

LAB REPORT

CSE312: Database Management System Lab

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LAB REPORT

01

[Report Number]

Topic: Lab Setup

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Experiment No: 01 Experiment Name: Lab Setup

Experiment Details:

1. Hardware Setup

- **PC or Server**: Ensure you have a computer or server with sufficient RAM and storage space. A minimum of 4GB RAM is recommended, though more is preferred for complex databases.
- **Network**: Ensure the network infrastructure supports client-server connections, especially if working with a multi-user DBMS environment.

2. Software Setup

DBMS Software

You need to install a DBMS software. Popular options include:

- MySQL (open-source and widely used)
- PostgreSQL (advanced open-source)
- Oracle Database (enterprise-level)
- SQL Server (by Microsoft)

Choose one based on your needs, and download it from the official website.

Installation Steps for MySQL (Example):

Windows/Linux:

- 1. Download MySQL from the official website MySQL Downloads.
- 2. Run the installer and choose the server version (MySQL Server) along with any tools you want.
- 3. Follow the installation wizard. Set up root password and default settings for easy configuration.
- 4. After installation, open MySQL Workbench (optional) for graphical interface management.

PostgreSQL:

 Follow a similar installation process by downloading it from the <u>official</u> <u>PostgreSQL site</u>.

SQL Clients:

You can use various clients for interaction:

- MySQL Workbench
- **pgAdmin** (for PostgreSQL)
- **HeidiSQL** (supports multiple DBMS)

These tools provide a graphical interface to interact with the database, run queries, and manage tables.

LAB REPORT

02

[Report Number]

Experiment No: 02 Experiment Name: DDL (Create, Alter, Truncate, Drop)

Experiment Details:

*CREATE DATABASE

We have to create a database first

CREATE DATABASE emp



1. CREATE TABLE

This command is used to create a new table in a database.

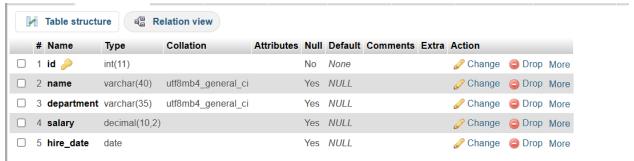
```
CREATE TABLE employees (
  id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(40),
  department VARCHAR(35),
  salary DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
  № Table structure
                    Relation view
    # Name
               Type
                         Collation
                                       Attributes Null Default Comments Extra Action
 □ 1 id 🤌
               int(11)
                                                No None
                                                                        Change   Drop More
☐ 2 name
               varchar(40) utf8mb4 general ci
                                                Yes NULL
                                                                        Change   Drop More
 ☐ 3 department varchar(35)
                         utf8mb4_general_ci
                                                Yes NULL
                                                                        Change Drop More
 ☐ 4 salary
                                                Yes NULL
                                                                        Change Drop More
               decimal(10,2)
```

2. ALTER TABLE

This command is used to modify an existing table structure, like adding a new column

ALTER TABLE employees

ADD hire_date DATE;



3. INSERT DATA

This command is used to insert new records into the table.

INSERT INTO employees (id, name, department, salary, hire_date) VALUES

- (1, 'Emon', 'HR', 400000.00, '2023-01-21'),
- (2, 'Sajib', 'Engineering', 65000.00, '2023-03-22'),
- (3, 'Aru', 'Marketing', 555000.00, '2023-07-23');



4. TRUNCATE TABLE

This command removes all data from a table but retains the table structure.

TRUNCATE TABLE employees;

5. DROP TABLE

This command removes a table entirely from the database, including its structure and data.

DROP TABLE employees;