# Sprints:

Sprints	Features
1	1.Set up JavaFx project/library & structure with M-V-C architecture.  2. Model
	<ul> <li>GameBoard Class:</li> <li>Complete BlackBoxBoard class (implements main game stage hexagon).</li> <li>Complete Hex class for individual hex cells.</li> <li>Atom Placement:</li> <li>Implement Atom class.</li> <li>Add method in Gameboard to place atoms at random positions.</li> </ul>
	Something     Something
	Implement an extremely basic text representation of the output of the model classes in the console, printing out the result for testing purposes.
	<ul> <li>5.Visibility:</li> <li>Develop functionality to show or hide atoms and the area of influences</li> <li>Unit tests</li> </ul>
2	1. Model
	<ul> <li>Ray class</li> <li>Implement Ray class to calculate and store - entry point and path.</li> <li>Ray Absorption</li> <li>Add to Ray class direct hits and mark them as absorbed.</li> </ul>
	2. Controller     - Implement controller classes that handle the inputs and outputs of the model classes above.     - Implement controller classes to handle View classes.  3. View
	Begin a basic implementation of the main gameboard UI in JavaFX (GameBoardView class).  Include grid & atoms.
3	Unit testing in each layer.  1 Model
3	<ul> <li>1. Model</li> <li>Ray Deflection:</li> <li>Update Ray class to deal with 60 degree deflections near atoms.</li> <li>120 degree deflection as well when the ray passes two atoms.</li> </ul>

- Ray Reflection:
- Logic for ray reflecting off atoms located at the edge of the board.
- Complex Path
- Calculate other complex ray paths.
- GameState class
  - Implement GameState to keep track of current state of game (scores, no. of rays used, game status).

## 2. Controller

- Implement controller classes that handle the inputs and outputs of the Ray class & GameState class.
- Implement controller classes to handle the View classes.

#### 3. View

Continue the basic implementation of the main gameboard UI in JavaFX (GameBoardView class).

- Should now include rays in the grid.
- Unit testing in each layer.

## 4 <u>1. Model</u>

- Functionality for experimenters to announce their guesses and reveal atom locations.
- Implement Player class.
- Implement classes for the start screen, game over screen and any dialog boxes.
- Implement additional features such as usernames.

### 2. Controller

- Implement controller classes that handle any new interactions.
- Implement controller classes to handle the View classes.

#### 3. View

Completely implement the View layer.

• Implement additional features according to wireframe (coin toss, customisations etc).

## 4. Documentation

- Ensure correct and structured documentation.
- Unit testing in each layer.