

## > Supplementary code for the subsection "In terms of first integrals"

> Again, we consider a differential system with the following right-hand side

```
> eqs := [
    -kn1 * X * T1 - kn2 * X * T2 + kf1 * D1 + kf2 * D2, # X
    -kn1 * X * T1 + kf1 * D1 - kn1 * T1 * D2 + kf1 * Y, # T1
    -kn2 * X * T2 + kf2 * D2 - kn2 * T2 * D1 + kf2 * Y, # T2
    kn1 * X * T1 - kf1 * D1 - kn2 * T2 * D1 + kf2 * Y, # D1
    kn2 * X * T2 - kf2 * D2 - kn1 * T1 * D2 + kf1 * Y, # D2
    kn1 * T1 * D2 + kn2 * T2 * D1 - (kf1 + kf2) * Y # Y
];
eqs := [-kn1 X T1 - kn2 X T2 + kf1 D1 + kf2 D2, -kn1 T1 D2 - kn1 X T1 + kf1 D1 + kf1 Y, (1)
    -kn2 T2 D1 - kn2 X T2 + kf2 D2 + kf2 Y, -kn2 T2 D1 + kn1 X T1 - kf1 D1 + kf2 Y,
    -kn1 T1 D2 + kn2 X T2 - kf2 D2 + kf1 Y, kn1 T1 D2 + kn2 T2 D1 - (kf1 + kf2) Y]
```

> We observe that the system has the following first integrals:

```
> first_int := [
    c1 - Y - T1 - D1,
    c2 - Y - T2 - D2,
    c3 - D1 - D2 - X - Y
];
first_int := [c1 - Y - T1 - D1, c2 - Y - T2 - D2, c3 - D1 - D2 - X - Y] (2)
```

> Our goal is to show that, for every value of  $c_1$ ,  $c_2$ ,  $c_3$ , there is at most one positive steady state, and we will also give expressions for its coordinates.

```
> with(Groebner) :
gb := Basis([op(eqs), op(first_int)], plex(X, Y, D1, D2, T1, T2, c1, c2, c3, kf1, kf2, kn1,
    kn2)) :
```

> Expression for T2:

```
> gb[1];
T2^2 kn2 - T2 c2 kn2 + T2 c3 kn2 + T2 kf2 - c2 kf2 (3)
```

> Since the constant term is negative, the equation has exactly one positive solution. Now for T1:

```
> gb[2];
T1^2 kn1 - T1 c1 kn1 + T1 c3 kn1 + T1 kf1 - c1 kf1 (4)
```

> Again, only one positive solution. For D2:

```
> factor(gb[3]);
(c1^2 kf2 kn1^2 kn2 + c1 c2 kf1 kn1^2 kn2 + c1 c2 kf2 kn1 kn2^2 - c1 c3 kf1 kn1^2 kn2 (5)
    - 2 c1 c3 kf2 kn1^2 kn2 - c1 c3 kf2 kn1 kn2^2 + c2^2 kf1 kn1 kn2^2 - c2 c3 kf1 kn1^2 kn2
```

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2 c_2 c_3 k f_1 k n_1 k n_2^2 - c_2 c_3 k f_2 k n_1 k n_2^2 + c_3^2 k f_1 k n_1^2 k n_2 + c_3^2 k f_1 k n_1 k n_2^2 \\
& + c_3^2 k f_2 k n_1^2 k n_2 + c_3^2 k f_2 k n_1 k n_2^2 + c_1 k f_1 k f_2 k n_1^2 + 2 c_1 k f_1 k f_2 k n_1 k n_2 \\
& + c_1 k f_2^2 k n_1 k n_2 + c_2 k f_1^2 k n_1 k n_2 + 2 c_2 k f_1 k f_2 k n_1 k n_2 + c_2 k f_1 k f_2 k n_2^2 - c_3 k f_1^2 k n_1^2 \\
& - c_3 k f_1^2 k n_1 k n_2 - c_3 k f_1 k f_2 k n_1^2 - 2 c_3 k f_1 k f_2 k n_1 k n_2 - c_3 k f_1 k f_2 k n_2^2 - c_3 k f_2^2 k n_1 k n_2 \\
& - c_3 k f_2^2 k n_2^2 + k f_1^2 k f_2 k n_1 + k f_1^2 k f_2 k n_2 + k f_1 k f_2^2 k n_1 + k f_1 k f_2^2 k n_2) (D_2 c_3 + T_1 T_2 \\
& - T_1 c_2 - T_2 c_1 + T_2 c_3 + c_1 c_2 - c_2 c_3)
\end{aligned}$$

> **The first bracket does not contain the state variables and is nonzero in the generic case. The second bracket yields a linear equation for D2. Now D1:**

> gb[10];

$$D_1 - D_2 + T_1 - T_2 - c_1 + c_2 \quad (6)$$

> **Y:**

> gb[11];

$$-c_2 + Y + T_2 + D_2 \quad (7)$$

> **X:**

> gb[12];

$$X + D_2 - T_1 + c_1 - c_3 \quad (8)$$

>