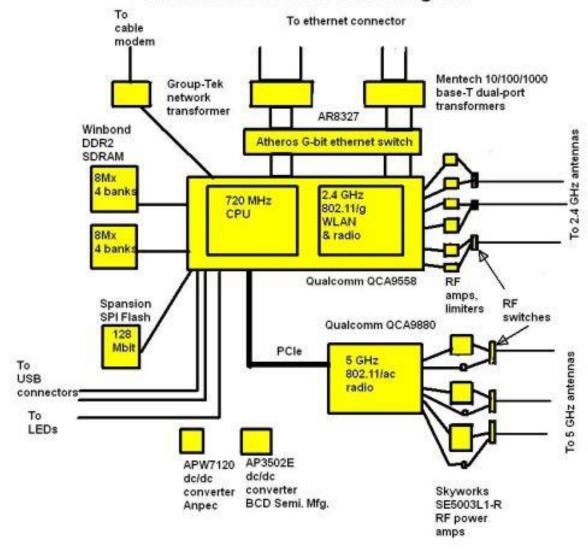
# Group 3

# Report on Wi-Fi MODEM

Model: P-Link Archer C7 wireless router

#### **Internal Architecture:**

# T-Link wireless router block diagram



Architecture of Router

Data Speed: 1300Mbps over 5GHz

450 Mbps over 2.4GHz

# **Chipsets used:**

# 1. QCA9558 System on Chip (SoC):

Function: Handles 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi (802.11n) and baseband Ethernet connections.

**Features:** Integrates radio circuits for the 2.4 GHz band and supports multiple-in-multiple-out (MIMO) antennas.

**Technology:** 802.11n standard, which includes provisions for MIMO antennas, enhancing data throughput and reliability.

# 2. QCA9880 Chip:

Function: Manages 5 GHz Wi-Fi (802.11ac).

**Features:** Sits on a separate mezzanine board along with three RF power amplifiers from Skyworks.

**Technology:** 802.11ac standard, which supports wider channels (80 or 160 MHz), more spatial streams (up to eight), higher-order modulation (up to 256-QAM), and Multi-user MIMO (though not supported in this model).

#### 3. AR8327 Ethernet Switch:

**Function:** A seven-port gigabit Ethernet switch that manages wired connections.

#### **Components used:**

Memory: Two 16-bit DDR2 synchronous DRAM chips from Winbond.

**Transformers:** Base-T dual port transformers from Mentech and a network transformer from Group-Tek.

**Antenna System:** Utilizes fine coax cables for RF signal handling, with a pi network for impedance matching and solid-state switch ICs for switching between transmit and receive modes.

#### **Design Observations**

The 5 GHz chip is placed on a separate mezzanine board, which enable both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz Wi-Fi transmission simultaneously.

The signal-handling path includes fine coax cables soldered directly to the circuit board, with components forming a pi network for impedance matching.

# **Features of QCA9880**

## 1. Wi-Fi Standard Support:

Primarily designed for 802.11ac (Wi-Fi 5) networks

Also supports 802.11a/n standards for backward compatibility

#### 2. Frequency Band:

Operates in the 5 GHz band

Can be configured for 2.4 GHz operation in some implementations

# 3. MIMO Capability:

Supports 3x3 MIMO (Multiple-Input Multiple-Output) technology

Enables up to 3 spatial streams for improved throughput and reliability

#### 4. Channel Bandwidth:

Supports channel widths of 20 MHz, 40 MHz, and 80 MHz

Wider channels allow for higher data rates

#### 5. Maximum Throughput:

Capable of delivering up to 1.3 Gbps in 5 GHz mode with 80 MHz channels

#### 6. Modulation Scheme:

Supports up to 256-QAM (Quadrature Amplitude Modulation)

Higher order modulation allows for more data to be transmitted per symbol

## 7. **Power Output**:

Capable of up to 21 dBm output power per chain in 5 GHz mode

Up to 20 dBm per chain in 2.4 GHz mode

#### 8. Interface:

Uses PCIe 1.1 interface for connection to the host system

#### **Functionalities in the Modem/Router**

# 1. High-Speed Wireless Connectivity:

Provides the core functionality for high-speed Wi-Fi in the 5 GHz band that enables fast data transfer.

#### 2. Signal Processing:

Handles complex signal processing tasks required for 802.11ac communication and manages encoding/decoding of data streams, modulation/demodulation, and error correction

## 3. MIMO Operations:

Coordinates multiple antenna operations to improve signal quality and data throughput

Implements spatial multiplexing and beamforming techniques

# 4. Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS):

Supports DFS to avoid interference with radar systems in certain 5 GHz channels

## 5. Power Management:

Implements power-saving features to optimize energy consumption

# 6. **Dual-Band Flexibility**:

In some implementations, can be configured for either 5 GHz or 2.4 GHz operation, providing flexibility in network design

# 7. Integration with Router SoC:

Works in conjunction with the main router System-on-Chip (like QCA9558) to provide comprehensive wireless networking capabilities

## 8. Advanced Wi-Fi Features:

Supports features like MU-MIMO (Multi-User MIMO) for efficient handling of multiple client devices simultaneously