OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB

PRACTICAL 6(PART 2)

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BATCH: A4

<u>Aim</u>: Develop an application for Inter-Process Communication using pipes.

Program-1:

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MSG LEN 64
int main(){
   int result;
   int fd[2];
   char *message="Linux World!!!";
   char recvd_msg[MSG_LEN];
   result = pipe (fd); //Creating a pipe fd[0] is for reading and fd[1] is for writing
   if (result < 0) {
     perror("pipe ");
     exit(1);
   }
   //writing the message into the pipe
   result=write(fd[1],message,strlen(message));
   if (result < 0) {
     perror("write");
     exit(2);
```

```
}
   //Reading the message from the pipe
   result=read (fd[0],recvd_msg,MSG_LEN);
   if (result < 0) {
     perror("read");
     exit(3);
   }
   printf("%s\n",recvd_msg);
   return 0;
prcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gedit prac6_1.c
 rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gcc prac6 1.c
 rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
 Linux World!!!
 rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
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```

Program 3: Write a C program in Linux to generate Fibonacci series in child process and pass numbers to parent process using pipe and parent process should separate the odd and even numbers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int fibonacci(int n) {
  if (n == 0)
     return 0;
  else if (n == 1)
     return 1;
  else
     return fibonacci(n - 1) + fibonacci(n - 2);
}
void generateFibonacci(int n, int pipefd[2]) {
  int fib;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     fib = fibonacci(i);
     write(pipefd[1], &fib, sizeof(int));
  close(pipefd[1]);
}
```

```
void separateOddEven(int pipefd[2]) {
  int number;
  int fibonacciNumbers[10];
  int count = 0;
  while (read(pipefd[0], &number, sizeof(int)) > 0) {
    fibonacciNumbers[count] = number;
    count++;
  close(pipefd[0]);
  printf("Even numbers: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    if (fibonacciNumbers[i] % 2 == 0) {
       printf("%d ", fibonacciNumbers[i]);
    }
  printf("\n");
  printf("Odd numbers: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    if (fibonacciNumbers[i] % 2 != 0) {
      printf("%d ", fibonacciNumbers[i]);
    }
  }
  printf("\n");
int main() {
  int pipefd[2];
  if (pipe(pipefd) == -1) {
    perror("Pipe creation failed");
    return 1;
  }
  if (fork() == 0) {
    // Child process
    close(pipefd[0]);
    generateFibonacci(10, pipefd);
  } else {
    // Parent process
    close(pipefd[1]);
    separateOddEven(pipefd);
  }
  return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gcc fibo.c
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
Even numbers: 0 2 8 34
Odd numbers: 1 1 3 5 13 21
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
```

Program 4: CREATION OF A ONEWAY PIPE BETWEEN TWO PROCESS */ PROGRAM

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
main()
int pipefd[2],n,pid;
char buff[100];
pipe(pipefd);
printf("\n readfd=%d",pipefd[0]);
printf("\n writefd=%d",pipefd[1]);
pid=fork();
if(pid==0)
close(pipefd[0]);
printf("\n CHILD PROCESS SENDING DATA\n");
write(pipefd[1],"hello world",12);
}
else
{
close(pipefd[1]);
printf("PARENT PROCESS RECEIVES DATA\n");
n=read(pipefd[0],buff,sizeof(buff));
printf("\n size of data%d",n);
printf("\n data received from child throughpipe:%s\n",buff);
}
}
```

```
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out

readfd=3
writefd=4PARENT PROCESS RECEIVES DATA
writefd=4
CHILD PROCESS SENDING DATA

size of data12
data received from child throughpipe:hello world
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
```

Program 5: /*CREATION OF A TWOWAY PIPE BETWEEN TWO PROCESS*/ PROGRAM

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
main()
int p1[2],p2[2],n,pid;
char buf1[25],buf2[25];
pipe(p1);
pipe(p2);
printf("\n readfds=%d %d\n",p1[0],p2[0]);
printf("\n writefds=\%d \%d\n",p1[1],p2[1]);
pid=fork();
if(pid==0)
close(p1[0]);
printf("\n CHILD PROCESS SENDING DATA\n");
write(p1[1],"where is GEC",25);
close(p2[1]);
read(p2[0],buf1,25);
printf(" reply from parent:%s\n",buf1);
sleep(2);
}
else
close(p1[1]);
printf("\n parent process receiving data\n");
n=read(p1[0],buf2,sizeof(buf2));
printf("\n data received from child through pipe:%s\n",buf2);
sleep(3);
close(p2[0]);
write(p2[1]," in gudlavalleru",25);
printf("\n reply send\n");
}
}
```

```
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
readfds=3 5
writefds=4 6
parent process receiving data
CHILD PROCESS SENDING DATA
data received from child through pipe:where is GEC
reply send
reply from parent: in gudlavalleru
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
```

Program-6:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<string.h>
main()
int p1[2],p2[2],p3[2],p4[2];
int i,j=0,k=0,l=0;
char r[10],s[10],t[10],u[10];
printf("\t PROCESS 1.ENTER THE STRING");
scanf("%s",r);
pipe(p1);
pipe(p2);
write(p1[1],r,sizeof(r));
write(p2[1],r,sizeof(r));
int a=fork();
if(a==0)
{
 printf("\n\t PROCESS 2:it splits the given string\n");
read(p1[0],r,sizeof(r));
int n=strlen(r);
 for(i=0;i<n/2;i++)
 {
  s[i]=r[i];
 for(i=n/2;i <= n;i++)
 t[j++]=r[i];
 pipe(p3);
 pipe(p4);
 write(p3[1],s,sizeof(s));
```

```
write(p4[1],t,sizeof(t));
 int b=fork();
 if(b==0)
 {
 printf("p4 %d\t",getpid());
 printf("p2 %d\n",getppid());
 read(p3[0],s,sizeof(s));
 printf("\t PROCESS 4:sub string \t %s \t",s);
 printf("no of char=%d \n",strlen(s));
 }
 else
  int c=fork();
  if(c==0)
 printf("p5 %d\t",getpid());
 printf("p2 %d\n",getppid());
 read(p4[0],t,sizeof(t));
  printf("\t PROCESS 5:sub string \t %s \t",t);
 printf("no of char=%d \n",strlen(t));
 }
 else
  wait();
  printf("p2 %d\t",getpid());
  printf("p1 %d\n",getppid());
 } }}
else
{
 wait();
 int d=fork();
 if(d==0)
   printf("p3 %d\t",getpid());
   printf("p1 %d\n",getppid());
   read(p2[0],r,sizeof(r));
   for(i=strlen(r)-1;i>=0;i--)
    u[l++]=r[i];
   for(i=0;i<strlen(r);i++)</pre>
    if(u[i]==r[i])
    k++;
    else
    continue;
   if(k==strlen(r))
   printf("\t PROCESS 3: the given string is palindrome\n");
   printf("\t PROCESS 3: the given string is not palindrome\n");
```

```
}
else
{
  printf("p1 %d\t",getpid());
  printf("kernal %d\t\n",getppid());
}
```

```
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69 vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
         PROCESS 1.ENTER THE STRINGVedant
         PROCESS 2:it splits the given string
p4 5003 p2 5002
         PROCESS 4:sub string
                                        no of char=3
                                 ved
p5 5004 p2 5002
         PROCESS 5:sub string
                                 ant
                                        no of char=3
p2 5002 p1 5001
p1 5001 kernal 3199
p3 5005 p1 5001
         PROCESS 3: the given string is not palindrome
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
```

Program- 7:

Write a C program to implement the following game. The parent program P first creates two pipes, and then spawns two child processes C and D. One of the two pipes is meant for communications between P and C, and the other for communications between P and D. Now, a loop runs as follows. In each iteration (also called round), P first randomly chooses one of the two ags: MIN and MAX (the choice randomly varies from one iteration to another). Each of the two child processes C and D generates a random positive integer and sends that to P via its pipe. P reads the two integers; let these be c and d. If P has chosen MIN, then the child who sent the smaller of c and d gets one point. If P has chosen MAX, then the sender of the larger of c and d gets one point. If c = d, then this round is ignored. The child process who first obtains ten points wins the game. When the game ends, P sends a userdefined signal to both C and D, and the child processes exit after handling the signal (in order to know who was the winner). After C and D exit, the parent process P exits. During each iteration of the game, P should print appropriate messages (like P's choice of the ag, the integers received from C and D, which child gets the point, the current scores of C and D) in order to

let the user know how the game is going on. Name your program childsgame.c.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define BUFSIZE 20
#define WINNING_CONDITION 10
static int stop = 0;
// Custom signal handler to handle the termination of game
void end_process(int sig) {
 if (sig == SIGUSR1) {
  stop = 1;
 else if (sig == SIGUSR2) {
  stop = 2;
 }
}
int main() {
 pid_t pid1, pid2;
 // Create the pipe descriptors
 int fd1[2], fd2[2];
 pipe(fd1);
 pipe(fd2);
 // Assign the custom signal handler to SIGUSR1 signal
 signal(SIGUSR1, end_process);
 signal(SIGUSR2, end_process);
 if ((pid1 = fork()) == 0) {
  // Child 1
  srand((unsigned int)time(NULL) ^ getpid());
  close(fd1[0]); // Close the read end as the child will not read
  // Generate a random number and place it on the pipe
  while(!stop) {
   int n = rand() \% 100;
   char line[BUFSIZE];
   sprintf(line, "%d", n);
   write(fd1[1], line, BUFSIZE);
  // Handle the exit of the child process by displaying proper message
```

```
if (stop == 1) {
  printf("C: I am the winner\n");
 else if (stop == 2) {
  printf("C: D is the winner\n");
 printf("Exiting from child C\n\n");
} else {
 if ((pid2 = fork()) == 0) {
  // Child 2
  srand((unsigned int)time(NULL) ^ getpid());
  close(fd2[0]); // Close the read end as the child will not read
  // Generate a random number and place it on the pipe
  while(!stop) {
   int n = rand() \% 100;
   char line[BUFSIZE];
   sprintf(line, "%d", n);
   write(fd2[1], line, BUFSIZE);
  }
  // Handle the exit of the child process by displaying proper message
  if (stop == 1) {
   printf("D: C is the winner\n");
  } else if (stop == 2) {
   printf("D: I am the winner\n");
  printf("Exiting from child D\n\n");
 } else {
  // Parent
  close(fd1[1]);
  close(fd2[1]); // Close the write ends as the parent will not read
  srand((unsigned int)time(NULL) ^ getpid());
  int round = 1;
  int score1 = 0, score2 = 0;
  char line[BUFSIZE];
  char winner;
  int num1, num2, choice;
  while (1) {
   printf("Round number: %d\n", round++);
   choice = rand() % 2; // P chooses a flag: 0 for MAX and 1 for MIN
   // Read and print the first integer from the pipe
   read(fd1[0], line, BUFSIZE);
   sscanf(line, "%d", &num1);
   printf("Integer received from C: %d\n", num1);
```

```
// Read and print the second integer from the pipe
   read(fd2[0], line, BUFSIZE);
   sscanf(line, "%d", &num2);
   printf("Integer received from D: %d\n", num2);
   // Choose the winner for the round and add to its point
   if (choice) {
    printf("P's choice of flag: MIN\n");
   } else {
    printf("P's choice of flag: MAX\n");
   if (num1 == num2)
    printf("This round is a tie!\n");
   else if ((num1 < num2 && choice) || (num1 > num2 && !choice)) {
    printf("C gets the point\n");
    score1++;
   } else {
    printf("D gets the point\n");
    score2++;
   printf("Updated scores: C = %d, D = %d\n\n", score1, score2);
   // Break when score of any child becomes 10
   if (score1 == WINNING_CONDITION | | score2 == WINNING_CONDITION)
    break;
  }
  // Send appropriate singal to the children to let them know who the winner was
  if (score1 > score2) {
   kill(pid1, SIGUSR1);
   kill(pid2, SIGUSR1);
  } else {
   kill(pid1, SIGUSR2);
   kill(pid2, SIGUSR2);
  }
  // Wait for the children to terminate and then terminate the parent
  waitpid(pid1, &num1, 0);
  waitpid(pid2, &num2, 0);
  printf("Exiting from parent P\n");
 }
return 0;
```

```
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:-$ mkdir A69_vedantbhutada
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~$ cd A69_vedantbhutada
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gedit game.c
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gcc game.c
game.c: In function 'main':
game.c:137:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'waitpid' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
  137
             waitpid(pid1, &num1, 0);
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
Round number: 1
Integer received from C: 90
Integer received from D: 50
P's choice of flag: MAX
C gets the point
Updated scores: C = 1, D = 0
Round number: 2
Integer received from C: 26
Integer received from D: 34
P's choice of flag: MAX
D gets the point
Updated scores: C = 1, D = 1
Round number: 3
Integer received from C: 79
Integer received from D: 59
P's choice of flag: MAX
C gets the point
Updated scores: C = 2, D = 1
Round number: 4
Integer received from C: 14
Integer received from D: 0
P's choice of flag: MIN
D gets the point
Updated scores: C = 2, D = 2
Round number: 5
Integer received from C: 45
Integer received from D: 61
P's choice of flag: MAX
D gets the point
Updated scores: C = 2, D = 3
```

```
Round number: 12
Integer received from C: 3
Integer received from D: 90
P's choice of flag: MAX
D gets the point
Updated scores: C = 4, D = 8
Round number: 13
Integer received from C: 20
Integer received from D: 70
P's choice of flag: MIN
C gets the point
Updated scores: C = 5, D = 8
Round number: 14
Integer received from C: 5
Integer received from D: 50
P's choice of flag: MIN
C gets the point
Updated scores: C = 6, D = 8
Round number: 15
Integer received from C: 1
Integer received from D: 37
P's choice of flag: MAX
D gets the point
Updated scores: C = 6, D = 9
Round number: 16
Integer received from C: 2
Integer received from D: 4
P's choice of flag: MAX
D gets the point
Updated scores: C = 6, D = 10
C: D is the winner
D: I am the winner
Exiting from child C
Exiting from child D
Exiting from parent P
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H510:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
```

<u>Result:</u> Linux C programs **for Inter-Process Communication using pipes** has been implemented.