

ChatGPT ~

Sci-Fi Group Names

Coding Student Illustration Requ

DSA Program Solutions

Previous 7 Days

Pointers in C

Barcode Information Inquiry

Infinita Dagursian Evalanation

 Write a program to create an array of n elements and then display all the elements of the list.

2. Write a program to find the largest number from a given list of integers.

3. Write a program to calculate the roots of the quadratic equation ax2 + bx + c = 0 where a, b and c are known.

- 4. Write a program to create an array of n elements and then separately write the odd and even elements of the list.
- 5. Write a program to create an array of n elements and then insert an element to the list.
- 6. Write a program to create an array of n elements and then delete an element from the list.

7. Write a program to sort n numbers using Bubble Sort algorithm. 8. Write a program to search an element from a list of n numbers using Linear Search algorithm.

Write a program to search an element from a list of n numbers using Binary
 Search algorithm

Search algorithm.

solve with c++ easy way

 $\$ Here are solutions to the listed problems in C- $\$ vith easy-to-understand code and comments for clarity.

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1. Create and Display an Array of Elements

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
   int n;
   cout << "Enter number of elements: ";
   cin >> n;
   int arr[n];

   cout << "Enter elements of the array: " << endl;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      cin >> arr[i];
   }

   cout << "Elements of the array are: ";
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      cout << arr[i] << " ";
   }
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. Find the Largest Number in an Array

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
   int n;
   cout << "Enter number of elements: ";
   cin >> n;
   int arr[n];

   cout << "Enter elements of the array: " << endl;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      cin >> arr[i];
   }

   int largest = arr[0];
   for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
      if (arr[i] > largest) {
            largest = arr[i];
      }
   }

   cout << "The largest number is: " << largest << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

3. Calculate the Roots of a Quadratic Equation

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    double a, b, c;
    cout << "Enter coefficients a, b, and c: ";
    cin >> a >> b >> c;

    double discriminant = b * b - 4 * a * c;

if (discriminant > 0) {
    double root1 = (-b + sqrt(discriminant)) / (2 * a);
    double root2 = (-b - sqrt(discriminant)) / (2 * a);
    cout << "Root a re real and different." << endl;
    cout << "Root 2 = " << root2 << endl;
} else if (discriminant == 0) {
    double root = -b / (2 * a);
    cout << "Root a re real and the same." << endl;
    cout << "Root a re real and the same." << endl;
    cout << "Root a re real and the same." << endl;
    cout << "Root a re complex and different." << endl;
    double realPart = -b / (2 * a);
    double imagPart = sqrt(-discriminant) / (2 * a);
    cout << "Root 1 = " << realPart << " - " << imagPart << "i" << endl;
    cout << "Root 2 = " << realPart << " - " << imagPart << "i" << endl;
}

return 0;
}
```

4. Separate Odd and Even Elements in an Array

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter number of elements: ";
    cin >> n;
    int arr[n];

    cout << "Enter elements of the array: " << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cin >> arr[i];
    }

    cout << "Odd elements: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (arr[i] % 2 != 0) {
            cout << arr[i] << " ";
        }
    }

    cout << "\nEven elements: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {
            cout << arr[i] << " ";
        }
    }

    return 0;
}
```

5. Insert an Element into an Array

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```
cin >> arr[i];
}

cout << "Enter position to insert element (1-based index): ";
cin >> pos;
cout << "Enter element to insert: ";
cin >> elem;

for (int i = n; i >= pos; i--) {
    arr[i] = arr[i - 1];
}
arr[pos - 1] = elem;
n++;

cout << "Array after insertion: ";
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    cout << arr[i] << "";
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

6. Delete an Element from an Array

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7. Bubble Sort Algorithm

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter number of elements: ";
    cin >> n;
    int arr[n];

    cout << "Enter elements of the array: " << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cin >> arr[i];
    }

    for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
        if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
            swap(arr[j], arr[j + 1]);
        }
    }
}

cout << "Sorted array: ";
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << arr[i] << " ";</pre>
```

```
}
return 0;
}
```

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8. Linear Search Algorithm

```
int main() {
   int n, key;
   cout << "Enter number of elements: ";</pre>
   cin >> n;
    int arr[n];
   cout << "Enter elements of the array: " << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       cin >> arr[i];
   cout << "Enter element to search: ";</pre>
   cin >> key;
   bool found = false;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       if (arr[i] == key) {
           cout << "Element found at position: " << i + 1 << endl;
           found = true;
   if (!found) {
       cout << "Element not found." << endl;</pre>
```

9. Binary Search Algorithm (Assuming Sorted Array)

```
Copy code
int main() {
   int n, key;
   int arr[n];
   cout << "Enter elements of the sorted array: " << endl;</pre>
       cin >> arr[i];
   cout << "Enter element to search: ";</pre>
   cin >> key;
    int low = 0, high = n - 1;
    bool found = false;
   while (low <= high) {</pre>
        int mid = low + (high - low) / 2;
       if (arr[mid] == key) {
            cout << "Element found at position: " << mid + 1 << endl;</pre>
            found = true;
        } else if (arr[mid] < key) {</pre>
           high = mid - 1;
    if (!found) {
       cout << "Element not found." << endl;</pre>
```

