HTML THEORY

Ques 1) Are the HTML tags and elements the same thing?

Ans 1) HTML tags are used to hold the HTML element which content almost similar to each other.

Ques 2) What are tags and attributes in HTML?

Ans 2) Tags:

A element which is written in angle bracket is called a tag.

Attributes:

- ➤ It describes the characteristics of an HTML element placed inside the elements such as opening & closing tags.
- Ques 3) What are void elements in HTML? With Example.
- Ans 3) An element which are only self-closing without any content. For Example,
 - > **<br**> Tag
 - > <Input>

Ques 4) What are HTML Entities? With Example.

Ans 4) It content some special symbol apart from keyboard. For Example,

- > <P> & copy </P>
- > <P> & Trade </P>
- > <P> & Alpha </P>
- > <P> & Reg </P>

- Ques 5) What are different types of lists in HTML? With Example.
- Ans 5) There are three types of lists in HTML such as:
 - 1) Unorder list: It can be used for anything that does not require order for context.

2) ordered list: It can be used for anything that required order for context.

3) Description list: It describe the description of the particular things.

Ques 6) What is the 'class' attribute in HTML? With Example.

Ans 6) The class attribute specifies one or more classnames for an element.

For example : class = "class".

Ques 7) What is the difference between the 'id' attribute and the 'class' attribute of HTML elements? With Example.

Ans 7)

ID Attributes	CLASS Attributes
The ID attribute specifies a unique id	The HTML class attribute is used to
for an HTML element.	specify a class for an HTML element.
The ID attribute is used to point to a	The class attribute is often used to
specific style declaration in a style	point to a class name in a style sheet.
sheet.	
In the following example we have	In the following example we have
an <h1></h1> element that points to the id	three <div></div> elements with
name "myHeader".	a class attribute with the value of
	"city".

Ques 8) What are the various formatting tags in HTML?

Ans 8) Formatting elements were designed to display special types of Tag:

- **** Bold Tag
- **** Important Tag
- **<i>** Italic Tag
- **** Emphasized Tag
- **<mark>** Marked Tag
- **<strike>** strike Tag
- <small> Smaller Tag
- Deleted Tag
- <ins> Inserted Tag
- **<sub>** Subscript Tag
- **<sup> -** Superscript Tag

Ques 9) How is Cell Padding different from Cell Spacing? With Example.

Ans 9) Cellpadding basically defines the space present between a table cell's border and the content present in it & Cellspacing is basically defines the space present between individual cells.

Ques 10) How can we club two or more rows or columns into a single row or column in an HTML table? With Example.

Ans 10) It can be done by using the rowspan and colspan attribute in HTML. The rowspan is used to merge or combine the number of cells in a row whereas the colspan is used to merge column cells in a table.

Ques 11) What is the difference between a block-level element and an inline element?

Ans 11)

Block Level Element	Inline Element
A block-level element always starts on	An inline element does not start on a
a new line, and the browsers	new line.
automatically add some space before	
and after the element.	
A block-level element always takes up	An inline element only takes up as
the full width.	much width as necessary.
Two commonly used block elements	This is a element inside a
are: and <div>.</div>	paragraph.

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Ques 12) How to create a Hyperlink in HTML? With Example.

Ans 12) The HTML <a> tag defines a hyperlink. It has the following syntax:

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<a href="url">link text</a>
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Ques 13) What is the use of an iframe tag? With Example.

Ans 13)The iframe HTML tag is used to specify the URL of the document to be embedded. It is a replacement of <frame> and <frameset> tag.

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For example: <iframe src="01_marquee.html" width="400" height="300">
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Ques 14) What is the use of a span tag? Explain with example?

Ans 14) The span tag is a generic inline container element. You use this element to wrap sections of text for styling purposes or to add attributes to a section of text without creating a new line of content.

Ques 15) How to insert a picture into a background image of a web page? With Example.

Ans 15) We can use the <u>background attribute</u> in the <u>body tag</u> to set an image as the background of the webpage. We will need to specify the URL or the location of the image which we want to set to the background attribute of the body tag.

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Ques 16) How are active links different from normal links?

Ans 16) Active links are typically links that are currently functional and lead to live web pages, while normal links can refer to any link, whether functional or broken.

Ques 17) What are the different tags to separate sections of text?

Ans 17) The different tags such as:

- ➤

tag It is used to separate the line of text. It breaks the current line and shifts the flow of the text to a new line.
- > tag-This tag is used to write a paragraph of text.
- > <blockquote> tag-This tag is used to define large quoted sections.

Ques 18) What is SVG?

Ans 18) SVG stands for Scalable Vector Graphics

- SVG is used to define vector-based graphics for the Web
- SVG defines the graphics in XML format
- Every element and every attribute in SVG files can be animated.

Ques 19) What is difference between HTML and XHTML?

Ans 19)

HTML	XHTML
HTML stands for Hypertext Markup	XHTML stands for Extensible
Language	Hypertext Markup Language.
HTML is SGML based language.	XHTML is an XML-based language.
It is used to create webs and android	It is also used to create web and
applications.	android applications in strict manner.

Ques 20) What are logical and physical tags in HTML?

Ans 20) Logical Tags are used in HTML to display the text according to the logical styles.

Logical tags

For examples,

Tag	Description
<address></address>	Defines an address element
<cite></cite>	Defines citation
<code></code>	Defines computer code text
<blooked< th=""><th>Defines a long quotation</th></blooked<>	Defines a long quotation

Physical Tags

Physical Tags are used in HTML to provide actual physical formatting to the text.

For example,

Tag	Description
	Defines bold text
 dig>	Defines big text
<i>></i>	Defines italic text
<small></small>	Defines small text