Started on Monday, 1 January 2024, 2:01 PM

**State** Finished

**Completed on** Monday, 1 January 2024, 4:00 PM

**Time taken** 1 hour 59 mins

```
Question 1
Correct
Marked out of 25.00
```

While entering user names, We have to be very careful about the duplicate entries in the list.

To make a correct and perfect report, we have to remove the duplicate elements in the list. Write a program that obtain a set of names and a search element and print it's frequency.

Input Format:

The first line of the input consists of the number of names.

Next input is the user names.

The last input is the user name to be searched.

Output Format:

The output prints the frequency of the searched element.

Sample testcases:

Testcase 1 Input

5

alice

bob

ankit

alice

prajit

alice

Testcase 1 Output

2

## For example:

Input	Result
5	2
alice	
bob	
ankit	
alice	
prajit	
alice	

```
1 | import java.util.*;
 2 v public class Names{
3
        public static void main(String[] args)
4 ₹
 5
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            List <String> names = new ArrayList<String>();
6
7
            int n = sc.nextInt();
8
            sc.nextLine();
9
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
10 🔻
            {
11
                 names.add(sc.nextLine());
12
            }
13
            int c=0;
            String search = sc.nextLine();
14
15
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
16 ▼
                 if((names.get(i)).equals(search))
17
18 🔻
                 {
19
                     c+=1;
20
                 }
21
22
             System.out.print(c);
23
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
*	5 alice bob ankit alice prajit alice	2	2	<b>~</b>

Passed all tests! 🗸

11

Question **2**Correct

Marked out of 25.00

Write a program to get the hall name details and store in the ArrayList and search the hall and display it's position details.

Get hall names in the Main class and store it an ArrayList. Hall number is nothing but the position at which the hall is present in the list starting from 0.

Refer sample input/output for other further details and format of the output.

Input Format:

The first line of the input is the number of halls.

Next input is the hall names.

The last input is the hall name to be searched.

Output Format:

The output prints the index of hall name if present otherwise hall not found. Refer sample output.

Sample testcases:

Testcase 1 Input

3

SPK

DFG

TRE

DFG

Testcase 1 Output

1

Testcase 2 Input

3

SPJ

RWE

HFG

SPK

Testcase 2 Output

SPK hall is not found

#### For example:

	D It
Input	Result
3	1
SPK	
DFG	
TRE	
DFG	
3	SPK hall is not found
SPJ	
RWE	
HFG	
SPK	

```
int tlag=0,ind=0;
 8
 9
            List <String> halls = new ArrayList<String>();
10
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
11 🔻
            {
                halls.add(sc.nextLine());
12
13
            }
            String search = sc.nextLine();
14
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
15
16 🔻
17
                 if((halls.get(i)).equals(search))
18 🔻
19
                     flag=1;
20
                     ind=i;
21
                     break;
22
23
            if(flag==1)
24
25
            {
                 System.out.print(ind);
26
            }
27
28
            else
            {
29 🔻
30
                System.out.println(search+" hall is not found");
31
32
        }
33 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
*	3 SPK DFG TRE DFG	1	1	*
~	3 SPJ RWE HFG SPK	SPK hall is not found	SPK hall is not found	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marked out of 25.00

Use **remove()** and **isEmpty()** methods of the ArrayList API and implement them in our application. let's experiment with Hall class for performing these methods.

Create a class named Hall having the following private attributes.

Include getters and Setters for the attributes

Include default and parameterized constructors.

Format for parameterized constructor is

#### Hall(String name, String contactNumber, Double costPerDay,String ownerName)

The Hall class contains the following method.

Attributes	Datatype
name	String
contactNumber	String
costPerDay	Double
ownerName	String

Method name	Description
void display()	This method prints the details of the Hall object. Refer Sample I/O for specification

Create a driver class called Main. In the Main method, obtain input from the console If the list is empty and a remove action is performed display "The list is empty" and terminate. Display the Hall details by iterating the Hall List and calling display() method after remove action.

Hint: Use isEmpty() and remove() methods of ArrayList api.

Use System.out.printf("%-20s%-20s%-20s") for displaying the Hall details in tabular form.

Note: Strictly adhere to the Object-Oriented Specifications given in the problem statement.

All class names, attribute names and method names should be the same as specified in the problem statement.

Input Format:

The first line of the input consists of n.

Next input is the hall details.

The next input is the index of the element to be deleted.

Output Format

The output displays the hall details in tabular format after removing the element.

Sample testcases:

Testcase 1 Input

2

RR hall

9854785654

455

Rajesh

KK hall

95478563221

258

Karthik

```
PP hall
9632541578
357
Praveen
1
Testcase 1 Output
Name
              Contact Number CostperDay
                                                Owner Name
RR hall
             9854785654
                             455.0
                                           Rajesh
PP hall
             9632541578
                             357.0
                                           Praveen
Testcase 2 Input
2
Testcase 2 Output
The list is empty
```

### For example:

Input	Result			
3	Name	Contact Number	CostperDay	Owner Name
RR hall	RR hall	9854785654	455.0	Rajesh
9854785654	PP hall	9632541578	357.0	Praveen
455				
Rajesh				
KK hall				
95478563221				
258				
Karthik				
PP hall				
9632541578				
357				
Praveen				
1				
0	The list is empty			
2				

```
1 | import java.util.*;
2 v public class Hall{
3
        public static void main(String[] args)
4 ,
5
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6
            int n = sc.nextInt();
            sc.nextLine();
7
8
            List <String> name=new ArrayList<String>();
9
            List <String> num=new ArrayList<String>();
10
            List <Double> cost=new ArrayList<Double>();
11
            List <String> owner=new ArrayList<String>();
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
12
13 🔻
14
                name.add(sc.nextLine());
                num.add(sc.nextLine());
15
                cost.add(sc.nextDouble());
16
17
                owner.add(sc.nextLine());
18
19
            int r = sc.nextInt();
            String names="Names";
20
21
            String nums="Contact Number";
            String cpd="CostperDay";
22
23
            String on="Owner Name";
24
            if(n==0)
25 1
            {
                System.out.println("The list is empty");
26
27
            }
28
29
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
```

```
30 ₹
                if(i==0)
31
32 🔻
33
                    System.out.printf("%-20s%-20s%-20s",names,nums,cpd,on);
34
                    System.out.println();
35
                if(i!=r)
36
               {
37 •
                    System.out.printf("%-20s%-20s%-20f%-20s",name.get(i),num.get(i),cost.get(i),owner.get(i
38
                    System.out.println();
39
40
41
            }
42
43
        }
44 }
```

	Input	Expected		Got	
×	3	Name	Contact Number	***Run error***	×
	RR hall	CostperDay	Owner Name	Exception in thread "main" java.util.InputMismatchException	
	9854785654	RR hall	9854785654	at	
	455	455.0	Rajesh	<pre>java.base/java.util.Scanner.throwFor(Scanner.java:939)</pre>	
	Rajesh	PP hall	9632541578	at	
	KK hall	357.0	Praveen	<pre>java.base/java.util.Scanner.next(Scanner.java:1594)</pre>	
	95478563221			at	
	258			<pre>java.base/java.util.Scanner.nextDouble(Scanner.java:2564)</pre>	
	Karthik			at Hall.main(Hall.java:16)	
	PP hall				
	9632541578				
	357				
	Praveen				
	1				

Testing was aborted due to error.

Your code must pass all tests to earn any marks. Try again.

Show differences

Question **4**Correct

Marked out of 25.00

Create a class ArrayListMain and in the main method get the names and store them in an ArrayList. After getting all the names, just display them in the same order.

Input Format:

Number of names(N) in first line as integer

N names in separate lines

Output Format:

Print the names

Sample testcases:

Testcase 1 Input

6

KL Rahul

Hetmyer

Pierre

Dube

Walsh

Pant

Testcase 1 Output

KL Rahul

Hetmyer

Pierre

Dube

Walsh

Pant

# For example:

Input	Result
6	KL Rahul
KL Rahul	Hetmyer
Hetmyer	Pierre
Pierre	Dube
Dube	Walsh
Walsh	Pant
Pant	

```
1 | import java.util.*;
 public class ArrayListMain
 3 ₹ {
        public static void main(String[] args)
 4
 5 🔻
 6
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 7
            List <String> names = new ArrayList<String>();
 8
            int n = sc.nextInt();
            sc.nextLine();
 9
10
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
11 v
            {
                 names.add(sc.nextLine());
12
13
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
14
15
            {
16
                 System.out.println(names.get(i));
17
            }
18
        }
```

