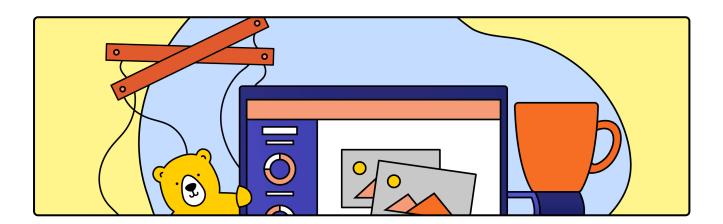


Bannerbear Blog > Developers

How to Download Images from a Website Using Puppeteer

This article will take you through steps to download images from a website using Puppeteer.

by Josephine Loo · June 2022 · Updated May 2024



Contents

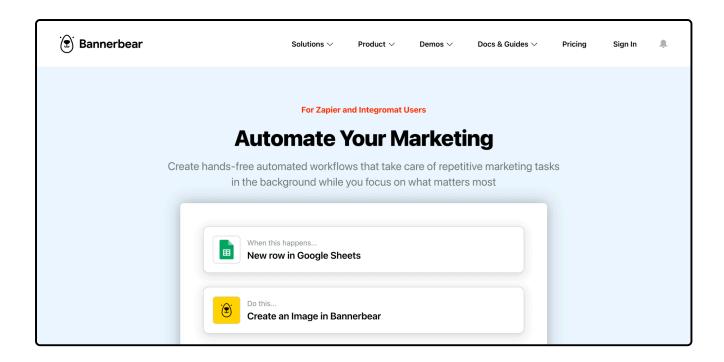
- What is Puppeteer
- Pre-requisites
- Getting Started
 - Step 1. Create a New Node.js Project

- Step 2. Install Puppeteer
- Testing Puppeteer
 - Step 1. Write the Code
 - Step 2. Run the Code
- Downloading Images from a Website/URL
 - Step 1. Create a New File
 - Step 2. Import Modules
 - Step 3. Write the Code for Downloading Images
 - Step 4. Create a New Folder for Images
 - Step 5. Run the Code
- Using the Bannerbear API

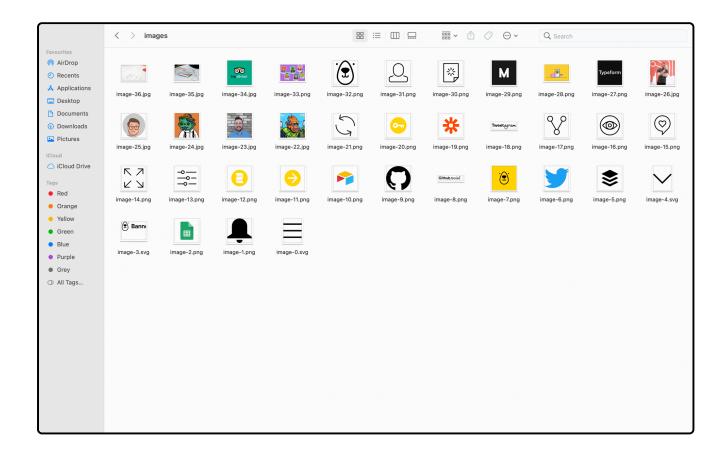
Why use Puppeteer to download images? We can just right-click and save. It's simple.

That's only true if you're only downloading a few images. Imagine if you're downloading 100+ images from a website manually, that's a dreadful task. Fret not! We can do this by using automation and save all images from a website to a folder IN ONE GO.

In this tutorial, we will be guiding you step-by-step on how to download images (.jpg, .png, .svg, .gif) from a website using an automation tool called Puppeteer. You can use it on any website that you want but we will be using this Bannerbear page for this tutorial:



At the end of this tutorial, you will have images from a website downloaded to a folder:



What is Puppeteer

Puppeteer ☑ is a Node library which provides a high-level API to control Chrome or Chromium over the DevTools Protocol. It is very useful for automating the Chrome browser to run website tests. Puppeteer runs headless by default, which means you won't see the browser running but it can be configured to run full (non-headless) Chrome or Chromium.

Pre-requisites

To use Puppeteer to download images from a website, you will need to have Node.js ♂ and npm ♂ installed.

For reference, the version of Node.js and npm we are using for this tutorial are 14.17.3 and 6.14.13 respectively. Please check the official documentation of to check your version compatibility.

Getting Started

Step 1. Create a New Node.js Project

Create a new folder for your project and go to the directory.

```
mkdir puppeteer-download-images
cd puppeteer-download-images
```

Init a new Node.js project in the folder.

```
npm init
```

It will prompt you for input for a few aspects of the project, just press enter if you want to use the default values.

Once you run through the npm init steps above, a package.json
file will be generated and placed in the current directory.

```
Declaration :::

| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration :::
| Declaration
```

Step 2. Install Puppeteer

Run the command below to install Puppeteer.

```
npm i puppeteer
```

A folder named node_modules and a file named packagelock.json will be added to your project after running the command.

```
| Declaration |
```

When you run the command above to install Puppeteer, a recent version of Chromium which is guaranteed to work with the Puppeteer API is also downloaded.

```
Downloading Chromium r991974 - 117.2 Mb [==========] 100% 0.0s Chromium (991974) downloaded to /Users/josephineloo/puppeteer-download-image/node_modules/puppeteer/.local-chromium/mac-991974 npm notice created a lockfile as package-lock.json. You should commit this file.

npm WARN puppeteer-download-image@1.0.0 No description
npm WARN puppeteer-download-image@1.0.0 No repository field.

+ puppeteer@14.1.1
added 58 packages from 76 contributors and audited 58 packages in 17.652s

8 packages are looking for funding
run `npm fund` for details

found 0 vulnerabilities
```

Testing Puppeteer

Before we start writing codes to download images from a website, let's try whether Puppeteer is working properly. We will use a simple example from the official documentation of to take a screenshot of a website.

Step 1. Write the Code

Create a new example.js file and paste the following code:

```
const puppeteer = require('puppeteer');

(async () => {
   const browser = await puppeteer.launch();
   const page = await browser.newPage();
   await page.goto('https://google.com');
   await page.screenshot({ path: 'example.png' });

await browser.close();
})();
```

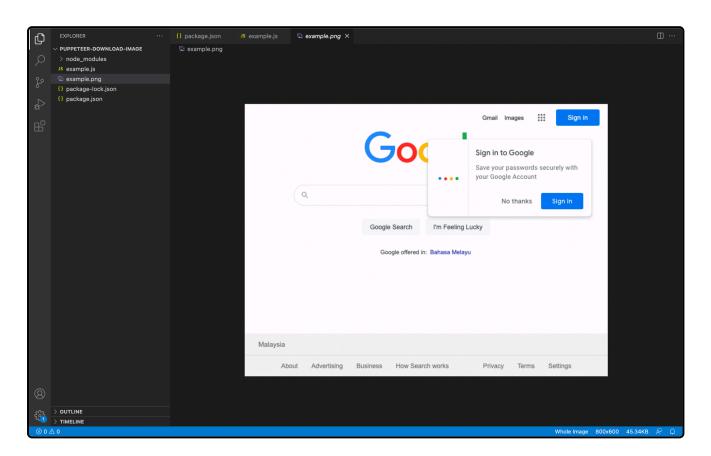
This example creates a page, navigates it to a URL, and then saves a screenshot.

Step 2. Run the Code

Run the example.js file to execute the code.

```
node example.js
```

You will find a new image example.png created inside your folder. This is the screenshot of the page visited by Puppeteer.

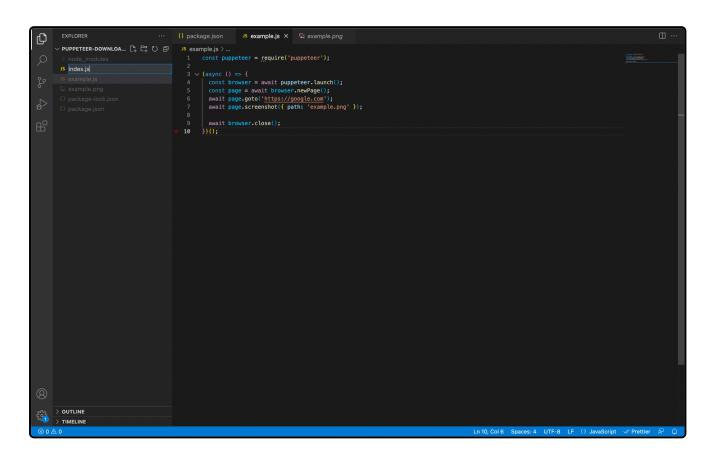


Now we know that Puppeteer is working, we can start writing codes to download images!

Downloading Images from a Website/URL

Step 1. Create a New File

In the same project, create <u>index.js</u> file. This is where we will be writing our code to download images from the Bannerbear page.



Step 2. Import Modules

Inside the index.js file, we need to require puppeteer and the fs (file system) module. The fs module will allow you to write data fetched from the website into a file.

```
const puppeteer = require('puppeteer');
const fs = require('fs');
```

Step 3. Write the Code for Downloading Images

Then, write the following code:

```
(async () => {
  const browser = await puppeteer.launch();
  const page = await browser.newPage();

let counter = 0;
  page.on('response', async (response) => {
    const matches = /.*\.(jpg|png|svg|gif)$/.exec(response.url());
    console.log(matches);
    if (matches && (matches.length === 2)) {
        const extension = matches[1];
        const buffer = await response.buffer();
        fs.writeFileSync(`images/image-${counter}.${extension}`, bucounter += 1;
    }
    });
    await page.goto('https://www.bannerbear.com/solutions/automate-
```

```
await browser.close();
})();
```

Similar to the previous example, Puppeteer will open a page and navigate to the URL. Then, it will catch responses which match the image file extensions (.jpg, .png, .svg, .gif), rename it and save it to a folder named /images.

The complete code looks like this.

```
const puppeteer = require('puppeteer');
const fs = require('fs');
(async () => {
  const browser = await puppeteer.launch();
  const page = await browser.newPage();
  let counter = 0;
 page.on('response', async (response) => {
    const matches = /.*\.(jpg|png|svg|gif)$/.exec(response.url())
    console.Log(matches);
    if (matches && (matches.length === 2)) {
      const extension = matches[1];
      const buffer = await response.buffer();
      fs.writeFileSync(`images/image-${counter}.${extension}`, bu
      counter += 1;
 });
  await page.goto('https://www.bannerbear.com/solutions/automate-
```

```
await browser.close();
})();
```

Step 4. Create a New Folder for Images

Before executing the code, create a new /images subfolder in the current directory. This is where the images downloaded from the page will be saved.

```
Deficiency of the property of
```

Step 5. Run the Code

Now, run index.js and see all images from the page get
downloaded into the /images folder.

node index.js

```
JS index.is X
                                                                   1 const fs = require('fs');
2 const puppeteer = require('puppeteer');
3
  image-0.svg
                                                                           (async () => {
    const browser = await puppeteer.launch();
    const page = await browser.newPage();
                                                                             let counter = 0;
page.on('response', async (response) => {
  const matches = /.*\.(jpg|png|svg|gif)$/.exec(response.url());
  console.log(matches);
  if (matches && (matches.length === 2)) {
    const extension = matches[1];
    const buffer = await response.buffer();
    fs.writefileSync('images/image-${counter}).${extension}', buffer, 'base64');
    counter += 1;
   image-10.png
   image-12.png
   image-13.png
  image-15.png
   image-16.png
  image-18.png
   image-19.png
  image-21.png
   image-22.jpg
  image-24.jpg
   image-25.jpg
  image-27.png
   image-28.png
  image-30.png
  image-31.png
image-33.png
```

That's it! All images from the Bannearbear page are now downloaded to the /images folder.

You can try this on other websites as well. Simply replace the Bannerbear URL with another URL and then run the node index.js command.

Using the Bannerbear API

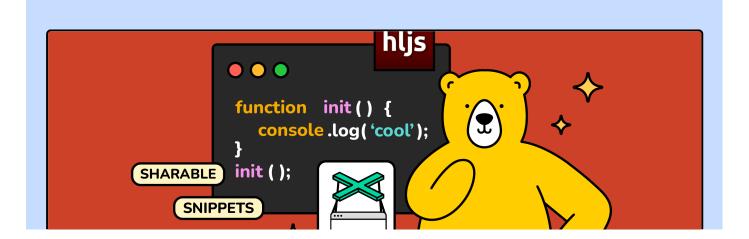
If you want to process the images like applying an overlay or watermark to them, you can try using the Bannerbear API. The Bannerbear API allows you to create a template that can be applied to all images and generate the images in a few seconds by sending modification requests to the API endpoint. There are also tons of templates in our template library to choose from if you don't want to create your own template. All you need to do is sign up for an account and you can start generating images immediately for free!



About the author

Josephine Loo

Josephine is an automation enthusiast. She loves automating stuff and helping people to increase productivity with automation.

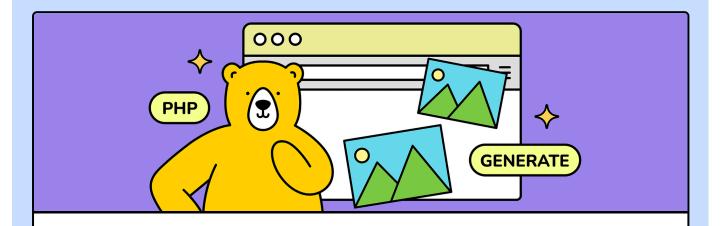


March 2025

How to Turn Your Code into Branded Shareable Snippets with Highlight.js, Puppeteer, and Bannerbear

Learn how to generate branded code snippets with Highlight.js, Puppeteer, and Bannerbear. Automate eye-catching, shareable images of your code for blogs, social media, documentation, and more!

api developers



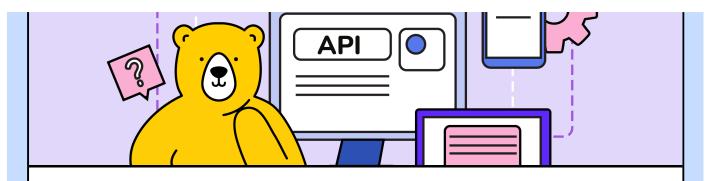
March 2025

How to Generate Dynamic Images with Bannerbear in PHP: A Beginner's Guide

Learn how to automate branded image creation using Bannerbear's PHP library. This step-by-step guide covers everything you need to know to dynamically generate images from different data, making the process of image creation more efficient.

api] (developers





February 2025

What is an API Integration? The Ultimate Guide to Understanding API Integration

In this article, we'll learn what API integration is and how it enables seamless data exchange, automates workflows, and enhances app functionality.

api

developers

Automate & Scale Your Marketing

Bannerbear helps you auto-generate social media visuals, banners and more with our API and nocode integrations

Learn More



Bannerbear

Image Generation API for marketing automation

Follow Bannerbear on X 🗹

Sign Up for our Newsletter ♂

Privacy Policy

Terms and Conditions

© 2025 Bannerbear

ZooSaaS ☑

Product

Image Generation API
Multi Image Generation API

Video Generation API
PDF Generation API
Template Library
Bannerbear for Enterprise

Integrations

Airtable Integration
Zapier Integration
Integromat Integration
Forms
URLs
WordPress

Demos

Multi Image Demo
Al Face Detect Demo
Twitter to Instagram
Real Estate Demo
Github Social
Open Graph
Smart Crop Demo

Generators

Online Certificate Maker
Online Wedding Invite Maker
Online Event ID Card Maker
Online Photo Collage Maker
Online Invoice Maker

Use Cases

Generate Images via API
Watermark Videos via API
Generate PDFs via API
Generate Images with Zapier
Watermark Videos with Zapier
Generate PDFs with Zapier
More Use Cases

Docs & Guides

Help Articles

Blog

eBooks

API Quick Start

API Reference ☑

Free Tools

Facebook Preview Tool
Twitter Preview Tool

Pretty Screenshot Tool

Other

System Status ☑

About Bannerbear

Open Startup

\$10K MRR SaaS Journey

\$10K to \$20K MRR

Affiliate Program

Changelog

Pricina

Bannerbear Alternatives