Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Mahalakshmi S

Email: 240701301@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no:

Phone: 9566463810

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE AH

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 6_MCQ

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 14

Section 1: MCQ

1. What is the default value of reference_point in the following code?

file_object.seek(offset [,reference_point])

Answer

0

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Which of the following is true about

fp.seek(10,1)

Answer

Move file pointer ten characters ahead from the beginning of a file

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

3. Fill the code to in order to read file from the current position.

Assuming exp.txt file has following 3 lines, consider current file position is beginning of 2nd line

Meri,25

John,21

Raj,20

Ouptput:

['John,21\n','Raj,20\n']

Answer

1) f.seek(0, 1)2) f.rline()

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

4. What is the output of the following code?

```
try:
    x = 1 / 0
except ZeroDivisionError:
    print("Caught division by zero error")
finally:
    print("Executed")
```

Answer

Caught division by zero errorExecuted

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

- 5. Match the following:
- a) f.seek(5,1) i) Move file pointer five characters behind from the current position
- b) f.seek(-5,1) ii) Move file pointer to the end of a file
- c) f.seek(0,2) iii) Move file pointer five characters ahead from the current position
- d) f.seek(0) iv) Move file pointer to the beginning of a file

Answer

```
a-iii, b-i, c-ii, d-iv
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
# Predefined lines to simulate the file content
lines = [
    "This is 1st line",
    "This is 2nd line",
    "This is 3rd line",
    "This is 4th line",
    "This is 5th line"
]
print("Name of the file: foo.txt")

# Print the first 5 lines from the predefined list for index in range(5):
    line = lines[index]
    print("Line No %d - %s" % (index + 1, line.strip()))

Answer
Syntax Error
```

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

7. What is the correct way to raise an exception in Python?

Answer

raise Exception()

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. What is the difference between r+ and w+ modes?

Answer

in r+ the pointer is initially placed at the beginning of the file and the pointer is at the end for w+

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. What is the output of the following code?

```
class MyError(Exception):
   pass

try:
   raise MyError("Something went wrong")
except MyError as e:
   print(e)
```

Answer

Something went wrong

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. What happens if an exception is not caught in the except clause?

Answer

The program will display a traceback error and stop execution

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. What is the purpose of the except clause in Python?	
Answer	
To handle exceptions during code execution	
Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
12. How do you create a user-defined exception in Python?	
Answer	
By creating a new class that inherits from the Exception class	
Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
13. Which clause is used to clean up resources, such as closing Python?	files in
Answer	
finally	
Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
14. What happens if no arguments are passed to the seek funct	ion?
Answer	
error	
Status: Wrong	Marks : 0/1
15. How do you rename a file?	
Answer	
os.rename(existing_name, new_name)	
Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1

16. What is the output of the following code?

try:
 x = "hello" + 5
except TypeError:
 print("Type Error occurred")
finally:
 print("This will always execute")

Answer

Type Error occurredThis will always execute

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. Fill in the code in order to get the following output:

Output:

Name of the file: ex.txt

fo = open(_____(1), "wb") print("Name of the file: ",_____)(2)

Answer

1) ex.txt2) fo.name()

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

18. Which of the following is true about the finally block in Python?

Answer

The finally block is always executed, regardless of whether an exception occurs or not

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Fill in the blanks in the following code of writing data in binary files.

```
import _____ (1)
rec=∏
while True:
  rn=int(input("Enter"))
  nm=input("Enter")
  temp=[rn, nm]
  rec.append(temp)
  ch=input("Enter choice (y/N)")
  if ch.upper=="N":
    break
f.open("stud.dat","_____")(2)
_____.dump(rec,f)(3)
_____.close()(4)
Answer
(f,rw,pickle,pickle)
Status: Wrong
                                                               Marks: 0/1
20. What will be the output of the following Python code?
f = None
for i in range (5):
  with open("data.txt", "w") as f:
    if i > 2:
      break
print(f.closed)
Answer
True
Status: Correct
                                                               Marks: 1/1
```