Exercises

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1 3.1

Write an entity declaration for a memory circuit whose input and output ports are shown below. Use only the std_logic or std_logic_vector data types.

- addr: 12-bit address input
- wra: 1-bit write-enable control signal
- oen: l-bit output-enable control signal
- bit: bidirectional data bus

1.1 Answer

```
library ieee;
   use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
2
3
   entity MemoryCiruit is
4
   port (
5
6
       addr: in std_logic_vector(11 downto 0);
      wra : in std_logic;
8
       oen : in std_logic;
      bit : inout std_logic_vector(11 downto 0)
9
10);
```

2 3.5

Assume that a is a 10-bit signal with the std_logic_vector(9 downto 0) data type. List the 10 bits assigned to the a signal.

```
(a) a <= (others=>'1');
(b) a <= (1|3|5|7|9=>'1', others=>'0');
(c) a <= (9|7|2=>'1', 6=>'0', 0=>'1', 1|5|8=>'0', 3|4=>'0');
```

2.1 Answer

- (a) "111111111"
- (b) "0101010101"
- (c) "1010000101"

3 3.6

Assume that a and y are 8-bit signals with the std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) data type. If the signals are interpreted as unsigned numbers, the following assignment statement performs a / 8. Explain.

```
y <= "000" & a(7 downto 3);
```

3.1 Answer

Shifting the binary numbers does multiplication or division by 2 depending on the direction of the shift operation. • Left: $number \times 2$ • right: $\frac{number}{2}$

In the question, we've got division so we must do a right shift, but how many shifts are needed? $\log_2 8 = 3$. So we have to do the right shift 3 times.

In shifting the unsigned numbers, we don't care about the last digit because it is not the sign of the number, so we insert zero for each shift.

In the question, we have concatenated 3 zeros with the rest of the number (5 digits that are still present and not thrown away).

4 3.7

Assume the same a and y signals in Problem 3.6. We want to perform a mod 8 and assign the result to y. Rewrite the previous signal assignment statement using only the & operator.

4.1 Answer

Taking number mod 2^n is equivalent to stripping off all but the n lowest-order (right-most) bits of number.

For example

number	number % 4
0000001	0000001
0000010	0000010
00000011	00000011
00000100	00000000
00000101	0000001
00000110	00000010

In order to do it only with concatenation in VHDL, we have to keep 3 bits $(log_2 8 = 3)$ and make the rest bits to be zero.

```
1 y <= "00000" & a(2 downto 0)
```

5 3.8

Assume that the following double-quoted strings are with the std_logic_vector data type. Determine whether the relational operation is syntactically correct. If yes, what is the result (i.e., true or false)?

- (a) "0110" > "1001"
- (b) "0110" > "0001001"
- (c) 2#1010# > "1010"
- (d) 1010 > "1010"

5.1 Answer

- (a) false
- (b) false
- (c) type mismath
- (d) type mismath

6 3.11

Determine whether the following signal assignment is syntactically correct. If not, use the proper conversion function and type casting to correct the problem.

```
library ieee;
2 use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
3 use ieee.numeric_std.all;
 4
 5 signal s1, s2, s3, s4, s5, s6, s7: std_logic_vector(3 downto
  signal u1, u2, u3, u4, u5, u6, u7: unsigned(3 downto 0);
   signal sg: signed(3 downto 0);
9 u1 <= 2#0001#;
10 u2 <= u3 and u4;
11 	 u5 \le s1 + 1;
12 u6 <= u3 + u4 + 3;
13 u7 <= (others=>'1');
14 	ext{ s2} <= 	ext{s3} + 	ext{s4} - 1;
15 s5 <= (others=>'1');
16 s6 <= u3 and u4;
17 sg <= u3 - 1;
18 s7 <= not sg;
```

6.1 Answer

$7 \quad 3.12$

For the following VHDL segment, correct the type mismatch with proper conversion function(s).

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use ieee.numeric_std.all;
...
signal src, dest: std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
signal amount: std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
...
dest <= shift_left(src, amount);</pre>
```

7.1 Answer

8 3.13

For the following VHDL segment, correct the type mismatch with proper conversion function(s).

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use ieee.numeric_std.all;
...
signal src, dest: std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
signal amount: std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
...
dest <= src sll amount;</pre>
```

8.1 Answer

$9 \ \ 3.14$

For the following VHDL segment, correct the type mismatch with proper conversion function(s).

```
1 library ieee;
```

```
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use ieee.std_logic_arith.all;
use ieee.numeric_std.all;
...
signal src, dest: std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
signal amount: std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
...
dest <= src sll amount;</pre>
```