

# PROJECT MANAGEMENT (ILV)

P-INITIATION, P-WORTHINESS ANALYSIS, P-ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS

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# Questions of Today...

- What is the main goal of project management?
- Common mistakes in project management?
- What phases does the project go through?
- What basic criteria must a project fulfill?
- When does it make sense to use a project including PM? When does it not?
- What is the "magic triangle" of PM supposed to convey?
- What criteria must project goals fulfill?



# Effectiveness vs. Efficiency



**Effectiveness: doing the **RIGHT** things**

**Efficiency: doing things **RIGHT****

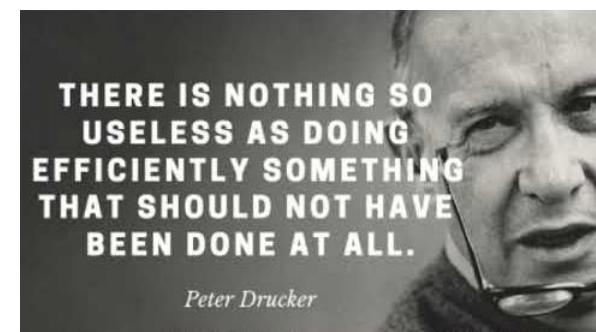
<b>Effectiveness</b>	<b>vs.</b>	<b>Efficiency</b>
What is the goal?	vs.	How do I reduce the effort required to reach my goal?
What must be done?	vs.	How should it be done?
You do the right things.	vs.	You do things right.
You work in a goal-oriented manner.	vs.	You work in a resource-saving manner.
Your measures are effective.	vs.	Your measures are economical.

In the **planning** ...

... often pay more attention to **effectiveness**

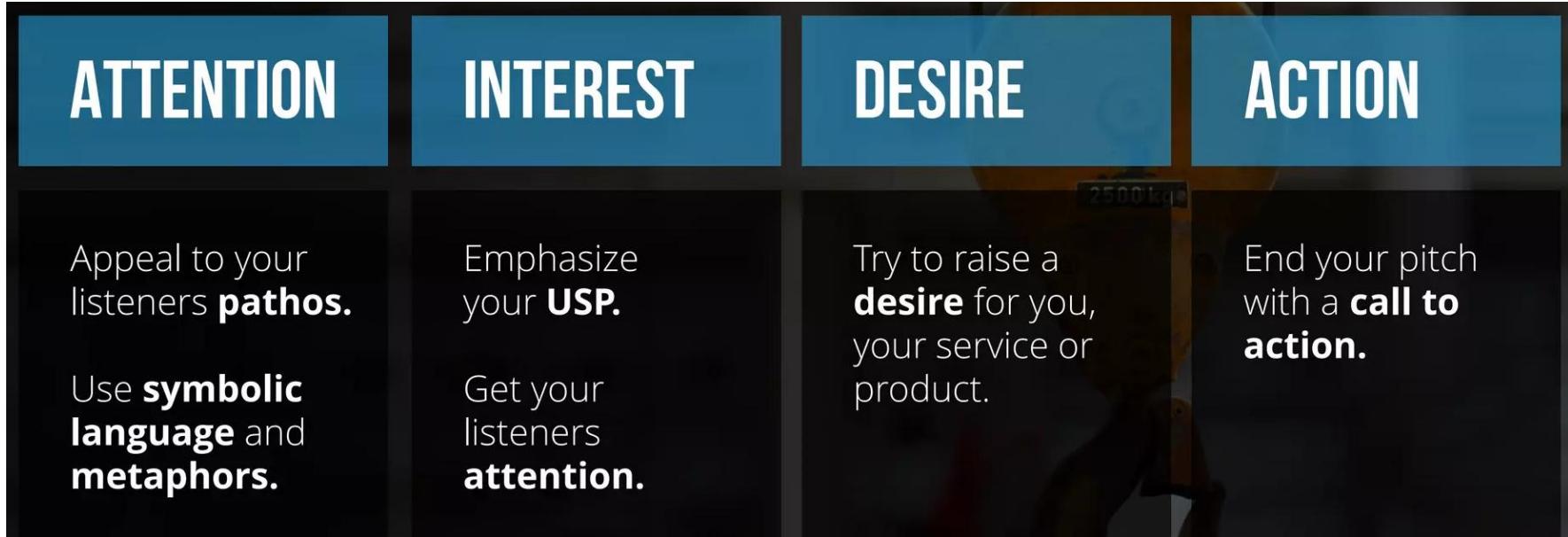
In **project management**...

... attention must also be paid to **efficiency**



# AIDA - 1 minutes for 1 million

Elevator pitch / speech

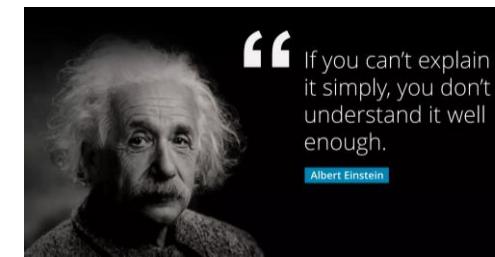


**Elevator Pitch:** convincing a person you meet in the elevator for your idea during the ride

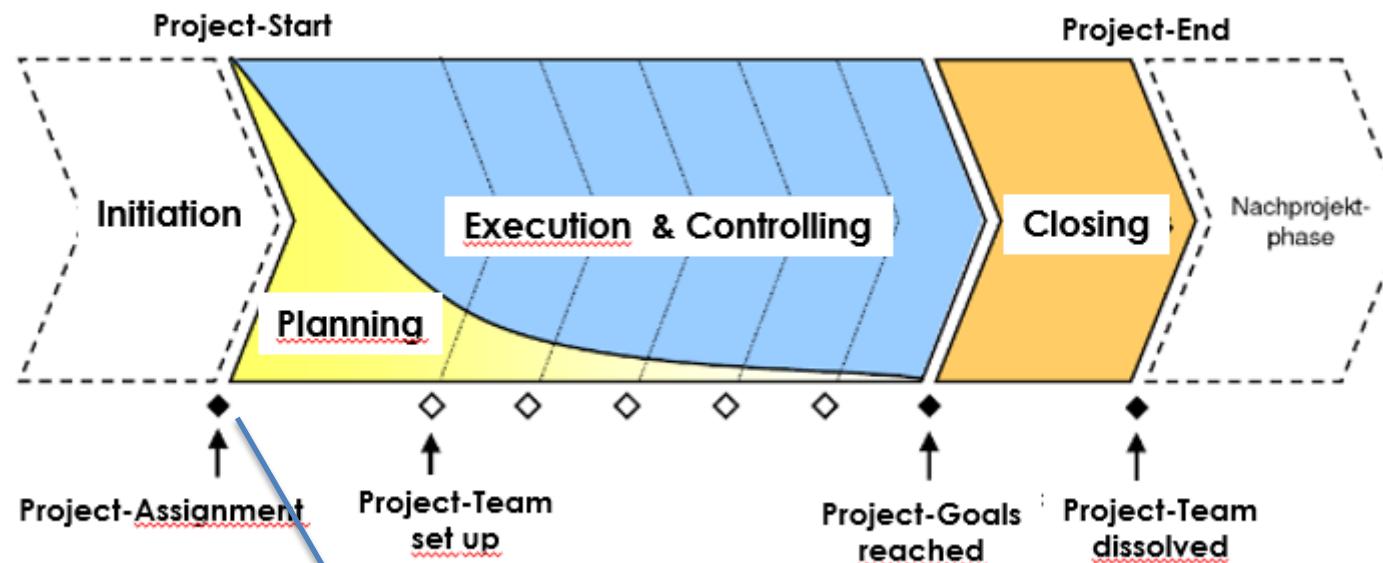
**AIDA:** method to present an idea convincingly in the shortest possible time

- Condense the message
- Use storytelling
- Interesting - never boring
- Vivid - Memorable
- Authentic - Quick-witted

→ **Long preparation time!**  
→ Practice!  
→ Practice!  
→ Practice!



# Project initiation



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# Project initiation

## Project Limits

Precise specification and definition of the project parameters **BEFORE** the project begins

- Time
- Content
- Organization

### Limitation in time

- Project start date, project end date
- Estimating the duration of the project phases & work packages
- First Milestones

### Content limitation

- Definition of Goals & **Non-Goals**
- Budget estimation (costs, resources,...)

### Organizational Setup

- Project organization and project roles  
Project client, project manager, project team,...
- Project environment  
Shareholders, Stakeholders, Gatekeepers, Suppliers, ...

→ Project Viability Analysis  
→ Project Environmental Analysis

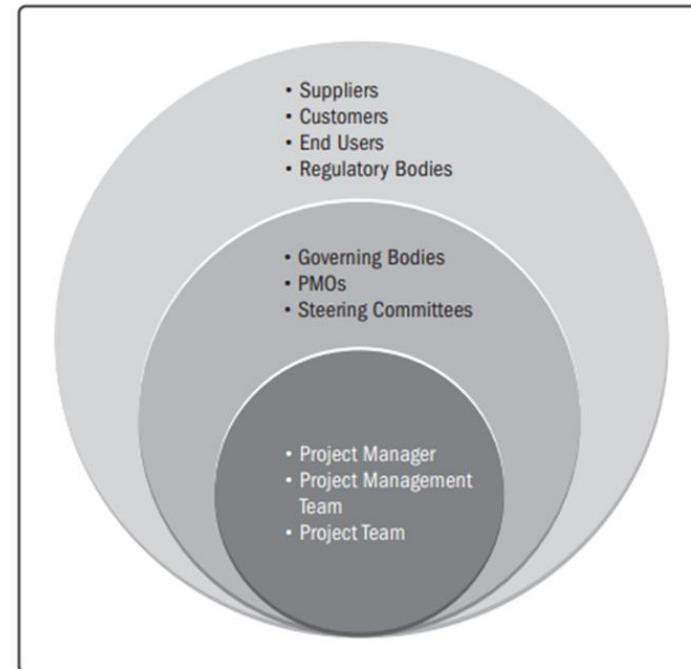
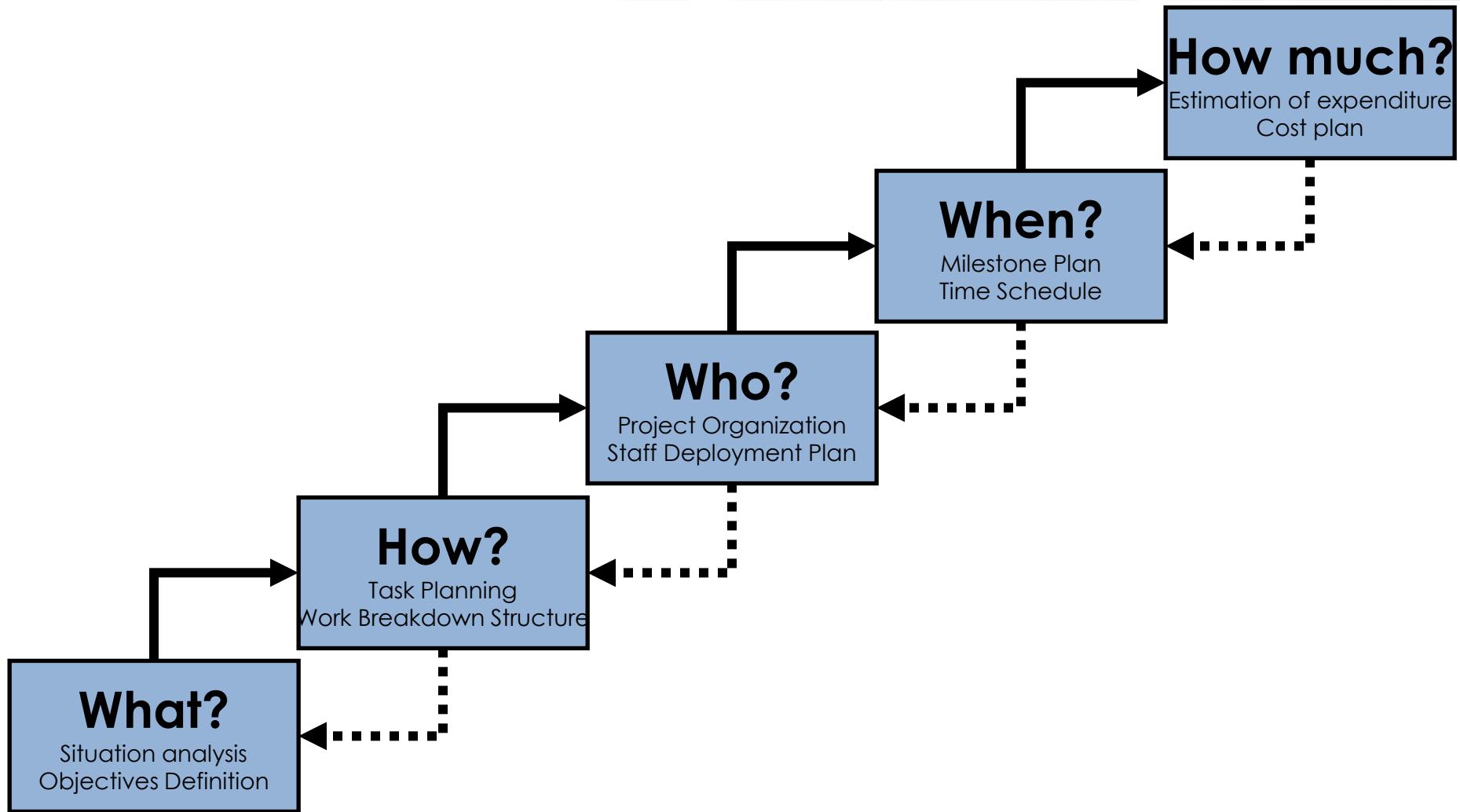


Figure 2-2. Examples of Project Stakeholders

# Project initiation

## Planning cycle



Success of a project is determined at the beginning...

# Project initiation

## Content/Goal/Target definition

### How is a project started?

- Typical: vague idea at the beginning
- Project management task:
  - Check whether the idea is **worthy of a project**:
  - Clarify framework conditions & collect information
  - **Define project goals / content as clearly as possible**

### Making your goals SMART-er

	<b>Specific</b>	"I will <b>get fit</b> <b>run...</b> "
	<b>Measurable</b>	... <b>more often twice</b> a week...
	<b>Achievable</b>	...for at least <b>20 2</b> miles...
	<b>Relevant</b>	...so I can <b>finish a marathon...</b>
	<b>Timely</b>	... <b>one day</b> by <b>the end of 2024.</b> "

You want to quit smoking – Define your SMART goals in one sentence.....

**S** **Specific** Make your goal specific and narrow for more effective planning



**M** **Measurable** Make sure your goal and progress are measurable



**A** **Achievable** Make sure you can reasonably accomplish your goal within a certain time frame



**R** **Relevant** Your goal should align with your values and long-term objectives



**T** **Time-based** Set a realistic but ambitious end date to clarify task prioritization and increase motivation



# Project initiation

## Project Viability Analysis PVA

### Motivation

- Assessment / Summary of the complexity of the project
- Structured testing and objectification - comprehensible decision-making in the company
- Avoidance of "projectitis" - clear distinction between routine tasks and projects

### Criterias

- Financial / Market Potential / Technical / Risk / ...

### Result

- Executive Summary for Gatekeepers
- Foundation for Go/No-Go Decision
- **Project Assignment by Gatekeeper**

### Methods

- Teamwork
- Brainstorming
- Criteria catalog
- ...



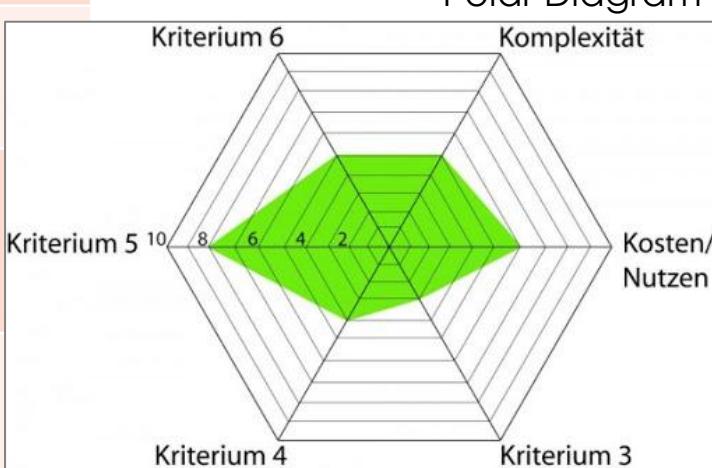
# Project initiation

## Project Viability Analysis PVA

Risk event	Likelihood	Overall impact severity	Financial impact	Calculated risk factor
<b>EXTERNAL THREATS</b>				
Severe weather	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.054
Loss of power	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.245
Fire or flood	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.126
Loss of internet	0.2	0.9	0.9	0.162
Loss of data center	0.3	0.8	0.8	0.192

INTERNAL THREATS				
Loss of staff	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.28
Loss of offices	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.036
Loss of phones	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.147
Loss of website	0.3	0.8	0.8	0.192

Criteria (List not complete, as it is organization-specific...)	Measured variable	Calculated Risk Factor Ratings	0.0 to 0.2	0.2 to 0.4	0.4 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.0	
Questions of principle	Recurring task? One or more tasks / projects? Project feasibility (within the organization)?	Low to minimal business risk indicated	Moderate to high business risk indicated	Serious business risk indicated	Catastrophic business risk indicated	Risk Assessment Table	
Size of the project	Time frame (duration) Resource requirements Budget requirements						
Complexity of the project (content and/or technical)	Number of organizational units involved Number of project environments or suppliers Team size or number of employees						
Strategic importance	Prioritization by the management Order value or calculated profit Future prospects, external impact						
Risk of the project	Number of project environments Monetarily assessed risks for the project Technical development risks Market risks						
...	...						



# Project initiation

## Project Environments

### Stakeholders

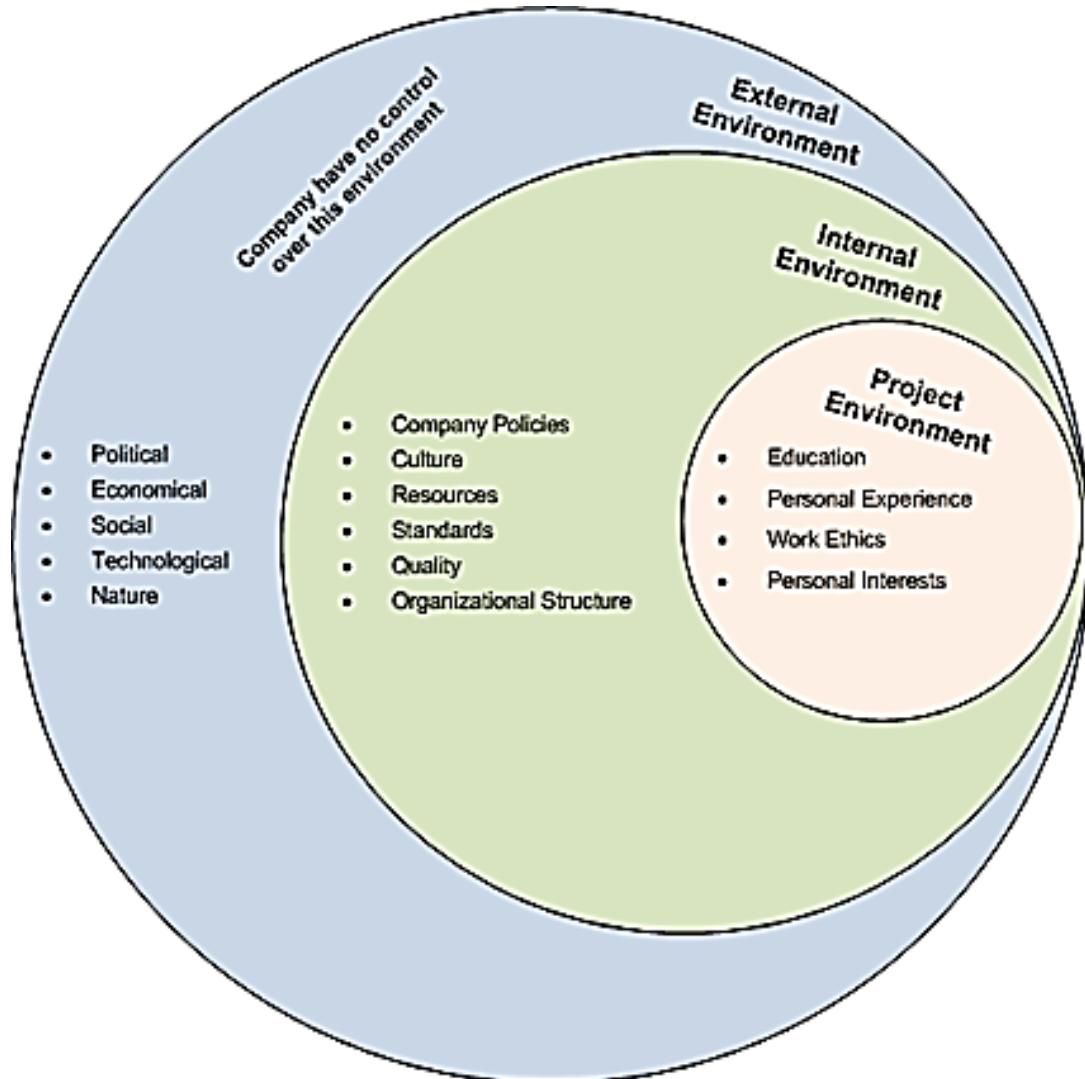
are individuals and organizations who may be positively or negatively affected as a result of the project execution

### Shareholders

have (in-) vested in a project. Their interests are tied to the project's success

### Gatekeepers

review projects progress at each of the decision-points and to make 'Go'/'No-Go' decisions based on the information provided



# Project initiation

## Project Environmental Analysis PEA

... carried out at the beginning of the P-planning phase

... find & evaluate external & internal influencing factors of a project (opportunities & risks)

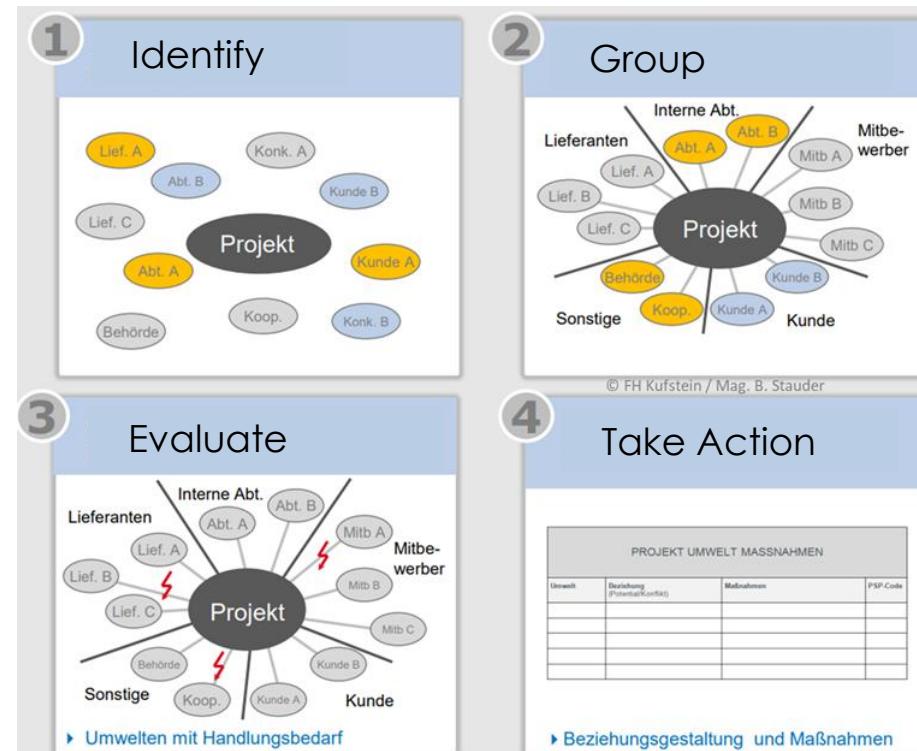
... aim is to increase the acceptance of all environments to ensure the project objectives are achieved

### PEA Procedure

1. Identify int. & ext. environments (stakeholders)
2. Group the environments
3. Evaluate the environments &  
Reduce to the essential ones  
→ **Project environment graphic**
4. Describe relationships and derive measures  
→ **Project environment table**

#### ...possible Measures

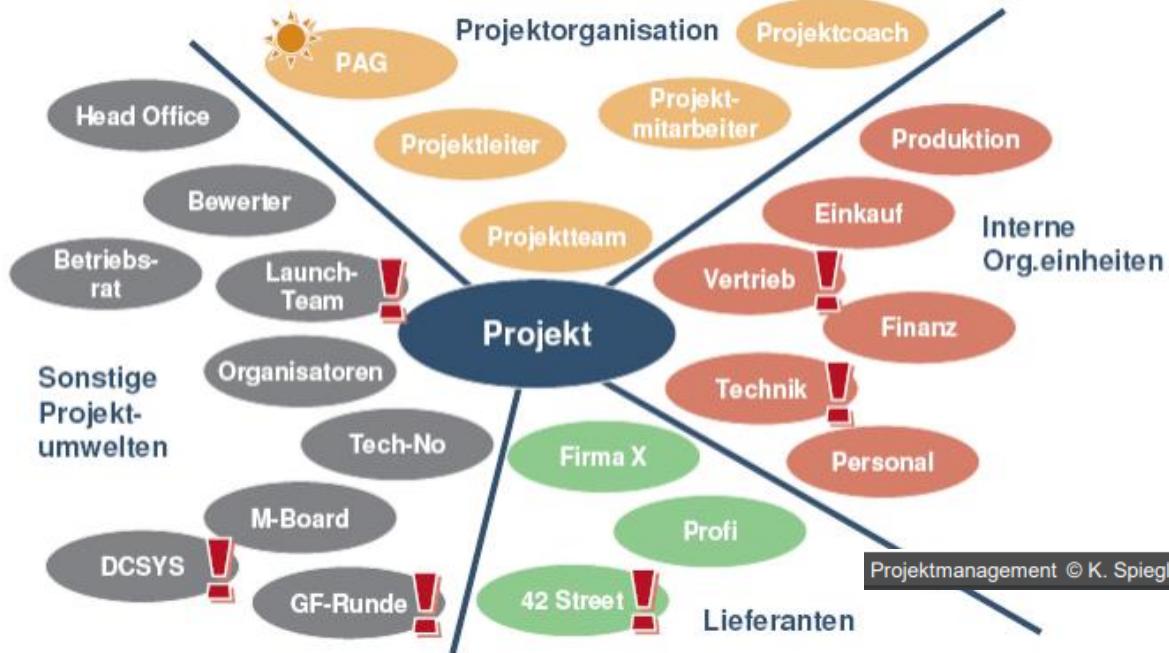
- Strategic P-Marketing
- continuous Observation
- Insurances
- ....what else?



# Project initiation - Project planning

## Project environmental analysis PUA

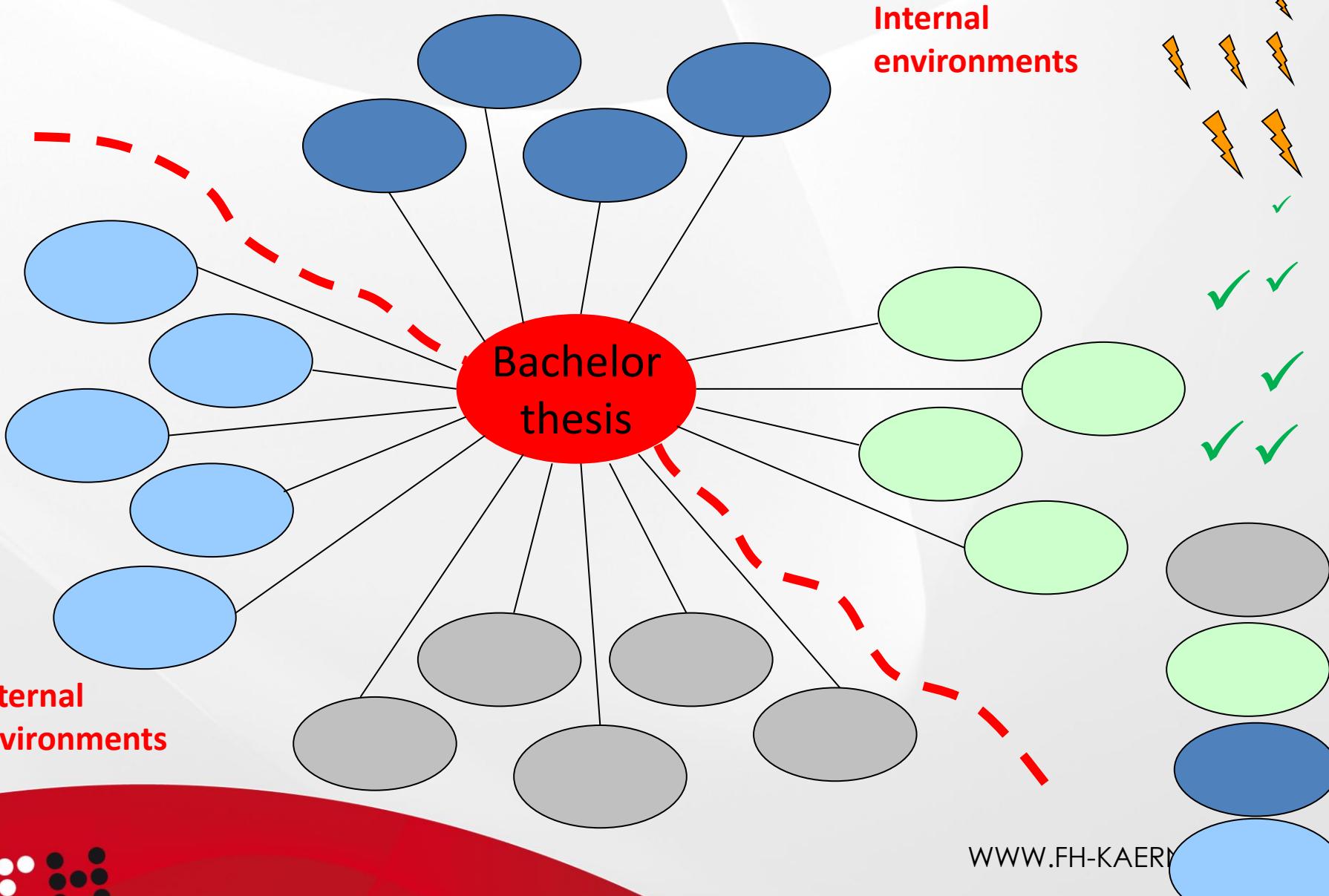
### Project Environment Analysis-Graphic



### Project Environment Analysis-Table

Environment	Relationship (potentials/conflicts)	Measures	Responsibility	Date
Supplier	+ Pos. history - Date at risk - Quality at risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Penalty payment (penalty)</li> <li>Material specification</li> </ul>	xy	dd.mm. yy
Authorities	- Building permit possible - Uncertain legal situation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Submit application</li> <li>Seek expert advice</li> </ul>	xz	dd.mm. yy

# Project initiation - Project planning ...Project Environmental Analysis



We offer three kinds of service:

**GOOD - CHEAP - FAST**

You can pick any two

GOOD service CHEAP won't be FAST

GOOD service FAST won't be CHEAP

FAST service CHEAP won't be GOOD

an old saw

PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Pick two, any two