

Access Modifiers (C# Reference)

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Access modifiers are keywords used to specify the declared accessibility of a member or a type. This section introduces the five access modifiers:

- `public`
- `protected`
- `internal`
- `private`
- `file`

The following seven accessibility levels can be specified using the access modifiers:

- [public](#): Access isn't restricted.
- [protected](#): Access is limited to the containing class or types derived from the containing class.
- [internal](#): Access is limited to the current assembly.
- [protected internal](#): Access is limited to the current assembly or types derived from the containing class.
- [private](#): Access is limited to the containing type.
- [private protected](#): Access is limited to the containing class or types derived from the containing class within the current assembly.
- [file](#): The declared type is only visible in the current source file. File scoped types are generally used for source generators.

This section also introduces the following concepts:

- [Accessibility Levels](#): Using the four access modifiers to declare six levels of accessibility.
- [Accessibility Domain](#): Specifies where, in the program sections, a member can be referenced.
- [Restrictions on Using Accessibility Levels](#): A summary of the restrictions on using declared accessibility levels.

See also

- [Add accessibility modifiers \(style rule IDE0040\)](#)

- [C# Reference](#)
- [C# Programming Guide](#)
- [C# Keywords](#)
- [Access Modifiers](#)
- [Access Keywords](#)
- [Modifiers](#)