perform a bitwise OR operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_or_scacq_screl(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_or_scacquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_or_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_or_screlease(
    hsa_signal_or_screlease(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to OR with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.31 hsa_signal_or_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_or_scacq_screl**; see **hsa_signal_or**.

Atomically perform a bitwise OR operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_or_acq_rel(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to OR with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.32 hsa_signal_or_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_or_scacquire**; see **hsa_signal_or**.

Atomically perform a bitwise OR operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_or_acquire(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to OR with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.33 hsa_signal_or_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_or_screlease**; see **hsa_signal_or**.

Atomically perform a bitwise OR operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_or_release(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to OR with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.34 hsa_signal_xor

Atomically perform a bitwise XOR operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_xor_scacq_screl(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_xor_scacquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_xor_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_value_t value);

void hsa_signal_xor_screlease(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_t value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to XOR with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.35 hsa_signal_xor_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_xor_scacq_screl**; see **hsa_signal_xor**.

Atomically perform a bitwise XOR operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_xor_acq_rel(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to XOR with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.36 hsa_signal_xor_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_xor_scacquire**; see **hsa_signal_xor**.

Atomically perform a bitwise XOR operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_xor_acquire(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to XOR with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.37 hsa_signal_xor_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_xor_screlease**; see **hsa_signal_xor**.

Atomically perform a bitwise XOR operation between the value of a signal and a given value.

Signature

```
void hsa_signal_xor_release(
hsa_signal_t signal,
hsa_signal_value_t value);
```

Parameters

signal

(in) Signal. If signal is a queue doorbell signal, the behavior is undefined.

value

(in) Value to XOR with the value of the signal.

Description

If the value of the signal is changed, all the agents waiting on *signal* for which *value* satisfies their wait condition are awakened.

2.4.1.38 hsa_signal_condition_t

Wait condition operator.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_EQ=0,
    HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_NE=1,
    HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_LT=2,
    HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_GTE=3
} hsa_signal_condition_t;
```

Values

HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_EQ

The two operands are equal.

HSA SIGNAL CONDITION NE

The two operands are not equal.

HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_LT

The first operand is less than the second operand.

HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_GTE

The first operand is greater than or equal to the second operand.

2.4.1.39 hsa_wait_state_t

State of the application thread during a signal wait.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_WAIT_STATE_BLOCKED = 0,
    HSA_WAIT_STATE_ACTIVE = 1
} hsa_wait_state_t;
```

Values

HSA_WAIT_STATE_BLOCKED

The application thread may be rescheduled while waiting on the signal.

HSA WAIT STATE ACTIVE

The application thread stays active while waiting on a signal.

2.4.1.40 hsa_signal_wait

Wait until a signal value satisfies a specified condition, or a certain amount of time has elapsed.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_wait_scacquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_condition_t condition,
    hsa_signal_value_t compare_value,
    uint64_t timeout_hint,
    hsa_wait_state_t wait_state_hint);

hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_wait_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_condition_t condition,
    hsa_signal_value_t compare_value,
    uint64_t timeout_hint,
    hsa_wait_state_t wait_state_hint);
```

Parameters

```
signal
```

(in) Signal.

condition

(in) Condition used to compare the signal value with *compare_value*.

compare_value

(in) Value to compare with.

timeout hint

(in) Maximum duration of the wait. Specified in the same unit as the system timestamp. The operation might block for a shorter or longer time even if the condition is not met. A value of UINT64_MAX indicates no maximum.

wait_state_hint

(in) Hint used by the application to indicate the preferred waiting state. The actual waiting state is ultimately decided by HSA runtime and may not match the provided hint. A value of HSA_WAIT_STATE_ ACTIVE may improve the latency of response to a signal update by avoiding rescheduling overhead.

Returns

Observed value of the signal, which might not satisfy the specified condition.

Description

A wait operation can spuriously resume at any time sooner than the timeout (for example, due to system or other external factors) even when the condition has not been met.

The function is guaranteed to return if the signal value satisfies the condition at some point in time during the wait, but the value returned to the application might not satisfy the condition. The application must ensure that signals are used in such way that wait wakeup conditions are not invalidated before dependent threads have woken up.

When the wait operation internally loads the value of the passed signal, it uses the memory order indicated in the function name.

2.4.1.41 hsa_signal_wait_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_signal_wait_scacquire**; see **hsa_signal_wait**.

Wait until a signal value satisfies a specified condition, or a certain amount of time has elapsed.

Signature

```
hsa_signal_value_t hsa_signal_wait_acquire(
    hsa_signal_t signal,
    hsa_signal_condition,t condition,
    hsa_signal_value_t compare_value,
    uint64_t timeout_hint,
    hsa_wait_state_t wait_state_hint);
```

Parameters

```
signal
(in) Signal.
```

condition

(in) Condition used to compare the signal value with *compare_value*.

compare value

(in) Value to compare with.

timeout hint

(in) Maximum duration of the wait. Specified in the same unit as the system timestamp. The operation might block for a shorter or longer time even if the condition is not met. A value of UINT64_MAX indicates no maximum.

wait state hint

(in) Hint used by the application to indicate the preferred waiting state. The actual waiting state is ultimately decided by HSA runtime and may not match the provided hint. A value of HSA_WAIT_STATE_ ACTIVE may improve the latency of response to a signal update by avoiding rescheduling overhead.

Returns

Observed value of the signal, which might not satisfy the specified condition.

Description

A wait operation can spuriously resume at any time sooner than the timeout (for example, due to system or other external factors) even when the condition has not been met.

The function is guaranteed to return if the signal value satisfies the condition at some point in time during the wait, but the value returned to the application might not satisfy the condition. The application must ensure that signals are used in such way that wait wakeup conditions are not invalidated before dependent threads have woken up.

When the wait operation internally loads the value of the passed signal, it uses the memory order indicated in the function name.

2.4.1.42 hsa_signal_group_t

Group of signals.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_signal_group_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_signal_group_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.4.1.43 hsa_signal_group_create

Create a signal group.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_signal_group_create(
    uint32_t num_signals,
    const hsa_signal_t*signals
    uint32_t num_consumers,
    const hsa_agent_t*consumers,
    hsa_signal_group_t*signal_group);
```

Parameters

num_signals

(in) Number of elements in signals. Must not be 0.

signals

(in) List of signals in the group. The list must not contain any repeated elements. Must not be NULL.

num consumers

(in) Number of elements in consumers. Must not be 0.

consumers

(in) List of agents that might consume (wait on) the signal group. The list must not contain repeated elements, and must be a subset of the set of agents that are allowed to wait on all the signals in the group. If an agent not listed in *consumers* waits on the returned group, the behavior is undefined. The memory associated with *consumers* can be reused or freed after the function returns. Must not be NULL.

signal_group

(out) Pointer to newly created signal group. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

num_signals is 0, signals is NULL, num_consumers is 0, consumers is NULL, or signal_group is NULL.

2.4.1.44 hsa_signal_group_destroy

Destroy a signal group previously created by **hsa_signal_create**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_signal_group_destroy(
hsa_signal_group_t signal_group);
```

Parameter

signal group

(in) Signal group.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID SIGNAL GROUP

signal_group is invalid.

2.4.1.45 hsa_signal_group_wait_any

Wait until the value of at least one of the signals in a signal group satisfies its associated condition.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_signal_group_wait_any_scacquire(
    hsa_signal_group_t signal_group,
    const hsa_signal_condition_t*conditions,
    const hsa_signal_value_t*compare_values,
    hsa_wait_state_t wait_state_hint,
    hsa_signal_t*signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t*value);

hsa_signal_group_wait_any_relaxed(
    hsa_signal_group_t signal_group,
    const hsa_signal_condition_t*conditions,
    const hsa_signal_value_t*compare_values,
    hsa_wait_state_t wait_state_hint,
    hsa_signal_t*signal,
    hsa_signal_value_t*value);
```

Parameters

signal_group

(in) Signal group.

conditions

(in) List of conditions. Each condition, and the value at the same index in *compare_values*, is used to compare the value of the signal at that index in *signal_group* (the signal passed by the application to **hsa_signal_group_create** at that particular index). The size of *conditions* must not be smaller than the number of signals in *signal_group*; any extra elements are ignored. Must not be NULL.

compare_values

(in) List of comparison values. The size of *compare_values* must not be smaller than the number of signals in *signal_group*; any extra elements are ignored. Must not be NULL.

wait state hint

(in) Hint used by the application to indicate the preferred waiting state. The actual waiting state is ultimately decided by HSA runtime and may not match the provided hint. A value of HSA_WAIT_STATE_ ACTIVE may improve the latency of response to a signal update by avoiding rescheduling overhead.

signal

(out) Signal in the group that satisfied the associated condition. If several signals satisfied their condition, the function can return any of those signals. Must not be NULL.

value

(out) Observed value for signal, which might no longer satisfy the specified condition. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SIGNAL_GROUP signal_group is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

conditions is NULL, compare_values is NULL, signal is NULL, or value is NULL.

Description

The function is guaranteed to return if the value of at least one of the signals in the group satisfies its associated condition at some point in time during the wait, but the signal value returned to the application may no longer satisfy the condition. The application must ensure that signals in the group are used in such way that wait wakeup conditions are not invalidated before dependent threads have woken up.

When this operation internally loads the value of the passed signal, it uses the memory order indicated in the function name.

2.5 Queues

HSA hardware supports command execution through user mode queues. A user mode command queue is characterized (see the HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2, section 2.8 Requirement: User mode queuing) as runtime-allocated, user-level, accessible virtual memory of a certain size, containing packets (commands) defined in the Architected Queueing Language (AQL is explained in more detail in the next section). A queue is associated with a specific agent. An agent may have several queues attached to it. We will refer to user mode queues as just queues.

The application submits a packet to the queue of an agent by performing the following steps:

- Create a queue on the agent, using hsa_queue_create. The queue should support the desired
 packet type. When the queue is created, the runtime allocates memory for the hsa_queue_t data
 structure that represents the visible part of the queue, as well as the AQL packet buffer pointed by
 the base address field.
- 2. Reserve a packet ID by incrementing the write index of the queue, which is a 64-bit unsigned integer that contains the number of packets allocated so far. The runtime exposes several functions such as **hsa queue add write index scacquire** to increment the value of the write index.
- 3. Wait until the queue is not full (has space for the packet) before writing the packet. If the queue is full, the packet ID obtained in the previous step will be greater or equal than the sum of the current read index plus the queue size. The read index of a queue is a 64-bit unsigned integer that contains the number of packets that have been processed and released by the queue's packet processor (i.e., the identifier of the next packet to be released). The application can load the read index using hsa_queue_load_read_index_scacquire or hsa_queue_load_read_index_relaxed.
 - If the application observes that the read index matches the write index, the queue can be considered empty. This does not mean that the kernels have finished execution, just that all packets have been consumed.
- 4. Populate the packet. This step does not require using any HSA API. Instead, the application directly writes the contents of the AQL packet located at *base_address* + (AQL packet size) * ((packet ID) % *size*). Note that *base_address* and *size* are fields in the queue structure, while the size of any AQL packet is 64 bytes. The different packet types are discussed in the next section.
- 5. Launch the packet by first setting the type of the packet field on its header to the corresponding

value, and then storing the packet ID in *doorbell_signal* using **hsa_signal_store_screlease** (or any variant that uses a different memory order). The application is required to ensure that the rest of the packet is globally visible before or at the same time the type is written.

The doorbell signal of the queue is used to indicate to the packet processor that it has work to do. The value which the doorbell signal must be signaled with corresponds to the identifier of the packet that is ready to be launched. However, the packet might be consumed by the packet processor even before the doorbell signal has been signaled. This is because the packet processor might be already processing some other packet and observes that there is new work available, so it processes the new packets. In any case, agents are required to signal the doorbell for every batch of packets they write.

- 6. (Optional) Wait for the packet to be complete by waiting on its completion signal, if any.
- 7. (Optional) Submit more packets by repeating steps 2-6.
- 8. Destroy the queue using **hsa_queue_destroy**.

Queues are semi-opaque objects: there is a visible part, represented by the hsa_queue_t structure and the corresponding ring buffer (pointed to by *base_address*), and an invisible part, which contains at least the read and write indexes. The access rules for the different queue parts are:

- The hsa_queue_t structure is read-only. If the application overwrites its contents, the behavior is undefined.
- The ring buffer can be directly accessed by the application.
- The read and write indexes of the queue can only be accessed using dedicated runtime APIs. The available index functions differ on the index of interest (read or write), action to be performed (addition, compare and swap, etc.), and memory order applied (relaxed, release, etc.).

2.5.1 Single vs. multiple producers

An application may limit the job submission to a single agent. When this is the case, the application can create a single producer queue (a queue of type HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE), which may be more efficient than a regular, multiple producer queue.

The submission process can be simplified for queues that are only submitted to by a single agent:

- The increment of the write index by the submitting agent can be done using an atomic store (for
 example, hsa_queue_store_write_index_screlease), instead of a read-modify-write operation (for
 example, hsa_queue_add_write_index_screlease), as it is the only agent permitted to update the
 value.
- The submitting agent may use a private variable to hold a copy of the value of write index and can assume no one else will modify the write index to avoid reading it again.

For queues of type HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE, the agent must submit AQL packets in order – the value of the associated doorbell signal can only be increased on every update.

2.5.2 Example: a simple dispatch

In this example, we extend the dispatch code introduced in 1.2 Programming model (on page 16) in order to illustrate how to update the write index of a single producer queue invocation of **hsa_queue_store_write_index_relaxed**), and how the application can wait for a packet to be complete (invocation of **hsa_signal_wait_scacquire**). The application creates a signal with an initial value of 1, sets the completion signal of the kernel dispatch packet to be the newly created signal, and after notifying the packet processor it waits for the signal value to become zero. The decrement is performed by the packet processor, and indicates that the kernel has finished.

```
void simple dispatch() {
    // Initialize the runtime
    hsa_init();
    // Retrieve the kernel agent
    hsa_agent_t kernel_agent;
    hsa_iterate_agents(get_kernel_agent, &kernel_agent);
    // Create a queue in the kernel agent. The queue can hold 4 packets, and has no callback or service queue associated with it
    hsa_queue_t *queue;
    hsa_queue_create(kernel_agent, 4, HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE, NULL, NULL, 0, 0, &queue);
    // Since no packets have been enqueued yet, we use zero as the packet ID and bump the write index accordingly
    hsa_queue_add_write_index_relaxed(queue, 1);
    uint64_t packet_id =0;
    // Calculate the virtual address where to place the packet
    hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*packet = (hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*) queue->base_address + packet_id;
    // Populate fields in kernel dispatch packet, except for the header, the setup, and the completion signal fields
    initialize packet(packet);
    // Create a signal with an initial value of one to monitor the task completion
    hsa_signal_create(1, 0, NULL, &packet->completion_signal);
    // Notify the queue that the packet is ready to be processed
    packet_store_release((uint32_t*) packet, header(HSA_PACKET_TYPE_KERNEL_DISPATCH), kernel_dispatch_setup());
    hsa_signal_store_screlease(queue->doorbell_signal, packet_id);
    // Wait for the task to finish, which is the same as waiting for the value of the completion signal to be zero
    while (hsa_signal_wait_scacquire(packet->completion_signal, HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_EQ, 0, UINT64_MAX, HSA_WAIT_
        STATE_ACTIVE) != 0);
    // Done! The kernel has completed. Time to cleanup resources and leave
    hsa signal_destroy(packet->completion_signal);
    hsa_queue_destroy(queue);
    hsa_shut_down();
}
```

The definitions of the helper functions (such as initialize_packet) are listed in 2.6.1 Kernel dispatch packet (on page 86).

2.5.3 Example: error callback

The previous example can be slightly modified to illustrate the usage of queue callbacks. This time the application creates a queue passing a callback function named *callback*:

```
hsa_agent_t kernel_agent;
hsa_iterate_agents(get_kernel_agent, &kernel_agent);
hsa_queue_t *queue;
hsa_queue_create(kernel_agent, 4, HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE, callback, NULL, UINT32_MAX, UINT32_MAX, &queue);
```

The callback prints the ID of the problematic queue, and the string associated with the asynchronous event:

```
void callback(hsa_status_t status, hsa_queue_t* queue, void* data) {
  const char* message;
  hsa_status_string(status, &message);
  printf("Error at queue %" PRIu64 ": %s", queue->id, message);
}
```

Let's now assume that the application makes a mistake and submits an invalid packet to the queue. For example, the AQL packet type is set to an invalid value. When the packet processor encounters this packet, it will trigger an error that results in the runtime invoking the callback associated with the queue. The message printed to the standard output varies depending on the string returned by **hsa_status_string**. A possible output is:

Error at queue 0: Invalid packet format

2.5.4 Example: concurrent packet submissions

In previous examples, the packet submission is very simple: there is a unique CPU thread submitting a single packet. In this example, we assume a more realistic scenario:

- Multiple threads concurrently submit many packets to the same queue.
- The queue might be full. Threads should avoid overwriting queue slots containing packets that have not been not processed yet.
- The number of packets submitted exceeds the size of the queue, so the submitting thread has to take wrap-around into consideration.

We start by finding a kernel agent that allows applications to create queues supporting multiple producers:

, and then creating a queue on it. The queue type is now HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_MULTI instead of HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE.

```
hsa_agent_t kernel_agent;
hsa_iterate_agents(get_kernel_agent, &kernel_agent);
hsa_queue_t*queue;
hsa_queue_create(kernel_agent, 4, HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_MULTI, callback, NULL, UINT32_MAX, UINT32_MAX, &queue);
```

Each CPU thread submits 1,000 kernel dispatch packets by executing the function listed below. For simplicity, we omitted the code that creates the CPU threads.

```
void enqueue(hsa_queue_t* queue) {
   // Create a signal with an initial value of 1000 to monitor the overall task completion
   hsa_signal_t signal;
   hsa_signal_create(1000, 0, NULL, &signal);
```

```
hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*packets = (hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*)queue->base_address;
for (int i = 0; i < 1000; i++) {
   // Atomically request a new packet ID.
   uint64_t packet_id = hsa_queue_add_write_index_screlease(queue, 1);
   // Wait until the queue is not full before writing the packet
   while (packet_id - hsa_queue_load_read_index_scacquire(queue) >= queue->size);
   // Compute packet offset, considering wrap-around
   hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t* packet = packets + packet_id % queue->size;
   initialize_packet(packet);
   packet->kernarg_address = counter;
    packet->completion_signal = signal;
   packet_store_release((uint32_t*) packet, header(HSA_PACKET_TYPE_KERNEL_DISPATCH), kernel_dispatch_
   hsa_signal_store_screlease(queue->doorbell_signal, packet_id);
// Wait until all the kernels are complete
while (hsa_signal_wait_scacquire(signal, HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_EQ, 0, UINT64_MAX, HSA_WAIT_STATE_
    ACTIVE) != 0);
hsa_signal_destroy(signal);
```

2.5.5 Queues API

2.5.5.1 hsa_queue_type_t

Queue type. Intended to be used for dynamic queue protocol determination.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_MULTI = 0,
    HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE = 1
} hsa_queue_type_t;
```

Values

HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_MULTI

Queue supports multiple producers.

HSA QUEUE TYPE SINGLE

Queue only supports a single producer. In some scenarios, the application may want to limit the submission of AQL packets to a single agent. Queues that support a single producer may be more efficient than queues supporting multiple producers.

2.5.5.2 hsa_queue_type32_t

A fixed-size type used to represent **hsa_queue_type_t** constants.

Signature

```
typedef\_unit32\_t \ enum \ \textbf{hsa\_queue\_type32\_t};
```

2.5.5.3 hsa_queue_feature_t

Queue features.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_QUEUE_FEATURE_KERNEL_DISPATCH = 1,
    HSA_QUEUE_FEATURE_AGENT_DISPATCH = 2
} hsa_queue_feature_t;
```

Values

HSA_QUEUE_FEATURE_KERNEL_DISPATCH Queue supports kernel dispatch packets.

HSA_QUEUE_FEATURE_AGENT_DISPATCH Queue supports agent dispatch packets.

2.5.5.4 hsa_queue_t

User mode queue.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_queue_s {
    hsa_queue_type32_t type;
    uint32_t features;
#ifdef HSA_LARGE_MODEL
    void * base_address;
#elif defined HSA_LITTLE_ENDIAN
    void * base_address;
    uint32_t reserved0;
#else
    uint32 treserved0;
    void * base_address;
#endif
    hsa_signal_t doorbell_signal;
    uint32_t size;
    uint32_t reserved1;
    uint64_t id;
} hsa_queue_t
```

Data fields

type

Queue type.

features

Queue features mask. This is a bit-field of hsa_queue_feature_t values. Applications should ignore any unknown set bits.

base_address

Starting address of the HSA runtime-allocated buffer used to store the AQL packets. Must be aligned to the size of an AQL packet.

reserved0

Reserved. Must be 0.

doorbell signal

Signal object used by the application to indicate the ID of a packet that is ready to be processed. The HSA runtime manages the doorbell signal. If the application tries to replace or destroy this signal, the behavior is undefined.

If *type* is HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE, the doorbell signal value must be updated in a monotonically increasing fashion. If type is HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_MULTI, the doorbell signal value can be updated with any value.

size

Maximum number of packets the queue can hold. Must be a power of 2.

reserved1

Reserved. Must be 0.

id

Queue identifier, which is unique over the lifetime of the application.

Description

The queue structure is read-only and allocated by the HSA runtime, but agents can directly modify the contents of the buffer pointed by *base_address*, or use HSA runtime APIs to access the doorbell signal.

2.5.5.5 hsa_queue_create

Create a user mode queue.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_queue_create(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    uint32_t size,
    hsa_queue_type_t type,
    void (*callback)(hsa_status_t status, hsa_queue_t *source, void *data),
    void *data,
    uint32_t private_segment_size,
    uint32_t group_segment_size,
    hsa_queue_t **queue);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent where to create the queue.

size

(in) Number of packets the queue is expected to hold. Must be a power of 2 between 1 and the value of HSA_AGENT_INFO_QUEUE_MAX_SIZE in *agent*. The size of the newly created queue is the maximum of *size* and the value of HSA_AGENT_INFO_QUEUE_MIN_SIZE in *agent*.

type

(in) Type of the queue. If the value of HSA_AGENT_INFO_QUEUE_TYPE in *agent* is HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE, then type must also be HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE.

callback

(in) May be NULL. If non-NULL and an error state is triggered on the queue that is not already in the error state and the state is not the result of the HSA runtime queue inactivate or destroy call, it will be invoked in an HSA runtime thread. The callback will be given the identity of the queue that has entered the error state and one of the following queue status codes:

- HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INCOMPATIBLE_ARGUMENTS
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ALLOCATION
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_PACKET_FORMAT
- HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT When the group is too large.
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA
- HSA_STATUS_ERROR_EXCEPTION
- HSA STATUS ERROR

hsa_queue_destroy will block while the queue callback is executing for the same queue. It cannot therefore be called from the queue callback on the same queue.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to *callback* on every iteration. May be NULL.

private segment size

(in) Hint indicating the maximum expected private segment usage per work-item, in bytes. There may be performance degradation if the application places a kernel dispatch packet in the queue and the corresponding private segment usage exceeds <code>private_segment_size</code>. If the application does not want to specify any particular value for this argument, <code>private_segment_size</code> must be UINT32_MAX. If the queue does not support kernel dispatch packets, this argument is ignored.

group segment size

(in) Hint indicating the maximum expected group segment usage per work-group, in bytes. There may be performance degradation if the application places a kernel dispatch packet in the queue and the corresponding group segment usage exceeds <code>group_segment_size</code>. If the application does not want to specify any particular value for this argument, <code>group_segment_size</code> must be UINT32_MAX. If the queue does not support kernel dispatch packets, this argument is ignored.

queue

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores a pointer to the newly created queue.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_QUEUE_CREATION

agent does not support queues of the given type.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

size is not a power of two, size is 0, type is an invalid queue type, or queue is NULL.

Description

The HSA runtime creates the queue structure, the underlying packet buffer, the completion signal, and the write and read indexes. The initial value of the write and read indexes is 0. The type of every packet in the buffer is initialized to HSA PACKET TYPE INVALID.

The application should only rely on the error code returned to determine if the queue is valid.

2.5.5.6 hsa_soft_queue_create

Create a queue for which the application or a kernel is responsible for processing the AQL packets.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_soft_queue_create(
    hsa_region_t region,
    uint32_t size,
    hsa_queue_type_t type,
    uint32_t features,
    hsa_signal_t doorbell_signal,
    hsa_queue_t **queue);
```

Parameters

region

(in) Memory region that the HSA runtime should use to allocate the AQL packet buffer and any other queue metadata.

size

(in) Number of packets the queue is expected to hold. Must be a power of 2 greater than 0.

type

(in) Queue type.

features

(in) Supported queue features. This is a bit-field of hsa_queue_feature_t values.

doorbell_signal

(in) Doorbell signal that the HSA runtime must associate with the returned queue. The signal handle must not be 0.

queue

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores a pointer to the newly created queue. The application should not rely on the value returned for this argument but only in the status code to determine if the queue is valid. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

size is not a power of two, *size* is 0, *type* is an invalid queue type, the doorbell signal handle is 0, or *queue* is NULL.

Description

The application can use this function to create queues where AQL packets are not parsed by the packet processor associated with an agent, but rather by a unit of execution running on that agent (for example, a thread in the host application).

The application is responsible for ensuring that all the producers and consumers of the resulting queue can access the provided doorbell signal and memory region. The application is also responsible for ensuring that the unit of execution processing the queue packets supports the indicated features (AQL packet types).

When the queue is created, the HSA runtime allocates the packet buffer using *region*, and the write and read indices. The initial value of the write and read indices is 0, and the type of every packet in the buffer is initialized to HSA_PACKET_TYPE_INVALID. The value of the *size*, *type*, *features*, and *doorbell_signal* fields in the returned queue match the values passed by the application.

2.5.5.7 hsa_queue_destroy

Destroy a user mode queue.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_queue_destroy(
hsa_queue_t*queue);
```

Parameter

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue created using **hsa_queue_create**.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_QUEUE

The *queue* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

The queue is NULL.

HSA STATUS ERROR FATAL

The *queue* received an error that may require process termination, regardless of whether it was reported to the queue callback.

Description

Performs an implicit queue inactivate before destroying the queue. Queue destroy will block if a queue callback is executing for the same queue, and ensures that any pending errors on the queue are discarded. This ensures that when queue destroy returns no packets are in the active phase, no queue callback is executing or will be executed, and all memory is synchronized with the caller.

When a queue is destroyed, the state of the AQL packets that have not been yet fully processed (their completion phase has not finished) becomes undefined. It is the responsibility of the application to ensure that all pending queue operations are finished if their results are required.

The resources allocated by the HSA runtime during queue creation (queue structure, ring buffer, doorbell signal) are released. The queue should not be accessed after being destroyed.

See HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2, section 2.9.3 Error handling for more information.

2.5.5.8 hsa_queue_inactivate

Ensure no packets on a queue are in the active phase, and no further packets will be processed by the queue.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_queue_inactivate(
hsa_queue_t*queue);
```

Parameter

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_QUEUE

The *queue* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

The queue is NULL.

Description

If the queue is not in the error state, it is put in the error state without calling the queue callback. No further packets on the queue will be processed by the packet processor.

In reasonable time, it is guaranteed that no packets on the queue are in the active phase. An implementation may stop launching new wavefronts, may wait for wavefronts to complete, and may terminate wavefronts that do not complete within some grace period. It is implementation dependent if packets that leave the active phase perform the completion phase, except that the completion phase is not executed if any wavefront of the packet reports an error or is terminated.

Perform a system scope acquire fence that synchronizes with a packet processor system release fence that is applied for the queue.

Note that when queue inactivate returns, it is possible that the queue callback may be executing due to unprocessed errors that occurred before the queue was put into the inactive state. Therefore, the queue callback *data* argument may still be used. It is necessary to use **hsa_queue_destroy** to ensure that the queue handler can no longer be executed.

See HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2, section 2.9.3 Error handling for more information.

2.5.5.9 hsa_queue_load_read_index

Atomically load the read index of a queue.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_load_read_index_scacquire(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue);
uint64_t hsa_queue_load_read_index_relaxed(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue);
```

Parameter

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

Returns

Read index of the gueue pointed by gueue.

2.5.5.10 hsa_queue_load_read_index_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa queue load read index scacquire; see hsa queue load read index.

Atomically load the read index of a queue.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_load_read_index_acquire(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue);
```

Parameter

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

Returns

Read index of the queue pointed by queue.

2.5.5.11 hsa_queue_load_write_index

Atomically load the write index of a queue.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_load_write_index_scacquire(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue);
uint64_t hsa_queue_load_write_index_relaxed(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue);
```

Parameter

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

Returns

Write index of the queue pointed by queue.

2.5.5.12 hsa_queue_load_write_index_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_queue_load_write_index_scacquire**; see **hsa_queue_load_write_index**.

Atomically load the write index of a queue.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_load_write_index_acquire(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue);
```

Parameter

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

Returns

Write index of the gueue pointed by gueue.

2.5.5.13 hsa_queue_store_write_index

Atomically set the write index of a queue.

Signature

```
void hsa_queue_store_write_index_relaxed(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue,
    uint64_t value);

void hsa_queue_store_write_index_screlease(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

value

(in) Value to assign to the write index.

2.5.5.14 hsa_queue_store_write_index_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_queue_store_write_index_screlease; see hsa_queue_store_write_index.

Atomically set the write index of a queue.

Signature

```
void hsa_queue_store_write_index_release(
  const hsa_queue_t*queue,
  uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

value

(in) Value to assign to the write index.

Description

It is recommended that the application uses this function to update the write index when there is a single agent submitting work to the queue (the queue type is HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE).

2.5.5.15 hsa_queue_cas_write_index

Atomically set the write index of a queue if the observed value is equal to the expected value. The application can inspect the returned value to determine if the replacement was done.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_cas_write_index_scacq_screl(
   const hsa_queue_t *queue,
   uint64_t expected,
   uint64_t value);
uint64_t hsa_queue_cas_write_index_scacquire(
   const hsa_queue_t *queue,
   uint64 t expected.
   uint64_t value);
uint64_t hsa_queue_cas_write_index_relaxed(
   const hsa_queue_t *queue,
   uint64_t expected,
   uint64_t value);
uint64_t hsa_queue_cas_write_index_screlease(
   const hsa_queue_t *queue,
   uint64_t expected,
   uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

expected

(in) Expected value.

value

(in) Value to assign to the write index if *expected* matches the observed write index. Must be greater than *expected*.

Returns

Previous value of the write index.

2.5.5.16 hsa_queue_cas_write_index_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_queue_cas_write_index_scacq_screl; see hsa_queue_cas_write_index.

Atomically set the write index of a queue if the observed value is equal to the expected value. The application can inspect the returned value to determine if the replacement was done.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_cas_write_index_acq_rel(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue,
    uint64_t expected,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

expected

(in) Expected value.

value

(in) Value to assign to the write index if *expected* matches the observed write index. Must be greater than *expected*.

Returns

Previous value of the write index.

2.5.5.17 hsa_queue_cas_write_index_acquire(Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_queue_cas_write_index_scacquire; see hsa_queue_cas_write_index.

Atomically set the write index of a queue if the observed value is equal to the expected value. The application can inspect the returned value to determine if the replacement was done.

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_cas_write_index_acquire(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue,
    uint64_t expected,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

expected

(in) Expected value.

value

(in) Value to assign to the write index if *expected* matches the observed write index. Must be greater than *expected*.

Returns

Previous value of the write index.

2.5.5.18 hsa_queue_cas_write_index_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_queue_cas_write_index_screlease**; see **hsa_queue_cas_write_index.**

Atomically set the write index of a queue if the observed value is equal to the expected value. The application can inspect the returned value to determine if the replacement was done.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_cas_write_index_release(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue,
    uint64_t expected,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

expected

(in) Expected value.

value

(in) Value to assign to the write index if *expected* matches the observed write index. Must be greater than *expected*.

Returns

Previous value of the write index.

2.5.5.19 hsa_queue_add_write_index

Atomically increment the write index of a gueue by an offset.

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_add_write_index_scacq_screl(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue,
    uint64_t value);

uint64_t hsa_queue_add_write_index_scacquire(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue,
```

```
uint64_t value);

uint64_t hsa_queue_add_write_index_relaxed(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue,
    uint64_t value);

uint64_t hsa_queue_add_write_index_screlease(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

value

(in) Value to add to the write index.

Returns

Previous value of the write index.

2.5.5.20 hsa_queue_add_write_index_acq_rel (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_queue_add_write_index_scacq_screl; see hsa_queue_add_write_index.

Atomically increment the write index of a queue by an offset.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_add_write_index_acq_rel(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

value

(in) Value to add to the write index.

Returns

Previous value of the write index.

2.5.5.21 hsa_queue_add_write_index_acquire (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as **hsa_queue_add_write_index_scacquire**; see **hsa_queue_add_write_index**.

Atomically increment the write index of a queue by an offset.

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_add_write_index_acquire(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

value

(in) Value to add to the write index.

Returns

Previous value of the write index.

2.5.5.22 hsa_queue_add_write_index_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_queue_add_write_index_screlease; see hsa_queue_add_write_index.

Atomically increment the write index of a queue by an offset.

Signature

```
uint64_t hsa_queue_add_write_index_release(
    const hsa_queue_t *queue,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

value

(in) Value to add to the write index.

Returns

Previous value of the write index.

2.5.5.23 hsa_queue_store_read_index

Atomically set the read index of a queue.

Signature

```
void hsa_queue_store_read_index_relaxed(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue,
    uint64_t value);

void hsa_queue_store_read_index_screlease(
    const hsa_queue_t*queue,
    uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

queue

(in) Pointer to a queue.

value

(in) Value to assign to the read index.

Description

Modifications of the read index are not allowed and result in undefined behavior if the queue is associated with an agent for which only the corresponding packet processor is permitted to update the read index.

2.5.5.24 hsa_queue_store_read_index_release (Deprecated)

Deprecated function. Renamed as hsa_queue_store_read_index_screlease; see hsa_queue_store_read_index.

Atomically set the read index of a queue.

Signature

```
void hsa_queue_store_read_index_release(
   const hsa_queue_t *queue,
   uint64_t value);
```

Parameters

```
queue
(in) Pointer to a queue.
```

(in) Value to assign to the read index.

Description

Modifications of the read index are not allowed and result in undefined behavior if the queue is associated with an agent for which only the corresponding packet processor is permitted to update the read index.

2.6 Architected Queuing Language packets

The Architected Queuing Language (AQL) is a standard binary interface used to describe commands such as a kernel dispatch. An AQL packet is a user-mode buffer with a specific format that encodes one command. The HSA API does not provide any functionality to create, destroy, or manipulate AQL packets. Instead, the application uses regular memory operation to access the contents of packets, and user-level allocators (malloc, for example) to create a packet. Applications are not required to explicitly reserve storage space for packets because a queue already contains a command buffer where AQL packets can be written.

The HSA API defines the format of the different packet types: kernel dispatch, agent dispatch, barrier-AND, and barrier-OR. All formats share a common header hsa_packet_type_t that describes their type, barrier bit (force the packet processor to complete packets in order), and other properties.

2.6.1 Kernel dispatch packet

An application uses a kernel dispatch packet (hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t) to submit a kernel to a kernel agent. The packet contains the following bits of information:

- A pointer to the kernel executable code is stored in *kernel_object*.
- A pointer to the kernel arguments is stored in *kernarg_address*. The application populates this field with the address of a global memory buffer previously allocated using **hsa_memory_allocate**, which contains the dispatch parameters. Memory allocation is explained in 2.7 Memory (on page 100), which includes an example on how to reserve space for the kernel arguments.

- Launch dimensions. The application must specify the number of dimensions of the grid (which is also the number of dimensions of the work-group), the size of each grid dimension, and the size of each work-group dimension.
- If the kernel uses group or private memory, the application must specify the storage requirements in
 the group_segment_size and private_segment_size fields, respectively. If the kernel uses a dynamic call
 stack then the private segment size must be increased by a suitable, implementation-specific
 amount.

The application must rely on information provided by the finalizer to retrieve the amount of kernarg, group, and private memory used by a kernel. Each executable symbol (hsa_executable_symbol_t) associated with a kernel exposes the kernarg (HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_KERNARG_SEGMENT_SIZE), group (HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_GROUP_SEGMENT_SIZE), and private (HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_PRIVATE_SEGMENT_SIZE) static storage requirements, together with an indication (HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_DYNAMIC_CALLSTACK) if a dynamic call stack is used.

2.6.1.1 Example: populating the kernel dispatch packet

Examples of kernel dispatches in previous sections have omitted the setup of the kernel dispatch packet. The code listed below shows how to configure the launch of a kernel that receives no arguments (the *kernarg_address* field is NULL). The dispatch uses 256 work-items, all in the same work-group along the X dimension.

```
void initialize_packet(hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t* packet) {
    // Reserved fields, private and group memory, and completion signal are all set to 0.
    memset(((uint8_t*) packet) + 4, 0, sizeof(hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t) - 4);

packet->workgroup_size_x = 256;
packet->workgroup_size_y = 1;
packet->workgroup_size_z = 1;
packet->grid_size_x = 256;
packet->grid_size_y = 1;
packet->grid_size_z = 1;

// Indicate which executable code to run.
// The application is expected to have finalized a kernel (for example, using the finalization API).
// We will assume that the kernel object containing the executable code is stored in KERNEL_OBJECT packet->kernel_object = KERNEL_OBJECT;

// Assume our kernel receives no arguments
packet->kernarg_address = NULL;
}
```

The definition of the function that atomically sets the first 32 bits of an AQL packet (the header and setup fields, in the case of a kernel dispatch packet) depends on the library used by the application to perform atomic memory updates. In GCC, a possible definition would be:

```
void packet_store_release(uint32_t* packet, uint16_t header, uint16_t rest) {
    __atomic_store_n(packet, header | (rest << 16), __ATOMIC_RELEASE);
}</pre>
```

The header is built using the following function:

```
uint16_t header(hsa_packet_type_t type) {
    uint16_t header = type << HSA_PACKET_HEADER_TYPE;
    header |= HSA_FENCE_SCOPE_SYSTEM << HSA_PACKET_HEADER_SCACQUIRE_FENCE_SCOPE;
    header |= HSA_FENCE_SCOPE_SYSTEM << HSA_PACKET_HEADER_SCRELEASE_FENCE_SCOPE;
    return header;
}</pre>
```

The *setup* contents indicate that the dispatch uses one dimension:

```
uint16_t kernel_dispatch_setup() {
   return 1 << HSA_KERNEL_DISPATCH_PACKET_SETUP_DIMENSIONS;
```

2.6.2 Agent dispatch packet

Applications use agent dispatch packets to launch built-in functions in agents. In agent dispatch packets there is no need to indicate the address of the function to run, the launch dimensions, or memory requirements. Instead, the application or kernel simply specifies the type of function to be performed (type field), the arguments (arg), and when applicable, the memory location where to store the return value of the function (return address). The HSA API defines the type had agent dispatch packet to represent agent dispatch packets.

A host application is allowed to submit agent dispatch packets to any destination agent that supports them. However, a more common scenario is that the producer will be a kernel executing in a kernel agent, and the consumer is the host application. The following steps describe the set of actions required from the application, the kernel, and the destination agent:

- 1. (Application) Locate the agent associated with the host (CPU) by calling hsa_iterate_agents.
- 2. (Application) Locate a memory region that is accessible to the host and the kernel agent for example, a global fine-grained region. The function hsa_agent_iterate_regions lists the memory regions associated with a given agent. Memory regions are explained in 2.7 Memory (on page 100).
- 3. (Application) Create a signal by calling **hsa signal create**.
- 4. (Application) Create a soft queue (using the signal and region handles retrieved before) that supports agent dispatch packets using hsa soft queue create. The application is responsible for processing the AQL packets enqueued in the soft queue.
- 5. (Application) Launch a kernel in a kernel agent. The work-items executing the kernel have access to the soft queue – for example, it has been passed as an argument in a kernel dispatch packet.
- 6. (Kernel) When a work-item needs to execute a given built-in (service), it submits an agent dispatch packet to the soft queue following the steps described in 2.5 Queues (on page 68).
- 7. (Application) The application parses the packet, executes the indicated service, stores the result in the memory location pointed to by return_address, and decrements the completion signal if present.
- 8. (Kernel) The work-item consumes the function's output and proceeds to the next instruction.

2.6.2.1 Example: application processes allocation service requests from kernel agent

In this example, work-items in a kernel can ask the host application to allocate memory on their behalf. This is useful because there is no HSAIL instruction to allocate virtual memory. In this scenario, the destination agent is the application running on the CPU, and the service is memory allocation.

The application starts by finding the CPU agent:

```
hsa_status_t get_cpu_agent(hsa_agent_t agent, void* data) {
   hsa_device_type_t device;
   hsa_agent_get_info(agent, HSA_AGENT_INFO_DEVICE, &device);
   if (device == HSA_DEVICE_TYPE_CPU) {
       hsa_agent_t* ret = (hsa_agent_t*)data;
       *ret = agent;
       return HSA_STATUS_INFO_BREAK;
```

```
}
return HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

And then the application finds the associated fine-grained memory region:

```
hsa_status_t get_fine_grained_region(hsa_region_t region, void* data) {
    hsa_region_segment_t segment;
    hsa_region_get_info(region, HSA_REGION_INFO_SEGMENT, & segment);
    if (segment!= HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GLOBAL) {
        return HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS;
    }
    hsa_region_global_flag_t flags;
    hsa_region_get_info(region, HSA_REGION_INFO_GLOBAL_FLAGS, & flags);
    if (flags & HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_FINE_GRAINED) {
        hsa_region_t* ret = (hsa_region_t*) data;
        *ret = region;
        return HSA_STATUS_INFO_BREAK;
    }
    return HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

After that, the application creates the soft queue, where the allocation requests will be enqueued:

```
hsa_agent_tcpu_agent;
hsa_iterate_agents(get_cpu_agent, &cpu_agent);
hsa_region_tregion;
hsa_agent_iterate_regions(cpu_agent, get_fine_grained_region, &region);
hsa_signal_tcompletion_signal;
hsa_signal_create(1, 0, NULL, &completion_signal);
hsa_queue_t*soft_queue;
hsa_soft_queue_create(region, 16, HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_MULTI, HSA_QUEUE_FEATURE_AGENT_DISPATCH,
completion_signal, &soft_queue);
```

Note how the application (and not the HSA runtime) decides which completion signal and memory must be used when creating the queue. This is a major difference with respect to *regular* queues created using **hsa_queue_create**.

The application now creates a regular queue on a kernel agent and launches a kernel in that queue. A pointer to the soft queue is passed as an argument to the kernel dispatch packet by placing it into the buffer stored in the *kernarg_address* field. 2.7.1 Global memory (on page 100) describes the HSA runtime elements needed for allocating memory that can be used to pass kernel arguments.

Every time a work-item needs more virtual memory, it will submit an agent dispatch packet to the soft queue. The allocation size is stored in the first element of *arg*, and *return_address* contains the memory address where the application will store the starting address of the allocation. Finally, the *type* is set to an application-defined code. Let's assume that the allocation service type is 0x8000.

The following example code shows how a thread running on the host might process the agent dispatch packets submitted from the kernel agent. The application waits for the value of the doorbell signal in the soft queue to be monotonically increased. When that happens, the thread processes the allocation request by invoking malloc.

```
void process_agent_dispatch(hsa_queue_t* queue) {
   hsa_agent_dispatch_packet_t* packets = (hsa_agent_dispatch_packet_t*) queue->base_address;
   uint64_tread_index = hsa_queue_load_read_index_scacquire(queue);
   assert(read_index == 0);
   hsa_signal_t doorbell = queue->doorbell_signal;
```

```
while (read_index < 100) {
    while (hsa_signal_wait_scacquire(doorbell, HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_GTE, read_index, UINT64_MAX,
        HSA WAIT STATE BLOCKED) <
        (hsa_signal_value_t) read_index);
   hsa_agent_dispatch_packet_t* packet = packets + read_index % queue->size;
   if (packet->type == 0x8000) {
        // kernel agent requests memory
        void** ret = (void**) packet->return_address;
        size_t size = (size_t) packet->arg[0];
        *ret = malloc(size);
   } else {
        // Process other agent dispatch packet types...
    if (packet->completion signal.handle != 0) {
        hsa_signal_subtract_screlease(packet->completion_signal, 1);
   packet_store_release((uint32_t*) packet, header(HSA_PACKET_TYPE_INVALID), packet->type);
    hsa_queue_store_read_index_screlease(queue, read_index);
```

In practice, processing of agent dispatch packets is usually more complex because the consumer has to take into account multiple-producer scenarios.

2.6.3 Barrier-AND and barrier-OR packets

The barrier-AND packet (of type hsa_barrier_and_packet_t) allows an application to specify up to five signal dependencies and requires the packet processor to resolve those dependencies before proceeding. The packet processor will not launch any further packets in that queue until the barrier-AND packet is complete. A barrier-AND packet is complete when all of the dependent signals have been observed with the value 0 after the barrier-AND packet launched. It is not required that all dependent signals are observed to be 0 at the same time.

The barrier-OR packet (of type hsa_barrier_or_packet_t) is very similar to the barrier-AND packet, but it becomes complete when the packet processor observes that any of the dependent signals have a value of 0.

2.6.3.1 Example: handling dependencies across kernels running in different kernel agents

A combination of completion signals and barrier-AND packets allows expressing complex dependencies between packets, queues, and agents that are automatically handled by the packet processors. For example, if kernel *b* executing in kernel agent *B* consumes the result of kernel *a* executing in a different kernel agent *A*, then *b* depends on *a*. In HSA, this dependency can be enforced across kernel agents by creating a signal that will be simultaneously used as 1) the completion signal of a kernel dispatch packet *packet_a* corresponding to *a*, and 2) the dependency signal in a barrier-AND packet that precedes the kernel dispatch packet *packet_b* corresponding to *b*. The packet processor enforces the task dependency by not launching *packet_b* until *packet_a* has completed.

The following example illustrates how to programmatically express the described dependency using the HSA API.

```
void barrier(){
    hsa_init();
```

```
// Find available kernel agents. Let's assume there are two, A and B
hsa_agent_t* kernel_agent = get_kernel_agents();
// Create gueue in kernel agent A and prepare a kernel dispatch packet
hsa_queue_t *queue_a;
hsa_queue_create(kernel_agent[0], 4, HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE, NULL, NULL, 0, 0, &queue_a);
uint64_t packet_id_a = hsa_queue_add_write_index_relaxed(queue_a, 1);
hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*packet_t*packet_id_a; hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*) queue_a->base_address+packet_id_a;
initialize packet(packet a);
// KERNEL_OBJECT_A is the 1st kernel object
packet_a->kernel_object = (uint64_t) KERNEL_OBJECT_A;
// Create a signal with a value of 1 and attach it to the first kernel dispatch packet
hsa_signal_create(1, 0, NULL, &packet_a->completion_signal);
// Tell packet processor of A to launch the first kernel dispatch packet
packet_store_release((uint32_t*) packet_a, header(HSA_PACKET_TYPE_KERNEL_DISPATCH), kernel_dispatch_setup());
hsa_signal_store_screlease(queue_a->doorbell_signal, packet_id_a);
// Create queue in kernel agent B
hsa_queue_t *queue_b;
hsa_queue_create(kernel_agent[1], 4, HSA_QUEUE_TYPE_SINGLE, NULL, NULL, 0, 0, &queue_b);
uint64_t packet_id_b = hsa_queue_add_write_index_relaxed(queue_b, 2);
// Create barrier-AND packet that is enqueued in a gueue of B
hsa_barrier_and_packet_t*barrier_and_packet = (hsa_barrier_and_packet_t*)queue_b->base_address + packet_id_b;
memset(((uint8\_t^*) \ barrier\_and\_packet) + 4, 0, sizeof(*barrier\_and\_packet) - 4);
// Add dependency on the first kernel dispatch packet
barrier_and_packet->dep_signal[0] = packet_a->completion_signal;
packet_store_release((uint32_t*) barrier_and_packet, header(HSA_PACKET_TYPE_BARRIER_AND), 0);
// Create and enqueue a second kernel dispatch packet after the barrier-AND in B. The second dispatch is launched after
// the first has completed
hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*packet_b = (hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t*) queue_b->base_address + packet_id_b;
initialize_packet(packet_b);
// KERNEL_OBJECT_B is the 2nd kernel object
packet_b->kernel_object = (uint64_t) KERNEL OBJECT B;
hsa_signal_create(1, 0, NULL, &packet_b->completion_signal);
packet_store_release((uint32_t*) packet_b, header(HSA_PACKET_TYPE_KERNEL_DISPATCH), kernel_dispatch_setup());
hsa_signal_store_screlease(queue_b->doorbell_signal, packet_id_b + 1);
while (hsa_signal_wait_scacquire(packet_b->completion_signal, HSA_SIGNAL_CONDITION_EQ, 0, UINT64_MAX,
   HSA_WAIT_STATE_ACTIVE) != 0);
hsa_signal_destroy(packet_b->completion_signal);
hsa_queue_destroy(queue_b);
hsa_signal_destroy(packet_a->completion_signal);
hsa_queue_destroy(queue_a);
hsa_shut_down();
```

2.6.4 Packet states

After submission, a packet can be in one of the following states: in queue, launch, active, complete, or error. Figure 2–1 (on page 93) shows the state transition diagram.

In queue - The packet processor has not started to parse the current packet. If the barrier bit is set in the header, the transition to the launch state occurs only after all the preceding packets have completed their execution. If the barrier bit is not set, the transition occurs after the preceding packets have finished their launch phase. In other words, while the packet processor is required to launch any consecutive two packets in order, it is not required to complete them in order unless the barrier bit of the second packet is set.

Launch - The packet is being parsed, but it has not started execution. This phase finalizes by applying an acquire memory fence with the scope indicated by the acquire fence scope field in the header. Memory fences are explained in the HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2, section 6.2 Memory model.

If an error is detected during launch and the queue is not already in the error state, the queue transitions to the error state and the event callback associated with the queue (if present) is invoked. The runtime passes a status code to the callback that indicates the source of the problem. The following status codes can be returned:

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_PACKET_FORMAT - Malformed AQL packet. This can happen if, for example, the packet header type or dimension is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES – The packet processor is unable to allocate the resources required by the launch. This can happen if, for example, a kernel dispatch packet requests more group memory than the size of the group memory declared by the corresponding kernel agent.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The packet processor encounters a kernel dispatch packet with an invalid dimension, kernel address, or completion signal.

Active – The execution of the packet has started.

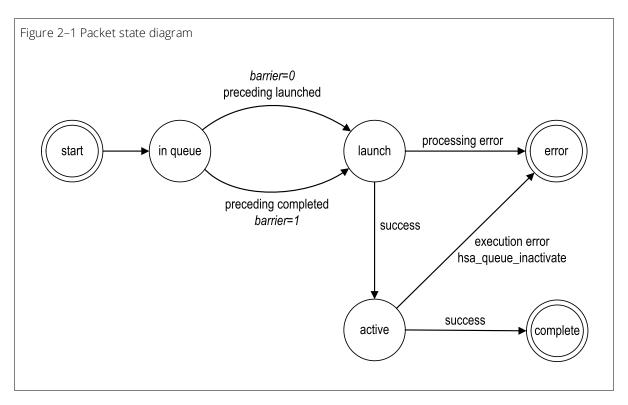
If an error is detected during this phase, the queue transitions to the error state, a release fence is applied to the packet with the scope indicated by the release fence scope field in the header, and the HSA runtime invokes the application callback associated with the queue. The following status codes can be returned:

HSA STATUS ERROR EXCEPTION - An HSAIL exception has been triggered during the execution of a kernel dispatch packet. For example, a floating point operation has resulted in an overflow.

If no error is detected, the transition to the complete state happens when the associated task finishes (in the case of kernel dispatch and agent dispatch packets), or when the dependencies are satisfied (in the case of a barrier-AND and barrier-OR packets).

Complete - A memory release fence is applied with the scope indicated by the release fence scope field in the header, and the completion signal (if present) decremented.

Error - An error was encountered during the launch or active phases, or the queue is inactivated. No further packets will be launched on the queue. The queue cannot be recovered, but only inactivated or destroyed. If the application passes the queue as an argument to any HSA function other than hsa queue inactivate or hsa queue destroy, the behavior is undefined. For error handling requirements, see the HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2, section 2.9.3 Error handling.



2.6.5 Architected Queuing Language packets API

2.6.5.1 hsa_packet_type_t

Packet type.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
   HSA_PACKET_TYPE_VENDOR_SPECIFIC = 0,
   HSA_PACKET_TYPE_INVALID = 1,
   HSA_PACKET_TYPE_KERNEL_DISPATCH = 2,
   HSA_PACKET_TYPE_BARRIER_AND = 3,
   HSA_PACKET_TYPE_AGENT_DISPATCH = 4,
   HSA_PACKET_TYPE_BARRIER_OR = 5
} hsa_packet_type_t;
```

Values

HSA_PACKET_TYPE_VENDOR_SPECIFIC Vendor-specific packet.

HSA_PACKET_TYPE_INVALID

The packet has been processed in the past, but has not been reassigned to the packet processor. A packet processor must not process a packet of this type. All queues support this packet type.

HSA PACKET TYPE KERNEL DISPATCH

Packet used by agents for dispatching jobs to kernel agents. Not all queues support packets of this type (see hsa_queue_feature_t).

HSA_PACKET_TYPE_BARRIER AND

Packet used by agents to delay processing of subsequent packets, and to express complex dependencies between multiple packets. All queues support this packet type.

HSA PACKET TYPE AGENT DISPATCH

Packet used by agents for dispatching jobs to agents. Not all queues support packets of this type (see hsa queue feature t).

HSA PACKET TYPE BARRIER OR

Packet used by agents to delay processing of subsequent packets, and to express complex dependencies between multiple packets. All queues support this packet type.

2.6.5.2 hsa_fence_scope_t

Scope of the memory fence operation associated with a packet.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_FENCE_SCOPE_NONE = 0,
    HSA_FENCE_SCOPE_AGENT = 1,
    HSA_FENCE_SCOPE_SYSTEM = 2
} hsa_fence_scope_t;
```

Values

HSA FENCE SCOPE NONE

No scope (no fence is applied). The packet relies on external fences to ensure visibility of memory updates.

HSA_FENCE_SCOPE_AGENT

The fence is applied with agent scope for the global segment.

HSA FENCE SCOPE SYSTEM

The fence is applied across both agent and system scope for the global segment.

2.6.5.3 hsa_packet_header_t

Sub-fields of the header field that is present in any AQL packet. The offset (with respect to the address of *header*) of a sub-field is identical to its enumeration constant. The width of each sub-field is determined by the corresponding value in hsa_packet_header_width_t. The offset and the width are expressed in bits.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_TYPE = 0,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_BARRIER = 8,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_SCACQUIRE_FENCE_SCOPE = 9,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_ACQUIRE_FENCE_SCOPE = 9,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_SCRELEASE_FENCE_SCOPE = 11,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_RELEASE_FENCE_SCOPE = 11
} hsa_packet_header_t;
```

Values

HSA PACKET HEADER TYPE

Packet type. The value of this sub-field must be one of hsa_packet_type_t. If the type is HSA_PACKET_ TYPE_VENDOR_SPECIFIC, the packet layout is vendor-specific.

HSA PACKET HEADER BARRIER

Barrier bit. If the barrier bit is set, the processing of the current packet only launches when all preceding packets (within the same queue) are complete.

HSA PACKET HEADER SCACOUIRE FENCE SCOPE

Acquire fence scope. The value of this sub-field determines the scope and type of the memory fence operation applied before the packet enters the active phase. An acquire fence ensures that any subsequent global segment or image loads by any unit of execution that belongs to a dispatch that has not yet entered the active phase on any queue of the same kernel agent, sees any data previously released at the scopes specified by the acquire fence. The value of this sub-field must be one of hsa_fence_scope_t.

HSA PACKET HEADER ACQUIRE FENCE SCOPE

Deprecated: Renamed as HSA_PACKET_HEADER_SCACQUIRE_FENCE_SCOPE.

HSA_PACKET_HEADER_SCRELEASE_FENCE_SCOPE

Release fence scope. The value of this sub-field determines the scope and type of the memory fence operation applied after kernel completion but before the packet is completed. A release fence makes any global segment or image data that was stored by any unit of execution that belonged to a dispatch that has completed the active phase on any queue of the same kernel agent visible in all the scopes specified by the release fence. The value of this sub-field must be one of hsa_fence_scope_t.

HSA PACKET HEADER RELEASE FENCE SCOPE

Deprecated: Renamed as HSA PACKET HEADER SCRELEASE FENCE SCOPE.

2.6.5.4 hsa_packet_header_width_t

Width (in bits) of the sub-fields in hsa_packet_header_t.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_WIDTH_TYPE = 8,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_WIDTH_BARRIER = 1,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_WIDTH_SCACQUIRE_FENCE_SCOPE = 2,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_WIDTH_ACQUIRE_FENCE_SCOPE = 2,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_WIDTH_SCRELEASE_FENCE_SCOPE = 2,
    HSA_PACKET_HEADER_WIDTH_RELEASE_FENCE_SCOPE = 2
} hsa_packet_header_width_t;
```

2.6.5.5 hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_setup_t

Sub-fields of the kernel dispatch packet *setup* field. The offset (with respect to the address of *setup*) of a sub-field is identical to its enumeration constant. The width of each sub-field is determined by the corresponding value in hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_setup_width_t. The offset and the width are expressed in bits.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_KERNEL_DISPATCH_PACKET_SETUP_DIMENSIONS = 0
```

} hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_setup_t;

Values

HSA_KERNEL_DISPATCH_PACKET_SETUP_DIMENSIONS Number of dimensions of the grid. Valid values are 1, 2, or 3.

2.6.5.6 hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_setup_width_t

Width (in bits) of the sub-fields in hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_setup_t.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_KERNEL_DISPATCH_PACKET_SETUP_WIDTH_DIMENSIONS = 2
} hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_setup_width_t;
```

2.6.5.7 hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t

AQL kernel dispatch packet.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_s {
    uint16_t header;
    uint16_t setup;
    uint16_t workgroup_size_x;
    uint16_t workgroup_size_y;
    uint16_t workgroup_size_z;
    uint16_t reserved0;
    uint32_t grid_size_x;
    uint32_t grid_size_y;
    uint32_t grid_size_z;
    uint32_t private_segment_size;
    uint32_t group_segment_size;
    uint64_t kernel_object;
#ifdef HSA_LARGE_MODEL
    void * kernarg_address;
#elif defined HSA_LITTLE_ENDIAN
    void * kernarg_address;
    uint32_t reserved1;
#else
    uint32_t reserved1;
    void * kernarg_address;
#endif
    uint64_t reserved2;
    hsa_signal_t completion_signal;
} hsa_kernel_dispatch_packet_t
```

Data fields

header

Packet header. Used to configure multiple packet parameters such as the packet type. The parameters are described by hsa_packet_type_t.

setup

Dispatch setup parameters. Used to configure kernel dispatch parameters such as the number of dimensions in the grid. The parameters are described by hsa kernel dispatch packet setup t.

workgroup_size_x

X dimension of work-group, in work-items. Must be greater than 0.

workgroup size y

Y dimension of work-group, in work-items. Must be greater than 0. If the grid has 1 dimension, the only valid value is 1.

workgroup_size_z

Z dimension of work-group, in work-items. Must be greater than 0. If the grid has 1 or 2 dimensions, the only valid value is 1.

reserved0

Reserved. Must be 0.

grid_size_x

X dimension of grid, in work-items. Must be greater than 0. Must not be smaller than workgroup_size_x.

grid size y

Y dimension of grid, in work-items. Must be greater than 0. If the grid has 1 dimension, the only valid value is 1. Must not be smaller than *workgroup_size_y*.

grid size z

Z dimension of grid, in work-items. Must be greater than 0. If the grid has 1 or 2 dimensions, the only valid value is 1. Must not be smaller than *workgroup size z*.

private_segment_size

Size in bytes of private memory allocation request (per work-item).

group_segment_size

Size in bytes of group memory allocation request (per work-group). Must not be less than the sum of the group memory used by the kernel (and the functions it calls directly or indirectly) and the dynamically allocated group segment variables.

kernel object

Opaque handle to a code object that includes an implementation-defined executable code for the kernel.

kernarg address

Pointer to a buffer containing the kernel arguments. May be NULL.

The buffer must be allocated using **hsa_memory_allocate**, and must not be modified once the kernel dispatch packet is enqueued until the dispatch has completed execution.

reserved1

Reserved. Must be 0.

reserved2

Reserved. Must be 0.

completion_signal

Signal used to indicate completion of the job. The application can use the special signal handle 0 to indicate that no signal is used.

2.6.5.8 hsa_agent_dispatch_packet_t

Agent dispatch packet.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_agent_dispatch_packet_s {
    uint16_t header;
    uint16_t type;
    uint32_t reserved0;
#ifdef HSA_LARGE_MODEL
    void * return_address;
#elif defined HSA_LITTLE_ENDIAN
    void * return_address;
    uint32_t reserved1;
#else
    uint32_t reserved1;
    void * return_address;
#endif
    uint64_t arg[4];
    uint64_t reserved2;
    hsa_signal_t completion_signal;
} hsa_agent_dispatch_packet_t
```

Data fields

header

Packet header. Used to configure multiple packet parameters such as the packet type. The parameters are described by hsa_packet_header_t.

type

Application-defined function to be performed by the destination agent.

reserved0

Reserved. Must be 0.

return_address

Address where to store the function return values, if any.

reserved1

Reserved. Must be 0.

arg

Function arguments.

reserved2

Reserved. Must be 0.

completion_signal

Signal used to indicate completion of the job. The application can use the special signal handle 0 to indicate that no signal is used.

2.6.5.9 hsa_barrier_and_packet_t

Barrier-AND packet.

```
typedef struct hsa_barrier_and_packet_s {
    uint16_t header;
    uint16_t reserved0;
    uint32_t reserved1;
    hsa_signal_t dep_signal[5];
```

```
uint64_t reserved2;
hsa_signal_t completion_signal;
} hsa_barrier_and_packet_t
```

Data fields

header

Packet header. Used to configure multiple packet parameters such as the packet type. The parameters are described by hsa_packet_header_t.

reserved0

Reserved. Must be 0.

reserved1

Reserved. Must be 0.

dep_signal

Array of dependent signal objects. Signals with a handle value of 0 are allowed and are interpreted by the packet processor as satisfied dependencies.

reserved2

Reserved. Must be 0.

completion signal

Signal used to indicate completion of the job. The application can use the special signal handle 0 to indicate that no signal is used.

2.6.5.10 hsa_barrier_or_packet_t

Barrier-OR packet.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_barrier_or_packet_s {
    uint16_t header;
    uint16_t reserved0;
    uint32_t reserved1;
    hsa_signal_t dep_signal[5];
    uint64_t reserved2;
    hsa_signal_t completion_signal;
} hsa_barrier_or_packet_t
```

Data fields

header

Packet header. Used to configure multiple packet parameters such as the packet type. The parameters are described by hsa_packet_header_t.

reserved0

Reserved. Must be 0.

reserved1

Reserved. Must be 0.

dep_signal

Array of dependent signal objects. Signals with a handle value of 0 are allowed and are interpreted by the packet processor as dependencies not satisfied.

reserved2

Reserved. Must be 0.

completion signal

Signal used to indicate completion of the job. The application can use the special signal handle 0 to indicate that no signal is used.

2.7 Memory

The HSA runtime API provides a compact set of functions for inspecting the memory regions that are accessible from an agent, and (if applicable) allocating memory on those regions.

A memory region represents a block of virtual memory with certain characteristics that is accessible by one or more agents. The region object hsa_region_t exposes properties about the block of memory such as the associated memory segment, size, and in some cases, allocation characteristics.

The function <code>hsa_agent_iterate_regions</code> can be used to inspect the set of regions associated with an agent. If the application can allocate memory in a region using the function <code>hsa_memory_allocate</code>, the flag <code>HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_ALLOWED</code> is set for that region. The HSA runtime allocator can only be used to allocate memory in the global and readonly segments. Memory in the private, group, and kernarg segments is automatically allocated when a kernel dispatch packet is launched.

When the application no longer needs a buffer that was allocated with the function **hsa_memory_allocate**, it invokes **hsa_memory_free** to release the memory. The application shall not release a runtime-allocated buffer using standard libraries (such as the function free). Conversely, the runtime deallocator cannot be used to release memory allocated using standard libraries (such as the function malloc).

2.7.1 Global memory

NOTE: Some of the concepts explained in this section may be significantly changed in future versions of the specification. In particular, the HSA Foundation is revising the semantics, terminology, and application interfaces of coarse-grained memory.

Regions associated with the global segment are divided into two broad categories: fine-grained and coarse-grained. The main difference between these memory types is that fine-grained memory is directly accessible to all the agents in the system at the same time (under the terms of the HSA memory model), while coarse-grained memory may be accessible to multiple agents, but never at the same time: the application is responsible for explicitly assigning ownership of a buffer to a specific agent. In addition to this, the application can only use memory allocated from a fine-grained region in order to pass arguments to a kernel, but not all fine-grained regions can be used for this purpose.

Implementations of the HSA runtime are required to report at least the following fine-grained regions on every HSA system:

- A fine-grained region that is located in the global segment and corresponds to the coherent, primary HSA memory type (see *HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version 1.2*, section *2.2 Requirement: Cache coherency domains*. The value of the attribute HSA_REGION_INFO_SEGMENT in this region is HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GLOBAL and the HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_FINE_GRAINED flag must be set.
- If the HSA system exposes at least one kernel agent, a fine-grained region that is located in the global segment and can be used to allocate backing storage for the kernarg segment: HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_KERNARG is true, and HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_ALLOWED is true.

Memory allocated outside of the HSA API (for example, using malloc) is considered fine-grained only for those agents in the system that support the full profile, but cannot be used to pass arguments to a kernel. In agents that only support the base profile, fine-grained semantics are constrained to buffers allocated using hsa_memory_allocate.

If a buffer allocated outside of the HSA API is accessed by a kernel agent that supports the full profile, the application is encouraged to register the corresponding address range beforehand using the **hsa_memory_register** function. While kernels running on kernel agents with full profile support can access any regular host pointer, a registered buffer can result on improved access performance. When the application no longer needs to access a registered buffer, it should deregister that virtual address range by invoking **hsa_memory_deregister**.

Coarse-grained regions are visible to one or more agents. The application can determine that a region supports coarse-grained semantics because the value of the attribute HSA_REGION_INFO_SEGMENT is HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GLOBAL and the HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_COARSE_GRAINED flag is set. If the same region handle is accessible to several agents, the application can explicitly transfer the ownership of buffers allocated in that region to any of those agents, but only one owner is allowed at a time. The HSA runtime exposes the function <code>hsa_memory_assign_agent</code> to assign ownership of a buffer to an agent. It is important to note that:

- The ownership change affects a buffer within a region, and not the entire region. Different buffers within the same coarse-grained region can have different owners.
- If the new owner cannot access the region associated with the buffer, the behavior is undefined.
- Ownership change is a no-op for fine-grained buffers.

When a coarse-grained region is visible to a unique agent (i.e., the region is only reported by **hsa_agent_iterate_regions** for that agent), the application can only assign ownership of memory within the region to that same agent. This particular case of coarse-grained memory is also known as agent allocation (see *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2*, section *6.2 Memory model*). An application can still access the contents of an agent allocation buffer by invoking the synchronous copy function (**hsa_memory_copy**).

2.7.1.1 Example: passing arguments to a kernel

In the kernel setup example listed in 2.6.1 Kernel dispatch packet (on page 86), the kernel receives no arguments:

```
packet->kernarg address = NULL;
```

Let's assume now that the kernel expects a single argument, a signal handle. The application needs to populate the *kernarg_address* field of the kernel dispatch packet with the address of a buffer containing the signal.

The application searches for a memory region that can be used to allocate backing storage for the kernarg segment. Once found, it reserves enough space to hold the signal argument. While the actual amount of memory to be allocated is determined by the finalizer, for simplicity we will assume that it matches the size of a signal handle.

```
hsa_region_t region;
hsa_agent_iterate_regions(kernel_agent, get_kernarg, &region);

// Allocate a buffer where to place the kernel arguments.
hsa_memory_allocate(region, sizeof(hsa_signal_t), (void**) &packet->kernarg_address);
```

```
// Place the signal the argument buffer
hsa_signal_t* buffer = (hsa_signal_t*) packet->kernarg_address;
assert(buffer != NULL);
hsa_signal_t signal;
hsa_signal_create(128, 1, &kernel_agent, &signal);
*buffer = signal;
```

The definition of *get_kernarg* is:

```
hsa_status_t get_kernarg(hsa_region_t region, void* data) {
    hsa_region_segment_t segment;
    hsa_region_get_info(region, HSA_REGION_INFO_SEGMENT, & segment);
    if (segment!=HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GLOBAL) {
        return HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS;
    }
    hsa_region_global_flag_t flags;
    hsa_region_get_info(region, HSA_REGION_INFO_GLOBAL_FLAGS, & flags);
    if (flags & HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_KERNARG) {
        hsa_region_t* ret = (hsa_region_t*) data;
        *ret = region;
        return HSA_STATUS_INFO_BREAK;
    }
    return HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

The rest of the dispatch process remains the same.

2.7.2 Readonly memory

The application can allocate memory in a readonly region in order to store information that remains constant during the execution of a kernel. Kernel agents are only permitted to perform read operations on the addresses of variables that reside in readonly memory. The contents of a readonly buffer can be initialized or changed from one kernel dispatch execution to another by the application using the copy function (hsa memory copy).

Each kernel agent exposes one or more readonly regions, which are private to that kernel agent. Passing a readonly buffer associated with one agent in a kernel dispatch packet that is executed to a different agent results in undefined behavior.

Accesses to readonly buffers might perform better than accesses to global buffers on some HSA implementations. All readonly memory is persistent across the lifetime of an application.

2.7.3 Group and private memory

Memory in the group segment is used to store information that is shared by all the work-items in a work-group. Group memory is visible to the work-items of a single work-group of a kernel dispatch. An address of a variable in group memory can be read and written by any work-item in the work-group with which it is associated, but not by work-items in other work-groups or by other agents. Group memory is persistent across the execution of the work-items in the work-group of the kernel dispatch with which it is associated, and it is uninitialized when the work-group starts execution.

Memory in the private segment is used to store information local to a single work-item. Private memory is visible only to a single work-item of a kernel dispatch. An address of a variable in private memory can be read and written only by the work-item with which it is associated, but not by any other work-items or other agents. Private memory is persistent across the execution of the work-item with which it is associated, and it is uninitialized when the work-item starts.

Memory in the group and private segments is represented in the HSA runtime API using regions in a similar fashion to memory in the global and readonly segments. Each kernel agent exposes a group and a private region. However, the application is not allowed to explicitly allocate memory in these regions using **hsa_memory_allocate**, nor it can copy any contents into them using **hsa_memory_copy**. On the other hand, the application must specify the amount of group and private memory that needs to be allocated for a particular execution of a kernel, by populating the *group_segment_size* and *private_segment_size* fields of the kernel dispatch packet.

The actual allocation of group and private memory happens automatically, before a kernel starts execution. The application must ensure that the request amount of group memory per work-group does not exceed the maximum allocation size declared by the kernel agent where the kernel dispatch packet is enqueued, which is the value of the HSA_REGION_INFO_ALLOC_MAX_SIZE attribute in the group region associated with that kernel agent.

A kernel dispatch packet must verify that the private memory usage per work-item declared in *private_segment_size* does not exceed the value of HSA_REGION_INFO_ALLOC_MAX_SIZE for the corresponding private region, and that the private memory usage per work-group (the result of multiplying the overall workgroup size by *private_segment_size*) does not exceed the value of HSA_REGION_INFO_ALLOC_MAX_PRIVATE_WORKGROUP_SIZE for the same region.

2.7.4 Memory API

2.7.4.1 hsa_region_t

A memory region represents a block of virtual memory with certain properties. For example, the HSA runtime represents fine-grained memory in the global segment using a region. A region might be associated with more than one agent.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_region_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_region_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.7.4.2 hsa_region_segment_t

Memory segments associated with a region.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GLOBAL = 0,
    HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_READONLY = 1,
    HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_PRIVATE = 2,
    HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GROUP = 3,
    HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_KERNARG = 4
} hsa_region_segment_t;
```

Values

HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GLOBAL

Global segment. Used to hold data that is shared by all agents.

HSA REGION SEGMENT READONLY

Read-only segment. Used to hold data that remains constant during the execution of a kernel.

HSA REGION SEGMENT PRIVATE

Private segment. Used to hold data that is local to a single work-item.

HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GROUP

Group segment. Used to hold data that is shared by the work-items of a work-group.

HSA REGION SEGMENT KERNARG

Kernarg segment. Used to hold data that is shared by the work-items of a work-group.

2.7.4.3 hsa_region_global_flag_t

Global region flags.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_KERNARG = 1,
    HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_FINE_GRAINED = 2,
    HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_COARSE_GRAINED = 4
} hsa_region_global_flag_t;
```

Values

HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_KERNARG

The application can use memory in the region to store kernel arguments, and provide the values for the kernarg segment of a kernel dispatch. If this flag is set, then HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_FINE_GRAINED must be set.

HSA REGION GLOBAL FLAG FINE GRAINED

Updates to memory in this region are immediately visible to all the agents under the terms of the HSA memory model. If this flag is set, then HSA REGION GLOBAL FLAG COARSE GRAINED must not be set.

HSA_REGION_GLOBAL_FLAG_COARSE_GRAINED

Updates to memory in this region can be performed by a single agent at a time. If a different agent in the system is allowed to access the region, the application must explicitly invoke **hsa_memory_assign_agent** in order to transfer ownership to that agent for a particular buffer.

2.7.4.4 hsa_region_info_t

Attributes of a memory region.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_REGION_INFO_SEGMENT = 0,
    HSA_REGION_INFO_GLOBAL_FLAGS = 1,
    HSA_REGION_INFO_SIZE = 2,
    HSA_REGION_INFO_ALLOC_MAX_SIZE = 4,
    HSA_REGION_INFO_ALLOC_MAX_PRIVATE_WORKGROUP_SIZE = 8,
    HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_ALLOWED = 5,
```

HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_GRANULE = 6,
 HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_ALIGNMENT = 7
} hsa_region_info_t;

Values

HSA REGION INFO SEGMENT

Segment where memory in the region can be used. The type of this attribute is hsa_region_segment_t.

HSA REGION INFO GLOBAL FLAGS

Flag mask. The value of this attribute is undefined if the value of HSA_REGION_INFO_SEGMENT is not HSA_REGION_SEGMENT_GLOBAL. The type of this attribute is uint32_t, a bit-field of hsa_region_global_flag_t values.

HSA REGION INFO SIZE

Size of this region, in bytes. The type of this attribute is size_t.

HSA REGION INFO ALLOC MAX SIZE

Maximum allocation size in this region, in bytes. Must not exceed the value of HSA_REGION_INFO_SIZE. The type of this attribute is size_t.

If the region is in the global or readonly segments, this is the maximum size that the application can pass to **hsa_memory_allocate**.

If the region is in the group segment, this is the maximum size (per work-group) that can be requested for a given kernel dispatch. If the region is in the private segment, this is the maximum size (per work-item) that can be requested for a specific kernel dispatch, and must be at least 256 bytes.

HSA REGION INFO ALLOC MAX PRIVATE WORKGROUP SIZE

Maximum size (per work-group) of private memory that can be requested for a specific kernel dispatch. Must be at least 65536 bytes. The type of this attribute is uint32_t. The value of this attribute is undefined if the region is not in the private segment.

HSA REGION INFO RUNTIME ALLOC ALLOWED

Indicates whether memory in this region can be allocated using **hsa_memory_allocate**. The type of this attribute is bool.

The value of this flag is always false for regions in the group and private segments.

HSA REGION INFO RUNTIME ALLOC GRANULE

Allocation granularity of buffers allocated by **hsa_memory_allocate** in this region. The size of a buffer allocated in this region is a multiple of the value of this attribute. The value of this attribute is only defined if HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_ALLOWED is true for this region. The type of this attribute is size_t.

HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_ALIGNMENT

Alignment of buffers allocated by **hsa_memory_allocate** in this region. The value of this attribute is only defined if HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_ALLOWED is true for this region, and must be a power of 2. The type of this attribute is size_t.

2.7.4.5 hsa_region_get_info

Get the current value of an attribute of a region.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_region_get_info(
    hsa_region_t region,
    hsa_region_info_t attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

region

(in) A valid region.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to a application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_REGION

The region is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid region attribute, or value is NULL.

2.7.4.6 hsa_agent_iterate_regions

Iterate over the memory regions associated with a given agent, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_agent_iterate_regions(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_region_t region, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) A valid agent.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per region that is accessible from the agent. The HSA runtime passes two arguments to the callback, the region and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to *callback* on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

2.7.4.7 hsa_memory_allocate

Allocate a block of memory in a given region.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_memory_allocate(
    hsa_region_t region,
    size_t size,
    void **ptr);
```

Parameters

region

(in) Region where to allocate memory from. The region must have the HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ ALLOC_ALLOWED flag set.

size

(in) Allocation size, in bytes. Must not be zero. This value is rounded up to the nearest multiple of HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_GRANULE in region.

ptr

(out) Pointer to the location where to store the base address of the allocated block. The returned base address is aligned to the value of HSA_REGION_INFO_RUNTIME_ALLOC_ALIGNMENT in region. If the allocation fails, the returned value is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_REGION

The region is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ALLOCATION

The host is not allowed to allocate memory in *region*, or *size* is greater than the value of HSA_REGION_INFO_ALLOC_MAX_SIZE in region.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

ptr is NULL, or size is 0.

2.7.4.8 hsa_memory_free

Deallocate a block of memory previously allocated using **hsa_memory_allocate**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_memory_free(
    void *ptr);
```

Parameter

ptr

(in) Pointer to a memory block. If *ptr* does not match a value previously returned by **hsa_memory_ allocate**, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

2.7.4.9 hsa_memory_copy

Copy a block of memory from the location pointed to by src to the memory block pointed to by dst.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_memory_copy(
    void *dst,
    const void *src,
    size_t size);
```

Parameters

dst

(out) Buffer where the content is to be copied. If *dst* is in coarse-grained memory, the copied data is only visible to the agent currently assigned (**hsa_memory_assign_agent**) to *dst*.

src

(in) A valid pointer to the source of data to be copied. The source buffer must not overlap with the destination buffer. If the source buffer is in coarse-grained memory then it must be assigned to an agent, from which the data will be retrieved.

size

(in) Number of bytes to copy. If *size* is 0, no copy is performed and the function returns success. Copying a number of bytes larger than the size of the buffers pointed by *dst* or *src* results in undefined behavior.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

The source or destination pointers is NULL.

2.7.4.10 hsa_memory_copy_multiple

Copy a block of memory from the location pointed to by *src* to the memory locations specified by pointed to by *dsts*.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_memory_copy_multiple(
    uint64_t n_dsts,
    size_t size,
    hsa_location_t *dsts,
    hsa_location_t src,
    hsa_agent_t *copy_agent_hint,
    hsa_signal_t start_copy,
    hsa_signal_t completion);
```

Parameters

n dsts

(in) The number of destinations given in dsts.

size

(in) The size of the data to copy in bites. If *size* is 0, no copy is performed and the function returns success. Copying a number of bytes larger than the size of the source or destination buffers results in undefined behavior.

dsts

(out) Destinations to copy the data to.

src

(in) The location of the data to be copied. The source buffer must not overlap with any of the destination buffers. If the source buffer is in coarse-grained memory then it must be assigned to an agent, from which the data will be retrieved.

copy agent hint

(in) A hint for which agent should carry out the copy. If *copy_agent_hint* is NULL, the HSA runtime will decide which agent to use. The HSA runtime is permitted to ignore the hint.

start_copy

(in) A signal to use to synchronise on the start of the copy. A signal acquire at system scope with a wait operation for the signal value to equal 0 will be performed on *start_copy* before the copy begins.

completion

(in) A signal to use to synchronise on the completion of the copy. A signal release at system scope with a sub operation that decrements the signal value by 1 will be performed after the copy is completed.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

The address field in any of the source or destination locations is NULL.

2.7.4.11 hsa_memory_assign_agent

Change the ownership of a global, coarse-grained buffer.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_memory_assign_agent(
    void *ptr,
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_access_permission_t access);
```

Parameters

ptr

(in) Base address of a global buffer. The pointer should match an address previously returned by **hsa_memory_allocate**. The size of the buffer affected by the ownership change is identical to the size of that previous allocation. If *ptr* points to a fine-grained global buffer, no operation is performed and the function returns success. If *ptr* does not point to global memory, the behavior is undefined.

agent

(in) Agent that becomes the owner of the buffer. The application is responsible for ensuring that *agent* has access to the region that contains the buffer. It is allowed to change ownership to an agent that is already the owner of the buffer, with the same or different access permissions.

access

(in) Access permissions requested for the new owner.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

ptr is NULL, or access is not a valid access value.

Description

The contents of a coarse-grained buffer are visible to an agent only after ownership has been explicitly transferred to that agent. Once the operation completes, the previous owner cannot longer access the data in the buffer.

An implementation of the HSA runtime is allowed, but not required, to change the physical location of the buffer when ownership is transferred to a different agent. In general the application must not assume this behavior. The virtual location (address) of the passed buffer is never modified.

2.7.4.12 hsa_memory_register

Register a global, fine-grained buffer.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_memory_register(
    void *ptr,
    size_t size);
```

Parameters

ptr

(in) A buffer in global memory. If a NULL pointer is passed, no operation is performed. If the buffer has been allocated using **hsa_memory_allocate**, or has already been registered, no operation is performed.

size

(in) Requested registration size in bytes. A size of 0 is only allowed if ptr is NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

size is 0 but ptr is not NULL.

Description

Registering a buffer serves as an indication to the HSA runtime that the memory might be accessed from a kernel agent other than the host. Registration is a performance hint that allows the HSA runtime implementation to know which buffers will be accessed by some of the kernel agents ahead of time.

Registration is only recommended for buffers in the global segment that have not been allocated using the HSA allocator (**hsa_memory_allocate**), but an OS allocator instead. Registering an OS-allocated buffer in the base profile is equivalent to a no-op.

Registrations should not overlap.

2.7.4.13 hsa_memory_deregister

Deregister memory previously registered using **hsa_memory_register**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_memory_deregister(
    void *ptr,
    size_t size);
```

Parameters

ptr

(in) A pointer to the base of the buffer to be deregistered. If a NULL pointer is passed, no operation is performed.

size

(in) Size of the buffer to be deregistered.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

Description

If the memory interval being deregistered does not match a previous registration (start and end addresses), the behavior is undefined.

2.8 Code object loading

For detailed information about code objects and loading, refer to the HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2, section 4.2 Program, code object, and executable.

In order to execute a kernel, the global and readonly segment variables it uses must be allocated, and the machine code for the kernel, together with the functions it calls, must be loaded onto the agent on which it will be executed. Code objects provide the necessary information for the HSA runtime loader to perform these tasks.

Code objects can be generated using the 3.2.1 HSAIL finalization API (on page 165). They can also be generated by a vendor-specific compilation system, e.g. directly from a source language such as C++, OpenMP, or OpenCL, or from an intermediate language other than HSAIL.

An executable (hsa_executable_t) is used to manage global and readonly segment variable allocation, and any associated relocating of machine code and initialized data to reference those allocations. If the same code object is loaded into multiple executables, each will have its own distinct allocation of global and readonly segment variables. An executable can be created using hsa_executable_create_alt and destroyed with hsa_executable_destroy.

There are two kinds of code object: the program code object and the agent code object. These have vendor-specific representations and can either be stored in memory or in a file. They can be read using a code object reader (hsa_code_object_reader_t). hsa_code_object_reader_create_from_memory and hsa_code_object_reader_create_from_file create a code object reader from memory and a file respectively. hsa_code_object_reader_destroy can be used to destroy a code object reader once the code object has been loaded.

A program code object contains information about program allocation global segment variables that must be allocated. It can be loaded into an executable by invoking hsa_executable_load_program_code_object. Program allocation global segment variables can be referenced by global and readonly segment data initializers and accessed by kernels that are defined by code objects loaded into the same executable, executing on any agent.

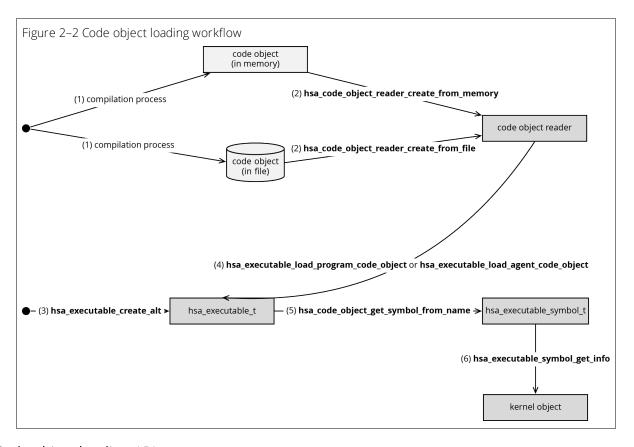
An agent code object contains information about agent allocation global and readonly segment variables and the machine code for kernels and functions. It can be loaded into an executable for a specific agent using <code>hsa_executable_load_agent_code_object</code>. The instruction set architecture (hsa_isa_t) of the machine code must be supported by the agent. If the same agent code object is loaded into multiple agents of the same executable, each will have its own distinct allocation of agent allocation global and readonly segment variables. Furthermore, any machine code or data initalizers will reference the allocations of the agent allocation variables on the agent on which it is loaded. This is in contrast to references to program allocation variables, which will access the single allocation within the same executable in which they are loaded.

Global and readonly segment variables can be allocated by the application and their address specified to an executable using <code>hsa_executable_global_variable_define</code>, <code>hsa_executable_agent_global_variable_define</code> define, and <code>hsa_executable_readonly_variable_define</code> for program allocation global segment variables, agent allocation global segment variables, and readonly segment variables respectively. A code object can reference these using external linkage which will be resolved when the code object is loaded into an executable.

Once all the code objects have been loaded into an executable and all external linkage variables defined, the executable must be frozen using **hsa_executable_freeze**. A frozen executable may be validated using **hsa_executable_validate**. Once frozen, the kernels loaded in the executable can be executed.

Information about the global and readonly segment variables, kernels and indirect functions loaded in an executable can by obtained using symbols (hsa_executable_symbol_t). Symbols can be accessed by name using hsa_executable_get_symbol_by_name (Deprecated), or iterated using hsa_executable_iterate_program_symbols and hsa_executable_iterate_agent_symbols.

hsa_executable_symbol_get_info can be used to get information about the entity denoted by the symbol. For kernel symbols, the information necessary to create a kernel dispatch packet (see 2.6.1 Kernel dispatch packet (on page 86)) can be obtained, which includes the kernel code handle and segment sizes. The kernel dispatch packet must be created on a queue (see 2.5 Queues (on page 68)) which is associated with the agent on which the kernel is loaded.



2.8.1 Code object loading API

2.8.1.1 hsa_isa_t

Instruction set architecture (ISA).

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_isa_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_isa_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.8.1.2 hsa_isa_from_name

Retrieve a reference to an instruction set architecture handle out of a symbolic name.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_isa_from_name(
    const char *name,
    hsa_isa_t *isa);
```

Parameters

name

(in) Vendor-specific name associated with a particular instruction set architecture. *name* must start with the vendor name and a colon (for example, "AMD:"). The rest of the name is vendor specific. Must be a NUL-terminated string.

isa

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the ISA handle corresponding to the given name. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ISA NAME

The given name does not correspond to any instruction set architecture.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

name is NULL, or isa is NULL.

2.8.1.3 hsa_agent_iterate_isas

Iterate over the instruction sets supported by the given agent, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration. The iterator is deterministic: if an agent supports several instruction set architectures, they are traversed in the same order in every invocation of this function.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_agent_iterate_isas(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_isa_t isa, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) A valid agent.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per instruction set architecture. The HSA runtime passes two arguments to the callback, the ISA and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_ SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to callback on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

2.8.1.4 hsa_isa_info_t

Instruction set architecture attributes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
   HSA ISA INFO NAME LENGTH = 0,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_NAME = 1,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_CALL_CONVENTION_COUNT = 2,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_CALL_CONVENTION_INFO_WAVEFRONT_SIZE = 3,
   HSA ISA INFO CALL_CONVENTION_INFO_WAVEFRONTS_PER_COMPUTE_UNIT = 4,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_MACHINE_MODELS = 5,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_PROFILES = 6,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODES = 7,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_BASE_PROFILE_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODES = 8,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_FAST_F16_OPERATION = 9,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_DIM = 12,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_SIZE = 13,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_GRID_MAX_DIM = 14,
   HSA ISA INFO GRID MAX SIZE = 16,
   HSA_ISA_INFO_FBARRIER_MAX_SIZE = 17
} hsa_isa_info_t;
```

Values

HSA ISA INFO NAME LENGTH

The length of the ISA name in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA ISA INFO NAME

Human-readable description. The type of this attribute is character array with the length equal to the value of HSA_ISA_INFO_NAME_LENGTH attribute.

HSA_ISA_INFO_CALL_CONVENTION_COUNT (Deprecated)

Number of call conventions supported by the instruction set architecture. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA ISA INFO CALL CONVENTION INFO WAVEFRONT SIZE (Deprecated)

Number of work-items in a wavefront for a given call convention. Must be a power of 2 in the range [1,256]. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA_ISA_INFO_CALL_CONVENTION_INFO_WAVEFRONTS_PER_COMPUTE_UNIT (Deprecated)

Number of wavefronts per compute unit for a given call convention. In practice, other factors (for example, the amount of group memory used by a work-group) may further limit the number of wavefronts per compute unit. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA ISA INFO MACHINE MODELS

Machine models supported by the instruction set architecture. The type of this attribute is a bool[2]. If the ISA supports the small machine model, the element at index HSA_MACHINE_MODEL_SMALL is true. If the ISA supports the large model, the element at index HSA_MACHINE_MODEL_LARGE is true.

HSA ISA INFO PROFILES

Profiles supported by the instruction set architecture. The type of this attribute is a bool[2]. If the ISA supports the base profile, the element at index HSA_PROFILE_BASE is true. If the ISA supports the full profile, the element at index HSA_PROFILE_FULL is true.

HSA_ISA_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODES

Default floating-point rounding modes supported by the instruction set architecture. The type of this attribute is a bool[3]. The value at a given index is true if the corresponding rounding mode in hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t is supported. At least one default mode has to be supported.

If the default mode is supported, then HSA_ISA_INFO_BASE_PROFILE_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_ MODES must report that both the zero and the near rounding modes are supported.

HSA ISA INFO BASE PROFILE DEFAULT FLOAT ROUNDING MODES

Default floating-point rounding modes supported by the instruction set architecture in the base profile. The type of this attribute is a bool[3]. The value at a given index is true if the corresponding rounding mode in hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t is supported. The value at index HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_DEFAULT must be false. At least one of the values at indexes HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_ZERO or HSA_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE_NEAR must be true.

HSA ISA INFO FAST F16 OPERATION

Flag indicating that the f16 HSAIL operation is at least as fast as the f32 operation in the instruction set architecture. The type of this attribute is bool.

HSA ISA INFO WORKGROUP MAX DIM

Maximum number of work-items of each dimension of a work-group. Each maximum must be greater than 0. No maximum can exceed the value of HSA_ISA_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_SIZE. The type of this attribute is uint16 t[3].

HSA ISA INFO WORKGROUP MAX SIZE

Maximum total number of work-items in a work-group. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA_ISA_INFO_GRID_MAX_DIM

Maximum number of work-items of each dimension of a grid. Each maximum must be greater than 0, and must not be smaller than the corresponding value in HSA_ISA_INFO_WORKGROUP_MAX_DIM. No maximum can exceed the value of HSA_ISA_INFO_GRID_MAX_SIZE. The type of this attribute is hsa_dim3_t.

HSA_ISA_INFO_GRID_MAX_SIZE

Maximum total number of work-items in a grid. The type of this attribute is uint64 t.

HSA_ISA_INFO_FBARRIER_MAX_SIZE

Maximum number of fbarriers per work-group. Must be at least 32. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

2.8.1.5 hsa_isa_get_info (Deprecated)

Get the current value of an attribute for a given ISA.

The concept of call convention has been deprecated. If the application wants to query the value of an attribute for a given instruction set architecture, use **hsa_isa_get_info_alt** instead. If the application wants to query an attribute that is specific to a given combination of ISA and wavefront, use **hsa_wavefront_get_info**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_isa_get_info(
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    hsa_isa_info_t attribute,
    uint32_t index,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

isa

(in) A valid instruction set architecture.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

index

(in) Call convention index. Used only for call convention attributes, otherwise ignored. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value of the attribute HSA_ISA_INFO_CALL_CONVENTION_COUNT (Deprecated) (not inclusive) in *isa*.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

The index is out of range.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid instruction set architecture attribute, or value is NULL.

2.8.1.6 hsa_isa_get_info_alt

Get the current value of an attribute for a given ISA.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_isa_get_info_alt(
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    hsa_isa_info_t attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

isa

(in) A valid instruction set architecture.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_INDEX

The index is out of range.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid instruction set architecture attribute, or value is NULL.

2.8.1.7 hsa_isa_get_exception_policies

Retrieve the exception policy support for a given combination of instruction set architecture and profile.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_isa_get_exception_policies(
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    hsa_profile_t profile,
    uint16_t *mask);
```

Parameters

isa

(in) A valid instruction set architecture.

profile

(in) Profile.

mask

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores a mask of hsa_exception_policy_t values. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

profile is not a valid profile, or mask is NULL.

2.8.1.8 hsa_fp_type_t

Floating-point types.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_FP_TYPE_16 = 1,
    HSA_FP_TYPE_32 = 2,
    HSA_FP_TYPE_64 = 4
} hsa_fp_type_t;
```

Values

```
HSA_FP_TYPE_16
16-bit floating-point type.
HSA_FP_TYPE_32
32-bit floating-point type.
```

HSA_FP_TYPE_64 64-bit floating-point type.

2.8.1.9 hsa_flush_mode_t

Flush to zero modes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_FLUSH_MODE_FTZ = 1,
    HSA_FLUSH_MODE_NON_FTZ = 2
} hsa_flush_mode_t;
```

Values

HSA_FLUSH_MODE_FTZ Flush to zero.

HSA_FLUSH_MODE_NON_FTZ
Do not flush to zero.

2.8.1.10 hsa_round_method_t

Round methods.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_ROUND_METHOD_SINGLE=1,
    HSA_ROUND_METHOD_DOUBLE=2
} hsa_round_method_t;
```

Values

HSA_ROUND_METHOD_SINGLE Single round method.

HSA_ROUND_METHOD_DOUBLE Double round method.

Description

Single round and double round methods are defined in the HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2.

2.8.1.11 hsa_isa_get_round_method

Retrieve the round method (single or double) used to implement the floating-point multiply add instruction (mad) for a given combination of instruction set architecture, floating-point type, and flush to zero modifier.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_isa_get_round_method(
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    hsa_fp_type_t fp_type,
    hsa_flush_mode_t flush_mode,
    hsa_round_method_t *round_method;
```

Parameters

isa

(in) A valid instruction set architecture.

fp_type

(in) Floating-point types.

flush_mode

(in) Flush to zero modifier.

round method

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the round method used by the implementation. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

fp_type is not a valid floating-pint type, or *flush_mode* is not a valid flush to zero modifier, or *round_method* is NULL.

2.8.1.12 hsa_wavefront_t

An opaque handle representing a wavefront.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_wavefront_s{
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_wavefront_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.8.1.13 hsa_wavefront_info_t

An opaque handle representing a wavefront.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_WAVEFRONT_INFO_SIZE = 0
} hsa_wavefront_info_t
```

Values

HSA_WAVEFRONT_INFO_SIZE

Number of work-items in the wavefront. Must be a power of 2 in the range [1,256]. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

2.8.1.14 hsa_wavefront_get_info

Get the current value of a wavefront attribute.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_wavefront_get_info(
    hsa_wavefront_t wavefront,
    hsa_wavefront_info_t attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

```
wavefront
```

(in) A wavefront.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID WAVEFRONT

The *wavefront* is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid instruction set architecture attribute, or value is NULL.

2.8.1.15 hsa_isa_iterate_wavefronts

Iterate over the different wavefronts supported by an instruction set architecture, and invoke an application defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_isa_iterate_wavefronts(
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_wavefront_t wavefront, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

isa

(in) A valid instruction set architecture.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per wavefront that is supported by the agent. The HSA runtime passes two arguments to the callback, the wavefront handle and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to callback on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

2.8.1.16 hsa_isa_compatible (Deprecated)

Deprecated: Use **hsa_agent_iterate_isas** to query which instructions set architectures are supported by a given agent.

Check if the instruction set architecture of a code object can be executed on an agent associated with another architecture.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_isa_compatible(
    hsa_isa_t code_object_isa,
    hsa_isa_t agent_isa,
    bool*result);
```

Parameters

code_object_isa

(in) Instruction set architecture associated with a code object.

agent_isa

(in) Instruction set architecture associated with an agent.

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check. If the two architectures are compatible, the result is true; if they are incompatible, the result is false.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ISA

code_object_isa or agent_isa is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

result is NULL.

2.8.1.17 hsa_code_object_reader_t

An opaque handle to code object reader. A code object reader is used to load a code object from a file (if created using https://docs.org/nc-en/ble), or from memory (if created using https://docs.org/nc-en/ble), or from memory (if created using https://docs.org/nc-en/ble).

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_code_reader_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_code_reader_t
```

Data fields

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.8.1.18 hsa_code_object_reader_create_from_file

Create a code object reader to operate on a file.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_reader_create_from_file(
    hsa_file_t file,
    hsa_code_object_reader_t *code_object_reader);
```

Parameters

file

(in) File descriptor. The file must have been opened by application with at least read permissions prior calling this function. The file must contain a vendor-specific code object.

code_object_reader

(out) Memory location to store the newly created code object reader handle. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID FILE

file is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

code_object_reader is NULL.

2.8.1.19 hsa_code_object_reader_create_from_memory

Create a code object reader to operate on memory.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_reader_create_from_memory(
    const void *code_object,
    size_t size,
    hsa_code_object_reader_t *code_object_reader);
```

Parameters

code_object

(in) Memory buffer that contains a vendor-specific code object. The buffer is owned and be managed by the application; the lifetime of the buffer must exceed that of any associated code object reader.

size

(in) Size of the buffer pointed to by code object. Must not be 0.

code_object_reader

(out) Memory location to store the newly created code object reader handle. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

code object is NULL, or size is zero, or code object reader is NULL.

2.8.1.20 hsa_code_object_reader_destroy

Destroy a code object reader.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_reader_destroy(
hsa_code_object_reader_t code_object_reader);
```

Parameter

code_object_reader

(in) Code object reader to destroy.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_READER

code_object_reader is invalid.

Description

The code object reader handle becomes invalid after completion of this function. Any file or memory used to create the code object read is not closed, removed, or deallocated by this function.

2.8.1.21 hsa_executable_t

An opaque handle to an executable, which contains ISA for finalized kernels and indirect functions together with the allocated global or readonly segment variables they reference.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_executable_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_executable_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.8.1.22 hsa_executable_state_t

Executable state.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXECUTABLE_STATE_UNFROZEN = 0,
    HSA_EXECUTABLE_STATE_FROZEN = 1
} hsa_executable_state_t;
```

Values

HSA EXECUTABLE STATE UNFROZEN

Executable state, which allows the user to load code objects and define external variables. Variable addresses, kernel code handles, and indirect function code handles are not available in query operations until the executable is frozen (zero always returned).

HSA EXECUTABLE STATE FROZEN

Executable state, which allows the user to query variable addresses, kernel code handles, and indirect function code handles using query operations. Loading new code objects, as well as defining external variables, is not allowed in this state.

2.8.1.23 hsa_executable_create (Deprecated)

Deprecated: Use **hsa_executable_create_alt** instead, which allows the application to specify the default floating-point rounding mode of the executable and assumes an unfrozen initial state.

Create an empty executable.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_create(
    hsa_profile_t profile,
    hsa_executable_state_t executable_state,
    const char *options,
    hsa_executable_t *executable);
```

Parameters

profile

(in) Profile used in the executable.

executable state

(in) Executable state. If the state is HSA_EXECUTABLE_STATE_FROZEN, the resulting executable is useless because no code objects can be loaded, and no variables can be defined.

options

(in) Vendor-specific options. May be NULL.

executable

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the newly created executable handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

profile is invalid, or *executable* is NULL.

2.8.1.24 hsa_executable_create_alt

Create an empty executable.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_create_alt(
    hsa_profile_t profile,
    hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t default_float_rounding_mode,
    const char *options,
    hsa_executable_t *executable);
```

Parameters

profile

(in) Profile used in the executable.

default_float_rounding_mode

(in) Default floating-point rounding mode used in the executable. Allowed rounding modes are near and zero (default is not allowed).

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

executable

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the newly created executable handle. The initial state of the executable is HSA_EXECUTABLE_STATE_UNFROZEN.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

profile is invalid, or *default_float_rounding_mode* is invalid, or *executable* is NULL.

2.8.1.25 hsa_executable_destroy

Destroy an executable.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_destroy(
hsa_executable_t executable);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

Description

An executable handle becomes invalid after the executable has been destroyed. Code object handles that were loaded into this executable are still valid after the executable has been destroyed, and can be used as intended. Resources allocated outside and associated with this executable (such as external global or readonly variables) can be released after the executable has been destroyed.

Executable should not be destroyed while kernels are in flight.

2.8.1.26 hsa_loaded_code_object_t

Opaque handle to a loaded code object.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_loaded_code_object_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_loaded_code_object_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.8.1.27 hsa_executable_load_program_code_object

Load a program code object into the executable.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_load_program_code_object(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_code_object_reader_t code_object_reader,
    const char *options,
    hsa_loaded_code_object_t*loaded_code_object);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

code_object_reader

(in) A code object reader that holds the program code object to load. If a code object reader is destroyed before all the associated executables are destroyed, the behavior is undefined.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

loaded code object

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the loaded code object handle. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR_FROZEN_EXECUTABLE

The executable is frozen.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_READER

code_object_reader is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS

The program code object is not compatible with the executable or the implementation (for example, the code object uses an extension that is not supported by the implementation).

Description

A program code object contains information about resources that are accessible by all kernel agents that run the executable, and can be loaded at most once into an executable.

If the program code object uses extensions, the implementation must support them for this operation to return successfully.

2.8.1.28 hsa_executable_load_agent_code_object

Load an agent code object into the executable.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_load_agent_code_object(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_agent_tagent,
    hsa_code_object_reader_t code_object_reader,
    const char *options,
    hsa_loaded_code_object_t *loaded_code_object);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

agent

(in) Agent to load code object for. A code object can be loaded into an executable at most once for a given agent. The instruction set architecture of the code object must be supported by the agent.

code_object_reader

(in) A code object reader that holds the program code object to load. If a code object reader is destroyed before all the associated executables are destroyed, the behavior is undefined.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

loaded code object

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the loaded code object handle. May be NULL

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR_FROZEN_EXECUTABLE

The executable is frozen.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The agent is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_READER

code_object_reader is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS

The code object read by *code_object_reader* is not compatible with the agent (for example, the agent does not support the instruction set architecture of the code object), the executable (for example, there is a default floating-point mode mismatch between the two), or the implementation.

Description

The agent code object contains all defined agent allocation variables, functions, indirect functions, and kernels in a given program for a given instruction set architecture.

Any module linkage declaration must have been defined either by a define variable or by loading a code object that has a symbol with module linkage definition.

The default floating-point rounding mode of the code object associated with <code>code_object_reader</code> should match that of the executable (HSA_EXECUTABLE_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE), or be default (in which case the value of HSA_EXECUTABLE_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE is used).

If the agent code object uses extensions, the implementation and the agent must support them for this operation to return successfully.

2.8.1.29 hsa_executable_freeze

Freeze the executable.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_executable_freeze(hsa_extension_t executable, const char *options);

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_VARIABLE_UNDEFINED

One or more variable is undefined in the executable.

HSA STATUS ERROR FROZEN EXECUTABLE

executable is already frozen.

Description

No modifications to executable can be made after freezing: no code objects can be loaded to the executable, and no external variables can be defined. Freezing the executable does not prevent querying the executable's attributes. The application must define all the external variables in an executable before freezing it.

2.8.1.30 hsa_executable_info_t

Executable attributes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXECUTABLE_INFO_PROFILE = 1,
    HSA_EXECUTABLE_INFO_STATE = 2,
    HSA_EXECUTABLE_I NFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDI NG_MODE = 3
} hsa_executable_info_t;
```

Values

HSA EXECUTABLE INFO PROFILE

Profile this executable is created for. The type of this attribute is hsa_profile_t.

HSA EXECUTABLE INFO STATE

Executable state. The type of this attribute is hsa_executable_state_t.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE

Default floating-point rounding mode specified when executable was created. The type of this attribute is hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t.

2.8.1.31 hsa_executable_get_info

Get the current value of an attribute for a given executable.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_get_info(
hsa_executable_t executable,
hsa_executable_info_t attribute,
void *value);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid executable attribute, or value is NULL.

2.8.1.32 hsa_executable_global_variable_define

Define an external global variable with program allocation.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_executable_global_variable_define(

hsa_executable_t executable, const char *variable_name, void *address);

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

variable name

(in) Name of the variable. The *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2* describes the standard name mangling scheme.

address

(in) Address where the variable is defined. This address must be in global memory and can be read and written by any agent in the system. The application cannot deallocate the buffer pointed by *address* before *executable* is destroyed.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR VARIABLE ALREADY DEFINED

The variable is already defined.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID SYMBOL NAME

There is no variable with the variable_name.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_FROZEN_EXECUTABLE

The executable is frozen.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

variable_name is NULL.

Description

This function allows the application to provide the definition of a variable in the global segment memory with program allocation. The variable must be defined before loading a code object into an executable. In addition, code objects loaded must not define the variable.

2.8.1.33 hsa_executable_agent_global_variable_define

Define an external global variable with agent allocation.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_agent_global_variable_define(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    const char *variable_name,
    void *address);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable. Must not be in frozen state.

agent

(in) Agent for which the variable is being defined.

variable_name

(in) Name of the variable. The *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2* describes the standard name mangling scheme.

address

(in) Address where the variable is defined. This address must have been previously allocated using **hsa_ memory_allocate** in a global region that is only visible to agent. The application cannot deallocate the buffer pointed by *address* before *executable* is destroyed.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

agent is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR VARIABLE ALREADY DEFINED

The variable is already defined.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID SYMBOL NAME

There is no variable with the *variable_name*.

HSA STATUS ERROR FROZEN EXECUTABLE

The executable is frozen.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

variable_name is NULL.

Description

This function allows the application to provide the definition of a variable in the global segment memory with agent allocation. The variable must be defined before loading a code object into an executable. In addition, code objects loaded must not define the variable.

2.8.1.34 hsa_executable_readonly_variable_define

Define an external readonly variable.

Signature

```
hsa_status_thsa_executable_readonly_variable_define(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    const char *variable_name,
    void *address);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable. Must not be in frozen state.

agent

(in) Agent for which the variable is being defined. The *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2* describes the standard name mangling scheme.

variable name

(in) Name of the variable.

address

(in) Address where the variable is defined. This address must have been previously allocated using **hsa_ memory_allocate** in a global region that is only visible to agent. The application cannot deallocate the buffer pointed by *address* before *executable* is destroyed.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

executable is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

agent is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_VARIABLE_ALREADY_DEFINED

The variable is already defined.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID SYMBOL NAME

There is no variable with the *variable_name*.

HSA STATUS ERROR FROZEN EXECUTABLE

The executable is frozen.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

variable name is NULL.

Description

This function allows the application to provide the definition of a variable in the readonly segment memory. The variable must be defined before loading a code object into an executable. In addition, code objects loaded must not define the variable.

2.8.1.35 hsa_executable_validate

Validate an executable. Checks that all code objects have matching machine model, profile, and default floating-point rounding mode. Checks that all declarations have definitions. Checks declaration-definition compatibility (see *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2* for compatibility rules). Invoking this function is equivalent to invoking **hsa_executable_validate_alt** with no options.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_executable_validate(hsa_executable_t executable, uint32_t*result);

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable. Must be in frozen state.

result

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the validation result. If the executable passes validation, the result is 0.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

executable is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

result is NULL.

2.8.1.36 hsa_executable_validate_alt

Validate an executable. Checks that all code objects have matching machine model, profile, and default floating-point rounding mode. Checks that all declarations have definitions. Checks declaration-definition compatibility (see *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2* for compatibility rules).

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_validate_alt(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    const char *options,
    uint32_t *result);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable. Must be in frozen state.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

result

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the validation result. If the executable passes validation, the result is 0.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE executable is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT result is NULL.

2.8.1.37 hsa_executable_symbol_t

Executable symbol.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_executable_symbol_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_executable_symbol_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

Description

The lifetime of an executable object symbol matches that of the executable associated with it. An operation on a symbol whose associated executable has been destroyed results in undefined behavior.

2.8.1.38 hsa_executable_get_symbol (Deprecated)

Deprecated: Use hsa_executable_get_symbol_by_linker_name instead.

Get the symbol handle for a given a symbol name.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_get_symbol(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    const char *module_name,
    const char *symbol_name,
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    int32_t call_convention,
    hsa_executable_symbol_t *symbol);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

module name

(in) Module name. Must be NULL if the symbol has program linkage.

symbol_name

(in) Symbol name.

agent

(in) Agent associated with the symbol. If the symbol is independent of any agent (for example, a variable with program allocation), this argument is ignored.

call convention

(in) Call convention associated with the symbol. If the symbol does not correspond to an indirect function, this argument is ignored.

symbol

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the symbol handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID SYMBOL NAME

There is no symbol with a name that matches symbol_name.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

symbol_name is NULL, or symbol is NULL.

2.8.1.39 hsa_executable_get_symbol_by_name (Deprecated)

Deprecated: Use **hsa_executable_get_symbol_by_linker_name** instead.

Retrieve the symbol handle corresponding to a given symbol name.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_get_symbol_by_name(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    const char *symbol_name,
    const hsa_agent_t agent*,
    hsa_executable_symbol_t *symbol);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

symbol name

(in) Symbol name. Must be a NUL-terminated character array. The *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2* describes the standard name mangling scheme.

agent

(in) Pointer to the agent for which the symbol with the given name is defined. If the symbol corresponding to the given name has program allocation, *agent* must be NULL.

symbol

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the symbol handle. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SYMBOL_NAME

There is no symbol with a name that matches symbol_name.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

symbol name is NULL, or symbol is NULL.

2.8.1.40 hsa_executable_get_symbol_by_linker_name

Retrieve the symbol handle corresponding to a given linker name.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_get_symbol_by_linker_name(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    const char *linker_name,
    const hsa_agent_t agent*,
    hsa_executable_symbol_t *symbol);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

linker name

(in) Linker name. Must be a NUL-terminated character array.

agent

(in) Pointer to the agent for which the symbol with the given name is defined. If the symbol corresponding to the given name has program allocation, *agent* must be NULL.

symbol

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the symbol handle. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SYMBOL_NAME

There is no symbol with a name that matches *linker_name*.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

linker_name is NULL, or *symbol* is NULL.

2.8.1.41 hsa_symbol_kind_t

Symbol type.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_VARIABLE = 0,
    HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_KERNEL = 1,
    HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_INDIRECT_FUNCTION = 2
} hsa_symbol_kind_t;
```

Values

HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_VARIABLE Variable.

HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_KERNEL Kernel.

HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_INDIRECT_FUNCTION Indirect function.

2.8.1.42 hsa_symbol_kind_linkage_t (Deprecated)

Linkage type of a symbol.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_LINKAGE_MODULE = 0,
    HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_LINKAGE_PROGRAM = 1,
} hsa_symbol_kind_linkage_t;
```

Values

HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_LINKAGE_MODULE Module linkage.

HSA_SYMBOL_KIND_LINKAGE_PROGRAM Program linkage.

2.8.1.43 hsa_variable_allocation_t

Allocation type of a variable.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION_AGENT = 0,
    HSA_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION_PROGRAM = 1
} hsa_variable_allocation_t;
```

Values

HSA_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION_AGENT Agent allocation.

HSA_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION_PROGRAM Program allocation.

2.8.1.44 hsa_variable_segment_t

Memory segment associated with a variable.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_VARIABLE_SEGMENT_GLOBAL = 0,
    HSA_VARIABLE_SEGMENT_READONLY = 1
} hsa_variable_segment_t;
```

Values

HSA_VARIABLE_SEGMENT_GLOBAL Global memory segment.

HSA_VARIABLE_SEGMENT_READONLY Readonly memory segment.

2.8.1.45 hsa_executable_symbol_info_t

Executable symbol attributes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_TYPE = 0,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_NAME_LENGTH = 1, HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_NAME = 2,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_MODULE_NAME_LENGTH = 3,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_MODULE_NAME = 4,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_LINKER_NAME_LENGTH = 24,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_LINKER_NAME = 25,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_AGENT = 20,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_ADDRESS = 21,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_LINKAGE = 5,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_IS_DEFINITION = 17,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION = 6,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_SEGMENT = 7,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_ALIGNMENT = 8,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_SIZE = 9,
HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_IS_CONST = 10,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_OBJECT = 22,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_KERNARG_SEGMENT_SIZE = 11,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_KERNARG_SEGMENT_ALIGNMENT = 12,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_GROUP_SEGMENT_SIZE = 13,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_PRIVATE_SEGMENT_SIZE = 14,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_DYNAMIC_CALLSTACK = 15,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_CALL_CONVENTION = 18,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_INDIRECT_FUNCTION_OBJECT = 23,
   HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_INDIRECT_FUNCTION_CALL_CONVENTION = 16
} hsa_executable_symbol_info_t;
```

Values

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO TYPE

The kind of the symbol. The type of this attribute is hsa_symbol_kind_t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO NAME LENGTH (Deprecated)

The length of the symbol name in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO NAME (Deprecated)

The name of the symbol. The type of this attribute is character array with the length equal to the value of HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_NAME_LENGTH (Deprecated) attribute.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO MODULE NAME LENGTH (Deprecated)

The length of the module name in bytes (not including the NUL terminator) to which this symbol belongs if this symbol has module linkage, otherwise 0 is returned. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO MODULE NAME (Deprecated)

The module name to which this symbol belongs if this symbol has module linkage, otherwise an empty string is returned. The type of this attribute is character array with the length equal to the value of HSA_EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO MODULE NAME LENGTH (Deprecated) attribute.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO LINKER NAME LENGTH

The length of the linker name of the symbol in bytes (not including the NUL terminator). The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_LINKER_NAME

The linker name of the symbol. The type of this attribute is character array with the length equal to the value of HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_LINKER_NAME_LENGTH attribute.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_AGENT

Agent associated with this symbol. If the symbol is a variable, the value of this attribute is only defined if HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION (Deprecated) is HSA_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION_ AGENT. The type of this attribute is hsa agent t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO VARIABLE ADDRESS

The address of the variable. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is uint64_t.

If executable's state is HSA EXECUTABLE STATE UNFROZEN, then 0 is returned.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_LINKAGE

The linkage kind of the symbol. The type of this attribute is hsa_symbol_kind_linkage_t (Deprecated).

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO IS DEFINITION

Indicates whether the symbol corresponds to a definition. The type of this attribute is bool.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION (Deprecated)

The allocation kind of the variable. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is hsa_variable_allocation_t.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_SEGMENT (Deprecated)

The segment kind of the variable. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is hsa_variable_segment_t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO VARIABLE ALIGNMENT (Deprecated)

Alignment of the symbol in memory. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO VARIABLE SIZE (Deprecated)

Size of the variable. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO VARIABLE IS CONST (Deprecated)

Indicates whether the variable is constant. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is bool.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL OBJECT

Kernel object handle, used in the kernel dispatch packet. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint64_t.

If the state of the executable is HSA_EXECUTABLE_STATE_UNFROZEN, then 0 is returned.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL KERNARG SEGMENT SIZE

Size of kernarg segment memory that is required to hold the values of the kernel arguments, in bytes. Must be a multiple of 16. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL KERNARG SEGMENT ALIGNMENT

Alignment (in bytes) of the buffer used to pass arguments to the kernel, which is the maximum of 16 and the maximum alignment of any of the kernel arguments. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_GROUP_SEGMENT_SIZE

Size of static group segment memory required by the kernel (per work-group), in bytes. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

The reported amount does not include any dynamically allocated group segment memory that may be requested by the application when a kernel is dispatched.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL PRIVATE SEGMENT SIZE

Size of static private, spill, and arg segment memory required by this kernel (per work-item), in bytes. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

If the value of HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_DYNAMIC_CALLSTACK is true, the kernel may use more private memory than the reported value, and the application must add the dynamic call stack usage to *private_segment_size* when populating a kernel dispatch packet.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_DYNAMIC_CALLSTACK

Dynamic callstack flag. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is bool.

If this flag is set (the value is true), the kernel uses a dynamically sized call stack. This can happen if recursive calls, calls to indirect functions, or the HSAIL alloca instruction are present in the kernel.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_CALL_CONVENTION (Deprecated)

Call convention of the kernel. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA EXECUTABLE SYMBOL INFO INDIRECT FUNCTION OBJECT

Indirect function object handle. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not an indirect function, or the associated agent does not support the full profile. The type of this attribute depends on the machine model: the type is uint32_t for small machine model, and uint64_t for large model.

If the state of the executable is HSA EXECUTABLE STATE UNFROZEN, then 0 is returned.

HSA_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL_INFO_INDIRECT_FUNCTION_CALL_CONVENTION (Deprecated)
Call convention of the indirect function. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not an indirect function, or the associated agent does not support the full profile. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

2.8.1.46 hsa_executable_symbol_get_info

Get the current value of an attribute for a given executable symbol.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_symbol_get_info(
    hsa_executable_symbol_t executable_symbol,
    hsa_executable_symbol_info_t attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

executable_symbol

(in) Executable symbol.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE SYMBOL

The executable symbol is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid executable symbol attribute, or value is NULL.

2.8.1.47 hsa_executable_iterate_agent_symbols

Iterate over the kernels, indirect functions, and agent allocation variables in an executable for a given agent, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

 $hsa_status_t \ hsa_executable_iterate_agent_symbols ($

```
hsa_executable_t executable,
hsa_agent_t agent,
hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_executable_t exec, hsa_agent_t agent, hsa_executable_symbol_t symbol, void *data),
void *data);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

agent

(in) Agent.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per executable symbol. The HSA runtime passes three arguments to the callback: the executable, a symbol, and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to callback on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

2.8.1.48 hsa_executable_iterate_program_symbols

Iterate over the program allocation variables in an executable, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_iterate_program_symbols(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_executable_t exec, hsa_executable_symbol_t symbol, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per executable symbol. The HSA runtime passes three arguments to the callback: the executable, a symbol, and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_ STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to *callback* on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

2.8.1.49 hsa_executable_iterate_symbols (Deprecated)

Iterate over the symbols in an executable, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_iterate_symbols(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_executable_t exec, hsa_executable_symbol_t symbol, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per executable symbol. The HSA runtime passes three arguments to the callback: the executable, a symbol, and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to *callback* on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

2.8.1.50 hsa_code_object_t (Deprecated)

An opaque handle to a code object, which contains executable code for finalized kernels and indirect functions together with information about the global or readonly segment variables they reference.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_code_object_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_code_object_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.8.1.51 hsa_callback_data_t (Deprecated)

Opaque handle to application data that is passed to the serialization and deserialization functions.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_callback_data_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_callback_data_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

2.8.1.52 hsa_code_object_serialize (Deprecated)

Serialize a code object. Can be used for offline finalization, install-time finalization, disk code caching, etc.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_serialize(
    hsa_code_object_t (Deprecated) code_object,
    hsa_status_t (*alloc_callback)(size_t size, hsa_callback_data_t (Deprecated) data, void **address),
    hsa_callback_data_t (Deprecated) callback_data,
    const char *options,
    void **serialized_code_object,
    size_t *serialized_code_object_size);
```

Parameters

```
code_object
  (in) Code object.
```

alloc callback

(in) Callback function for memory allocation. Must not be NULL. The HSA runtime passes three arguments to the callback: the allocation size, the application data, and a pointer to a memory location where the application stores the allocation result. The HSA runtime invokes *alloc_callback* once to allocate a buffer that contains the serialized version of *code_object*. If the callback returns a status code other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS this function returns the same code.

callback data

(in) Application data that is passed to alloc callback. May be NULL.

options

(in) Vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

serialized_code_object

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores a pointer to the serialized code object. Must not be NULL.

serialized_code_object_size

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the size (in bytes) of *serialized_code_object*. The returned value matches the allocation size passed by the HSA runtime to *alloc_callback*. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT

code object is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

alloc callback, serialized code object, or serialized code object size is NULL.

2.8.1.53 hsa_code_object_deserialize (Deprecated)

Deserialize a code object.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_deserialize(

void *serialized_code_object, size_t serialized_code_object_size, const char *options, hsa_code_object_t(Deprecated) *code_object);

Parameters

serialized_code_object

(in) A serialized code object. Must not be NULL.

serialized code object size

(in) The size (in bytes) of serialized_code_object. Must not be 0.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

code_object

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the deserialized code object.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

serialized_code_object, or code_object is NULL, or serialized_code_object_size is 0.

2.8.1.54 hsa_code_object_destroy (Deprecated)

Destroy a code object.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_destroy(
hsa_code_object_t(Deprecated) code_object);
```

Parameters

code_object

(in) Code object. The handle becomes invalid after it has been destroyed.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT

code_object is invalid.

Description

The lifetime of a code object must exceed that of any executable where it has been loaded. If an executable that loaded *code object* has not been destroyed, the behavior is undefined.

2.8.1.55 hsa_code_object_type_t (Deprecated)

Code object type.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_CODE_OBJECT_TYPE_PROGRAM = 0
} hsa_code_object_type_t;
```

Values

HSA CODE OBJECT TYPE PROGRAM

Produces code object that contains ISA for all kernels and indirect functions in HSA source.

2.8.1.56 hsa_code_object_info_t (Deprecated)

Code object attributes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_CODE_OBJECT_INFO_VERSION = 0,
    HSA_CODE_OBJECT_INFO_TYPE = 1,
    HSA_CODE_OBJECT_INFO_ISA = 2,
    HSA_CODE_OBJECT_INFO_MACHINE_MODEL = 3,
    HSA_CODE_OBJECT_INFO_PROFILE = 4,
    HSA_CODE_OBJECT_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE = 5
} hsa_code_object_info_t;
```

Values

HSA CODE OBJECT INFO VERSION

The version of the code object. The type of this attribute is a NUL-terminated char[64]. If the version of the code object uses fewer than 63 characters, the rest of the array must be filled with NULs.

HSA_CODE_OBJECT_INFO_TYPE

Type of code object. The type of this attribute is hsa_code_object_type_t (Deprecated).

HSA CODE OBJECT INFO ISA

Instruction set architecture this code object is produced for. The type of this attribute is hsa_isa_t.

HSA CODE OBJECT INFO MACHINE MODEL

Machine model this code object is produced for. The type of this attribute is hsa_machine_model_t.

HSA CODE OBJECT INFO PROFILE

Profile this code object is produced for. The type of this attribute is hsa profile t.

HSA_CODE_OBJECT_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE

Default floating-point rounding mode used when the code object is produced. The type of this attribute is hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t.

2.8.1.57 hsa_code_object_get_info (Deprecated)

Get the current value of an attribute for a given code object.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_get_info(
    hsa_code_object_t(Deprecated) code_object,
    hsa_code_object_info_t(Deprecated) attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

code object

(in) Code object.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT

code_object is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid code object attribute, or value is NULL.

2.8.1.58 hsa_executable_load_code_object (Deprecated)

Load code object into the executable.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_executable_load_code_object(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_code_object_t (Deprecated) code_object,
    const char *options);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

agent

(in) Agent to load code object for. The agent must support the default floating-point rounding mode used by *code_object*.

code_object

(in) Code object to load. The lifetime of the code object must exceed that of the executable. If *code_object* is destroyed before *executable*, the behavior is undefined.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT

code_object is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INCOMPATIBLE_ARGUMENTS

agent is not compatible with *code_object* (for example, *agent* does not support the default floating-point rounding mode specified by *code_object*), or *code_object* is not compatible with *executable* (for example, *code_object* and *executable* have different machine models or profiles).

HSA STATUS ERROR FROZEN EXECUTABLE

The executable is frozen.

Description

Every global or readonly variable that is external must be defined using define set of operations before loading code objects. An internal global or readonly variable is allocated once the code object, that is being loaded, references this variable and this variable is not allocated.

Any module linkage declaration must have been defined either by a define variable or by loading a code object that has a symbol with module linkage definition.

2.8.1.59 hsa_code_symbol_t (Deprecated)

Code object symbol.

```
typedef struct hsa_code_symbol_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_code_symbol_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

Description

The lifetime of a code object symbol matches that of the code object associated with it. An operation on a symbol whose associated code object has been destroyed results in undefined behavior.

2.8.1.60 hsa_code_object_get_symbol (Deprecated)

Get the symbol handle within a code object for a given a symbol name.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_get_symbol(
hsa_code_object_t(Deprecated) code_object,
const char *symbol_name,
hsa_code_symbol_t(Deprecated) *symbol);
```

Parameters

code_object

(in) Code object.

symbol name

(in) Symbol name.

symbol

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the symbol handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

${\sf HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT}$

code_object is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SYMBOL_NAME

There is no symbol with a name that matches symbol_name.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

symbol_name is NULL, or symbol is NULL.

2.8.1.61 hsa_code_object_get_symbol_from_name (Deprecated)

Get the symbol handle within a code object for a given a symbol name.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_get_symbol_from_name(
    hsa_code_object_t(Deprecated) code_object,
    const char *module_name,
```

```
const char *symbol_name,
hsa_code_symbol_t (Deprecated) *symbol);
```

Parameters

```
code_object
(in) Code object.
```

module_name

(in) Module name. Must be NULL if the symbol has program linkage.

symbol name

(in) Symbol name.

symbol

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the symbol handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT

code_object is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID SYMBOL NAME

There is no symbol with a name that matches symbol_name.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

symbol_name is NULL, or symbol is NULL.

2.8.1.62 hsa_code_symbol_info_t (Deprecated)

Code object symbol attributes.

```
typedef enum {
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_TYPE = 0,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_NAME_LENGTH = 1,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_NAME = 2,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_MODULE_NAME_LENGTH = 3,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_MODULE_NAME = 4,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_LINKAGE = 5,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_IS_DEFINITION = 17,
HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION = 6,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_SEGMENT = 7,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_ALIGNMENT = 8,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_SIZE = 9,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_IS_CONST = 10,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_KERNARG_SEGMENT_SIZE = 11,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_KERNARG_SEGMENT_ALIGNMENT = 12,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_GROUP_SEGMENT_SIZE = 13,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_PRIVATE_SEGMENT_SIZE = 14,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_DYNAMIC_CALLSTACK = 15,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_CALL_CONVENTION = 18,
   HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_INDIRECT_FUNCTION_CALL_CONVENTION = 16
```

} hsa_code_symbol_info_t;

Values

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO TYPE

The type of the symbol. The type of this attribute is hsa_symbol_kind_t.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO NAME LENGTH

The length of the symbol name in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_NAME

The name of the symbol. The type of this attribute is character array with the length equal to the value of HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO NAME LENGTH attribute.

HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_MODULE_NAME_LENGTH

The length of the module name in bytes (not including the NUL terminator) to which this symbol belongs if this symbol has module linkage, otherwise 0 is returned. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_MODULE_NAME

The module name to which this symbol belongs if this symbol has module linkage, otherwise an empty string is returned. The type of this attribute is character array with the length equal to the value of HSA_CODE SYMBOL INFO MODULE NAME LENGTH attribute.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO LINKAGE

The linkage kind of the symbol. The type of this attribute is hsa_symbol_kind_linkage_t (Deprecated).

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO IS DEFINITION

Indicates whether the symbol corresponds to a definition. The type of this attribute is bool.

HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_ALLOCATION

The allocation kind of the variable. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is hsa_variable_allocation_t.

HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_SEGMENT

The segment kind of the variable. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is hsa_variable_segment_t.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO VARIABLE ALIGNMENT

Alignment of the variable. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

The current alignment of the variable in memory may be greater than the value specified in the source program variable declaration.

HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_SIZE

Size of the variable. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

A size of 0 is returned if the variable is an external variable and has an unknown dimension.

HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_VARIABLE_IS_CONST

Indicates whether the variable is constant. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a variable. The type of this attribute is bool.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL KERNARG SEGMENT SIZE

Size of kernarg segment memory that is required to hold the values of the kernel arguments, in bytes. Must be a multiple of 16. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL KERNARG SEGMENT ALIGNMENT

Alignment (in bytes) of the buffer used to pass arguments to the kernel, which is the maximum of 16 and the maximum alignment of any of the kernel arguments. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL GROUP SEGMENT SIZE

Size of static group segment memory required by the kernel (per work-group), in bytes. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

The reported amount does not include any dynamically allocated group segment memory that may be requested by the application when a kernel is dispatched.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL PRIVATE SEGMENT SIZE

Size of static private, spill, and arg segment memory required by this kernel (per work-item), in bytes. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

If the value of HSA_CODE_SYMBOL_INFO_KERNEL_DYNAMIC_CALLSTACK is true, the kernel may use more private memory than the reported value, and the application must add the dynamic call stack usage to *private_segment_size* when populating a kernel dispatch packet.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL DYNAMIC CALLSTACK

Dynamic callstack flag. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is bool.

If this flag is set (the value is true), the kernel uses a dynamically sized call stack. This can happen if recursive calls, calls to indirect functions, or the HSAIL alloca instruction are present in the kernel.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO KERNEL CALL CONVENTION

Call convention of the kernel. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not a kernel. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA CODE SYMBOL INFO INDIRECT FUNCTION CALL CONVENTION

Call convention of the indirect function. The value of this attribute is undefined if the symbol is not an indirect function. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

2.8.1.63 hsa_code_symbol_get_info (Deprecated)

Get the current value of an attribute for a given code symbol.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_symbol_get_info(
    hsa_code_symbol_t (Deprecated) code_symbol,
    hsa_code_symbol_info_t (Deprecated) attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

code_symbol (in) Code symbol.

attribute

(in) Attribute to guery.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID CODE SYMBOL

The code symbol is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid code symbol attribute, or value is NULL.

2.8.1.64 hsa_code_object_iterate_symbols (Deprecated)

Iterate over the symbols in a code object, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_code_object_iterate_symbols(
    hsa_code_object_t (Deprecated) code_object,
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_code_object_t (Deprecated) code_object, hsa_code_symbol_t (Deprecated) symbol, void
    *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

code_object

(in) Code object.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per code object symbol. The HSA runtime passes three arguments to the callback: the code object, a symbol, and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_ STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to callback on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT

code_object is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

2.9 Common definitions

2.9.1 Common definitions API

2.9.1.1 hsa_dim3_t

Three-dimensional coordinate.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_dim3_s {
    uint32_t x;
    uint32_t y;
    uint32_t z;
} hsa_dim3_t
```

Data fields

X X dimension.

У

Y dimension.

Ζ

Z dimension.

2.9.1.2 hsa_access_permission_t

Access permissions.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_ACCESS_PERMISSION_RO = 1,
    HSA_ACCESS_PERMISSION_WO = 2,
    HSA_ACCESS_PERMISSION_RW = 3
} hsa_access_permission_t;
```

Values

HSA_ACCESS_PERMISSION_RO Read-only access.

HSA_ACCESS_PERMISSION_WO Write-only access.

HSA_ACCESS_PERMISSION_RW Read and write access.

2.9.1.3 hsa_file_t

POSIX file descriptor.

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typedefint hsa_file_t;

CHAPTER 3.

HSA Extensions Programming Guide

3.1 Extensions in HSA

Extensions to the HSA core runtime API can be HSA-approved or vendor-specific. HSA-approved extensions are not required to be supported by a conforming HSA implementation, but are expected to be widely available; they define functionality that is likely to move into the core API in a future version of the HSA specification. Two examples of HSA-approved extensions are: Finalization (see 3.2 HSAIL finalization (on the facing page)) and Images (see 3.3 Images and samplers (on page 184)).

Extensions approved by the HSA Foundation can be promoted to the core API in later versions. When this occurs, the extension specification is added to the core specification. Functions, types, and enumeration constants that are part of a promoted extension will have the extension prefix removed. HSA implementations of such later revisions must also declare support for the original extensions and expose the original versions of functions, types, and enumeration constants as a transition aid.

3.1.1 Extension requirements

HSA defined extension names are of the form:

hsa_ext_<label>

Vendor-defined extension names must be of the form:

hsa_ven_<vendor>_<label>

Extension names must not contain upper case characters.

label is one or more words separated by underscores, providing a short name for the extension. Vendor extension labels do not need to be registered with the HSA Foundation.

vendor is a single word, providing the name of the vendor. This name may be abbreviated to improve readability, and will not contain underscores. Extension vendor names must be registered with the HSA Foundation, and must be unique.

All the functions and types declared in the extension must be prefixed by the extension name, and follow HSA naming conventions. For example, a vendor-specific extension <code>hsa_ven_hal_foo</code> could declare the following identifiers:

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ven_hal_foo_do_something();

typedef enum {
    HSA_VEN_HAL_FOO_CATEGORY_VALUE = 1,
} hsa_ven_hal_foo_category_t;
```

An extension can add new enumeration constants to an existing core enumeration. For example, an extension may add agent attributes to hsa_agent_info_t. In order to avoid enumeration value collisions in core enumerations, the enumeration constants used by an extension must be assigned by the HSA Foundation.

Every extension must define a preprocessor macro whose identifier matches the extension name. The value associated with the identifier encodes the version number. For example, the *hsa_hal_foo* extension (version 1.1) would include the following preprocessing directive in the header:

```
#define hsa_ven_hal_foo 001001
```

If the extension API exposes any functions, the extension interface must declare a function table (structure) per major version in which each field is a pointer to a function exported by the extension. The function pointer table must have as many entries as functions are exported by the extension API and each minor version may only add extra functions at the end. For example, the header associated with the extension <code>hsa_hal_foo</code> would contain the following declaration:

```
typedef struct hsa_ven_hal_foo_pfn_s {
    hsa_status_t (*hsa_ven_hal_foo_pfn_do_something)();
} hsa_ven_hal_foo_pfn_t;
```

The HSA Foundation assigns a unique integer ID in the [0, 0x400) interval to each extension. The identifier remains the same throughout all the versions of the same extension. In the HSA runtime API, the application uses the identifier to refer to a specific extension. Identifiers are listed in the hsa_extension_t enumeration. For example, the extension hsa_ven_hal_foo would add the enumeration constant HSA_EXTENSION_HAL_FOO associated with a unique constant expression (the identifier).

3.1.2 Extension support: HSA runtime and agents

The HSA runtime indicates which extensions it supports in the HSA_SYSTEM_INFO_EXTENSIONS bit-mask attribute. If bit i is set in the bit-mask, then the extension with an ID of i is supported by the implementation. Because the bit-mask does not expose any information about which revision of the extension is supported, the application must query the functions $hsa_system_extension_supported$ (Deprecated) or $hsa_system_extension_supported$ (Deprecated) or $hsa_system_extension_supported$ when needed.

An application must use the function pointers exported by an extension to invoke its API. The application can retrieve a copy of the extension function pointer table by calling <code>hsa_system_get_extension_table</code> (<code>Deprecated</code>) or <code>hsa_system_get_major_extension_table</code>. In the following code snippet, the application invokes an extension function once the HSA runtime has populated the function pointer table corresponding to the version 1.0 of the <code>hsa ven hal foo</code> extension.

```
bool system_support, agent_support;
hsa_system_extension_supported(HSA_EXTENSION_HAL_FOO, 1, 0, &system_support);
hsa_agent_extension_supported(HSA_EXTENSION_HAL_FOO, agent, 1, 0, &agent_support);
if (system_support && agent_support) {
    hsa_hal_foo_pfn_t pfns;
    hsa_system_get_extension_table(HSA_EXTENSION_HAL_FOO, 1, 0, &pfns);
    pfns.hsa_hal_foo_pfn_do_something();
}
```

An agent indicates which extensions it supports in the HSA_AGENT_INFO_EXTENSIONS bit-mask attribute. The application can query if a version of the extension is supported by an agent using **hsa_agent_extension_supported** (Deprecated) or **hsa_agent_major_extension_supported**.

3.2 HSAIL finalization

For detailed information about finalization, refer to the HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2, section 4.2 Program, code object, and executable.

The finalization API allows the application to define an HSAIL program (hsa_ext_program_t) by specifying a set of modules (hsa_ext_module_t) represented in the HSAIL binary format (BRIG). An HSAIL module can contain the definitions of multiple kernels, indirect functions, functions, and variables. The HSAIL modules must be created by the application outside of the HSA runtime API. Manipulation of BRIG is out of the scope of the HSA runtime API, however, the application may be able to use external libraries. For example, an application may generate the HSAIL modules as the result of compiling a high-level language such as C++, OpenMP, or OpenCL.

The application creates an HSAIL program by invoking <code>hsa_ext_program_create</code>, adds modules to it using <code>hsa_ext_program_add_module</code>, and can destroy it with <code>hsa_ext_program_destroy</code>. <code>hsa_ext_program_iterate_modules</code> allows the application to determine what modules have been added to the program, and <code>hsa_ext_program_get_info</code> can be used to get properties of the program.

Once an HSAIL program has been created, the finalization API can be used to generate two kinds of code object: the program code object and the agent code object. These have vendor-specific representations and can either be stored in memory or in a file using a code object writer (hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t). hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_memory and hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_file create a code object writer for memory and a file respectively. hsa_ext_code_object_writer_destroy can be used to destroy a code object writer once the code object has been written.

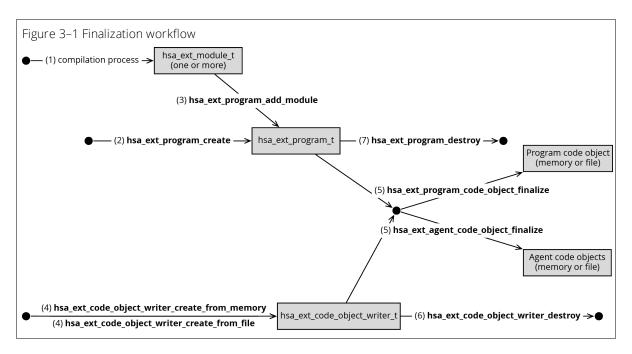
The program code object is created with **hsa_ext_program_code_object_finalize**. It contains information about the program allocation global segment variables defined by the HSAIL program. These can be accessed from any agent that executes the program.

An agent code object is created using <code>hsa_ext_agent_code_object_finalize</code>. It contains information about the agent allocation global and readonly segment variables, and the machine code for the kernels, indirect functions and functions defined by the HSAIL program. These can only be accessed and executed by the specific agent on which the agent code object is loaded. The instruction set architecture (<code>hsa_isa_t</code>) for which to generate machine code must be specified.

This basic workflow is represented in Figure 3–1 (on the facing page).

See 2.8 Code object loading (on page 112) for information on how code objects can be loaded in order to execute the kernels for which they contain machine code.

A given finalizer will support BRIG modules with the same major version and a minor version less than or equal to the finalizer version (e.g., a v1.1 finalizer must support v1.1 and v1.0 BRIG modules, but a v2.0 finalizer need not support any v1.x BRIG versions).



3.2.1 HSAIL finalization API

3.2.1.1 Additions to hsa_status_t

Enumeration constants added to hsa_status_t by this extension.

Signature

```
enum{
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_PROGRAM = 0x2000,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_MODULE = 0x2001,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INCOMPATIBLE_MODULE = 0x2002,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_MODULE_ALREADY_INCLUDED = 0x2003,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_SYMBOL_MISMATCH = 0x2004,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_FINALIZATION_FAILED = 0x2005,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_DIRECTIVE_MISMATCH = 0x2006,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_WRITER = 0x2007
};
```

Values

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_PROGRAM The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_MODULE
The HSAIL module is invalid.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE MODULE

Machine model or profile of the HSAIL module does not match the machine model or profile of the HSAIL program.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_MODULE_ALREADY_INCLUDED

The HSAIL module is already a part of the HSAIL program.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_SYMBOL_MISMATCH

Compatibility mismatch between symbol declaration and symbol definition.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR FINALIZATION FAILED

The finalization encountered an error while finalizing a kernel or indirect function.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR DIRECTIVE MISMATCH

Mismatch between a directive in the control directive structure and in the HSAIL kernel.

${\sf HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_WRITER}$

The code object writer is invalid.

3.2.1.2 hsa_ext_finalizer_iterate_isa

Iterate over the instruction set architectures supported by the finalizer extension, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_finalizer_iterate_isa(
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_isa_t isa, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per ISA. The HSA runtime passes two arguments to the callback: the ISA and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to *callback* on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT callback is NULL.

3.2.1.3 hsa_ext_isa_from_name

Retrieve a reference to an instruction set architecture handle out of a symbolic name.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_isa_from_name(
    const char *name,
    hsa_isa_t *isa);
```

Parameters

name

(in) Vendor-specific name associated with a particular instruction set architecture. *name* must start with the vendor name and a colon (for example, "AMD:"). The rest of the name is vendor specific. Must be a NUL-terminated string.

isa

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the ISA handle corresponding to the given name. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ISA NAME

The given name does not correspond to any instruction set architecture.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

name is NULL, or isa is NULL.

3.2.1.4 hsa_ext_isa_get_info (Deprecated)

The concept of call convention has been deprecated. If the application wants to query the value of an attribute for a given instruction set architecture, use **hsa_isa_get_info_alt** instead. If the application wants to query an attribute that is specific to a given combination of ISA and wavefront, use **hsa_wavefront_get_info**.

Get the current value of an attribute for a given ISA.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_isa_get_info(
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    hsa_isa_info_t attribute,
    uint32_t index;
    void *value);
```

Parameters

isa

(in) A valid instruction set architecture.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

index

(in) Call convention index. Used only for call convention attributes, otherwise ignored. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value of the attribute HSA_ISA_INFO_CALL_CONVENTION_COUNT (Deprecated) (not inclusive) in *isa*.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_INDEX

The index is out of range.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid instruction set architecture attribute, or value is NULL.

3.2.1.5 hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t

Opaque handle to a code object writer. A code object writer is used by the finalizer to output the finalized code object to a file (if the code object writer is created using hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_file), or to memory (if the code object writer is created using hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_memory).

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_code_object_writer_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

3.2.1.6 hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_file

Create an empty code object writer to operate on a file.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_file(
    hsa_file_t file,
    hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer);
```

Parameters

file

(in) File descriptor for the opened file. The file must be opened with at least write permissions. If the file is non-empty, the file will be truncated.

code object writer

(in) Memory location to store the newly created code object writer handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_FILE

file is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

code object writer is NULL.

Description

The file must be opened by the application with at least write permissions prior calling this function. A POSIX file descriptor for the opened file must be provided. If the file descriptor points to a non-empty file, the file will be truncated. The file is owned and managed by the application; the code object writer is only used for populating it. The lifetime of the file descriptor must exceed the lifetime of its code object writer.

3.2.1.7 hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_memory

Create an empty code object writer to operate on memory.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_memory(
    hsa_status_t (*memory_allocate)(size_t size, size_t align, void **ptr, void *data),
    void *data,
    hsa_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer);
```

Parameters

memory allocate

(in) Callback function to be invoked once per finalization to allocate memory needed for outputting of code object. The callback function takes in four arguments: requested size, requested alignment, pointer to memory location where application stores pointer to allocated memory, and application provided data. If the callback function returns status code other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS, then the finalization function returns the same code.

data

(in) Application-provided data to pass into memory_allocate. May be NULL.

code object writer

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the newly created code object writer handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

memory allocate is NULL, or code object writer is NULL.

Description

Memory is allocated by the application through a callback function. Memory must be deallocated by the application in case of failure. Allocated memory is owned and must be managed by the application; the code object writer is only used for populating it. The lifetime of memory that is allocated must exceed the lifetime of its code object writer.

3.2.1.8 hsa_ext_code_object_writer_destroy

Destroy a code object writer.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_code_object_writer_destroy(
hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t code_object_writer);
```

Parameter

code_object_writer

(in) Valid code object writer handle to destroy.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_WRITER

code_object_writer is invalid.

Description

The code object writer handle becomes invalid after completion of this function. The file or memory populated by the code object writer is not closed, removed, or deallocated during execution of this function, and can be used as the application sees fit.

3.2.1.9 hsa_ext_module_t

HSAIL (BRIG) module. The *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2* contains the definition of the BrigModule_t type.

Signature

```
typedef BrigModule_t hsa_ext_module_t;
```

3.2.1.10 hsa_ext_program_t

An opaque handle to an HSAIL program, which groups a set of HSAIL modules that collectively define functions and variables used by kernels and indirect functions.

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_program_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_ext_program_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

3.2.1.11 hsa_ext_program_create

Create an empty HSAIL program.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_program_create(
    hsa_machine_model_t machine_model,
    hsa_profile_t profile,
    hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t default_float_rounding_mode, const char *options,
    hsa_ext_program_t*program);
```

Parameters

machine model

(in) Machine model used in the HSAIL program.

profile

(in) Profile used in the HSAIL program.

default_float_rounding_mode

(in) Default floating-point rounding mode used in the HSAIL program.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. May be NULL.

program

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the newly created HSAIL program handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

machine model is invalid, profile is invalid, default float rounding mode is invalid, or program is NULL.

3.2.1.12 hsa_ext_program_destroy

Destroy an HSAIL program.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_program_destroy(
    hsa_ext_program_t program);
```

Parameter

program

(in) HSAIL program.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

Description

The HSAIL program handle becomes invalid after it has been destroyed. Code object handles produced by hsa_ext_agent_code_object_finalize, hsa_ext_program_code_object_finalize, or hsa_ext_program_finalize (Deprecated) are still valid after the HSAIL program has been destroyed, and can be used as intended. Resources allocated outside and associated with the HSAIL program (such as HSAIL modules that are added to the HSAIL program) can be released after the finalization program has been destroyed.

3.2.1.13 hsa_ext_program_add_module

Add an HSAIL module to an existing HSAIL program.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_program_add_module(
    hsa_ext_program_t program,
    hsa_ext_module t module);
```

Parameters

program

(in) HSAIL program.

module

(in) HSAIL module. The application can add the same HSAIL module to *program* at most once. The HSAIL module must specify the same machine model and profile as *program*. If the default floating-point rounding mode of *module* is not default, then it should match that of *program*.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_MODULE

The HSAIL module is invalid.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE MODULE

The machine model of *module* does not match machine model of *program*, or the profile of *module* does not match profile of *program*.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR MODULE ALREADY INCLUDED

The HSAIL module is already a part of the HSAIL program.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR SYMBOL MISMATCH

Symbol declaration and symbol definition compatibility mismatch. See the symbol compatibility rules in the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2*.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE MODULE

The BRIG version of the module is not supported.

Description

The HSA runtime does not perform a deep copy of the HSAIL module upon addition. Instead, it stores a pointer to the HSAIL module. The ownership of the HSAIL module belongs to the application, which must ensure that *module* is not released before destroying the HSAIL program.

The HSAIL module is successfully added to the HSAIL program if *module* is valid, if all the declarations and definitions for the same symbol are compatible, and if *module* specify machine model and profile that matches the HSAIL program.

3.2.1.14 hsa_ext_program_iterate_modules

Iterate over the HSAIL modules in a program, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_program_iterate_modules(
    hsa_ext_program_t program,
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_ext_program_t program,
    hsa_ext_module_t module, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

program

(in) HSAIL program.

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per HSAIL module in the program. The HSA runtime passes three arguments to the callback: the program, a HSAIL module, and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to callback on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

3.2.1.15 hsa_ext_program_info_t

HSAIL program attributes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_PROGRAM_INFO_MACHINE_MODEL = 0,
    HSA_EXT_PROGRAM_INFO_PROFILE = 1,
    HSA_EXT_PROGRAM_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE = 2
} hsa_ext_program_info_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PROGRAM_INFO_MACHINE_MODEL

Machine model specified when the HSAIL program was created. The type of this attribute is hsa_machine model t.

HSA EXT PROGRAM INFO PROFILE

Profile specified when the HSAIL program was created. The type of this attribute is hsa profile t.

HSA_EXT_PROGRAM_INFO_DEFAULT_FLOAT_ROUNDING_MODE

Default floating-point rounding mode specified when the HSAIL program was created. The type of this attribute is hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t.

3.2.1.16 hsa_ext_program_get_info

Get the current value of an attribute for a given HSAIL program.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_program_get_info(
    hsa_ext_program_t program,
    hsa_ext_program_info_t attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

program

(in) HSAIL program.

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of *attribute*, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid HSAIL program attribute, or value is NULL.

3.2.1.17 hsa_ext_program_code_object_finalize

Generate program code object from given program.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_program_code_object_finalize(
    hsa_ext_program_t program,
    const char *options,
    hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer);
```

Parameters

program

(in) Valid program handle to finalize.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. May be NULL.

code object writer

(in) Valid code object writer handle.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_WRITER

code_object_writer is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR FINALIZATION FAILED

Failure to finalize program.

Description

Generate a program code object from the given program by finalizing all defined program allocation variables in the given program. The generated code object is written to by the provided code object writer, therefore the code object writer must not be destroyed before this function exits.

3.2.1.18 hsa_ext_agent_code_object_finalize

Generate agent code object from given program for given instruction set architecture.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_agent_code_object_finalize(
    hsa_ext_program_t program,
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    const char *options,
    hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer);
```

Parameters

program

(in) Valid program handle to finalize.

isa

(in) Valid instruction set architecture handle to finalize for.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. May be NULL.

code_object_writer

(in) Valid code object writer handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_DIRECTIVE_MISMATCH

options do not match one or more control directives in one or more BRIG modules in program.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_WRITER

code_object_writer is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_FINALIZATION_FAILED

Failure to finalize program.

Description

Generate the agent code object from the given instruction set architecture by finalizing all defined agent allocation variables, functions, indirect functions, and kernels in the given program for the given instruction set architecture. The generated code object is written to by the provided code object writer, therefore the code object writer must not be destroyed before this function exits.

3.2.1.19 hsa_ext_finalizer_call_convention_t (Deprecated)

Finalizer-determined call convention.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_FINALIZER_CALL_CONVENTION_AUTO = -1
} hsa_ext_finalizer_call_convention_t;
```

Value

HSA_EXT_FINALIZER_CALL_CONVENTION_AUTO Finalizer-determined call convention.

3.2.1.20 hsa ext control directives t (Deprecated)

Control directives specify low-level information about the finalization process.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_control_directives_s {
    uint64_t control_directives_mask;
    uint16_t break_exceptions_mask;
    uint16_t detect_exceptions_mask;
    uint32_t max_dynamic_group_size;
    uint64_t max_flat_grid_size;
    uint32_t max_flat_workgroup_size;
    uint32_t reserved1;
    uint64_t required_grid_size[3];
    hsa_dim3_t required_workgroup_size;
    uint8_t required_dim;
    uint8_t reserved2[75];
} hsa_ext_control_directives_t
```

Data fields

control directives mask

Bit-mask indicating which control directives are enabled. The bit assigned to a control directive is determined by the corresponding value in BrigControlDirective.

If a control directive is disabled, its corresponding field value (if any) must be 0. Control directives that are only present or absent (such as partial workgroups) have no corresponding field as the presence of the bit in this mask is sufficient.

break exceptions mask

Bit-mask of HSAIL exceptions that must have the BREAK policy enabled. The bit assigned to an HSAIL exception is determined by the corresponding value in BrigExceptionsMask. If the kernel contains a enablebreakexceptions control directive, the finalizer uses the union of the two masks.

detect_exceptions_mask

Bit-mask of HSAIL exceptions that must have the DETECT policy enabled. The bit assigned to an HSAIL exception is determined by the corresponding value in BrigExceptionsMask. If the kernel contains a enabledetectexceptions control directive, the finalizer uses the union of the two masks.

max_dynamic_group_size

Maximum size (in bytes) of dynamic group memory that will be allocated by the application for any dispatch of the kernel. If the kernel contains a maxdynamic control directive, the two values must match.

max flat grid size

Maximum number of grid work-items that will be used by the application to launch the kernel. If the kernel contains a maxflatgridsize control directive, the value of <code>max_flat_grid_size</code> must not be greater than the value of the directive, and takes precedence.

The value specified for the maximum absolute grid size must be greater than or equal to the product of the values specified by *required_grid_size*.

If the bit at position BRIG_CONTROL_MAXFLATGRIDSIZE is set in *control_directives_mask*, this field must be greater than 0.

max_flat_workgroup_size

Maximum number of work-group work-items that will be used by the application to launch the kernel. If the kernel contains a maxflatworkgroupsize control directive, the value of <code>max_flat_workgroup_size</code> must not be greater than the value of the directive, and takes precedence.

The value specified for the maximum absolute grid size must be greater than or equal to the product of the values specified by *required_workgroup_size*.

If the bit at position BRIG_CONTROL_MAXFLATWORKGROUPSIZE is set in *control_directives_mask*, this field must be greater than 0.

reserved1

Reserved. Must be 0.

required_grid_size

Grid size that will be used by the application in any dispatch of the kernel. If the kernel contains a requiredgridsize control directive, the dimensions should match.

The specified grid size must be consistent with <code>required_workgroup_size</code> and <code>required_dim</code>. Also, the product of the three dimensions must not exceed <code>max_flat_grid_size</code>. Note that the listed invariants must hold only if all the corresponding control directives are enabled.

If the bit at position BRIG_CONTROL_REQUIREDGRIDSIZE is set in *control_directives_mask*, the three dimension values must be greater than 0.

required_workgroup_size

Work-group size that will be used by the application in any dispatch of the kernel. If the kernel contains a requiredworkgroupsize control directive, the dimensions should match.

The specified work-group size must be consistent with <code>required_grid_size</code> and <code>required_dim</code>. Also, the product of the three dimensions must not exceed <code>max_flat_workgroup_size</code>. Note that the listed invariants must hold only if all the corresponding control directives are enabled.

If the bit at position BRIG_CONTROL_REQUIREDWORKGROUPSIZE is set in *control_directives_mask*, the three dimension values must be greater than 0.

required_dim

Number of dimensions that will be used by the application to launch the kernel. If the kernel contains a requireddim control directive, the two values should match.

The specified dimensions must be consistent with *required_grid_size* and *required_workgroup_size*. This invariant must hold only if all the corresponding control directives are enabled.

If the bit at position BRIG_CONTROL_REQUIREDDIM is set in *control_directives_mask*, this field must be 1, 2, or 3.

reserved2

Reserved. Must be 0.

3.2.1.21 hsa_ext_program_finalize (Deprecated)

Finalize an HSAIL program for a given instruction set architecture.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_program_finalize(
    hsa_ext_program_t program,
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    int32_t call_convention,
    hsa_ext_control_directives_t (Deprecated) control_directives,
    const char *options,
    hsa_code_object_type_t (Deprecated) code_object_type,
    hsa_code_object_t (Deprecated) *code_object);
```

Parameters

program

(in) HSAIL program.

isa

(in) Instruction set architecture to finalize for.

call_convention

(in) A call convention used in a finalization. Must have a value between HSA_EXT_FINALIZER_CALL_CONVENTION_AUTO (inclusive) and the value of the attribute HSA_ISA_INFO_CALL_CONVENTION_COUNT (Deprecated) in *isa* (not inclusive).

control_directives

(in) Low-level control directives that influence the finalization process.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. May be NULL.

code object type

(in) Type of code object to produce.

code_object

(out) Code object generated by the finalizer, which contains the machine code for the kernels and indirect functions in the HSAIL program. The code object is independent of the HSAIL module that was used to generate it.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR DIRECTIVE MISMATCH

The directive in the control directive structure and in the HSAIL kernel mismatch, or if the same directive is used with a different value in one of the functions used by this kernel.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR FINALIZATION FAILED

The finalizer encountered an error while compiling a kernel or an indirect function.

Description

Finalize all of the kernels and indirect functions that belong to the same HSAIL program for a specific instruction set architecture (ISA). The transitive closure of all functions specified by call or scall must be defined. Kernels and indirect functions that are being finalized must be defined. Kernels and indirect functions that are referenced in kernels and indirect functions being finalized may or may not be defined, but must be declared. All the global or readonly segment variables that are referenced in kernels and indirect functions being finalized may or may not be defined, but must be declared.

3.2.1.22 hsa_ext_symbol_split_hsail_linker_name

Split an HSAIL linker name into the symbol name and module name for the given ISA.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_symbol_split_hsail_linker_name(
    const char *linker_name,
    uint32_t linker_name_length
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    char *symbol_name,
    uint32_t *symbol_name_length,
    char *module_name,
    uint32_t *module_name,
```

Parameters

linker_name

(in) Linker name. Must be a NUL-terminated character array.

linker name length

(in) Length of *linker_name* in bytes, not including the NUL-terminator.

isa

(in) Instruction set architecture which the symbol was produced for.

symbol_name

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the symbol name. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the name, the behavior is undefined. If <code>symbol_name</code> is NULL, the symbol name will not be written to the buffer, but the length will still be stored in <code>symbol name length</code>.

symbol_name_length

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the length of the symbol name in bytes. Does not include the NUL-terminator.

module_name

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the module name. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the name, the behavior is undefined. If *module_name* is NULL, the module name will not be written to the buffer, but the length will still be stored in *module_name_length*.

module name length

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the length of the module name in bytes. Does not include the NUL-terminator.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID EXECUTABLE SYMBOL

The executable symbol is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

linker name is NULL, or symbol name length is NULL, or module name length is NULL.

3.2.1.23 hsa_ext_symbol_split_hsail_linker_name

Join a module name and symbol name into an HSAIL linker name for the given ISA.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_symbol_join_hsail_linker_name(
    const char *symbol_name,
    uint32_t symbol_name_length
    const char *module_name,
    uint32_t module_name_length
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    char *linker_name,
    uint32_t *linker_name_length);
```

Parameters

symbol_name

(in) Symbol name.

symbol name length

(in) Length of *symbol_name* in bytes, not including the NUL-terminator.

module_name

(in) Module name.

module_name_length

(in) Length of *module name* in bytes, not including the NUL-terminator.

isa

(in) Instruction set architecture which the symbol was produced for.

linker_name

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the linker name. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the name, the behavior is undefined. If *linker_name* is NULL, the linker name will not be written to the buffer, but the length will still be stored in *linker_name_length*.

linker name length

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the length of the linker name in bytes. Does not include the NUL-terminator.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE_SYMBOL

The executable symbol is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

symbol name is NULL, or linker name length is NULL.

3.2.1.24 hsa_ext_finalizer_1_00_pfn_t

The function pointer table for the finalizer v1.00 extension. Can be returned by **hsa_system_get_extension_table** (**Deprecated**) or **hsa_system_get_major_extension_table**.

```
#define hsa_ext_finalizer_1_00
typedef struct hsa ext finalizer 1 00 pfn s {
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_create)(
       hsa_machine_model_t machine_model,
       hsa profile t profile,
       hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t default_float_rounding_mode,
       const char *options,
       hsa_ext_program_t*program);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_destroy)(
       hsa_ext_program_t program);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_add_module)(
       hsa_ext_program_t program,
       hsa_ext_module_t module);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_iterate_modules)(
       hsa_ext_program_t program,
       hsa_status_t(*callback)
               (hsa_ext_program_t program,
               hsa_ext_module_t module,
               void *data),
       void *data);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_get_info)(
       hsa_ext_program_t program,
       hsa_ext_program_info_t attribute,
```

```
void *value);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_finalize)(
       hsa_ext_program_t program,
        hsa_isa_t isa,
        int32 t call convention,
        hsa_ext_control_directives_t control_directives,
        const char *options,
        hsa_code_object_type_t code_object_type,
        hsa_code_object_t *code_object);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_finalizer_iterate_isa)(
        hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_isa_t isa, void* data),
        void* data);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_isa_from_name)(
        const char *name,
        hsa_isa_t *isa);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_isa_get_info)(
       hsa_isa_t isa,
        hsa isa info tattribute,
        void *value);
   hsa_status_thsa_ext_symbol_split_hsail_linker_name(
        const char *linker_name,
        uint32_t linker_name_length
        hsa_isa_tisa,
        char *symbol_name,
        uint32_t *symbol_name_length,
        char *module_name,
       uint32_t *module_name_length);
   hsa_status_thsa_ext_symbol_join_hsail_linker_name(
       const char *symbol_name,
        uint32_t symbol_name_length
        const char *module name,
        uint32_t module_name_length
        hsa_isa_tisa,
        char *linker_name,
        uint32_t *linker_name_length);
} hsa_ext_finalizer_1_00_pfn_t
```

3.2.1.25 hsa_ext_finalizer_1_pfn_t

The function pointer table for the finalizer v1 extension. Can be returned by **hsa_system_get_extension_ table** (**Deprecated**) or **hsa system get major extension table**.

```
#define hsa_ext_finalizer_1
typedef struct hsa_ext_finalizer_1_pfn_s {
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_create)(
       hsa_machine_model_t machine_model,
        hsa_profile_t profile,
        hsa_default_float_rounding_mode_t default_float_rounding_mode,
        const char *options,
        hsa_ext_program_t *program);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_destroy)(
        hsa_ext_program_t program);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_add_module)(
        hsa_ext_program_t program,
        hsa ext module t module);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_iterate_modules)(
        hsa_ext_program_t program, hsa_status_t(*callback)(
                hsa_ext_program_t program,
                hsa_ext_module_t module,
                void *data),
        void *data);
```

```
hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_get_info)(
        hsa_ext_program_t program,
        hsa_ext_program_info_t attribute,
        void *value);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_finalize)(
        hsa_ext_program_t program,
        hsa_isa_t isa,
        int32_t call_convention,
        hsa_ext_control_directives_t control_directives,
        const char *options,
        hsa_code_object_type_t code_object_type,
        hsa_code_object_t *code_object);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_file)(
        hsa_file_t file,
        hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_code_object_writer_create_from_memory)(
        hsa_status_t(*memory_allocate)(
                size t size.
                size_t align,
                void **ptr,
                void *data),
        hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_code_object_writer_destroy)(
        hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_program_code_object_finalize)(
        hsa_ext_program_t program,
        const char *options,
        hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t code_object_writer);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_agent_code_object_finalize)(
        hsa_ext_program_t program,
        hsa_isa_t isa,
        const char *options,
        hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t code_object_writer);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_symbol_split_hsail_linker_name)(
        const char *linker_name,
        uint32_t linker_name_length,
        hsa_isa_t isa,
        char *symbol_name,
        uint32_t *symbol_name_length,
        char *module_name,
        uint32_t *module_name_length);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_symbol_join_hsail_linker_name)(
        const char *symbol_name,
        uint32_t symbol_name_length,
        const char *module_name,
        uint32_t module_name_length,
        hsa_isa_t isa,
        char *linker_name,
        uint32_t *linker_name_length);
} hsa_ext_finalizer_1_pfn_t
```

3.3 Images and samplers

For detailed information about images and samplers, see the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version* 1.2, Chapter 7 Image Instructions. For detailed information about the HSA memory model for images, see the *HSA Platform System Architecture Specification Version* 1.2, Chapter 3 Memory Consistency Model.

The HSA runtime uses an opaque image handle (hsa_ext_image_t) to represent images. The image handle references the image data in memory and stores information about resource layout and other properties. HSA decouples the storage of the image data and the description of how the agent interprets that data. This allows the application to control the location of the image data storage and manage memory more efficiently.

An image *format* is specified using a channel type and a channel order. The channel type describes how the data is to be interpreted along with the bit size, and the channel order describes the number and the order of memory components. Not all image channel types and channel order combinations are valid on an agent, but an agent that supports the image extension must support a minimum set of image formats.

An implementation-independent image descriptor (hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t) is composed of a geometry, the number of elements in each image dimension for that geometry, the number of image layers if the geometry is an image array, and the image format.

An image is created it can be chosen whether to treat the image data memory as having an opaque image data layout, or whether to specify an explicit image data layout.

An image with an opaque image data layout can only be accessed by image operations using image handles from a single agent, and the image data cannot be meaningfully accessed using regular memory operations as its layout is implementation specific. The implementation can vary the image data layout depending on the agent, attributes of the image descriptor, and access permissions for optimal performance. The only defined way to import or export image data to or from an image with an opaque image data layout is to copy the data to and from a linearly organized data layout in memory by calling <code>hsa_ext_image_import</code> and <code>hsa_ext_image_export</code>. The one exception is that an image with the <code>HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1D</code> will always use the linear image data layout.

In contrast, an image with an explicit image data layout can be accessed by image operations using image handles created for multiple agents if they support the same image data layouts, image formats, and access permissions. Also, if the image data layout has a known layout, it is possible to directly access it using regular memory operations, provided the memory model synchronization requirements are met.

The size and alignment of the memory to allocate for use as image data (hsa_ext_image_data_get_info) can be determined by calling hsa_ext_image_data_get_info for images with an opaque image data and hsa_ext_image_data_get_info_with_layout for with with an explicit image data layout. The image size and format is specified by an image descriptor (hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t). In the case of an image with an explicit image data layout, the image layout is specified by an image data layout (hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t) and image data row and spice pitch.

Regular global memory must be allocated to store the image data. An application can either allocate new memory, or use an existing buffer. Before the image data is used, an agent-specific image memory must be visible to the agents that will access the image.

The function **hsa_ext_image_create** creates an agent specific image handle for an image with an opaque image data layout from an image format descriptor, an application allocated image data buffer that conforms to the requirements provided by **hsa_ext_image_data_get_info**, and access permission.

The function <code>hsa_ext_image_create_with_layout</code> creates an agent specific image handle for an image with an explicit image data layout from an image format descriptor, an application allocated image data buffer that conforms to the requirements provided by <code>hsa_ext_image_data_get_info_with_layout</code>, access permission, image data layout, and image data row and slice pitch.

An image handle can be used by HSAIL instructions rdimage, Idimage, and stimage, and queryimage executed by a kernel executing on the agent specified when the image handle was created.

An application can use **hsa_ext_image_get_capability** for images with an opaque image data layout and **hsa_ext_image_get_capability_with_layout** for images with an explicit image data layout to obtain the image access permission capabilities for a given combination of agent, geometry, image format, and for images with an explicit image data layout, image layout.

The HSA runtime provides interfaces to allow operations on images. Image data transfer to and from memory with a linear layout can be performed using **hsa_ext_image_export** and **hsa_ext_image_import** respectively. A portion of an image could be copied to another image using **hsa_ext_image_copy**. An image can be cleared using **hsa_ext_image_clear**.

It is the application's responsibility to ensure proper memory model synchronization and preparation of images on accesses from other image operations.

An agent specific sampler handle (hsa_ext_sampler_t) is used by the HSAIL language to describe how images are processed by the rdimage HSAIL instruction. The function **hsa_ext_sampler_create** creates a sampler handle from an agent independent sampler descriptor (hsa_ext_sampler_descriptor_t).

The following functions do not cause the runtime to exit the configuration state:

- hsa_ext_image_get_capability
- hsa_ext_image_get_capability_with_layout
- hsa_ext_image_data_get_info
- hsa_ext_image_data_get_info_with_layout

3.3.1 Images and samplers API

3.3.1.1 Additions to hsa_status_t

Enumeration constants added to hsa_status_t by this extension.

Signature

```
enum {
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_FORMAT_UNSUPPORTED = 0x3000,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_SIZE_UNSUPPORTED = 0x3001
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_PITCH_UNSUPPORTED = 0x3002,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLER_DESCRIPTOR_UNSUPPORTED = 0x3003
};
```

Values

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_FORMAT_UNSUPPORTED Image format is not supported.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_SIZE_UNSUPPORTED Image size is not supported.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_PITCH_UNSUPPORTED Image pitch is not supported or invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLER_DESCRIPTOR_UNSUPPORTED Sampler descriptor is not supported or invalid.

3.3.1.2 Additions to hsa_agent_info_t

Enumeration constants added to **hsa_agent_info_t** by this extension.

Signature

```
enum {
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_1D_MAX_ELEMENTS = 0x3000,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_1DA_MAX_ELEMENTS = 0x3001,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_1DB_MAX_ELEMENTS = 0x3002,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_2D_MAX_ELEMENTS = 0x3003,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_2DA_MAX_ELEMENTS = 0x3004,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_2DDEPTH_MAX_ELEMENTS = 0x3005,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_2DADEPTH_MAX_ELEMENTS = 0x3006,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_3D_MAX_ELEMENTS = 0x3007,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_ARRAY_MAX_LAYERS = 0x3008,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_MAX_IMAGE_RD_HANDLES = 0x3009,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_MAX_IMAGE_RORW_HANDLES = 0x300A,
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_MAX_SAMPLER_HANDLERS = 0x300B
    HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_LINEAR_ROW_PITCH_ALIGNMENT = 0x300C
};
```

Values

HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_1D_MAX_ELEMENTS

Maximum number of elements in 1D images. Must be at most 16384. The type of this attribute is size_t.

HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_1DA_MAX_ELEMENTS

Maximum number of elements in 1DA images. Must be at most 16384. The type of this attribute is size_t.

HSA EXT AGENT INFO IMAGE 1DB MAX ELEMENTS

Maximum number of elements in 1DB images. Must be at most 65536. The type of this attribute is size t.

HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_2D_MAX_ELEMENTS

Maximum dimensions (width, height) of 2D images, in image elements. The X and Y maximums must be at most 16384. The type of this attribute is size t[2].

HSA EXT AGENT INFO IMAGE 2DA MAX ELEMENTS

Maximum dimensions (width, height) of 2DA images, in image elements. The X and Y maximums must be at most 16384. The type of this attribute is size_t[2].

HSA EXT AGENT INFO IMAGE 2DDEPTH MAX ELEMENTS

Maximum dimensions (width, height) of 2DDEPTH images, in image elements. The X and Y maximums must be at most 16384. The type of this attribute is size t[2].

HSA EXT AGENT INFO IMAGE 2DADEPTH MAX ELEMENTS

Maximum dimensions (width, height) of 2DADEPTH images, in image elements. The X and Y maximums must be at most 16384. The type of this attribute is size t[2].

HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_IMAGE_3D_MAX_ELEMENTS

Maximum dimensions (width, height, depth) of 3D images, in image elements. The maximum along any dimension cannot exceed 2048. The type of this attribute is size_t[3].

HSA EXT AGENT INFO IMAGE ARRAY MAX LAYERS

Maximum number of image layers in a image array. Must not exceed 2048. The type of this attribute is size_t.

HSA EXT AGENT INFO MAX IMAGE RD HANDLES

Maximum number of read-only image handles that can be created for an agent at any one time. Must be at least 128. The type of this attribute is size_t.

HSA_EXT_AGENT_INFO_MAX_IMAGE_RORW_HANDLES

Maximum number of write-only and read-write image handles (combined) that can be created for an agent at any one time. Must be at least 64. The type of this attribute is size_t.

HSA EXT AGENT INFO MAX SAMPLER HANDLERS

Maximum number of sampler handlers that can be created at any one time. Must be at least 16. The type of this attribute is size_t.

HSA EXT AGENT INFO IMAGE LINEAR ROW PITCH ALIGNMENT

Image pitch alignment. The agent only supports linear image data layouts with a row pitch that is a multiple of this value. Must be a power of 2. The type of this attribute is size_t.

3.3.1.3 hsa_ext_image_t

Image handle, populated by **hsa_ext_image_create** or **hsa_ext_image_create_with_layout**. Image handles are only unique within an agent, not across agents.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_image_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_ext_image_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. For a given agent, two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

3.3.1.4 hsa_ext_image_geometry_t

Geometry associated with the image. This specifies the number of image dimensions and whether the image is an image array. For definitions on each geometry, see the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2*, section *7.1.3 Image geometry*. The enumeration values match the BRIG type hsa_ext_brig_image_geometry_t.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1D = 0,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2D = 1,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_3D = 2,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1DA = 3,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DA = 4,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1DB = 5,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DDEPTH = 6,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DADEPTH = 7
} hsa_ext_image_geometry_t;
```

Values

HSA EXT IMAGE GEOMETRY 1D

One-dimensional image addressed by width coordinate.

HSA EXT IMAGE GEOMETRY 2D

Two-dimensional image addressed by width and height coordinates.

HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_3D

Three-dimensional image addressed by width, height, and depth coordinates.

HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1DA

Array of one-dimensional images with the same size and format. 1D arrays are addressed by width and index coordinates.

HSA EXT IMAGE GEOMETRY 2DA

Array of two-dimensional images with the same size and format. 2D arrays are addressed by width, height, and index coordinates.

HSA EXT IMAGE GEOMETRY 1DB

One-dimensional image addressed by width coordinate. It has specific restrictions compared to HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1D. An image with an opaque image data layout will always use a linear image data layout, and one with an explicit image data layout must specify HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_LINEAR.

HSA EXT IMAGE GEOMETRY 2DDEPTH

Two-dimensional depth image addressed by width and height coordinates.

HSA EXT IMAGE GEOMETRY 2DADEPTH

Array of two-dimensional depth images with the same size and format. 2D arrays are addressed by width, height, and index coordinates.

3.3.1.5 hsa_ext_image_channel_type_t

Channel type associated with the elements of an image. For definitions of each channel type, see the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2*, section *7.1.4.2 Channel type*. The enumeration values and definition match the BRIG type hsa_ext_brig_image_channel_type_t.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_SNORM_INT8 = 0,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_SNORM_INT16 = 1,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNORM_INT8 = 2,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNORM_INT16 = 3,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNORM_INT24 = 4,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNORM_SHORT_555 = 5,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNORM_SHORT_565 = 6,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNORM_SHORT_101010 = 7,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_SIGNED_INT8 = 8,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_SIGNED_INT16 = 9,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_SIGNED_INT32 = 10,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNSIGNED_INT8 = 11,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNSIGNED_INT16 = 12,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNSIGNED_INT32 = 13,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_UNSIGNED_INT32 = 13,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_HALF_FLOAT = 14,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_TYPE_HALF_FLOAT = 15
} hsa_ext_image_channel_type_t;
```

3.3.1.6 hsa_ext_image_channel_type32_t

A fixed-size type used to represent **hsa_ext_image_channel_type_t** constants.

Signature

```
typedef uint32_t hsa_ext_image_channel_type32_t;
```

3.3.1.7 hsa_ext_image_channel_order_t

Channel order associated with the elements of an image. For definitions of each channel order, see the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2*, section *7.1.4.1 Channel order*. The enumeration values match the BRIG type hsa_ext_brig_image_channel_order_t.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_A = 0,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_R = 1,
HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_RX = 2,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_RG = 3,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_RGX = 4,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_RA=5,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_RGB = 6,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_RGBX = 7,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_RGBA = 8,
HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_BGRA = 9,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_ARGB = 10,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_ABGR = 11,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_SRGB = 12,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_SRGBX = 13,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_SRGBA = 14,
HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_SBGRA = 15,
HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_INTENSITY = 16,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_LUMINANCE = 17,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_DEPTH = 18,
   HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_DEPTH_STENCIL = 19
} hsa_ext_image_channel_order_t;
```

3.3.1.8 hsa_ext_image_channel_order32_t

A fixed-size type used to represent **hsa_ext_image_channel_order_t** constants.

Signature

```
typedef uint32_t hsa_ext_image_channel_order32_t;
```

3.3.1.9 hsa_ext_image_format_t

Image format.

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_image_format_s {
    hsa_ext_image_channel_type32_t channel_type;
    hsa_ext_image_channel_order32_t channel_order;
} hsa_ext_image_format_t
```

Data fields

```
channel_type
Channel type.

channel_order
Channel order.
```

3.3.1.10 hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t

Implementation-independent image descriptor.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_image_descriptor_s {
    hsa_ext_image_geometry_t geometry;
    size_t width;
    size_t height;
    size_t depth;
    size_t array_size;
    hsa_ext_image_format_t format;
} hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t
```

Data fields

```
geometry
Image geometry.

width
Width of the image, in components.
```

neight

Height of the image, in components. Only used if the geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2D, HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_3D, HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DA, HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DDEPTH, or HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DADEPTH, otherwise must be 0.

depth

Depth of the image, in components. Only used if the geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_3D, otherwise must be 0.

array size

Number of image layers in the image array. Only used if the geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_ 1DA, HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DA, or HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DADEPTH, otherwise must be 0.

format

Image format.

3.3.1.11 hsa_ext_image_capability_t

Image capability.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_NOT_SUPPORTED = 0x0,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_READ_ONLY = 0x1,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_WRITE_ONLY = 0x2,
```

```
HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_READ_WRITE = 0x4,
HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_READ_MODIFY_WRITE = 0x8,
HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_ACCESS_INVARIANT_DATA_LAYOUT = 0x10
} hsa_ext_image_capability_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_NOT_SUPPORTED

Images of this geometry, format, and layout are not supported by the agent.

HSA EXT IMAGE CAPABILITY READ ONLY

Read-only images of this geometry, format, and layout are supported by the agent.

HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_WRITE_ONLY

Write-only images of this geometry, format, and layout are supported by the agent.

HSA EXT IMAGE CAPABILITY READ WRITE

Read-write images of this geometry, format, and layout are supported by the agent.

HSA EXT IMAGE CAPABILITY READ MODIFY WRITE (Deprecated)

Images of this geometry, format, and layout can be accessed from read-modify-write atomic operations in the agent.

HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_ACCESS_INVARIANT_DATA_LAYOUT

Images of this geometry, format, and layout are guaranteed to have a consistent data layout regardless of how they are accessed by the associated agent.

3.3.1.12 hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t

Image data layout.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_OPAQUE = 0x0,
    HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_LINEAR = 0x1
} hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t
```

Values

HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_OPAQUE

An implementation specific opaque image data layout which can vary depending on the agent, geometry, image format, image size, and access permissions.

HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_LINEAR

The image data layout is specified by the following rules in ascending byte address order. For a 3D image, 2DA or 2DADEPTH image array, or 1DA image array, the image data is stored as a linear sequence of adjacent 2D image slices, 2D images, or 1D images respectively, spaced according to the slice pitch. Each 2D or 2DDEPTH image is stored as a linear sequence of adjacent image rows, spaced according to the row pitch. Each 1D or 1DB image is stored as a single image row. Each image row is stored as a linear sequence of image elements. Each image element is stored as a linear sequence of image components specified by the left to right channel order definition. Each image component is stored using the memory type specified by the channel type.

Each image memory component is stored using the memory type specified by the channel type. The row_pitch of a linear image must be a multiple of the linear image data row pitch alignment for the agents that will access the image data using image instructions. An HSA runtime query can be used to return the linear image data row pitch alignment for a specific agent and must be a power of two. The image data size of a linear image is: slice_pitch * depth for a 3D image; row_pitch * height for a 2D or 2DDEPTH image; slice_pitch * array_size for a 2DA, 2DADEPTH, and 1DA image array; and row_pitch for a 1D and 1DB image.

The 1DB image geometry always uses the linear image data layout.

3.3.1.13 hsa_ext_image_get_capability

Retrieve the supported image capabilities for a given combination of agent, geometry, and image format for an image created with an opaque image data layout.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_get_capability(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_ext_image_geometry_t geometry,
    const hsa_ext_image_format_t*image_format,
    uint32_t*capability_mask);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent to be associated with the image.

geometry

(in) Geometry.

image_format

(in) Pointer to an image format. Must not be NULL.

capability_mask

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores a bit-mask of supported image capability (hsa_ext_image_capability_t) values. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

image_format is NULL, or capability_mask is NULL.

3.3.1.14 hsa_ext_image_get_capability_with_layout

Retrieve the supported image capabilities for a given combination of agent, geometry, and image layout for an image created with an explicit image data layout.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_get_capability_with_layout(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_ext_image_geometry_t geometry,
    const hsa_ext_image_format_t *image_format,
    hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t image_data_layout,
    uint32_t *capability_mask);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent to be associated with the handle.

geometry

(in) Geometry.

image format

(in) Pointer to an image format. Must not be NULL.

image data layout

(in) The image data layout. It is invalid to use HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_OPAQUE. Use **hsa_ext_image_get_capability** instead.

capability_mask

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores a bit-mask of supported image capability (hsa_ext_image_capability_t) values. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

image_format is NULL, or *image_data_layout* is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_OPAQUE, or *capability_mask* is NULL.

3.3.1.15 hsa_ext_image_data_info_t

Agent specific image size and alignment requirements populated by **hsa_ext_image_data_get_info** and **hsa_ext_image_data_get_info_with_layout**.

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_image_data_info_s {
    size_t size;
    size_t alignment;
} hsa_ext_image_data_info_t
```

Data fields

size

Image data size, in bytes.

alignment

Image data alignment, in bytes. Must always be a power of 2.

3.3.1.16 hsa_ext_image_data_get_info

Retrieve the image data requirements for a given combination of agent, image descriptor, and access permission for an image created with an opaque image data layout.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_data_get_info(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t*image_descriptor,
    hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
    hsa_ext_image_data_info_t *image_data_info);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent to be associated with the image.

image_descriptor

(in) Pointer to an image descriptor. Must not be NULL.

access permission

(in) Access permission of the image when accessed by *agent*. The access permission defines how the agent is allowed to access the image and must match the corresponding HSAIL image handle type. *agent* must support the image format specified in *image_descriptor* for the given *access_permission*.

image data info

(out) Memory location where the runtime stores the size and alignment requirements. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_FORMAT_UNSUPPORTED

agent does not support the image format specified by *image_descriptor* with the specified *access_permission*.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR IMAGE SIZE UNSUPPORTED

agent does not support the image dimensions specified by *image_descriptor* with the specified *access_permission*.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

image_descriptor is NULL, *access_permission* is not a valid access permission value, or *image_data_info* is NULL.

Description

The optimal image data size and alignment requirements may vary depending on the image attributes specified in *image_descriptor*. Also, different implementation of the HSA runtime may return different requirements for the same input values.

The implementation must return the same image data requirements for different access permissions with exactly the same image descriptor as long as **hsa_ext_image_get_capability** reports HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_ACCESS_INVARIANT_DATA_LAYOUT. Image descriptors match if they have the same values, with the exception that s-form channel orders match the corresponding non-s-form channel order, and vice versa.

3.3.1.17 hsa_ext_image_data_get_info_with_layout

Retrieve the image data requirements for a given combination of image descriptor, access permission, image data layout, image data row pitch, and image data slice pitch for an image created with an explicit image data layout.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_data_get_info_with_layout(
    const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t*image_descriptor,
    hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
    hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t image_data_layout,
    size_t image_data_row_pitch,
    size_t image_data_slice_pitch,
    hsa_ext_image_data_info_t *image_data_info);
```

Parameters

image_descriptor

(in) Pointer to an image descriptor. Must not be NULL.

access_permission

(in) Access permission of the image when accessed by *agent*. The access permission defines how the agent is allowed to access the image and must match the corresponding HSAIL image handle type. *agent* must support the image format specified in *image_descriptor* for the given *access_permission*.

image_data_layout

(in) The image data layout to use. It is invalid to use HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_OPAQUE Use **hsa_ext_image_data_get_info** instead.

image_data_row_pitch

(in) The size in bytes for a single row of the image in the image data. If 0 is specified then the smallest value satisfying the rules specified in hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t is used as a default value. The value used must be greater than or equal to the default row pitch, and be a multiple of the image element byte size. For the linear image layout it must also be a multiple of the image linear row pitch alignment for the agents that will access the image data using image instructions.

image data slice pitch

(in) The size in bytes of a single slice of a 3D image, or the size in bytes of each image layer in an image array in the image data. If 0 is specified then the smallest value satisfying the rules specified in hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t is used as a default value. The value used must be 0 if the default slice pitch is 0, be greater than or equal to the default slice pitch, and be a multiple of the row pitch.

image data info

(out) Memory location where the runtime stores the size and alignment requirements. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR IMAGE FORMAT UNSUPPORTED

The image format specified by *image_descriptor* is not supported for the *access_permission* and *image_data_layout* specified.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_SIZE_UNSUPPORTED

The image dimensions specified by *image_descriptor* are not supported for the *access_permission* and *image_data_layout* specified.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR IMAGE PITCH UNSUPPORTED

The row and slice pitch specified by *image_data_row_pitch* and *image_data_slice_pitch* are invalid or not supported.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

image_descriptor is NULL, *image_data_layout* is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_OPAQUE, or *image_data_info* is NULL.

Description

The image data size and alignment requirements may vary depending on the image attributes specified in *image_descriptor*, the *access_permission*, and the image layout. However, different implementations of the HSA runtime will return the same requirements for the same input values.

The implementation must return the same image data requirements for different access permissions with matching image descriptors and matching image layouts as long as <code>hsa_ext_image_get_capability</code> reports <code>HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_ACCESS_INVARIANT_DATA_LAYOUT</code>. Image descriptors match if they have the same values, with the exception that s-form channel orders match the corresponding non-s-form channel order and vice versa. Image layouts match if they are the same image data layout and use the same image row and slice pitch values.

3.3.1.18 hsa_ext_image_create

Creates an agent specific image handle to an image with an opaque image data layout.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_create(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t *image_descriptor,
    const void *image_data,
```

```
hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
hsa_ext_image_t*image);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent to be associated with the image handle created.

image_descriptor

(in) Pointer to an image descriptor. Must not be NULL.

image data

(in) Image data buffer that must have been allocated according to the size and alignment requirements dictated by **hsa_ext_image_data_get_info**. Must not be NULL.

access_permission

(in) Access permission of the image by the agent. The access permission defines how the agent is allowed to access the image using the image handle created and must match the corresponding HSAIL image handle type. The agent must support the image format specified in *image_descriptor* for the given access permission.

image

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the newly created image handle. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_IMAGE_FORMAT_UNSUPPORTED

The agent does not have the capability to support the image format contained in the *image_descriptor* using the specified *access_permission*.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR IMAGE SIZE UNSUPPORTED

The agent does not support the image dimensions specified by *image_descriptor* using the specified *access_permission*.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime cannot create the image because it is out of resources (for example, the agent does not support the creation of more image handles with the given access permission).

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

image_descriptor is NULL, *image_data* is NULL, *image_data* does not have a valid alignment, *access_permission* is not a valid access permission value, or *image* is NULL.

Description

Images with an opaque image data layout created with different access permissions but matching image descriptors and same agent can share the same image data if HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_ACCESS_INVARIANT_DATA_LAYOUT is reported by **hsa_ext_image_get_capability** for the image format specified in the image descriptor. Image descriptors match if they have the same values, with the exception that s-form channel orders match the corresponding non-s-form channel order and vice versa.

If necessary, an application can use image operations (import, export, copy, clear) to prepare the image for the intended use regardless of the access permissions.

3.3.1.19 hsa_ext_image_create_with_layout

Creates an agent specific image handle to an image with an explicit image data layout.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_create_with_layout(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t *image_descriptor,
    const void *image_data,
    hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
    hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t image_data_layout,
    size_t image_data_row_pitch,
    size_t image_data_slice_pitch,
    hsa_ext_image_t *image);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent to be associated with the image handle created.

image descriptor

(in) Pointer to an image descriptor. Must not be NULL.

image data

(in) Image data buffer that must have been allocated according to the size and alignment requirements dictated by **hsa_ext_image_data_get_info**. Must not be NULL.

access_permission

(in) Access permission of the image by the agent. The access permission defines how the agent is allowed to access the image using the image handle created and must match the corresponding HSAIL image handle type. The agent must support the image format specified in *image_descriptor* for the given access_permission.

image data_layout

(in) The image data layout to use for the *image_data*. It is invalid to use HSA_EXT_IMAGE_DATA_LAYOUT_ OPAQUE. Use **hsa_ext_image_create** instead.

image_data_row_pitch

(in) The size in bytes for a single row of the image in the image data. If 0 is specified then the default row pitch value is used: image width * image element byte size. The value used must be greater than or equal to the default row pitch, and be a multiple of the image element byte size. For the linear image layout it must also be a multiple of the image linear row pitch alignment for the agents that will access the image data using image instructions.

image data slice pitch

(in) The size in bytes of a single slice of a 3D image, or the size in bytes of each image layer in an image array in the image data. If 0 is specified then the default slice pitch value is used: row pitch * height if geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_3D, HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DA, or HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DADEPTH; row pitch if geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1DA; and 0 otherwise. The value used must be 0 if the default slice pitch is 0, be greater than or equal to the default slice pitch, and be a multiple of the row pitch.

image

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the newly created image handle. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR IMAGE FORMAT UNSUPPORTED

The agent does not have the capability to support the image format contained in the *image_descriptor* using the specified *access_permission* and *image_data_layout*.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR IMAGE SIZE UNSUPPORTED

The agent does not support the image dimensions specified by *image_descriptor* using the specified *access permission* and *image_data_layout*.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR IMAGE PITCH UNSUPPORTED

The agent does not support the row and slice pitch specified by *image_data_row_pitch* and *image_data_ slice_pitch*, or the values are invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime cannot create the image because it is out of resources (for example, the agent does not support the creation of more image handles with the given access permission).

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

image_descriptor is NULL, *image_data* is NULL, *image_data* does not have a valid alignment, *access_permission* is not a valid access permission value, or *image* is NULL.

Description

Images with an explicit image data layout created with different access permissions but matching image descriptors and matching image layout can share the same image data if HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CAPABILITY_ ACCESS_INVARIANT_DATA_LAYOUT is reported by **hsa_ext_image_get_capability_with_layout** for the image format specified in the image descriptor and specified image data layout. Image descriptors match if they have the same values, with the exception that s-form channel orders match the corresponding non-s-form channel order and vice versa. Image layouts match if they are the same image data layout and use the same image row and slice values.

If necessary, an application can use image operations (import, export, copy, clear) to prepare the image for the intended use regardless of the access permissions.

3.3.1.20 hsa_ext_image_destroy

Destroy an image handle previously created using **hsa_ext_image_create** or **hsa_ext_image_create_with_ layout**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_destroy(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_ext_image_t image);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent associated with the image handle.

image

(in) Image handle to destroy.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The agent is invalid.

Description

Destroying the image handle does not free the associated image data or modify its contents. The application should not destroy an image while there are references to it queued for execution or currently being used in a kernel dispatch.

3.3.1.21 hsa_ext_image_copy

Copies a portion of one image (the source) to another image (the destination).

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_copy(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_ext_image_t src_image,
    const hsa_dim3_t*src_offset,
    hsa_ext_image_t dst_image,
    const hsa_dim3_t*dst_offset,
    const hsa_dim3_t*range);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent associated with both the source and destination image handles.

src image

(in) Image handle of source image. The agent associated with the source image handle must be identical to that of the destination image.

src_offset

(in) Pointer to the offset within the source image where to copy the data from. Must not be NULL.

dst_image

(in) Image handle of destination image.

dst_offset

(in) Pointer to the offset within the destination image where to copy the data. Must not be NULL.

range

(in) Dimensions of the image portion to be copied. The HSA runtime computes the size of the image data to be copied using this argument. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

src_offset is NULL, dst_offset is NULL, or range is NULL.

Description

The source and destination image formats should be the same, with two exceptions: s-form channel orders must match the corresponding non-s-form channel order and vice versa, and if one image format channel order is r then the other can be depth and vice versa. For example, it is allowed to copy a source image with a channel type of HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_SRGB to a destination image with a channel type of HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_SRGB to a destination image with a channel type of HSA_EXT_IMAGE_CHANNEL_ORDER_SRGB; see hsa ext_image_channel_order_t.

The source and destination images do not have to be of the same geometry and appropriate scaling is performed by the HSA runtime. It is possible to copy subregions between any combinations of source and destination geometries, provided that the dimensions of the subregions are the same. For example, it is allowed to copy a rectangular region from a 2D image to a slice of a 3D image.

If the source and destination image data overlap, or the combination of offset and range references an outbounds element in any of the images, the behavior is undefined.

3.3.1.22 hsa_ext_image_region_t

Image region.

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_image_region_s {
    hsa_dim3_t offset;
    hsa_dim3_t range;
```

} hsa_ext_image_region_t

Data fields

offset

Offset within an image (in coordinates).

range

Dimensions of the image range (in coordinates). The x, y, and z dimensions correspond to width, height, and depth respectively.

3.3.1.23 hsa_ext_image_import

Import a linearly organized image data from memory directly to an image handle.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_import(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    const void *src_memory,
    size_t src_row_pitch,
    size_t src_slice_pitch,
    hsa_ext_image_t dst_image,
    const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent associated with the image.

src memory

(in) Source memory. Must not be NULL.

src_row_pitch

(in) The size in bytes of a single row of the image in the source memory. If the value is smaller than the destination image region width * image element byte size, then region width * image element byte size is used.

src slice pitch

(in) The size in bytes of a single 2D slice of a 3D image, or the size in bytes of each image layer in an image array in the source memory. If the geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1DA and the value is smaller than the value used for src_row_pitch , then the value used for src_row_pitch is used. If the geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_3D, HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DA, or HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DADEPTH and the value is smaller than the value used for src_row_pitch * destination image region height, then the value used for src_row_pitch * destination image region height is used. Otherwise, the value is not used.

dst_image

(in) Image handle of destination image.

image_region

(in) Pointer to the image region to be updated. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

src_memory is NULL, or image_region is NULL.

Description

This operation updates the image data referenced by the image handle from the source memory. The size of the data imported from memory is implicitly derived from the image region.

It is the application's responsibility to avoid out of bounds memory access.

None of the source memory or destination image data memory can overlap. Overlapping of any of the source and destination image data memory within the import operation produces undefined results.

3.3.1.24 hsa_ext_image_export

Export the image data to linearly organized memory.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_image_export(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_ext_image_t src_image,
    void *dst_memory,
    size_t dst_row_pitch,
    size_t dst_slice_pitch,
    const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent associated with the image handle.

src_image

(in) Image handle of the source image.

dst memory

(in) Destination memory. Must not be NULL.

dst_row_pitch

(in) The size in bytes of a single row of the image in the destination memory. If the value is smaller than the destination image region width * image element byte size, then region width * image element byte size is used.

dst slice pitch

(in) The size in bytes of a single 2D slice of a 3D image, or the size in bytes of each image layer in an image array in the destination memory. If the geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_1DA and the value is smaller than the value used for <code>dst_row_pitch</code>, then the value used for <code>dst_row_pitch</code> is used. If the geometry is HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_3D, HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DA, or HSA_EXT_IMAGE_GEOMETRY_2DADEPTH and the value is smaller than the value used for <code>dst_row_pitch</code> * destination image region height, then the value used for <code>dst_row_pitch</code> * destination image region height is used. Otherwise, the value is not used.

image_region

(in) Pointer to the image region to be exported. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The agent is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

dst_memory is NULL, or image_region is NULL.

Description

The operation updates the destination memory with the image data of *src_image*. The size of the data exported to memory is implicitly derived from the image region.

It is the application's responsibility to avoid out of bounds memory access.

None of the destination memory or image data memory can overlap. Overlapping of any of the source and destination memory within the export operation produces undefined results.

3.3.1.25 hsa_ext_image_clear

Clear an image so that every image element has the specified value.

Signature

```
hsa_status_thsa_ext_image_clear(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_ext_image_t image,
    const void *data,
    const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent associated with the image handle.

image

(in) Image handle for the image to be cleared.

data

(in) The value to which to set each image element being cleared. It is specified as an array of image component values. The number of array elements must match the number of access components for the image channel order. The type of each array element must match the image access type of the image channel type. When the value is used to set the value of an image element, the conversion method corresponding to the image channel type is used. See the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version* 1.2, section 7.1.4.1 Channel order and section 7.1.4.2 Channel type. Must not be NULL.

image_region

(in) Pointer to the image region to clear. Must not be NULL. If the region references an out-out-bounds element, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

data is NULL, or image_region is NULL.

3.3.1.26 hsa_ext_sampler_t

Sampler handle. Samplers are populated by **hsa_ext_sampler_create**. Sampler handles are only unique within an agent, not across agents.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_sampler_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_ext_sampler_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. For a given agent, two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

3.3.1.27 hsa_ext_sampler_addressing_mode_t

Sampler address modes. For definitions on each address mode, see the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2*, section *7.1.6.2 Addressing mode*. The sampler address mode describes the processing of out-of-range image coordinates. The values match the BRIG type hsa_ext_brig_sampler_addressing_t.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_UNDEFINED = 0,
    HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_CLAMP_TO_EDGE = 1,
    HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_CLAMP_TO_BORDER = 2,
    HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_REPEAT = 3,
```

HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_MIRRORED_REPEAT = 4 } hsa_ext_sampler_addressing_mode_t;

Values

HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_UNDEFINED Out-of-range coordinates are not handled.

HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_CLAMP_TO_EDGE Clamp out-of-range coordinates to the image edge.

HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_CLAMP_TO_BORDER Clamp out-of-range coordinates to the image border color.

HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE_REPEAT

Wrap out-of-range coordinates back into the valid coordinate range so the image appears as repeated tiles.

HSA EXT SAMPLER ADDRESSING MODE MIRRORED REPEAT

Mirror out-of-range coordinates back into the valid coordinate range so the image appears as repeated tiles with every other tile a reflection.

3.3.1.28 hsa_ext_sampler_addressing_mode32_t

A fixed-size type used to represent **hsa_ext_sampler_addressing_mode_t** constants.

Signature

typedef uint32_t hsa_ext_sampler_addressing_mode32_t;

3.3.1.29 hsa ext sampler coordinate mode t

Sampler coordinate normalization modes. For definitions on each coordinate normalization mode, see the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2*, section *7.1.6.1 Coordinate normalization mode*. The enumeration values match the BRIG type hsa ext brig sampler coord normalization t.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_COORDINATE_MODE_UNNORMALIZED = 0,
    HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_COORDINATE_MODE_NORMALIZED = 1
} hsa_ext_sampler_coordinate_mode_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_COORDINATE_MODE_UNNORMALIZED Coordinates are used to directly address an image element.

HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_COORDINATE_MODE_NORMALIZED

Coordinates are scaled by the image dimension size before being used to addess an image element.

3.3.1.30 hsa ext sampler coordinate mode32 t

A fixed-size type used to represent **hsa_ext_sampler_coordinate_mode_t** constants.

Signature

typedef uint32_t hsa_ext_sampler_coordinate_mode32_t;

3.3.1.31 hsa_ext_sampler_filter_mode_t

Sampler filter modes. For definitions on each filter mode, see the *HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2*, section *7.1.6.3 Filter mode*. The enumeration values match the BRIG type hsa_ext_brig_sampler_filter_t.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_FILTER_MODE_NEAREST = 0,
    HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_FILTER_MODE_LINEAR = 1
} hsa_ext_sampler_filter_mode_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_SAMPLER_FILTER_MODE_NEAREST

Filter to the image element nearest (in Manhattan distance) to the specified coordinate.

HSA EXT SAMPLER FILTER MODE LINEAR

Filter to the image element calculated by combining the elements in a 2x2 square block or 2x2x2 cube block around the specified coordinate. The elements are combined using linear interpolation.

3.3.1.32 hsa_ext_sampler_filter_mode32_t

A fixed-size type used to represent **hsa_ext_sampler_filter_mode_t** constants.

Signature

```
typedef uint32_t hsa_ext_sampler_filter_mode32_t;
```

3.3.1.33 hsa_ext_sampler_descriptor_t

Implementation-independent sampler descriptor.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_sampler_descriptor_s {
    hsa_ext_sampler_coordinate_mode32_t coordinate_mode;
    hsa_ext_sampler_filter_mode32_t filter_mode;
    hsa_ext_sampler_addressing_mode32_t address_mode;
} hsa_ext_sampler_descriptor_t
```

Data fields

coordinate_mode

Sampler coordinate mode describes the normalization of image coordinates.

filter mode

Sampler filter type describes the type of sampling performed.

address mode

Sampler address mode describes the processing of out-of-range image coordinates.

3.3.1.34 hsa_ext_sampler_create

Create an agent specific sampler handle for a given independent sampler descriptor and agent.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_sampler_create(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    const hsa_ext_sampler_descriptor_t*sampler_descriptor,
    hsa_ext_sampler_t *sampler);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent to be associated with the sampler handle created.

sampler descriptor

(in) Pointer to a sampler descriptor. Must not be NULL.

sampler

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the newly created sampler handle. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLER_DESCRIPTOR_UNSUPPORTED

The *agent* does not have the capability to support the properties specified by *sampler_descriptor* or it is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

sampler_descriptor is NULL, or sampler is NULL.

3.3.1.35 hsa_ext_sampler_destroy

Destroy a sampler handle previously created using **hsa_ext_sampler_create**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_sampler_destroy(
    hsa_agent_t agent,
    hsa_ext_sampler_t sampler);
```

Parameters

agent

(in) Agent associated with the sampler handle.

sampler

(in) Sampler handle to destroy.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_AGENT

The *agent* is invalid.

Description

The sampler handle should not be destroyed while there are references to it queued for execution or currently being used in a kernel dispatch.

3.3.1.36 hsa_ext_images_1_00_pfn_t

The function pointer table for the images v1.00 extension. Can be returned by **hsa_system_get_extension_table** (**Deprecated**) or **hsa_system_get_major_extension_table**.

```
#define hsa ext images 1 00
typedef struct hsa_ext_images_1_00_pfn_s {
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_get_capability)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
       hsa_ext_image_geometry_t geometry,
       const hsa_ext_image_format_t *image_format,
       uint32_t *capability_mask);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_data_get_info)
       (hsa_agent_t agent,
       const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t *image_descriptor,
       hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
       hsa_ext_image_data_info_t *image_data_info);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_create)
       (hsa_agent_t agent,
       const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t *image_descriptor,
       void *image_data,
       hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
       hsa_ext_image_t *image);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_destroy)
       (hsa_agent_t agent,
       hsa_ext_image_t image);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_copy)
       (hsa_agent_t agent,
       hsa_ext_image_t src_image,
       const hsa_dim3_t *src_offset,
       hsa_ext_image_t dst_image,
       const hsa dim3 t*dst offset,
       const hsa_dim3_t *range);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_import)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
       const void *src_memory,
       size_t src_row_pitch,
       size_t src_slice_pitch,
       hsa_ext_image_t dst_image,
       const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
```

```
hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_export)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_image_t src_image,
        void *dst_memory,
        size tdst row pitch,
        size_t dst_slice_pitch,
        const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_clear)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_image_t image,
        const void *data,
        const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_sampler_create)
        (hsa_agent_tagent,
        const hsa_ext_sampler_descriptor_t *sampler_descriptor,
        hsa_ext_sampler_t *sampler);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_sampler_destroy)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_sampler_t sampler);
} hsa_ext_images_1_00_pfn_t
```

3.3.1.37 hsa_ext_images_1_pfn_t

The function pointer table for the images v1 extension. Can be returned by **hsa_system_get_extension_table** (**Deprecated**) or **hsa_system_get_major_extension_table**.

```
#define hsa_ext_images_1
typedef struct hsa_ext_images_1_pfn_s {
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_get_capability)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_image_geometry_t geometry,
        const hsa_ext_image_format_t *image_format,
        uint32_t *capability_mask);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_data_get_info)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t *image_descriptor,
        hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
        hsa_ext_image_data_info_t *image_data_info);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_create)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t *image_descriptor,
        void *image data,
        hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
        hsa_ext_image_t *image);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_destroy)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_image_t image);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_copy)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_image_t src_image,
        const hsa_dim3_t *src_offset,
        hsa_ext_image_t dst_image,
        const hsa_dim3_t *dst_offset,
        const hsa_dim3_t *range);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_import)
       (hsa_agent_t agent,
        const void *src_memory,
        size_t src_row_pitch,
        size_t src_slice_pitch,
        hsa_ext_image_t dst_image,
        const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
```

```
hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_export)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_image_t src_image,
        void *dst_memory,
        size t dst row pitch,
        size_t dst_slice_pitch,
        const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_clear)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_image_t image,
        const void *data,
        const hsa_ext_image_region_t *image_region);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_sampler_create)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        const hsa_ext_sampler_descriptor_t *sampler_descriptor,
        hsa_ext_sampler_t *sampler);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_sampler_destroy)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_sampler_t sampler);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_get_capability_with_layout)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        hsa_ext_image_geometry_t geometry,
        const hsa_ext_image_format_t *image_format,
        hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t image_data_layout,
        uint32_t *capability_mask);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_data_get_info_with_layout)
        (const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t *image_descriptor,
        hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
        hsa_ext_image_data_layout_t image_data_layout,
        size_t image_data_row_pitch,
        size_t image_data_slice_pitch,
        hsa_ext_image_data_info_t *image_data_info);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_image_create_with_layout)
        (hsa_agent_t agent,
        const hsa_ext_image_descriptor_t *image_descriptor,
        void *image_data,
        hsa_access_permission_t access_permission,
        hsa_ext_image_data_layout_timage_data_layout,
        size_t image_data_row_pitch,
        size_t image_data_slice_pitch,
        hsa_ext_image_t *image);
} hsa_ext_images_1_pfn_t
```

3.4 Performance counter

HSA system components may have performance counters associated with them to expose information for profiler consumption. This API allows users to query the performance counters available in the system and to retrieve their associated values.

Performance counters accumulate over a profiling session. A profiling application will first query the system for the available performance counters.

```
hsa_ext_perf_counter_init();
uint32_t n_counters = 0;
hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num(&n_counters);
```

It will then create a session context and enable the desired performance counters.

```
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx;
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_create(&ctx);

// Enable the first float counter we find
```

```
size_t counter_idx = 0;
for (size_ti = 0; i < n_counters; ++i) {
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_type_t counter_type;
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info(i, HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_TYPE, (void*)&counter_type);
    if (counter_type == HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_TYPE_FLOAT) {
        hsa_ext_perf_counter_enable(ctx, i);
        counter_idx = i;
        break;
    }
}</pre>
```

Queries are available for checking if the selected counters can be enabled in the same session.

```
bool valid = false;
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_valid(ctx, &valid);
```

The session should then be enabled in order to commit the necessary hardware, after which it can be started and stopped at the user's request.

```
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable(ctx);
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_start(ctx);
// Do some sleeping, wait for user input, etc.
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop(ctx);

float result;
hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_float(ctx, counter_idx, &result);

// Clean up
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable(ctx);
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_destroy(ctx);
hsa_ext_perf_counter_shut_down();
```

Some performance counters will be available to sample while a session is running, but others will require the session to be stopped first. This attribute, along with the associated component of the counter and other information is available through the **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info** function. Sessions can be executed concurrently if the implementation supports it.

The following functions do not cause the runtime to exit the configuration state:

- hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num
- hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info
- hsa_ext_perf_counter_iterate_associations

3.4.1 Performance counter API

3.4.1.1 Additions to hsa status t

Enumeration constants added to 2.2.1.1 hsa status t (on page 22) by this extension.

```
enum {
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SESSION_STATE = 0x4000,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SAMPLING_CONTEXT = 0x4001,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_STOP_SESSION = 0x4002
};
```

Values

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID SESSION STATE

An operation was attempted on a session which is in an invalid state for that operation, i.e., attempting to enable or disable a counter during a session, or attempting to start a non-enabled session context, or attempting to stop a non-running session, or attempting to enable or disable a session which has already been enabled or disabled.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SAMPLING_CONTEXT

An attempt was made to sample a counter in an invalid context.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_STOP_SESSION

An attempt was made to stop a session at a point in which the counters cannot be stopped by the system.

3.4.1.2 hsa_ext_perf_counter_type_t

Performance counter types.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_TYPE_UINT32 = 0,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_TYPE_UINT64 = 1,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_TYPE_FLOAT = 2,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_TYPE_DOUBLE = 3
} hsa_ext_perf_counter_type_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_TYPE_UINT32

This performance counter's value is an unsigned 32-bit integer.

HSA EXT PERF COUNTER TYPE UINT64

This performance counter's value is an unsigned 64-bit integer.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_TYPE_FLOAT

This performance counter's value is a float.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_TYPE_DOUBLE

This performance counter's value is a double.

3.4.1.3 hsa_ext_perf_counter_assoc_t

System element which a performance counter is associated with.

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_AGENT_NODE = 1,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_MEMORY_NODE = 2,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_CACHE_NODE = 3,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_QUEUE = 4,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_SYSTEM = 5
} hsa_ext_perf_counter_assoc_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_AGENT_NODE This performance counter is associated with an agent.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_MEMORY_NODE

This performance counter is associated with a memory region.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_CACHE_NODE

This performance counter is associated with a cache.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_QUEUE

This performance counter is associated with a gueue.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_ASSOC_SYSTEM

This performance counter is associated with the whole system.

3.4.1.4 hsa_ext_perf_counter_granularity_t

Granularity of a performance counter.

Signature

```
typedefenum {
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_GRANULARITY_SYSTEM = 0,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_GRANULARITY_PROCESS = 1,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_GRANULARITY_DISPATCH = 2
} hsa_ext_perf_counter_granularity_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_GRANULARITY_SYSTEM
This performance counter applies to the whole system.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_GRANULARITY_PROCESS

This performance counter applies to a single process.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_GRANULARITY_DISPATCH
This performance counter applies to a single HSA kernel dispatch.

3.4.1.5 hsa_ext_perf_counter_value_persistence_t

Persistence of a performance counter's value.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_PERSISTENCE_RESETS = 0,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_PERSISTENCE_PERSISTS = 1
} hsa_ext_perf_counter_value_persistence_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_PERSISTENCE_RESETS
This performance counter resets when a session begins.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_PERSISTENCE_PERSISTS

This performance counter does not reset when a session begins.

3.4.1.6 hsa_ext_perf_counter_value_type_t

The type of value which the performance counter exposes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_GENERIC = 0,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_PERCENTAGE = 1,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_WATTS = 2,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_MILLIWATTS = 3,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_BYTES = 4,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_KILOBYTES = 5,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_KBPS = 6,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_CELSIUS = 7,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_FAHRENHEIT = 8,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_MILLISECONDS = 9,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_AGENT_SPECIFIC_LOW = 128,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_AGENT_SPECIFIC_HIGH = 255
} hsa_ext_perf_counter_value_type_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_GENERIC

The value is a generic integer (e.g., a counter or a value explained by the performance counter description).

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_PERCENTAGE The value is a percentage.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_WATTS The value is measured in Watts.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_MILLIWATTS The value is measured in milliwatts.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_BYTES
The value is measured in bytes.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_KILOBYTES
The value is measured in kilobytes.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_KBPS
The value is measured in kilobytes per second.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_CELSIUS The value is measured in Celsius.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_FAHRENHEIT The value is measured in Fahrenheit.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_TYPE_MILLISECONDS
The value is measured in milliseconds.

HSA EXT PERF COUNTER VALUE TYPE AGENT SPECIFIC LOW

Agents can have vendor-defined types for their performance counter values. This marks the lowest value of the range in which they can be defined.

HSA EXT PERF COUNTER VALUE TYPE AGENT SPECIFIC HIGH

Agents can have vendor-defined types for their performance counter values. This marks the highest value of the range in which they can be defined.

3.4.1.7 hsa_ext_perf_counter_info_t

Performance counter attributes.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_NAME_LENGTH = 0,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_NAME = 1,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH = 2,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_DESCRIPTION = 3,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_TYPE = 4,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_SUPPORTS_ASYNC = 5,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_GRANULARITY = 6,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_VALUE_PERSISTENCE = 7,
    HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_VALUE_TYPE = 8
} hsa_ext_perf_counter_info_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_NAME_LENGTH

The length of the counter name in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator. The type of this attribute is uint32 t.

HSA EXT PERF COUNTER INFO NAME

Performance counter name. This name is vendor-specified. Values retrieved from performance counters with the same or similar names are not directly comparable unless specified in external documentation. Names are not necessarily unique in a system. The type of this attribute is a NUL-terminated character array with the length equal to the value of the HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_NAME_LENGTH attribute.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH

The length of the counter description in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator. The type of this attribute is uint32_t.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_DESCRIPTION

Performance counter description. This description is vendor-specified. Values retrieved from performance counters with the same or similar descriptions are not directly comparable unless specified in external documentation. The type of this attribute is a NUL-terminated character array with the length equal to the value of the HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH attribute.

HSA EXT PERF COUNTER INFO TYPE

Performance counter type. The type of this attribute is **hsa ext perf counter type t**.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_SUPPORTS_ASYNC

Indicates whether the performance counter supports sampling while a session is running. The type of this attribute is bool.

HSA EXT PERF COUNTER INFO GRANULARITY

Performance counter granularity. The type of this attribute is had ext perf counter granularity t.

HSA EXT PERF COUNTER INFO VALUE PERSISTENCE

The persistence of value represented by this counter. The type of this attribute is **hsa_ext_perf_counter_value_persistence_t**.

HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_VALUE_TYPE

The type of value represented by this counter. The type of this attribute is **hsa_ext_perf_counter_value_type_t**.

3.4.1.8 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t

An opaque handle to a profiling session context, which is used to represent a set of enabled performance counters.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t
```

Data fields

handle

Opaque handle.

3.4.1.9 hsa_ext_perf_counter_init

Initialize the performance counter system.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_init();
```

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_ALREADY_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has already been initialized and has not been shut down with **hsa_ext_profile_event shut down**.

3.4.1.10 hsa_ext_perf_counter_shut_down

Shut down the performance counter system.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_shut_down();
```

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR EVENTS NOT INITIALIZED

The performance counter system has not been initialized.

3.4.1.11 hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num

Get the number of counters available in the entire system.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num(
    uint32_t *result);
```

Parameter

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the query.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

result is NULL.

3.4.1.12 hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info

Get the current value of an attribute of a profiling counter.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info(
    uint32_t counter_idx,
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_info_t attribute,
    void *value);
```

Parameters

counter idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num** (not inclusive).

attribute

(in) Attribute to query.

value

(out) Pointer to an application-allocated buffer where to store the value of the attribute. If the buffer passed by the application is not large enough to hold the value of the attribute, the behavior is undefined.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

counter_idx is out of bounds.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

attribute is an invalid performance counter attribute, or value is NULL.

3.4.1.13 hsa_ext_perf_counter_iterate_associations

Iterate the constructs associated with the given performance counter, and invoke an application-defined callback on each iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_iterate_associations(
    uint32_t counter_idx,
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(hsa_ext_perf_counter_assoc_t assoc_type, uint64_t assoc_id, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

counter idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num** (not inclusive).

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per construct associated with the performance counter. The HSA runtime passes three arguments to the callback: the associated construct's type, the associated construct's ID, and the application data. The semantics of the ID depends on the construct type. If the type is an agent, memory region, or cache, the ID is an opaque handle to an agent, memory region, or cache, respectively. If the type is a queue, the id is a queue ID. If the type is the whole system, the ID is 0. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to callback on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

counter_idx is out of bounds.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

Description

This is not part of **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info** as counters can be associated with more than one system component.

3.4.1.14 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_create

Create a session context. This should be destroyed with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_create(
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t *ctx);
```

Parameter

ctx

(out) Memory location where the HSA runtime stores the newly created session context handle.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT ctx is NULL.

3.4.1.15 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy

Destroy a session context.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy(
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
```

Parameter

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

3.4.1.16 hsa_ext_perf_counter_enable

Enable sampling for the performance counter at the given index. Calls to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ start** between this call and a corresponding successful **hsa_ext_perf_counter_disable** call will cause this performance counter to be populated.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_enable(
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
    uint32_t counter_idx);
```

Parameters

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

counter idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num** (not inclusive). If the specified counter is already enabled, this function has no effect.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

counter_idx is out of bounds.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SESSION_STATE

Attempt to enable performance counter during a profiling session.

3.4.1.17 hsa_ext_perf_counter_disable

Disable sampling for the performance counter at the given index. Calls to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ start** will no longer populate this performance counter until the corresponding call to **hsa_ext_perf_ counter enable** is successfully executed.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_disable(
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
```

uint32_t counter_idx);

Parameters

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

counter idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num** (not inclusive). If the specified counter is already disabled, this function has no effect.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

counter_idx is out of bounds.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SESSION_STATE

Attempt to disable performance counter during a profiling session.

3.4.1.18 hsa_ext_perf_counter_is_enabled

Check if the performance counter at the given index is currently enabled.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_is_enabled(
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
    uint32_t counter_idx,
    bool*enabled);
```

Parameters

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

counter idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext perf counter get num** (not inclusive).

enabled

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check. The result is true if the performance counter at the given index is currently enabled and false otherwise.

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_INDEX

counter_idx is out of bounds.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

enabled is NULL.

3.4.1.19 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_valid

Check if the set of currently enabled performance counters in a given session context can be sampled in a single profiling session. This call does not enable or disable any performance counters; the client is responsible for discovering a valid set.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_valid(
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
bool*result);
```

Parameters

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check. The result is true if the enabled performance counter set can be sampled in a single profiling session and false otherwise. If there are no profiling counters enabled, the result is true.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

result is NULL.

3.4.1.20 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_set_valid

Check if the given set of session contexts can be enabled and executed concurrently.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_set_valid(
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t *ctxs,
```

size_t n_ctxs, bool *result);

Parameters

ctxs

(in) Pointer to an array of **hsa ext perf counter session ctx t** with *n ctxs* elements.

n ctxs

(in) The number of elements in ctxs.

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check. The result is true if the sessions can be executed concurrently and false otherwise.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

ctxs is NULL or result is NULL.

3.4.1.21 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable

Enable a profiling session. Performance counters enabled through calls to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_enable** without an intervening call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_disable** for the same counter index will be readied for counting and sampling. Performance counters that have the attribute HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_VALUE_PERSISTENCE_RESETS for HSA_EXT_PERF_COUNTER_INFO_VALUE_PERSISTENCE will reset to 0.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable(
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
```

Parameter

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS

The set of enabled performance counters is invalid for reading in a single profiling session, or there is a session currently enabled which cannot be executed concurrently with the given session context.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID SESSION STATE

This session context has already been enabled with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable** without being disabled with a call to **hsa ext_perf_counter_session_enable**.

3.4.1.22 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable

Disable a profiling session. Reading performance counters for that session is no longer valid.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable(
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
```

Parameter

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SESSION_STATE

This session context has not been enabled with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable** or has already been disabled with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable** without being enabled again.

3.4.1.23 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_start

Start a profiling session. Performance counters enabled through calls to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_enable** without an intervening call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_disable** for the same counter index will count until a successful call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop**with the same session context.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_start(
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
```

Parameter

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS

HSA STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS

The set of enabled performance counters is invalid for reading in a single profiling session, or there is a session currently running which cannot be executed concurrently with the given session context.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID SESSION STATE

This session context has not been enabled with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable**or has since been disabled with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable**.

3.4.1.24 hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop

Stop a profiling session, freezing the counters which were enabled. Reading of performance counters which do not support in-session reading is now valid until a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable** with the same session context. If the session is already stopped, this function has no effect. The session can be started again with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_start**; the state of the counters will be carried over from the point at which this function was called.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop(hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_tctx);

Parameter

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SESSION_STATE

The session has already been ended or has not been started.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR CANNOT STOP SESSION

The session cannot be stopped by the system at this time.

3.4.1.25 hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_uint32

Read the value of a given performance counter as a uint32_t. The value type of a performance counter can be queried using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_uint32(
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
    uint32_t counter_idx,
    uint32_t*result);
```

Parameters

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

counter idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num** (not inclusive).

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_INDEX

counter_idx is out of bounds.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

result is NULL or counter_idx refers to a performance counter whose data type is not uint32_t.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID SAMPLING CONTEXT

The given performance counter cannot be sampled at this time. If the counter supports sampling while the session is running, the session must have been enabled with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable</code> and not have been since disabled with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable</code>. If the counter does not support sampling while the session is running, the session must additionally have been stopped with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop</code>.

3.4.1.26 hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_uint64

Read the value of a given performance counter as a uint64_t. The value type of a performance counter can be queried using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info**.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_uint64(
hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
uint32_t counter_idx,
uint64_t *result);
```

Parameters

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

counter idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext perf counter get num** (not inclusive).

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

counter_idx is out of bounds.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

result is NULL or counter_idx refers to a performance counter whose data type is not uint64_t.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID SAMPLING CONTEXT

The given performance counter cannot be sampled at this time. If the counter supports sampling while the session is running, the session must have been enabled with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable</code> and not have been since disabled with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable</code>. If the counter does not support sampling while the session is running, the session must additionally have been stopped with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop</code>.

3.4.1.27 hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_float

Read the value of a given performance counter as a float. The value type of a performance counter can be queried using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_float(
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
    uint32_t counter_idx,
    float *result*);
```

Parameters

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ context_create** or that has been destroyed with **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy** results in undefined behavior.

counter idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num** (not inclusive).

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

counter idx is out of bounds.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

result is NULL or counter_idx refers to a performance counter whose data type is not float.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_SAMPLING_CONTEXT

The given performance counter cannot be sampled at this time. If the counter supports sampling while the session is running, the session must have been enabled with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable</code> and not have been since disabled with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable</code>. If the counter does not support sampling while the session is running, the session must additionally have been stopped with a call to <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop</code>.

3.4.1.28 hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_double

Read the value of a given performance counter as a double. The value type of a performance counter can be queried using **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_double(
    hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
    uint32_t counter_idx,
    double *result);
```

Parameters

ctx

(in) Session context. Using an object that has not been created using <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_create</code> or that has been destroyed with <code>hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy</code> results in undefined behavior.

counter_idx

(in) Performance counter index. Must have a value between 0 (inclusive) and the value returned by **hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num** (not inclusive).

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the check.

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID INDEX

counter_idx is out of bounds.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

result is NULL or *counter_idx* refers to a performance counter whose data type is not double.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID SAMPLING CONTEXT

The given performance counter cannot be sampled at this time. If the counter supports sampling while the session is running, the session must have been enabled with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable** and not have been since disabled with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable**. If the counter does not support sampling while the session is running, the session must additionally have been stopped with a call to **hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop**.

3.4.1.29 hsa_ext_perf_counter_1_pfn_t

The function pointer table for the performance counter v1 extension. Can be returned by **hsa_system_get_extension_table** (Deprecated) or **hsa_system_get_major_extension_table**.

```
#define hsa_ext_perf_counter_1
typedef struct hsa_ext_perf_counter_1_pfn_s {
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_init)();
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_shut_down)();
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_num)
        (uint32_t *result);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_get_info)
        (uint32_t counter_idx,
        hsa_ext_perf_counter_info_t attribute,
        void *value);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_iterate_associations)
        (uint32_t counter_idx,
        hsa_status_t(*callback)
                (hsa_ext_perf_counter_assoc_t assoc_type,
                uint64_t assoc_id,
                void *data),
        void *data);
   hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_create)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t *ctx);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_destroy)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_enable)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
        uint32 t counter idx);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_disable)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
        uint32_t counter_idx);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_is_enabled)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
        uint32_t counter_idx,
        bool *enabled);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_valid)
```

```
(hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
        bool *result);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_context_set_valid)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t *ctxs,
        size tn ctxs.
        bool *result);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_enable)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_disable)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_start)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_stop)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_uint32)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
        uint32_t counter_idx,
        uint32 t*result);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_uint64)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
        uint32_t counter_idx,
        uint64_t *result);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_float)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
        uint32_t counter_idx,
        float *result);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_perf_counter_read_double)
        (hsa_ext_perf_counter_session_ctx_t ctx,
        uint32_t counter_idx,
        double *result);
} hsa_ext_perf_counter_1_pfn_t
```

3.5 Profile events

This API provides the means to consume events with timestamps and optional metadata from various components in the system, as well as produce events from both host code and HSAIL kernels.

The following functions do not cause the runtime to exit the configuration state:

- hsa ext profile event init producer
- hsa_ext_profile_event_init_all_of_producer_type
- hsa_ext_profile_event_init

See HSA Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2, section 13.4.2.1 Profile event pragmas for information on profile event pragmas.

NOTE: APIs starting with hsa_ext_profiling_event are deprecated and have been replaced by corresponding APIs starting with hsa_ext_profile event.

3.5.1 Consuming events

The profile events system must first be initialized for any components which events should be collected for. This must be done while the runtime is in the configuration state.

```
hsa_agent_t agent = /*Agent retrieved through normal runtime API functions*/;

// Init single agent
hsa_ext_profile_event_init_producer(HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_AGENT, agent.handle);

// Init all caches
hsa_ext_profile_event_init_all_of_producer_type(HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_CACHE);

// Finalize initialization
hsa_ext_profile_event_init();
```

Now that all the desired components have been initialized, event filters can be set up. Events are collected from all initialized components by default, but they can be filtered out for individual components and for all components of a given producer type.

```
// Filter out collection for a given agent
hsa_ext_profile_event_disable_for_producer(HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_AGENT, agent.handle);
// Filter out collection for all caches
hsa_ext_profile_event_disable_all_for_producer_type(HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_CACHE);
// Re-enable collection for single agent
hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_for_producer(HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_AGENT, agent.handle);
// Re-enable collection for all caches
hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_all_for_producer_type(HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_CACHE);
```

Once the profile events system has been initialized, events can be retrieved from the runtime. Events are consumed one at a time by getting the first available event, then destroying it when processing has finished.

```
hsa_ext_profile_event_t event;

while (true) {
    hsa_ext_profile_get_head_event(&event);

// Process event here

hsa_ext_profile_event_destroy_head_event(&event);
}
```

3.5.2 Producing events

Alongside HSA system components, events can be generated from HSAIL and host code, e.g., high level language runtimes or libraries. These events are called application events.

To produce application events, the producer and events which it produces must first be registered.

```
uint64_t producer_id;
hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event_producer("Example", "An example producer", &producer_id);

uint64_t event_id = 42; //Event IDs are chosen by the producer
hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_field_desc_t metadata;
metadata.data_name = "Example metadata";
metadata.name_length = 16;
metadata.metadata_type = HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_FLOAT;
hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event(producer_id, event_id,
"example", 7, "An example event", 16, &metadata, 1);
```

This event can then be triggered using the hse_event_trigger_application_event function.

```
struct { float data; } md; md.data = 24.0;
hsa_ext_profile_event_trigger_application_event(producer_id, event_id, (void*)&md);
```

3.5.3 Producer ID

The construct represented by the producer ID used in many API functions depends on the producer type. The mapping is as follows:

```
HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_AGENT -> hsa_agent_t handle

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_MEMORY -> hsa_region_t handle

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_CACHE -> hsa_cache_t handle

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_APPLICATION -> application event producer ID

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_SIGNAL -> hsa_signal_t handle
```

HSA EXT PROFILE EVENT PRODUCER RUNTIME API -> irrelevant

3.5.4 Standard metadata fields

All metadata field names beginning with "hsa." are reserved for standardization.

The following names designate a field with a standard meaning that can be relied on by tools. Producers are not mandated to provide metadata fields with these names, but the value of such a field must correspond to the standard meanings if the field is provided.

hsa.workitemflatabsid

The work-item flattened absolute ID.

hsa.queueid

ID of the user mode queue which the packet was enqueued on.

hsa.packetid

User mode queue packet ID, unique to the user mode queue used for the dispatch.

hsa.started-by

Used to indicate a part of an interval event. Value is the event ID of another event which designates the event at the start of the interval. Should be specified by all events in an interval other than the start event.

hsa.ended-by

Used to create interval events. Value is the event ID of another event which designates the end of this interval. Should only be specified by the start event of an interval.

hsa.parent

Used to create hierarchical events. Value is the event ID of another event which designates the logical parent of this event. If the parent event is an interval, the start event should be used as the parent event.

3.5.5 Generating events from HSAIL

Events can be triggered from within HSAIL kernels. These events must have been pre-registered using the hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event function using the producer ID 0, which is reserved for HSAIL events. In order for these events to be successfully triggered, the "-hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_h" flag must be passed in the options parameter of hsa_ext_program_finalize (Deprecated).

HSAIL events are triggered when the following pragma is executed:

pragma "hsa.tools.profile.event.trigger", eventID [, metadata_value]*;

eventID

The identifier for the event to trigger. This identifier is that which was passed to **hsa_ext_profile_event_ register_application_event**. Must be an unsigned 64-bit integer constant or a d register containing the identifier.

metadata value

The position of the metadata value in the list identifies which field in the event it corresponds to. The value can be an integer constant, float constant, register, string, or HSA metadata placeholder.

HSA metadata placeholders are constructs of the form "hsa.placeholder_name" which will be evaluated to the relevant value when the event is triggered. The supported standard placeholders are:

- **hsa.workitemflatabsid** The work-item flattened absolute ID. Equivalent to using the return value of the workitemflatabsid HSAIL instruction as a value.
- **hsa.queueid** The ID of the user mode queue which the packet was enqueued on.
- **hsa.packetid** User mode queue packet ID, unique to the user mode queue used for the dispatch. Equivalent to using the return value of the packetid HSAIL instruction as a value.

If the value is a string, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the lifetime of the string exceeds that of the event, e.g., string literals are tied to the lifetime of a code object, so the code object must outlive the event in this case.

It is undefined behavior to provide a value whose type is different from that registered for that metadata field.

Example: If the event with ID 0 is registered with an i32 field and an f32 field, the following pragma invokes undefined behavior as the metadata constants are of type u64 and f64 respectively:

```
pragma "hsa.tools.prof.event.trigger", 0, 1, 1.0;
```

Typed constants or sized floating point constants may be used in this case:

```
pragma "hsa.tools.prof.event.trigger", 0, i32(1), 1.0f;
```

3.5.6 Profile events API

3.5.6.1 Additions to hsa_status_t

Enumeration constants added to 2.2.1.1 hsa_status_t (on page 22) by this extension.

Signature

```
enum {
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED = 0x5000,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_ALREADY_INITIALIZED = 0x5001,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_EVENTS = 0x5002,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENT_NOT_REGISTERED = 0x5003,
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_USE_PRODUCERS = 0x5004
};
```

Values

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime was not initialized with the **hsa_ext_profile_event_init** function.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_ALREADY_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has already been initialized through a call to hsa_init or hsa_ext_profile_event_init.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR OUT OF EVENTS

An event was requested from a buffer which has no events remaining.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR EVENT NOT REGISTERED

An HSAIL or application event was triggered which hasn't been registered yet with **hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event**.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR CANNOT USE PRODUCERS

The producer mask was updated or some specific producers were enabled but the requested producers cannot be enabled at this point or do not support profile events.

3.5.6.2 hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t

Possible event producers to collect events from.

Signature

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_NONE = 0,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_AGENT = 1,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_MEMORY = 2,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_CACHE = 4,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_APPLICATION = 8,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_SIGNAL = 16,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_RUNTIME_API = 32,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_ALL = 63
} hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_NONE

Do not collect events from any event producers.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_AGENT Collect events from agent nodes.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_MEMORY Collect events from memory nodes.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_CACHE Collect events from cache nodes.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_APPLICATION Collect events from applications.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_SIGNAL Collect events from signals.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_RUNTIME_API Collect events from the runtime API.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_ALL Collect events from all producers.

3.5.6.3 hsa_ext_profile_event_producer32_t

A fixed-size type used to represent **hsa ext profile event producer t** constants.

Signature

```
typedef uint32_t hsa_ext_profile_event_producer32_t;
```

3.5.6.4 hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_type_t

```
typedef enum {
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_UINT32 = 0,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_UINT64 = 1,
    HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_INT32 = 2,
```

```
HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_INT64 = 3,
HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_FLOAT = 4,
HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_DOUBLE = 5,
HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_STRING = 6
} hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_type_t;
```

Values

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_UINT32 The value is an unsigned 32-bit integer.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_UINT64 The value is an unsigned 64-bit integer.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_INT32
The value is a signed 32-bit integer.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_INT64 The value is a signed 64-bit integer.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_FLOAT
The value is a 32-bit floating point value.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_DOUBLE The value is a 64-bit floating point value.

HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_METADATA_TYPE_STRING The value is a NUL-terminated C-like string.

3.5.6.5 hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_type32_t

A fixed-size type used to represent **hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_type_t** constants.

Signature

```
typedef uint32_t hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_type32_t;
```

3.5.6.6 hsa_ext_profile_event_t

A profile event.

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_profile_event_s {
    hsa_ext_profile_event_producer32_t producer_type;
    uint64_t producer_id;
    uint64_t event_id;
    const char * name;
    size_t name_length;
    const char * description;
    size_t description_length;
    uint64_t timestamp;
    void * metadata;
    size_t metadata_size;
} hsa_ext_profile_event_t;
```

Data fields

producer_type

The type of the producer.

producer id

The identifier for the producer. This should be interpreted in a way dependent on the producer type.

event id

Producer-local event ID.

name

Name of the event. A NUL-terminated string.

name length

Length of the name in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator.

description

Description of the event. A NUL-terminated string.

description_length

Length of the description in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator.

timestamp

HSA system timestamp at which the event was triggered.

metadata

Pointer to the metadata associated with the event. The pointee should have the same structure as if a C struct was defined with the event metadata as member data, defined in the same order in which they were specified to **hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event**.

metadata size

Size of the metadata in bytes.

3.5.6.7 hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_field_desc_t

Description of a metadata field.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_field_desc_s {
    const char * data_name;
    size_t name_length;
    hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_type32_t metadata_type;
} hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_field_desc_t;
```

Data fields

data name

Name of the metadata entry. A NUL-terminated string.

name_length

Length of *data name* in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator.

metadata_type

Type of the metadata.

3.5.6.8 hsa_ext_profile_event_init_producer

Initialize the event producer with the given identifier and type for producing profile events. Must be called prior to **hsa_ext_profile_event_init**. Calling this function while the runtime is not in the configuration state results in undefined behavior.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_init_producer(
    hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type,
    uint64_t producer_id);
```

Parameters

producer_type

(in) Type of the event producer.

producer id

(in) Event producer identifier. For details, see 3.5.3 Producer ID (on page 233).

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID RUNTIME STATE

(Optional) The HSA runtime is not in the configuration state.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_ALREADY_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has already been initialized and has not been shut down with **hsa_ext_profile_event_shut_down**.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR CANNOT USE PRODUCERS

The producer requested cannot be initialized for profile events.

3.5.6.9 hsa_ext_profile_event_init_all_of_producer_type

Initialize all event producers of the given type for producing profile events. Must be called prior to **hsa_ext_ profile_event_init**. Calling this function while the runtime is not in the configuration state results in undefined behavior.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_init_all_of_producer_type(
hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_type);
```

Parameter

producer_type

(in) Type of the event producer.

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_RUNTIME_STATE

(Optional) The HSA runtime is not in the configuration state.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_ALREADY_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has already been initialized and has not been shut down with **hsa_ext_profile_event shut down**.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_USE_PRODUCERS

Some of the producers requested cannot be initialized for profile events.

3.5.6.10 hsa_ext_profile_event_init

Initialize the profile events system. Calling this function while the runtime is not in the configuration state results in undefined behavior.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_init();

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID RUNTIME STATE

(Optional) The HSA runtime is not in the configuration state.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR ALREADY INITIALIZED

The profile events system has already been initialized and has not been shut down with **hsa_ext_profile_event_shut_down**.

3.5.6.11 hsa_ext_profile_event_shut_down

Shut down the profile events system.

Signature

hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_shut_down();

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

3.5.6.12 hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event_producer

Register a new application event producer with a given name and description.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event_producer(
    const char *name,
    const char *description,
    uint64_t *app_producer_id);
```

Parameters

name

(in) A NUL-terminated string containing the name. Cannot be NULL. Does not need to be unique.

description

(in) A NUL-terminated string containing the description. May be NULL.

app_producer_id

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the unique identifier for this event producer.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

name is NULL, or app producer id is NULL.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

3.5.6.13 hsa_ext_profile_event_deregister_application_event_producer

Deregister an application event producer.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_deregister_application_event_producer( uint64_t app_producer_id);
```

Parameters

app_producer_id

(in) Application event producer ID.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

app_producer_id is not currently registered or is ID 0, which is reserved for HSAIL events.

Description

Deregistering an application event producer before all triggered events with that producer been destroyed results in undefined behavior.

3.5.6.14 hsa_ext_profile_event_iterate_application_event_producers

Iterate over the available application event producers, and invoke an application-defined callback on every iteration.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_iterate_application_event_producers(
    hsa_status_t (*callback)(uint64_t app_producer_id, void *data),
    void *data);
```

Parameters

callback

(in) Callback to be invoked once per producer. The HSA runtime passes two arguments to the callback: the producer ID and the application data. If *callback* returns a status other than HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS for a particular iteration, the traversal stops and that status value is returned.

data

(in) Application data that is passed to callback on every iteration. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

callback is NULL.

Description

This can be used to retrieve registered producers to display to profiler users and/or filter events.

3.5.6.15 hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_get_name

Get the name of an event producer from its identifier and type.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_get_name(
    hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_type,
    uint64_t producer_id,
    const char **name);
```

Parameters

```
producer_type
```

(in) Type of the event producer.

producer_id

(in) Event producer identifier. For details, see 3.5.3 Producer ID (on page 233).

name

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the event producer name, which is a NUL-terminated string.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT name is NULL.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR EVENTS NOT INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_USE_PRODUCERS

The specified component does not produce profile events.

Description

If producer_type is HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_APPLICATION and producer_id is 0, name will be set to "HSAIL".

3.5.6.16 hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_get_description

Get the description of an application event producer from its identifier.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_get_description(
    hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_type,
    uint64_t producer_id,
```

const char **description);

Parameters

producer_type

(in) Type of the event producer.

producer_id

(in) Event producer identifier. For details, see 3.5.3 Producer ID (on page 233).

description

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the event producer name, which is a NUL-terminated string.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT

description is NULL.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR EVENTS NOT INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR CANNOT USE PRODUCERS

The specified component does not produce profile events.

Description

If producer_type is HSA_EXT_PROFILE_EVENT_PRODUCER_APPLICATION and producer_id is 0, description will be set to "Produces events from HSAIL kernels."

3.5.6.17 hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_supports_events

Check if a given prospective producer supports profile events.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_supports_events(
    hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_type,
    uint64_t producer_id,
    bool*result);
```

Parameters

```
producer_type
```

(in) Type of the event producer.

producer id

(in) Event producer identifier. For details, see 3.5.3 Producer ID (on page 233).

result

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the result of the query.

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT result is NULL.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

3.5.6.18 hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_for_producer

Enable event collection from the event producer with the given identifier and type.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_for_producer(
    hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_type,
    uint64_t producer_id);
```

Parameters

producer type

(in) Type of the event producer.

producer_id

(in) Event producer identifier. For details, see 3.5.3 Producer ID (on page 233).

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR CANNOT USE PRODUCERS

The producer requested cannot be enabled at this point, or the producer requested does not support profile events.

3.5.6.19 hsa_ext_profile_event_disable_for_producer

Disable event collection from the event producer with the given type and identifier.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_disable_for_producer(
hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_type,
uint64_t producer_id);
```

Parameters

```
producer_type
```

(in) Type of the event producer.

producer id

(in) Event producer identifier. For details, see 3.5.3 Producer ID (on page 233).

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

3.5.6.20 hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_all_for_producer_type

Enable event collection from all registered event producers of a given type.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_all_for_producer_type(
hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_type);
```

Parameter

producer_type

(in) Type of the event producer.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_USE_PRODUCERS

Some of the producers requested cannot be enabled at this point, or the producer requested does not support profile events.

3.5.6.21 hsa_ext_profile_event_disable_all_for_producer_type

Disable event collection from all registered event producers of a given type.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_disable_all_for_producer_type(
hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_type);
```

Parameter

```
producer_type
  (in) Type of the event producer.
```

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

3.5.6.22 hsa_ext_profile_event_set_buffer_size_hint

Provide a hint to the runtime for how many bytes to reserve for buffering events.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_set_buffer_size_hint(
    size_t size_hint);
```

Parameter

size hint

(in) Suggested number of bytes to reserve for events.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

3.5.6.23 hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event

Register a new application profile event.

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event(
    uint64_t app_producer_id,
    uint64_t event_id,
    const char *name,
    size_t name_length,
    const char *description,
    size_t description_length,
    hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_field_desc_t *metadata_field_descriptions,
    size_t n_metadata_fields);
```

Parameters

app_producer_id

(in) Application event producer identifier.

event id

(in) A producer-specific event identifier.

name

(in) A NUL-terminated string containing the name. May be NULL.

name_length

(in) The length of *name* in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator.

description

(in) A NUL-terminated string containing the description. May be NULL.

description_length

(in) The length of *description* in bytes. Does not include the NUL terminator.

metadata_field_descriptions

(in) Pointer to the first element of an array containing descriptions of the metadata fields. May be NULL.

n_metadata_fields

(in) The number of metadata fields.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

3.5.6.24 hsa_ext_profile_event_deregister_application_event

Deregister an application event.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_deregister_application_event(
    uint64_t app_producer_id,
    uint64_t event_id);
```

Parameters

app_producer_id

(in) Application event producer ID.

event_id

(in) Event ID.

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR EVENTS NOT INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR EVENT NOT REGISTERED

The event id has not been registered.

Description

Deregistering an application event before all triggered events with that producer and ID have been destroyed results in undefined behavior.

3.5.6.25 hsa_ext_profile_event_trigger_application_event

Trigger a profile event with an ID and any associated metadata.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_trigger_application_event(
    uint64_t app_producer_id,
    uint64_t event_id,
    void *metadata);
```

Parameters

app_producer_id

(in) Application event producer ID.

event_id

(in) Producer-specific event identifier.

metadata

(in) A pointer to the metadata, which should have the same structure as if a C struct was defined with the event metadata as member data, defined in the same order in which they were specified to **hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event**. May be NULL.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR EVENT NOT REGISTERED

The *event_id* has not been registered.

3.5.6.26 hsa_ext_profile_event_get_head_event

Retrieve the head event.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_get_head_event(
hsa_ext_profile_event_t*event);
```

Parameters

event

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the event.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT *event* is NULL.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_EVENTS

There are no events remaining in this buffer.

3.5.6.27 hsa_ext_profile_event_destroy_head_event

Destroy the head event, making the succeeding event the new head if one exists.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_destroy_head_event(
hsa_ext_profile_event_t*event);
```

Parameters

event

(in) Event retrieved from hsa ext profile event get head event.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT *event* is NULL.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

3.5.6.28 hsa_ext_profile_event_get_metadata_field_descs

Get metadata descriptions for the given producer and event IDs.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_profile_event_get_metadata_field_descs(
    uint64_t producer_id,
    uint64_t event_id,
    hsa_ext_profile_event_metadata_field_desc_t **metadata_descs,
    size_t *n_descs);
```

Parameters

producer id

(in) Event producer identifier. For details, see 3.5.3 Producer ID (on page 233).

event id

(in) Event ID.

metadata descs

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores an array of metadata field descriptions.

n desc

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the number of metadata fields.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENTS_NOT_INITIALIZED

The profile events system has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_EVENT_NOT_REGISTERED

The *event_id* has not been registered.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID ARGUMENT

metadata_descs is NULL, or *n_descs* is NULL.

3.5.6.29 hsa_ext_profile_event_1_pfn_t

The function pointer table for the profile event v1 extension. Can be returned by **hsa_system_get_extension_table** (**Deprecated**) or **hsa_system_get_major_extension_table**.

```
hsa_status_t#define hsa_ext_profile_event_1
typedef struct hsa_ext_profile_event_1_pfn_s {
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_init_producer)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type,
            uint64_t producer_id);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_init_all_of_producer_type)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_init)();
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_shut_down)();
```

```
hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event_producer)
        (const char *name,
        const char *description, uint64_t *app_producer_id);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_deregister_application_event_producer)
        (uint64_t app_producer_id);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_iterate_application_event_producers)
        (hsa_status_t(*callback)
                (uint64_t app_producer_id,
                void *data),
        void *data);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_get_name)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type,
        uint64_t producer_id,
        const char **name);
    hsa_status_t(*hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_get_description)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type,
        uint64_t producer_id,
        const char **description);
    hsa_status_t(*hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_supports_events)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type,
        uint64_t producer_id,
        bool *result);
    hsa_status_t(*hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_for_producer)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type,
        uint64_t producer_id);
    hsa_status_t(*hsa_ext_profile_event_disable_for_producer)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type,
        uint64_t producer_id);
    hsa_status_t(*hsa_ext_profile_event_enable_all_for_producer_type)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_disable_all_for_producer_type)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_producer_t producer_type);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_set_buffer_size_hint)
        (size_t size_hint);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_register_application_event)
        (uint64_t app_producer_id,
        uint64_t event_id,
        const char *name,
        size_t name_length,
        const char *description,
        size_t description_length,
        hsa_ext_event_metadata_field_desc_t *metadata_field_descriptions,
        size_t n_metadata_fields);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_deregister_application_event)
        (uint64_t app_producer_id,
        uint64_t event_id);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_trigger_application_event)
        (uint64_t app_producer_id,
        uint64_t event_id,
        void *metadata);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_get_head_event)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_t *event);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_destroy_head_event)
        (hsa_ext_profile_event_t *event);
    hsa_status_t(* hsa_ext_profile_event_get_metadata_field_descs)
        (uint64_t producer_id,
        uint64 t event id.
        hsa_ext_event_metadata_field_desc_t **metadata_descs,
        size_t *n_descs);
} hsa_ext_profile_event_1_pfn_t
```

3.6 Logging

3.6.1 Additions to hsa_status_t

Enumeration constants added to 2.2.1.1 hsa_status_t (on page 22) by this extension.

Signature

```
enum {
    HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_LOG = 0x6000
};
```

Values

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_LOG The log is not valid.

3.6.2 hsa_ext_log_t

Struct containing an opaque handle to a log.

Signature

```
typedef struct hsa_ext_log_s {
    uint64_t handle;
} hsa_ext_program_t
```

Data field

handle

Opaque handle. Two handles reference the same object of the enclosing type if and only if they are equal.

3.6.3 hsa_ext_log_create

Create a log object.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_log_create(
hsa_ext_log_t*log);
```

Parameter

log

(out) Log object.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT log is NULL.

3.6.4 hsa_ext_log_destroy

Destroy a log object.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_log_destroy(
hsa_ext_log_t log);
```

Parameter

log

(in) Log object.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_LOG

log is invalid.

3.6.5 hsa_ext_log_get

Copies the first *size* bytes of the current log contents to *text*. Updates size with the number of bytes left in *log*.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_log_get(
    hsa_ext_log_t log,
    size_t*size,
    char*text);
```

Parameters

log

(in) Log object.

size

(in+out) Pointer to a memory location that gives the number of bytes of the log to copy. The memory location that is pointed to will be updated with the number of bytes left in *log*.

text

(in) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime copies the requested bytes to. Must not be NULL.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

${\sf HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT}$

size is NULL, or text is NULL.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_LOG

log is invalid.

3.6.6 hsa_ext_log_program_code_object_finalize

Generate program code object from given program and log information about the finalization in the given log. The information output is implementation defined, but should be expected to contain descriptions of finalization errors if any occur.

If the finalizer extension is not supported by the implementation, the entry for this function in the function pointer table returned by hsa_system_get_extension_table (Deprecated) or hsa_system_get_major_extension_table will be NULL.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_log_program_code_object_finalize(
    hsa_ext_program_t program,
    const char *options,
    hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer,
    hsa_ext_log_t log);
```

Parameters

program

(in) Valid program handle to finalize.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. May be NULL.

code_object_writer

(in) Valid code object writer handle.

log

(in) Log.

Return values

HSA_STATUS_SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_WRITER

code_object_writer is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR FINALIZATION FAILED

Failure to finalize *program*.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_LOG

log is invalid.

3.6.7 hsa_ext_log_agent_code_object_finalize

Generate agent code object from given program for given instruction set architecture and log information about the finalization in the given log. The information output is implementation defined, but should be expected to contain descriptions of finalization errors if any occur.

If the finalizer extension is not supported by the implementation, the entry for this function in the function pointer table returned by hsa_system_get_extension_table (Deprecated) or hsa_system_get_major_extension_table will be NULL.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_log_agent_code_object_finalize(
    hsa_ext_program_t program,
    hsa_isa_t isa,
    const char *options,
    hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer,
    hsa_ext_log_t log);
```

Parameters

program

(in) Valid program handle to finalize.

isa

(in) Valid instruction set architecture handle to finalize for.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. May be NULL.

code object writer

(in) Valid code object writer handle.

log

(in) Log.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID PROGRAM

The HSAIL program is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_ISA

The instruction set architecture is invalid.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_DIRECTIVE_MISMATCH

options do not match one or more control directives in one or more BRIG modules in program.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_WRITER code_object_writer is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR OUT OF RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR FINALIZATION FAILED

Failure to finalize *program*.

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID LOG

log is invalid.

3.6.8 hsa_ext_log_load_program_code_object

Load a program code object into the executable and log information about the load in the given log. The information output is implementation defined, but should be expected to contain descriptions of load errors if any occur.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_log_load_program_code_object(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_code_object_reader_t code_object_reader,
    const char *options,
    hsa_loaded_code_object_t *loaded_code_object,
    hsa_ext_log_t log);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

code object reader

(in) A code object reader that holds the program code object to load. If a code object reader is destroyed before all the associated executables are destroyed, the behavior is undefined.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

loaded_code_object

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the loaded code object handle. May be NULL.

log

(in) Log.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR FROZEN EXECUTABLE

The executable is frozen.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_READER

code_object_reader is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INCOMPATIBLE_ARGUMENTS

The program code object is not compatible with the executable or the implementation (for example, the code object uses an extension that is not supported by the implementation).

HSA EXT STATUS ERROR INVALID LOG

log is invalid.

3.6.9 hsa_ext_log_load_agent_code_object

Load an agent code object into the executable and log information about the load in the given log. The information output is implementation defined, but should be expected to contain descriptions of load errors if any occur.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t hsa_ext_log_load_agent_code_object(
    hsa_executable_t executable,
    hsa_agent_tagent,
    hsa_code_object_reader_t code_object_reader,
    const char *options,
    hsa_loaded_code_object_t *loaded_code_object,
    hsa_ext_log_tlog);
```

Parameters

executable

(in) Executable.

agent

(in) Agent to load code object for. A code object can be loaded into an executable at most once for a given agent. The instruction set architecture of the code object must be supported by the agent.

code_object_reader

(in) A code object reader that holds the program code object to load. If a code object reader is destroyed before all the associated executables are destroyed, the behavior is undefined.

options

(in) Standard and vendor-specific options. Unknown options are ignored. A standard option begins with the "-hsa_" prefix. Options beginning with the "-hsa_ext_<extension_name>_" prefix are reserved for extensions. A vendor-specific option begins with the "-<vendor_name>_" prefix. Must be a NUL-terminated string. May be NULL.

loaded code object

(out) Pointer to a memory location where the HSA runtime stores the loaded code object handle. May be NULL.

log

(in) Log.

Return values

HSA STATUS SUCCESS

The function has been executed successfully.

HSA STATUS ERROR NOT INITIALIZED

The HSA runtime has not been initialized.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_OUT_OF_RESOURCES

The HSA runtime failed to allocate the required resources.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_EXECUTABLE

The executable is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR FROZEN EXECUTABLE

The executable is frozen.

HSA STATUS ERROR INVALID AGENT

The agent is invalid.

HSA_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_CODE_OBJECT_READER

code object reader is invalid.

HSA STATUS ERROR INCOMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS

The code object read by *code_object_reader* is not compatible with the agent (for example, the agent does not support the instruction set architecture of the code object), the executable (for example, there is a default floating-point mode mismatch between the two), or the implementation.

HSA_EXT_STATUS_ERROR_INVALID_LOG

log is invalid.

3.6.10 hsa_ext_log_1_pfn_t

The function pointer table for the log v1 extension. Can be returned by **hsa_system_get_extension_table** (**Deprecated**) or **hsa_system_get_major_extension_table**.

Signature

```
hsa_status_t#define hsa_ext_log_1
typedef struct hsa_ext_log_1_pfn_s {
hsa_status_t(*hsa_ext_log_create)
   (hsa_ext_log_t *log);
hsa_status_t (*hsa_ext_log_destroy)
   (hsa_ext_log_tlog);
hsa_status_t (*hsa_ext_log_get)
   (hsa_ext_log_tlog,
   size t*size.
   char *text);
hsa_status_t (*hsa_ext_log_program_code_object_finalize)
   (hsa_ext_program_t program,
   const char *options,
   hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer,
   hsa_ext_log_tlog);
hsa_status_t(*hsa_ext_log_agent_code_object_finalize)
    (hsa_ext_program_t program,
   hsa_isa_tisa,
   const char *options,
   hsa_ext_code_object_writer_t *code_object_writer,
   hsa_ext_log_tlog);
hsa_status_t (*hsa_ext_log_load_program_code_object)
```

```
(hsa_executable_texecutable,
hsa_code_object_reader_tcode_object_reader,
const char *options,
hsa_loaded_code_object_t *loaded_code_object,
hsa_ext_log_tlog);
hsa_status_t(*hsa_ext_log_load_agent_code_object)
  (hsa_executable_texecutable,
hsa_agent_tagent,
hsa_code_object_reader_t code_object_reader,
const char *options,
hsa_loaded_code_object_t *loaded_code_object,
hsa_ext_log_tlog);
} hsa_ext_log_tlog_1_pfn_t
```

APPENDIX A.

Glossary

agent

A hardware or software component that participates in the HSA memory model. An agent can submit AQL packets for execution. An agent may also, but is not required, to be a kernel agent. It is possible for a system to include agents that are neither kernel agents nor host CPUs.

Architected Queuing Language (AQL)

An AQL packet is an HSA-standard packet format. AQL kernel dispatch packets are used to dispatch kernels on the kernel agent and specify the launch dimensions, kernel code handle, kernel arguments, completion detection, and more. Other AQL packets control aspects of a kernel agent such as when to execute AQL packets and making the results of memory operations visible. AQL packets are queued on user mode queues.

AQL packet

User-mode buffer with a specific format (determined by the Architected Queuing Language) that encodes one command.

arg segment

A memory segment used to pass arguments into and out of functions.

BRIG

The HSAIL binary format.

compute unit

A piece of virtual hardware capable of executing the HSAIL instruction set. The work-items of a work-group are executed on the same compute unit. A kernel agent is composed of one or more compute units.

finalizer

A finalizer is part of the optional HSA runtime finalizer extension and translates HSAIL code in the form of BRIG into HSA runtime code objects. When an application uses the HSA runtime it can optionally include the finalizer extension.

global segment

A memory segment in which memory is visible to all units of execution in all agents.

grid

A multidimensional, rectangular structure containing work-groups. A grid is formed when a program launches a kernel.

group segment

A memory segment in which memory is visible to a single work-group.

host CPU

An agent that also supports the native CPU instruction set and runs the host operating system and the HSA runtime. As an agent, the host CPU can dispatch commands to a kernel agent using memory operations to construct and enqueue AQL packets. In some systems, a host CPU can also act as a kernel agent (with appropriate HSAIL finalizer and AQL mechanisms).

HSA application

A program written in the host CPU instruction set. In addition to the host CPU code, it may include zero or more HSAIL programs.

HSA implementation

A combination of one or more host CPU agents able to execute the HSA runtime, one or more kernel agents able to execute HSAIL programs, and zero or more other agents that participate in the HSA memory model.

HSA runtime

A library of services that can be executed by the application on a host CPU that supports the execution of HSAIL programs. This includes: support for user mode queues, signals and memory management; optional support for images and samplers; a finalizer; and a loader. See the HSA Runtime Programmer's Reference Manual Version 1.2.

HSAIL

Heterogeneous System Architecture Intermediate Language. A virtual machine and a language. The instruction set of the HSA virtual machine that preserves virtual machine abstractions and allows for inexpensive translation to machine code.

image handle

An opaque handle to an image that includes information about the properties of the image and access to the image data.

kernarg segment

A memory segment used to pass arguments into a kernel.

kernel

A section of code executed in a data-parallel way by a kernel agent. Kernels are written in HSAIL and are translated by a finalizer to machine code.

kernel agent

An agent that supports the HSAIL instruction set and supports execution of AQL kernel dispatch packets. As an agent, a kernel agent can dispatch commands to any kernel agent (including itself) using memory operations to construct and enqueue AQL packets. A kernel agent is composed of one or more compute units.

packet ID

Each AQL packet has a 64-bit packet ID unique to the user mode queue on which it is enqueued. The packet ID is assigned as a monotonically increasing sequential number of the logical packet slot allocated in the user mode queue. The combination of the packet ID and the queue ID is unique for a process.

packet processor

Packet processors are tightly bound to one or more agents, and provide the functionality to process AQL packets enqueued on user mode queues of those agents. The packet processor function may be performed by the same or by a different agent to the one with which the user mode queue is associated that will execute the kernel dispatch packet or agent dispatch packet function.

private segment

A memory segment in which memory is visible only to a single work-item. Used for read-write memory.

readonly segment

A memory segment for read-only memory.

sampler handle

An opaque handle to a sampler which specifies how coordinates are processed by an rdimage image instruction.

segment

A contiguous addressable block of memory. Segments have size, addressability, access speed, access rights, and level of sharing between work-items. Also called memory segment.

signal handle

An opaque handle to a signal which can be used for notification between threads and work-items belonging to a single process potentially executing on different agents in the HSA system.

spill segment

A memory segment used to load or store register spills.

wavefront

A group of work-items executing on a single program counter.

work-group

A work-group is a partitioning of the grid of work-items formed by a kernel dispatch. It is an instance of execution in a compute unit.

work-item

A single unit of execution of the grid formed by a kernel dispatch.

Appendix A. Glossary		

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