

DVA_lab-6a_205229118_Mahalakshmi.S

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0.0.1 Lab 6a: Fundamental Pre processing functions in Pandas

0.0.2 1. Import NumPy and Pandas.

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

0.0.3 2. Read data.csv file.

```
[2]: data = pd.read_csv("data.csv")
data
```

```
[2]:
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	\
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	
...	
9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male	39	
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35	
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	36	
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	42	
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female	28	

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	2	0.00	1	1	1	
1	1	83807.86	1	0	1	
2	8	159660.80	3	1	0	
3	1	0.00	2	0	0	
4	2	125510.82	1	1	1	
...	
9995	5	0.00	2	1	0	
9996	10	57369.61	1	1	1	
9997	7	0.00	1	0	1	
9998	3	75075.31	2	1	0	
9999	4	130142.79	1	1	0	

EstimatedSalary Exited

```

0          101348.88      1
1          112542.58      0
2          113931.57      1
3           93826.63      0
4           79084.10      0
...
9995         96270.64      0
9996        101699.77      0
9997         42085.58      1
9998         92888.52      1
9999         38190.78      0

```

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

0.0.4 3. Display the shape of data frame.

```
[3]: data.shape
```

```
[3]: (10000, 14)
```

0.0.5 4. Display all column names.

```
[4]: data.columns
```

```
[4]: Index(['RowNumber', 'CustomerId', 'Surname', 'CreditScore', 'Geography',
          'Gender', 'Age', 'Tenure', 'Balance', 'NumOfProducts', 'HasCrCard',
          'IsActiveMember', 'EstimatedSalary', 'Exited'],
          dtype='object')
```

0.0.6 5. Remove following columns from data set 'RowNumber', 'CustomerId', 'Surname', 'CreditScore' and display shape of data frame.

```
[5]: data.drop(['RowNumber', 'CustomerId', 'Surname', 'CreditScore'],axis=1,
               ↪inplace=True)
```

```
[6]: data
```

```
[6]:
   Geography  Gender  Age  Tenure  Balance  NumOfProducts  HasCrCard  \
0     France  Female  42      2      0.00              1          1
1     Spain  Female  41      1  83807.86              1          0
2     France  Female  42      8 159660.80              3          1
3     France  Female  39      1      0.00              2          0
4     Spain  Female  43      2 125510.82              1          1
...
9995  France   Male   39      5      0.00              2          1
9996  France   Male  35     10  57369.61              1          1
9997  France  Female  36      7      0.00              1          0

```

9998	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	1
9999	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	1

	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	101348.88	1
1	1	112542.58	0
2	0	113931.57	1
3	0	93826.63	0
4	1	79084.10	0
...
9995	0	96270.64	0
9996	1	101699.77	0
9997	1	42085.58	1
9998	0	92888.52	1
9999	0	38190.78	0

[10000 rows x 10 columns]

```
[7]: data.shape
```

```
[7]: (10000, 10)
```

0.0.7 6. Read following columns from csv file 'Gender', 'Age', 'Tenure', 'Balance'.

```
[8]: data_read = pd.read_csv("data.csv", usecols=['Gender', 'Age', 'Tenure', 'Balance'])
```

```
[9]: data_read
```

```
[9]:
```

	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance
0	Female	42	2	0.00
1	Female	41	1	83807.86
2	Female	42	8	159660.80
3	Female	39	1	0.00
4	Female	43	2	125510.82
...
9995	Male	39	5	0.00
9996	Male	35	10	57369.61
9997	Female	36	7	0.00
9998	Male	42	3	75075.31
9999	Female	28	4	130142.79

[10000 rows x 4 columns]

0.0.8 7. Read first 3000 rows from csv file.

```
[10]: data_par = data[:3000]
```

```
[11]: print(data_par)
```

	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	\
0	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	
1	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	
2	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	
3	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	
4	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	
...	
2995	France	Female	29	2	112367.34	1	1	
2996	Spain	Female	45	7	91091.06	2	1	
2997	France	Female	26	7	106198.50	1	0	
2998	France	Male	47	5	142669.93	2	1	
2999	France	Male	33	1	112833.35	1	0	
	IsActiveMember		EstimatedSalary	Exited				
0	1		101348.88	1				
1	1		112542.58	0				
2	0		113931.57	1				
3	0		93826.63	0				
4	1		79084.10	0				
...				
2995	0		185630.76	0				
2996	0		71133.12	0				
2997	1		32020.42	0				
2998	0		162760.96	0				
2999	1		175178.56	0				

[3000 rows x 10 columns]

0.0.9 8. Take 1000 rows as a sample data from data frame.

```
[12]: data_sam = data.sample(n=1000)
data_sam
```

```
[12]:
```

	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	\
1568	France	Male	40	8	114005.78	1	1	
3615	France	Male	46	9	134950.19	3	0	
6343	Spain	Female	55	6	0.00	1	0	
7235	France	Male	35	5	133087.76	1	1	
7433	Germany	Female	37	2	128389.63	1	1	
...	
650	France	Female	49	4	0.00	2	1	
3712	Spain	Female	39	1	141789.15	1	1	

6892	France	Female	56	8	156974.26	1	1
6544	France	Female	45	3	104118.50	1	0
1514	Spain	Male	38	8	71460.67	2	1

	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
1568	1	67998.45	0
3615	0	178587.36	1
6343	0	91943.94	1
7235	0	64771.61	0
7433	1	6589.16	1
...
650	1	196335.48	0
3712	0	92455.96	0
6892	0	89405.26	1
6544	1	174032.00	0
1514	1	10074.05	0

[1000 rows x 10 columns]

0.0.10 9. Take 10% of rows as a sample data from data frame.

```
[13]: data_sam2 = data.sample(frac=0.1)
data_sam2
```

```
[13]: Geography Gender Age Tenure Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard \
662 France Male 31 2 0.00 2 1
1916 Germany Male 48 1 100900.50 1 0
610 France Male 30 10 129755.99 1 0
6743 Germany Female 51 9 138214.50 1 1
272 Germany Female 34 1 149297.19 2 1
...
5156 Spain Male 33 5 127343.40 1 0
1356 France Male 49 4 154344.49 2 1
3943 France Male 46 5 0.00 2 1
6897 France Female 48 6 127253.98 1 1
6773 France Male 43 4 122351.29 1 1
```

	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
662	1	58803.28	0
1916	0	33310.72	1
610	0	172749.65	0
6743	0	198715.27	1
272	1	186339.74	0
...
5156	1	121789.30	0
1356	1	38794.57	0
3943	1	76946.60	0

6897	1	92144.09	1
6773	0	71216.60	0

[1000 rows x 10 columns]

0.0.11 10. Count NA value in all columns.

```
[14]: data.isna().sum()
```

```
[14]: Geography      0
      Gender         0
      Age            0
      Tenure         0
      Balance        0
      NumOfProducts  0
      HasCrCard      0
      IsActiveMember 0
      EstimatedSalary 0
      Exited         0
      dtype: int64
```

0.0.12 11. Create 20 random indices as ‘missing_index’ .

```
[15]: missing_index = np.random.randint(10000, size=20)
```

```
[16]: missing_index
```

```
[16]: array([8406, 2291, 6785, 8820, 1509,  272, 4180, 3895, 3266, 3366,  757,
        9788, 6805,  380, 9319, 7230, 4764, 7719, 8979, 4107])
```

0.0.13 12. Create 20 missing values in the “Balance” and “Geography” columns using ‘missing_index’.

```
[17]: data.loc[missing_index, ['Balance', 'Geography']] = np.nan
```

```
[18]: data.loc[missing_index, ['Balance', 'Geography']]  ##20 missing values in
      ↳ balance and geography columns.
```

```
[18]:      Balance Geography
      8406      NaN      NaN
      2291      NaN      NaN
      6785      NaN      NaN
      8820      NaN      NaN
      1509      NaN      NaN
      272      NaN      NaN
      4180      NaN      NaN
      3895      NaN      NaN
```

3266	NaN	NaN
3366	NaN	NaN
757	NaN	NaN
9788	NaN	NaN
6805	NaN	NaN
380	NaN	NaN
9319	NaN	NaN
7230	NaN	NaN
4764	NaN	NaN
7719	NaN	NaN
8979	NaN	NaN
4107	NaN	NaN

0.0.14 13. Create missing values in the index of the last column using ‘missing_index’.

```
[19]: data.iloc[missing_index, -1] = np.nan
```

```
[20]: data.iloc[missing_index, -1]
```

```
[20]: 8406    NaN
      2291    NaN
      6785    NaN
      8820    NaN
      1509    NaN
      272    NaN
      4180    NaN
      3895    NaN
      3266    NaN
      3366    NaN
      757    NaN
      9788    NaN
      6805    NaN
      380    NaN
      9319    NaN
      7230    NaN
      4764    NaN
      7719    NaN
      8979    NaN
      4107    NaN
      Name: Exited, dtype: float64
```

0.0.15 14. Find the most common value in the ‘geography’ column.

```
[21]: data_geo = data['Geography'].value_counts()
```

```
[22]: data_geo
```

```
[22]: France      5006
      Germany    2503
      Spain      2471
      Name: Geography, dtype: int64
```

0.0.16 15. Find mean of the ‘balance’ column, and replace mean value with its missing values.

```
[23]: mea = data['Balance'].mean()
```

```
[24]: mea
```

```
[24]: 76500.49372444849
```

```
[25]: data['Balance'].fillna(value=mea)
```

```
[25]: 0          0.00
      1      83807.86
      2     159660.80
      3          0.00
      4     125510.82
      ...
      9995         0.00
      9996     57369.61
      9997         0.00
      9998     75075.31
      9999    130142.79
      Name: Balance, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
```

0.0.17 16. Drop missing values in the last colum.

```
[26]: data.Exited.isnull().sum()
```

```
[26]: 20
```

0.0.18 17. Count selecting rows based on following conditions (Geography == ‘France’) & (Exited == 1).

```
[27]: fran = data[(data.Geography == 'France') & (data.Exited == 1)]
      fran
```

```
[27]:
```

	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	\
0	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	
2	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	
35	France	Female	45	0	134264.04	1	1	
41	France	Female	51	8	122522.32	1	0	
43	France	Female	49	2	131394.56	1	0	
...	

9920	France	Female	49	3	204510.94	1	0
9947	France	Male	34	1	83503.11	2	1
9956	France	Female	46	10	85216.61	1	1
9991	France	Female	53	4	88381.21	1	1
9997	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	0

	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	101348.88	1.0
2	0	113931.57	1.0
35	0	27822.99	1.0
41	0	181297.65	1.0
43	0	194365.76	1.0
...
9920	1	738.88	1.0
9947	1	73124.53	1.0
9956	0	117369.52	1.0
9991	0	69384.71	1.0
9997	1	42085.58	1.0

[809 rows x 10 columns]

```
[28]: fran.Geography.value_counts()
```

```
[28]: France      809
      Name: Geography, dtype: int64
```

```
[29]: fran.Exited.value_counts()
```

```
[29]: 1.0      809
      Name: Exited, dtype: int64
```

0.0.19 18. Display what are the rows have 4,6,9, and 10 years in ‘Tenure’ column.

```
[30]: data[data['Tenure'].isin([4,6,9,10])]
```

	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	\
7	Germany	Female	29	4	115046.74	4	1	
8	France	Male	44	4	142051.07	2	0	
10	France	Male	31	6	102016.72	2	0	
12	France	Female	34	10	0.00	2	1	
17	Spain	Female	24	9	0.00	2	1	
...	
9988	France	Male	30	4	0.00	2	1	
9989	Spain	Male	28	4	0.00	2	1	
9991	France	Female	53	4	88381.21	1	1	
9996	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	1	
9999	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	1	

	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
7	0	119346.88	1.0
8	1	74940.50	0.0
10	0	80181.12	0.0
12	0	26260.98	0.0
17	1	14406.41	0.0
...
9988	0	49337.84	0.0
9989	1	179436.60	0.0
9991	0	69384.71	1.0
9996	1	101699.77	0.0
9999	0	38190.78	0.0

[3430 rows x 10 columns]

0.0.20 19. Group the 'Exited' column value according to the column 'Geography' and 'Gender'.

```
[31]: data.groupby(['Exited', 'Geography', 'Gender']).sum()
```

```
[31]:
```

	Exited	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	\
	0.0	France	Female	66675	8912	1.052222e+08	2797	
			Male	89616	12104	1.482193e+08	3672	
		Germany	Female	27688	3644	8.815290e+07	1141	
			Male	35279	4825	1.135910e+08	1478	
		Spain	Female	32550	4359	4.855836e+07	1339	
			Male	45362	6159	7.423509e+07	1839	
	1.0	France	Female	20813	2261	3.107532e+07	694	
			Male	15705	1786	2.649879e+07	501	
		Germany	Female	20083	2274	5.361389e+07	657	
			Male	16461	1801	4.436002e+07	527	
		Spain	Female	10074	1081	1.663146e+07	369	
			Male	8159	842	1.331655e+07	256	

			HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary
Exited	Geography	Gender			
0.0	France	Female	1253	987	1.772353e+08
		Male	1714	1302	2.394005e+08
	Germany	Female	523	391	7.714630e+07
		Male	687	557	9.573961e+07
	Spain	Female	612	485	8.467429e+07
		Male	826	682	1.182979e+08
1.0	France	Female	321	171	4.750332e+07
		Male	248	126	3.611784e+07
	Germany	Female	317	165	4.474824e+07

	Male	260	131	3.535253e+07
Spain	Female	157	77	2.484269e+07
	Male	121	64	1.795632e+07

0.0.21 20. Find group and Aggregate ‘mean’,‘count’ in the ‘Exited’ column value according to the column ‘Geography’ and ‘Gender’.

```
[32]: data[['Geography', 'Gender', 'Exited']].groupby(['Geography', 'Gender']).
      ↪agg(['mean', 'count'])
```

```
[32]:
```

		Exited	
		mean	count
Geography	Gender		
France	Female	0.203457	2256
	Male	0.127273	2750
Germany	Female	0.376471	1190
	Male	0.278751	1313
Spain	Female	0.212511	1087
	Male	0.131503	1384

0.0.22 21. Find number of churned Customers in ‘Exited’ column and mean of ‘Balance’ column according to the group of common ‘Geography’ value. In addition rename index as Exited:‘Number of churned customers’, ‘Balance’:‘Average Balance of Customers’.

```
[33]: chur = data[['Geography', 'Exited', 'Balance']].groupby('Geography')\
      ↪.agg({'Exited': 'sum', 'Balance': 'mean'})
      chur
```

```
[33]:
```

	Exited	Balance
Geography		
France	809.0	62128.569872
Germany	814.0	119743.446336
Spain	413.0	61813.622181

```
[34]: chur.rename(columns={'Exited': 'Number of churned customers', 'Balance': 'Average_
      ↪Balance of Customers'})
      chur
```

```
[34]:
```

	Exited	Balance
Geography		
France	809.0	62128.569872
Germany	814.0	119743.446336
Spain	413.0	61813.622181

0.0.23 22. Set a 'Geography' column as the index.

```
[35]: data.set_index('Geography')
```

```
[35]:
```

	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	\
Geography							
France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	
Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	
France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	
France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	
Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	
...	
France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	1	
France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	1	
France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	0	
Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	1	
France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	1	

	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
Geography			
France	1	101348.88	1.0
Spain	1	112542.58	0.0
France	0	113931.57	1.0
France	0	93826.63	0.0
Spain	1	79084.10	0.0
...
France	0	96270.64	0.0
France	1	101699.77	0.0
France	1	42085.58	1.0
Germany	0	92888.52	1.0
France	0	38190.78	0.0

[10000 rows x 9 columns]

0.0.24 23. Insert a new column with the value of random integer between 0 and 9 with size 6.

```
[36]: new_c = np.random.randint(10, size=10000) # i have got error in size=6 len is 10000 rows.
```

```
[37]: data['Group'] = new_c
data
```

```
[37]:
```

	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	\
0	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	
1	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	
2	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	
3	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	

4	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1
...
9995	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	1
9996	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	1
9997	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	0
9998	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	1
9999	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	1

	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited	Group
0	1	101348.88	1.0	8
1	1	112542.58	0.0	9
2	0	113931.57	1.0	1
3	0	93826.63	0.0	6
4	1	79084.10	0.0	3
...
9995	0	96270.64	0.0	5
9996	1	101699.77	0.0	0
9997	1	42085.58	1.0	7
9998	0	92888.52	1.0	6
9999	0	38190.78	0.0	0

[10000 rows x 11 columns]

0.0.25 24. Change newly added colum position to 0.

```
[38]: data=data.drop(['Group'],axis=1)
```

```
[39]: data.insert(loc=0,column='Group',value=new_c)
data
```

```
[39]:
```

	Group	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	\
0	8	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	
1	9	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	
2	1	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	
3	6	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	
4	3	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	
...
9995	5	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	
9996	0	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	
9997	7	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	
9998	6	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	
9999	0	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	

	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	1	101348.88	1.0
1	0	1	112542.58	0.0
2	1	0	113931.57	1.0

3	0	0	93826.63	0.0
4	1	1	79084.10	0.0
...
9995	1	0	96270.64	0.0
9996	1	1	101699.77	0.0
9997	0	1	42085.58	1.0
9998	1	0	92888.52	1.0
9999	1	0	38190.78	0.0

[10000 rows x 11 columns]

0.0.26 25. Create new dataframe ‘newdf’ from exsisting dataframe. You have to set the balance to 0 for customers who belong to a ‘group’ that is less than 6 in the ‘newdf’.

```
[40]: data['newdf'] = data['Balance'].where(data['Group'] <= 6, 0)
data
```

```
[40]:
```

	Group	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	\
0	8	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	
1	9	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	
2	1	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	
3	6	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	
4	3	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	
...	
9995	5	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	
9996	0	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	
9997	7	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	
9998	6	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	
9999	0	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	

	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited	newdf
0	1	1	101348.88	1.0	0.00
1	0	1	112542.58	0.0	0.00
2	1	0	113931.57	1.0	159660.80
3	0	0	93826.63	0.0	0.00
4	1	1	79084.10	0.0	125510.82
...
9995	1	0	96270.64	0.0	0.00
9996	1	1	101699.77	0.0	57369.61
9997	0	1	42085.58	1.0	0.00
9998	1	0	92888.52	1.0	75075.31
9999	1	0	38190.78	0.0	130142.79

[10000 rows x 12 columns]

0.0.27 26. Ranking the values of ‘Balance’ column. Let’s create a column that ranks the customers according to their balances named as ‘Rank’.

```
[41]: data['Rank'] = data['Balance'].rank(method='first').astype('float')
      data.Rank,data.Balance
```

```
[41]: (0          1.0
      1      4351.0
      2      9392.0
      3          2.0
      4      7296.0
      ...
      9995     3609.0
      9996     3733.0
      9997     3610.0
      9998     4036.0
      9999     7712.0
      Name: Rank, Length: 10000, dtype: float64,
      0          0.00
      1      83807.86
      2     159660.80
      3          0.00
      4     125510.82
      ...
      9995          0.00
      9996     57369.61
      9997          0.00
      9998     75075.31
      9999    130142.79
      Name: Balance, Length: 10000, dtype: float64)
```

0.0.28 27. Find the number of unique values in the colum ‘Geography’.

```
[42]: data.Geography.nunique()
```

```
[42]: 3
```

0.0.29 28. Find the memory usage of Dataframe

```
[43]: data.info(memory_usage='deep')

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Group           10000 non-null  int32
1   Geography       9980 non-null   object
```

```

2   Gender          10000 non-null object
3   Age             10000 non-null int64
4   Tenure          10000 non-null int64
5   Balance         9980 non-null float64
6   NumOfProducts  10000 non-null int64
7   HasCrCard       10000 non-null int64
8   IsActiveMember  10000 non-null int64
9   EstimatedSalary 10000 non-null float64
10  Exited          9980 non-null float64
11  newdf           9983 non-null float64
12  Rank            9980 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(5), int32(1), int64(5), object(2)
memory usage: 2.0 MB

```

0.0.30 29. Categorize 'Geography' column values according to its data type.

```
[44]: geo1=data.groupby(['Geography']).sum()
      geo1
```

```
[44]:
```

	Group	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	\
Geography							
France	22687	192809	25063	3.110156e+08	7664	3536	
Germany	11395	99511	12544	2.997178e+08	3803	1787	
Spain	11378	96145	12441	1.527415e+08	3803	1716	

	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited	newdf	Rank
Geography					
France	2586	5.002570e+08	809.0	2.171376e+08	22015445.0
Germany	1244	2.529867e+08	814.0	2.069454e+08	17008583.0
Spain	1308	2.457712e+08	413.0	1.042581e+08	10781162.0

0.0.31 30. Replace values in a dataframe, The value as 'v1' have to replace where dataframe 'Group' column has value as '0'.

```
[45]: data['Group'].replace(0, 'v1')
```

```
[45]: 0      8
      1      9
      2      1
      3      6
      4      3
      ..
      9995    5
      9996   v1
      9997    7
      9998    6
      9999   v1
```


Name: Group, Length: 10000, dtype: object

0.0.32 31. Adjust number of decimal places in newdf as 3.

```
[46]: data['newdf'] = data['newdf'].map("{:,.3f}".format)
data
```

```
[46]:
```

	Group	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	\
0	8	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	
1	9	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	
2	1	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	
3	6	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	
4	3	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	
...
9995	5	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	
9996	0	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	
9997	7	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	
9998	6	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	
9999	0	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	

	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited	newdf	Rank
0	1	1	101348.88	1.0	0.000	1.0
1	0	1	112542.58	0.0	0.000	4351.0
2	1	0	113931.57	1.0	159,660.800	9392.0
3	0	0	93826.63	0.0	0.000	2.0
4	1	1	79084.10	0.0	125,510.820	7296.0
...
9995	1	0	96270.64	0.0	0.000	3609.0
9996	1	1	101699.77	0.0	57,369.610	3733.0
9997	0	1	42085.58	1.0	0.000	3610.0
9998	1	0	92888.52	1.0	75,075.310	4036.0
9999	1	0	38190.78	0.0	130,142.790	7712.0

[10000 rows x 13 columns]

0.0.33 32. Filter the rows in which the customer name starts with 'J'.

```
[47]: data_j=pd.read_csv('data.csv')
data_j[(data_j.Surname.str.startswith('J'))]
```

```
[47]:
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	\
62	63	15702014	Jeffrey	555	Spain	Male	33	
64	65	15592461	Jackson	603	Germany	Male	26	
198	199	15656176	Jenkins	501	France	Male	57	
201	202	15622911	Jude	759	France	Male	42	
238	239	15794056	Johnston	668	France	Female	46	
...

9674	9675	15578098	Jamieson	600	France	Male	31
9723	9724	15612832	Jamieson	526	France	Male	32
9842	9843	15746704	Jibunoh	638	Spain	Male	30
9946	9947	15618171	James	669	France	Female	33
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
62	1	56084.69	2	0		0
64	4	109166.37	1	1		1
198	10	0.00	2	1		1
201	4	105420.18	1	0		1
238	2	0.00	3	1		0
...
9674	8	0.00	2	1		1
9723	7	125540.05	1	0		0
9842	9	136808.53	2	1		1
9946	9	0.00	2	0		1
9996	10	57369.61	1	1		1

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
62	178798.13	0
64	92840.67	0
198	47847.19	0
201	121409.06	0
238	89048.46	1
...
9674	121555.51	0
9723	86786.41	0
9842	106642.97	0
9946	107221.03	0
9996	101699.77	0

[163 rows x 14 columns]

0.0.34 33. Highlight the minimum values of each column using style property.

[]:

[]: