

AWS based solar panel monitoring

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Index

1. Introduction
2. Plan
 - a. Aws setup
 - b. Board code with esp8266
 - c. Web based client code
3. Future scope
4. References

Introduction

This is a own project to develop own server data base to perform task like ThinkSpeak and Blynk, where by this we can add more feature to our project and control the data as we required and the main important point is secure where third party website will share the data but in our project we can make secure everything in our AWS server

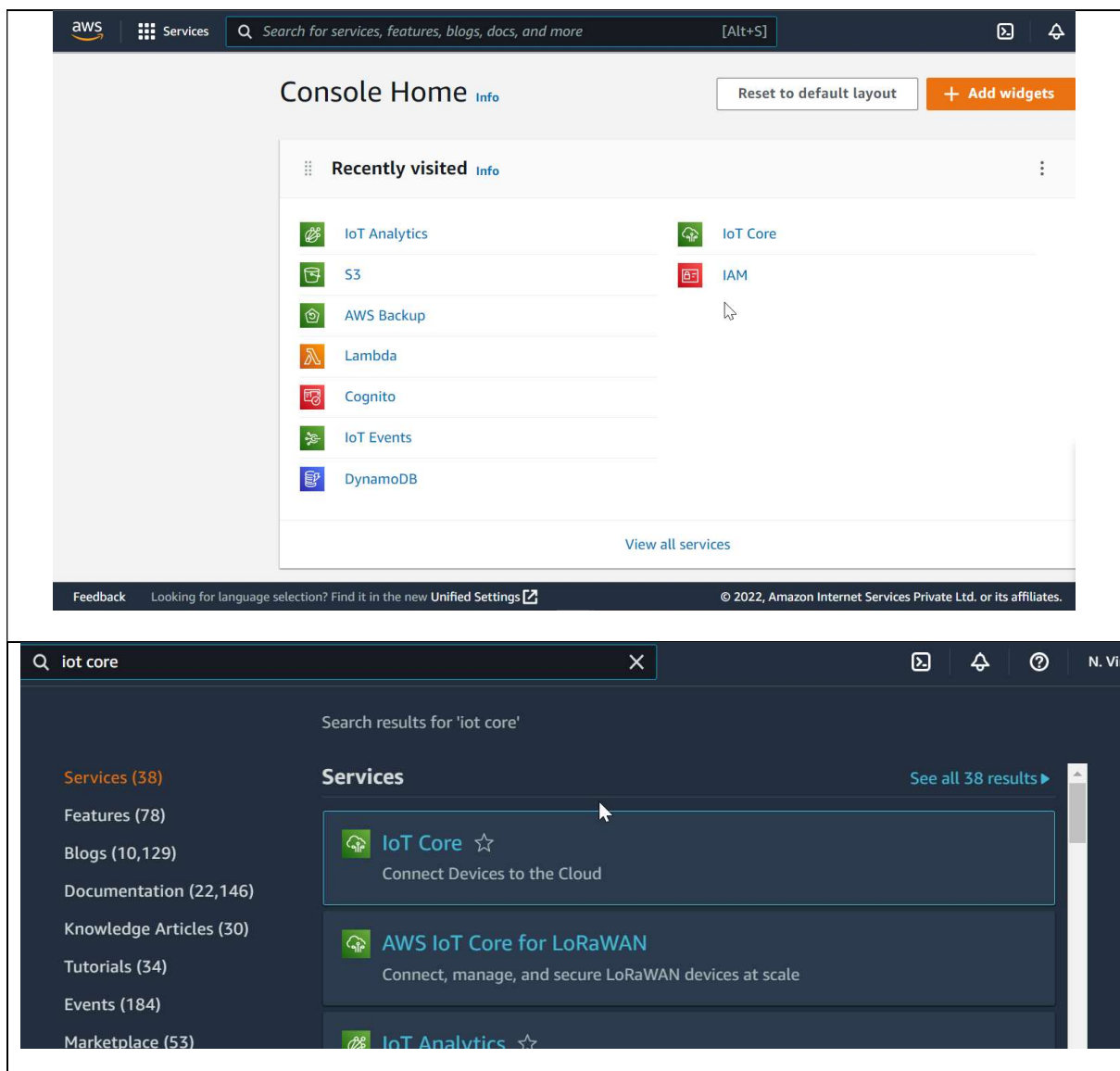
Plan

Here we setup process will be shown so that we can build our project faster

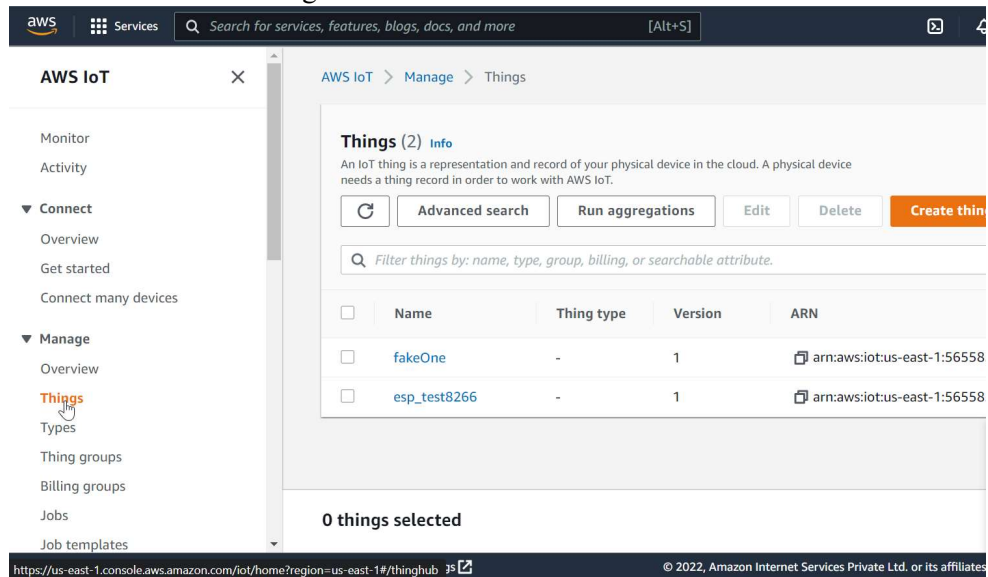
Aws setup

How to configure the AWS IOT things with the Arduino board :

1. First create a account of AWS which requires atm card , don't panic it wont take much money if your new then It will provide 1 year free trail at 2 rupees cost
2. Now open aws.amazon.com/console
3. Login with your user's name and password
4. Now on the search bar search about IOT core on search box

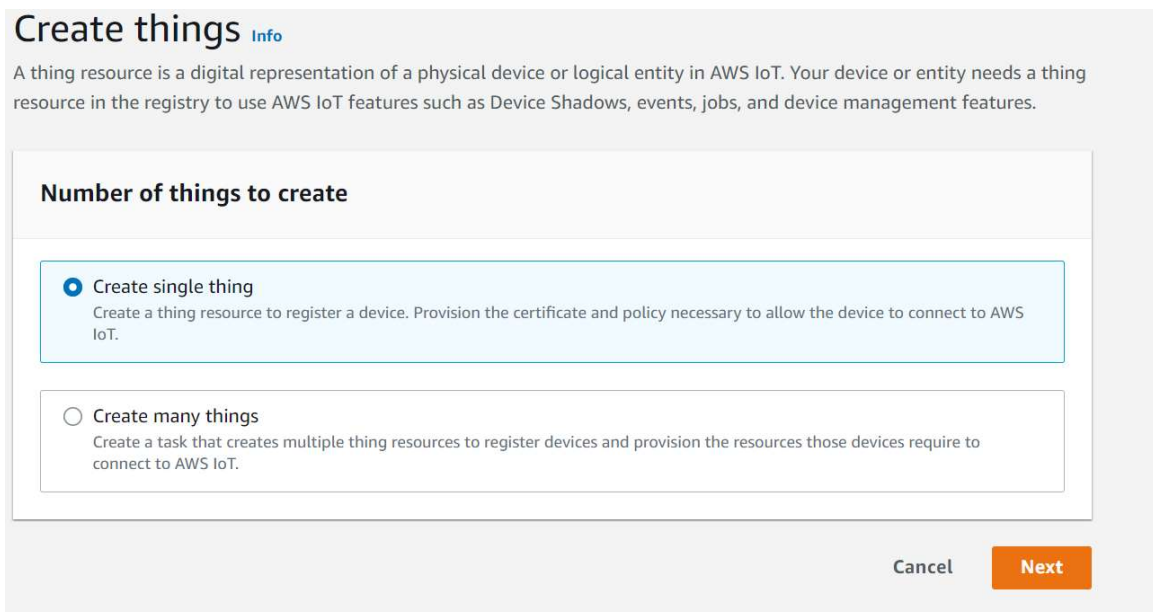


Go there and search about things



5. Now click on create things

- Enter the single thing



- And chose the configuration
- Now we need certificates to get the connection between AWS so we use mqtt protocol , so we need certificates to get connection to communicate via internet (https) => select autogenerated certificate

Step 1

Specify thing properties

Step 2 - optional

Configure device certificate

Step 3 - optional

Attach policies to certificate

Specify thing properties [Info](#)

A thing resource is a digital representation of a physical device or logical entity in AWS IoT. Your device or entity needs a thing resource in the registry to use AWS IoT features such as Device Shadows, events, jobs, and device management features.

Thing properties [Info](#)

Thing name

Enter a unique name containing only: letters, numbers, hyphens, colons, or underscores. A thing name can't contain any spaces.

Additional configurations

You can use these configurations to add detail that can help you to organize, manage, and search your things.

- ▶ Thing type - optional
- ▶ Searchable thing attributes - optional
- ▶ Thing groups - optional
- ▶ Billing group - optional

Device Shadow [Info](#)

Device Shadows allow connected devices to sync states with AWS. You can also get, update, or delete the state information of this thing's shadow using either HTTPs or MQTT topics.

- ☒ No shadow
- ☐ Named shadow
Create multiple shadows with different names to manage access to properties, and logically group your devices properties.
- ☐ Unnamed shadow (classic)
A thing can have only one unnamed shadow.

Cancel

Next

Step 1

Specify thing properties

Step 2 - optional

Configure device certificate

Step 3 - optional

Attach policies to certificate

Configure device certificate - optional [Info](#)

A device requires a certificate to connect to AWS IoT. You can choose how you to register a certificate for your device now, or you can create and register a certificate for your device later. Your device won't be able to connect to AWS IoT until it has an active certificate with an appropriate policy.

Device certificate

- ☒ Auto-generate a new certificate (recommended)
Generate a certificate, public key, and private key using AWS IoT's certificate authority.

- ☐ Use my certificate
Use a certificate signed by your own certificate authority.

- ☐ Upload CSR
Register your CA and use your own certificates on one or many devices.

- ☐ Skip creating a certificate at this time
You can create a certificate for this thing and attach a policy to the certificate at a later time.

Cancel

Previous

Next

- now you need policy (which is like rules in which path want to receive data or not)
- where the topics line will be
 - i. topicname/pub : publish data
 - ii. topicname/sub : subscriber which receive the data as assign that rules to certain path
 - iii. etc like that you can refer the other polices

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/latest/developerguide/iot-policies.html>

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/latest/developerguide/pub-sub-policy.html>



you can the traffic on mqtt test client by adding topics

AWS IoT > Manage > Things > Create things > Create single thing

Step 1
Specify thing properties

Step 2 - optional
Configure device certificate

Step 3 - optional
Attach policies to certificate

Attach policies to certificate - *optional* Info

AWS IoT policies grant or deny access to AWS IoT resources. Attaching policies to the device certificate applies this access to the device.

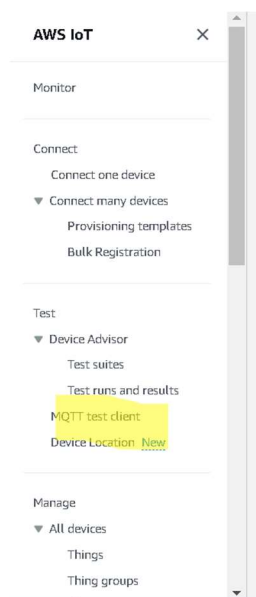
Policies (2)

Select up to 10 policies to attach to this certificate.

< 1 >

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	iotGodfather
<input type="checkbox"/>	esp_policy

Cancel Previous **Create thing**



- Assign name and add policy actions as shown below

Active version: 11 Info		
Policy effect	Policy action	Policy resource
Allow	iot:Connect	*
Allow	iot:Connect	arn:aws:iot:us-east-1:565585161358:client/esp_test8266
Allow	iot:Publish	*
Allow	iot:Publish	arn:aws:iot:us-east-1:565585161358:topic/esp8266/pub
Allow	iot:Publish	arn:aws:iot:us-east-1:565585161358:topic/\$aws/things/esp_test8266/shadow/update
Allow	iot:Publish	arn:aws:iot:us-east-1:565585161358:topic/\$aws/things/esp_test8266/shadow/get
Allow	iot:Receive	*
Allow	iot:Subscribe	*
Allow	iot:Subscribe	arn:aws:iot:us-east-1:565585161358:topicfilter/esp8266/sub
Allow	iot:Subscribe	arn:aws:iot:us-east-1:565585161358:topicfilter/\$aws/things/esp_test8266/shadow/update/delta
Allow	iot:Subscribe	arn:aws:iot:us-east-1:565585161358:topicfilter/\$aws/things/esp_test8266/shadow/get/accepted

- Note here the name esp_test8266 must be replaced with thing name which is created on previously which the name is documentThing

AWS IoT > Manage > Things > Create things > Create single thing

Step 1
Specify thing properties

Step 2 - optional
Configure device certificate

Step 3 - optional
Attach policies to certificate

Attach policies to certificate - optional [Info](#)

AWS IoT policies grant or deny access to AWS IoT resources. Attaching policies to the device certificate applies this access to the device.

Policies (1/2) [Refresh](#) [Create policy](#)

Select up to 10 policies to attach to this certificate.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	iotGodfather
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	esp_policy

[Cancel](#) [Previous](#) [Create thing](#)

After creating the policy now select the policy and just press create thing

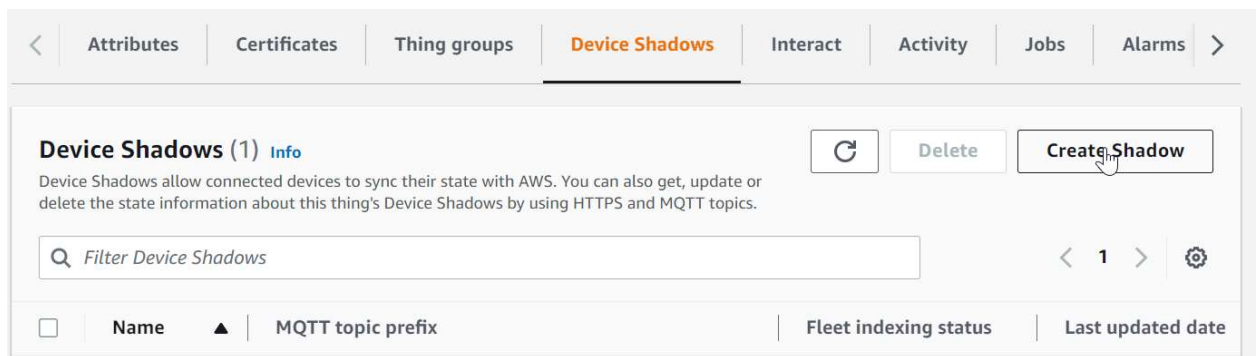
- Now download the certificates which are 1. Certificate 2. Public & private certificate 3. Rootca certificate

Save it all on the separate folder

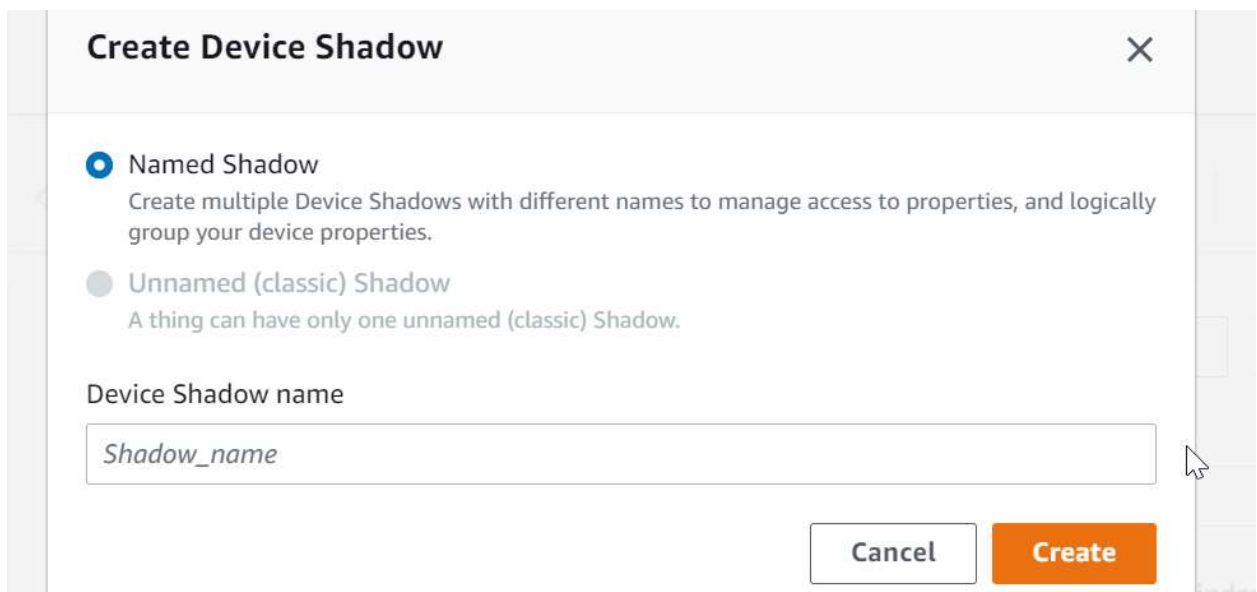
For the detail information about the aws iot shoadow refer

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/latest/developerguide/device-shadow-document.html>

Before that ,go to iot things → click the name → click on shadows → click on create things



The screenshot shows the 'Device Shadows' tab in the AWS IoT console. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Attributes, Certificates, Thing groups, Device Shadows (selected), Interact, Activity, Jobs, and Alarms. Below the tabs, the page title is 'Device Shadows (1)' with an 'Info' link. A description states: 'Device Shadows allow connected devices to sync their state with AWS. You can also get, update or delete the state information about this thing's Device Shadows by using HTTPS and MQTT topics.' There are three buttons: a refresh icon, a 'Delete' button, and a 'Create Shadow' button. Below this is a search bar labeled 'Filter Device Shadows'. At the bottom, there is a table header with columns: Name, MQTT topic prefix, Fleet indexing status, and Last updated date.



The screenshot shows the 'Create Device Shadow' modal dialog. It has a title bar with a close button (X). There are two radio button options: 'Named Shadow' (selected) and 'Unnamed (classic) Shadow'. The 'Named Shadow' option has a description: 'Create multiple Device Shadows with different names to manage access to properties, and logically group your device properties.' The 'Unnamed (classic) Shadow' option has a description: 'A thing can have only one unnamed (classic) Shadow.' Below the options is a text input field labeled 'Device Shadow name' with the placeholder text 'Shadow_name'. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Cancel' and 'Create'.

now assign the data which as per require data

Request state document

A request state document has the following format:



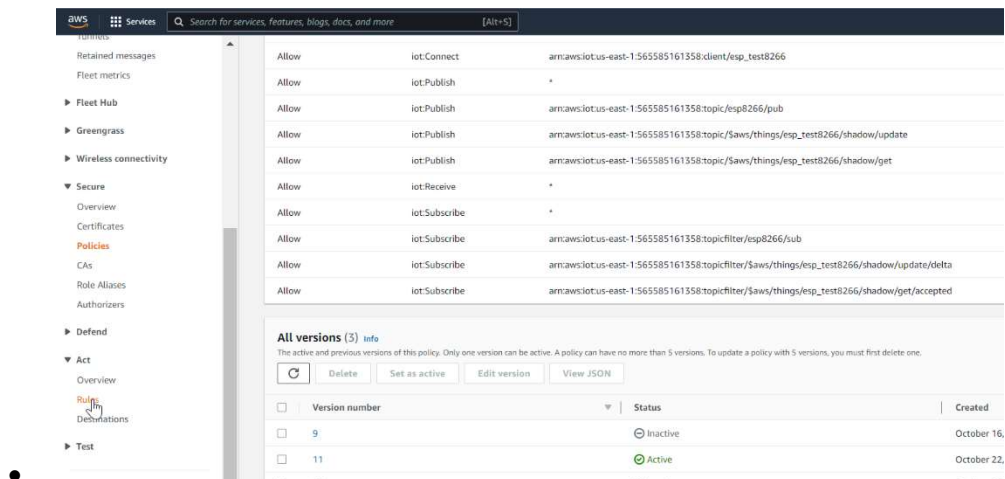
```
{
  "state": {
    "desired": {
      "attribute1": integer2,
      "attribute2": "string2",
      ...
      "attributeN": boolean2
    },
    "reported": {
      "attribute1": integer1,
      "attribute2": "string1",
      ...
      "attributeN": boolean1
    }
  },
  "clientToken": "token",
  "version": version
}
```

To configure the json file must refer the aws shadow document what is desired , reported states are Where desired is the state which an iot device what to on/off to be in future , where reported state is the value already present in the present which would change or kept according to desired value

And then assign the name with unnamed . now

6. After setting the iot device to communicate with aws server in a particular topic now just create a rule to send the all data to store to dynamodb

Note: dyanamodb is another aws service which store the data, you can search on the aws search bar



- Open rules, which would be any where as new interface in aws as present it is on message routes
- Now create rule with name which can be anything
- Now insert the sql command to select the all the data in the particular topic

```
SELECT * , timestamp() AS ts FROM 'esp8266/pub'
```

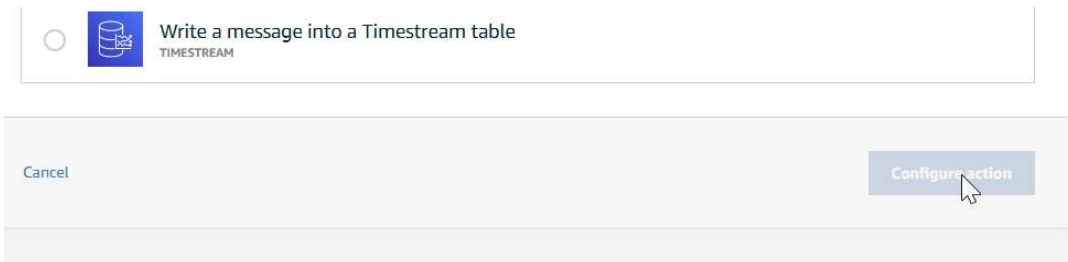
- Here note the topic must be the which we are sending the data
- Now add the action which is insert message to dynamodb as show on figure

Set one or more actions

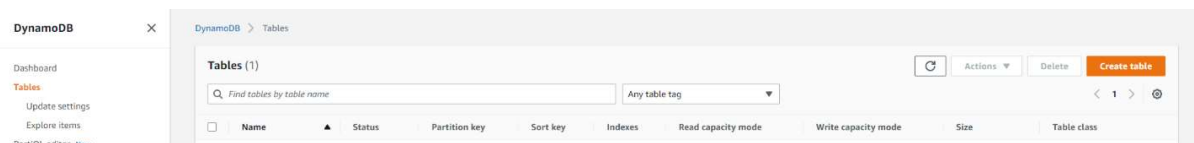
Select one or more actions to happen when the above rule is matched by an inbound message. Actions define additional activities that occur when messages arrive, like storing them in a database, invoking cloud functions, or sending notifications. (*.required)

Add action





- Then click configure
7. Now configure the dynamodb to receive the data in a particular order
- Now search for the dynamo db and go into it
 - Now on left side click tables



- And next click on create tables give a name
- Now important is that keep the **name as it is** which are actually sending from iot topic to dynamodb
 - Partition key (which on table line)first data comes from iot topic as number
 - Sort key some other data iot topic second as number/string (which depends on data)
 - Select the default things that's it click the create thing

Now important last thing make sure every service is enable /on and then run it

Setting	Value	Editable after creation
Capacity mode	Provisioned	Yes
Read capacity	5 RCU	Yes
Write capacity	5 WCU	Yes
Auto scaling	On	Yes
Local secondary indexes	-	No
Global secondary indexes	-	Yes
Encryption key management	Owned by Amazon DynamoDB	Yes
Table class	DynamoDB Standard	Yes

8. Client code by using aws dynamodb CRUD code

- <https://github.com/charan-sai-v/aws-dynamodb-crud-operations-in-nodejs>
- Set the website code as the given data code via github

You can refer another github : <https://github.com/debsahu/ESP-MQTT-AWS-IoT-Core/blob/master/doc/README.md>

Board code with esp8266

Here we have to know about IoT devices and the way of coding to control ,

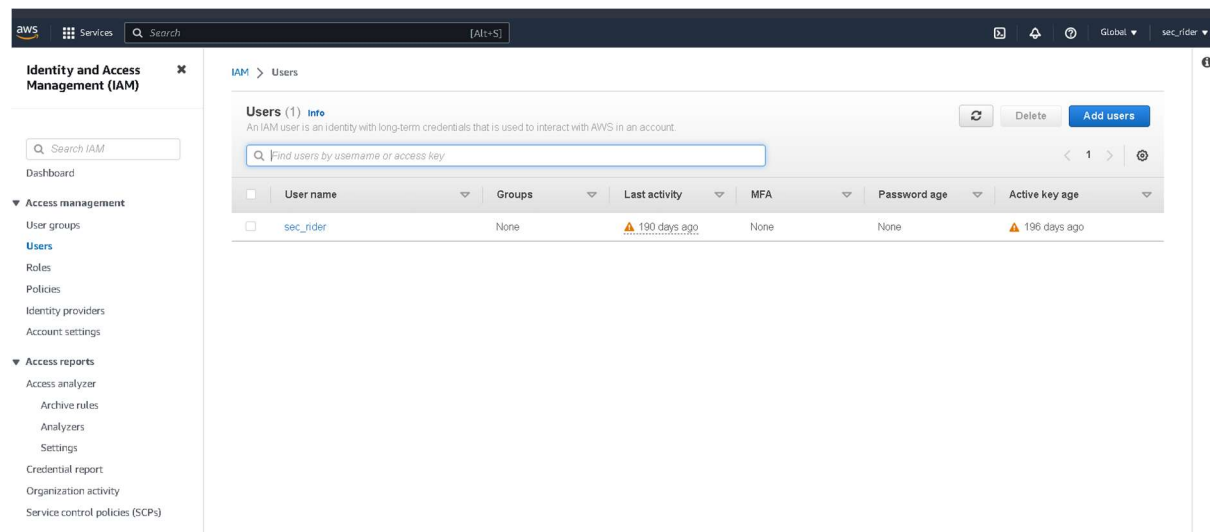
1. Get the code from the git hub and make sure the credentials download from aws IoT things certificates are present on the same folder or copy and past on secrets file
Code: https://github.com/mahaboobtech/aws-iot/tree/main/nodeMcuCode/aws_esp_pubsub
2. Now assign the part where the sensors or the attachments to be work or read the data
3. Now assign the data to a variable as mention as comment in the file and next set the topicname/line where to be publish and set the code to the read from the server as you know to control as choice your
4. Now after the i/o devices are perfectly configured and setted controlled by aws server now we just test the whether the board is perfectly connected or not you can use mqtt test client or aws dashboard of IoT core

Web based client code

Before that we need nodejs software which is free

First we need permission to access the dynamodb data from aws server for that

Search iam and go:



Click on add users and assign name

Next select attach policies directly & next select amazonDynamoDBFullAccess click next

Now create that's it

The screenshot shows the AWS IAM console for a user. At the top, there are three tabs: 'Permissions', 'Groups', and 'Tags'. Below the tabs, there's a section for 'Permissions policies (1)'. It shows a table with one policy named 'AmazonDynamoDBFullAccess'. The table has columns for 'Policy name', 'Type', and 'Attached via'. The policy is 'AWS managed' and 'Attached via' is 'Directly'. There are also buttons for 'Remove' and 'Add permissions'. At the top right, there's a warning: 'Used 150 days ago, 156 days old.' Below that, it says 'Access key 2 Not enabled'.

Policy name	Type	Attached via
AmazonDynamoDBFullAccess	AWS managed	Directly

Now for access search credentials on **setting** and **security credentials** tab

Get that credentials on a folder

Now here the code part begins :

Go take the github : code now use

1. Client code by using aws dynamodb CRUD code
 - <https://github.com/charan-sai-v/aws-dynamodb-crud-operations-in-nodejs>
 - Set the website code as the given data code via github

You can refer another github : <https://github.com/debsahu/ESP-MQTT-AWS-IoT-Core/blob/master/doc/README.md>

Assign the credentials on given secrets file by copy pasting or assign the credentials file path

Html code part

And on html file set the graph and location where the data controlled or visualize by according code and javascript where every comment is present only thing you need to understand code and interface it perfectly with the credentials

Here the credentials taken from I am service which as newly created user by that user access we are able to see and control the data

Future scope

On future we can add forethere control of sending message to esp8266 board and we can perform the task what we need to control

And also we can use AI to control the IoT things which perform automatically as in the one of aws service

References

- [1] <https://github.com/charan-sai-v/aws-dynamodb-crud-operations-in-nodejs>
- [2] <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/latest/developerguide/device-shadow-document.html>
- [3] <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/latest/developerguide/iot-device-shadows.html>
- [4] <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/index.html>
- [5] <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/latest/developerguide/iot-policies.html>
- [6] <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/latest/developerguide/pub-sub-policy.html>
- [7] <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=28FS2qix2u4>