CSY2006 Week 9

Lab Exercises:

1. Convert the following function to one that uses recursion.

```
void sign (int n)
{
   while (n > 0)
   cout << "No Parking\n";
   n--;
}</pre>
```

Demonstrate the function with a driver program.

- 2. Write a function that accepts an integer argument and returns the sum of all the integers from 1 up to the number passed as an argument. For example, if 50 is passed as an argument, the function will return the sum of 1, 2, 3, 4, 50. Use recursion to calculate the sum. Demonstrate the function in a program.
- 3. Write a function that uses recursion to raise a number to a power. The function should accept two arguments: the number to be raised and the exponent. Assume that the exponent is a nonnegative integer. Demonstrate the function in a program.
- 4. Consider the following unsorted set:

```
44 75 23 43 55 12 64 77 33
```

Sort the above set in ascending order manually using Quick Sort Algorithm and illustrate the key steps involved. Indicate the pivot in each step.

5. Consider the following unsorted set:

```
75 56 85 90 49
```

Sort the above set in ascending order manually using Merge Sort Algorithm and illustrate the key steps involved.

6. Write a function that accepts that accepts an array of integers and a number indicating the number of elements as arguments. The function

should recursively calculate the sum of all the numbers in the array. Demonstrate the function in a driver program.

- 7. Write a recursive function that accepts a string as its argument and prints the string in a reverse order.
- 8. Write an iterative version (using loops instead of recursion) of the factorial function discussed in lecture (sample programs Pr19-3). Test it with a driver program.