



Elements of Computer Programming II (CSCI-121)

Skill Builder 1 - Input, Output, Variables, and Casting

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this activity, a student should be able to:

1. Understand the difference between a class and an object.
2. Create objects from classes using BlueJ.
3. Interact with objects using the public methods.
4. Use parameters to pass information to methods.
5. Set the state of an object.
6. Create a static method.

1. Print Reverb with Conversion

Escaping Special Characters in String

Prompt the user to input their name using the following prompt exactly as shown below.

```
You're Jane's friend!  
"What's your name?"  
Jean Claude
```

NOTE: The input, such as "Jean Claude," should not appear in your output when executed in this Skill Builder. It is provided to simulate how your output would actually look if your program executed from the terminal or command line.

Getting Floating Point Input

Prompt the user to input a floating-point number and assign it to a variable called `spice`.

```
You're Jane's friend!  
"What's your name?"  
Jean Claude  
  
Enter a floating-point number:  
2.34
```

Mathematical Expressions

Calculate the mathematical expression $\frac{4}{3}2\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{spice^3}\right)$ and output the result so that the output looks like:

```
You're Jane's friend!  
"What's your name?"  
Jean Claude  
  
Enter a floating-point number:  
2.34  
  
Well Jean Claude, the spice value resulted in 1.5047
```

You should use an assignment statement to store the value of the expression.

You may use `printf` to format the spice value to 4 decimal places!

Please Note: The expression $\frac{4}{3}2\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{spice^3}\right)$ has the number 2 raised to the power of the value calculated from the expression $\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{spice^3}\right)$.

Converting to Integer

convert the value of the expression, $\frac{4}{3}2\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\text{spice}^3}\right)$

for which you calculated previously to the nearest hundredth place so that the output looks as follows:

```
You're Jane's friend!
"What's your name?"
Jean Claude

Enter a floating-point number:
2.34

Well Jean Claude, the spice value resulted in 1.5047818732113996
And the converted value is 1.50
```

DO NOT USE `printf` to format the converted value! Use type casting to integer to accomplish the task!

For example, for the value 1.23456778, use the trick of multiplying by 100, type casting to int, and then dividing by 100 to accomplish the task.

2. Painting a Wall

1. Prompt the user to input a wall's height and width. Calculate and output the wall's area.

```
Enter wall height (feet):
12
Enter wall width (feet):
15
Wall area: 180 square feet
```

1. Extend to also calculate and output the amount of paint in gallons needed to paint the wall. Assume a gallon of paint covers 350 square feet. Store this value using a final double variable. The output for the amount of paint needed should be displayed rounded to 2 digits after the decimal (i.e., use **printf**, see textbook for details on how to use **printf**).

```
Enter wall height (feet):  
12  
Enter wall width (feet):  
15  
Wall area: 180 square feet  
Paint needed: 0.51 gallons
```

1. Extend to also calculate and output the number of 1-gallon cans needed to paint the wall. Hint:
Use a math function to round up to the nearest gallon. (2 pts)

```
Enter wall height (feet):  
12  
Enter wall width (feet):  
15  
Wall area: 180 square feet  
Paint needed: 0.51 gallons  
Cans needed: 1 can(s)
```