OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB PRACTICAL 6

NAME: VEDANT BHUTADA
ROLL: 69
BATCH: A4
AIM: Implement a C program to demonstrate the concept of Shared Memory
CODE:
1) shared memory basic program to find the total of n numbers.
#include <stdio.h></stdio.h>
#include <string.h></string.h>
#include <fcntl.h></fcntl.h>
#include <sys types.h=""></sys>
#include <sys stat.h=""></sys>
#include <sys shm.h=""></sys>
#define buf_size 100
int a[]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20};
main(void)
{
l
pid_t pid;
int i;

int *total;

char b[buf_size];

```
//get the segment//
int segment_id=shmget(IPC_PRIVATE,2,S_IRUSR|S_IWUSR);
//attach the segment with variable to be used by process
total=(int*)shmat(segment_id,NULL,0);
*total=0;
//creat new child//
pid=fork();
if(pid==0)
{
for(i=10;i<20;i++)
*total= *total + a[i];
sprintf(b, "\n child total=%d \n\n", *total);
write(1,b,strlen(b));
}
else
{
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
*total= *total + a[i];
sprintf(b,"\n parent total=%d \n\n",*total);
write(1,b,strlen(b));
pid=wait(NULL);
if(pid!=-1)
printf("\n total of all numbers== %d\n\n",*total);
shmdt(total);
shmctl(segment_id, IPC_RMID, NULL);
```

}}

```
| Activation | Commence | Commenc
```

2) To find the maximum and minimum element in an array using shared memory.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>

#define SHM_SIZE 100

void findMinMax(int* array, int size, int* min, int* max) {
   *min = array[0];
   *max = array[0];

for (int i = 1; i < size; i++) {
   if (array[i] < *min) {
     *min = array[i];
}</pre>
```

```
}
    if (array[i] > *max) {
      *max = array[i];
    }
  }
}
int main() {
  int array[] = {4, 2, 9, 1, 7, 5};
  int size = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
  // Create shm
  key_t key = IPC_PRIVATE;
  int shm_id = shmget(key, SHM_SIZE, IPC_CREAT | 0666);
  if (shm_id < 0) {
    perror("shmget");
    exit(1);
  }
  // Attach the shm to the process
  int* shm_ptr = (int*)shmat(shm_id, NULL, 0);
  if (shm_ptr == (int*)-1) {
    perror("shmat");
    exit(1);
  }
  // Copying the array to shared memory
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
```

```
shm_ptr[i] = array[i];
}
// Fork a child process
pid_t pid = fork();
if (pid < 0) {
  perror("fork");
  exit(1);
}
if (pid == 0) {
  // Child process
  int min, max;
  findMinMax(shm_ptr, size, &min, &max);
  printf("Child process:\n");
  printf("Minimum element: %d\n", min);
  printf("Maximum element: %d\n", max);
  // Detach the shm
  shmdt(shm_ptr);
  exit(0);
} else {
  // Parent process
  wait(NULL);
  // Detach and remove the shm
  shmdt(shm_ptr);
  shmctl(shm_id, IPC_RMID, NULL);
}
```

```
return 0;
```

3) Example two processes comunicating via shared memory: shm_server.c, shm_client.c

Server.c

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define SHMSZ 27

main()
{
   char c;
   int shmid;
   key_t key;
   char *shm, *s;

/*
```

```
* We'll name our shared memory segment
* "5678".
*/
key = 5678;
/*
* Create the segment.
*/
if ((shmid = shmget(key, SHMSZ, IPC_CREAT | 0666)) < 0) {
  perror("shmget");
  exit(1);
}
/*
* Now we attach the segment to our data space.
*/
if ((shm = shmat(shmid, NULL, 0)) == (char *) -1) {
  perror("shmat");
  exit(1);
}
/*
* Now put some things into the memory for the
* other process to read.
*/
s = shm;
for (c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++)
  *s++ = c;
*s = NULL;
```

```
/*
  * Finally, we wait until the other process
  * changes the first character of our memory
  * to '*', indicating that it has read what
  * we put there.
  */
  while (*shm != '*')
    sleep(1);
printf("End of program\n");
  exit(0);
}
Client.c
/*
* shm-client - client program to demonstrate shared memory.
*/
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define SHMSZ 27
main()
{
  int shmid;
  key_t key;
  char *shm, *s;
  /*
  * We need to get the segment named
```

```
* "5678", created by the server.
*/
key = 5678;
/*
* Locate the segment.
*/
if ((shmid = shmget(key, SHMSZ, 0666)) < 0) {
  perror("shmget");
  exit(1);
}
/*
* Now we attach the segment to our data space.
*/
if ((shm = shmat(shmid, NULL, 0)) == (char *) -1) {
  perror("shmat");
  exit(1);
}
/*
* Now read what the server put in the memory.
*/
for (s = shm; *s != NULL; s++)
  putchar(*s);
putchar('\n');
/*
* Finally, change the first character of the
* segment to '*', indicating we have read
* the segment.
```

```
*/
   *shm = '*':
   exit(0);
}
                      rning: return type deraults to 'int' [-wimplicit-int]
shm_server.c: In function 'main':
26 |
shm_server.c:26:9: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'exit'
shm_server.c:5:1: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provide a declaration of 'exit'
4 | #include <stdlib.h>
+++ |+#include <stdlib.h>
shm_server.c:34:9: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'exit'
34 | exit(1);
shm_server.c:34:9: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provide a declaration of 'exit'
shm_server.c:45:8: warning: assignment to 'char' from 'void *' makes integer from pointer without a cast [-Wint-conversion]
shm_server.c:54:9: warning: implicit declaration of function 'sleep' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
54 | sleep(1);
shm_server.c:56:5: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'exit'
    56 |
shm_server.c:56:5: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provide a declaration of 'exit'
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:-/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
 rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
                -Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gcc shm_client.c
  shm_client.c:11:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
      \overline{11} | main()
  shm_client.c: In function 'main':
  shm_client.c:28:9: warning: implicit declaration of function 'exit' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
     28 I
                     exit(1);
 shm_client.c:28:9: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'exit'
shm_client.c:8:1: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provide a declaration of 'exit'
       7 | #include <stdio.h>
    +++ |+#include <stdlib.h>
  shm_client.c:36:9: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'exit'
                     exit(1);
 shm_client.c:36:9: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provide a declaration of 'exit'
shm_client.c:42:22: warning: comparison between pointer and integer
                 for (s = shm; *s != NULL; s++)
  shm_client.c:53:5: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'exit'
     53
  shm_client.c:53:5: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provide a declaration of 'exit'
          rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
  abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
  rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69 vedantbhutada$
```

4) Write a C program that illustrates 2 processes communicating using shared memory.

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#define SHM_SIZE 1024
int main() {
  int shmid;
  key_t key;
  char *shm, *s;
  // Generate a unique key for shared memory
  key = ftok(".", 'S');
  if (key == -1) {
    perror("ftok");
    exit(1);
  }
  // Create shared memory segment
  shmid = shmget(key, SHM_SIZE, IPC_CREAT | 0666);
  if (shmid == -1) {
    perror("shmget");
    exit(1);
  }
  // Attach the shared memory segment
  shm = shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
  if (shm == (char *) -1) {
    perror("shmat");
    exit(1);
```

```
}
// Fork a child process
pid_t pid = fork();
if (pid < 0) {
  perror("fork");
  exit(1);
}
if (pid == 0) {
  // Child process
  printf("Child process writing to shared memory...\n");
  s = shm;
  *s = 'H'; // Write a character to shared memory
  s++; // Move to the next position
  *s = 'i'; // Write another character to shared memory
  S++;
  *s = '\0'; // Terminate the string in shared memory
  exit(0);
} else {
  // Parent process
  wait(NULL); // Wait for child process to complete
  printf("Parent process reading from shared memory: %s\n", shm);
}
// Detach and remove shared memory segment
if (shmdt(shm) == -1) {
  perror("shmdt");
  exit(1);
}
if (shmctl(shmid, IPC_RMID, 0) == -1) {
```

```
perror("shmctl");
exit(1);
}

return 0;
}

rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gedit prac6_4.c
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gcc prac6_4.c
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
Child process writing to shared memory...
Parent process reading from shared memory: Hi
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
```

5) SHARING MEMORY BETWEEN PROCESSES

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>

main()
{
    int shmid, status;
    int *a, *b;
    int i;

    shmid = shmget(IPC_PRIVATE, 2*sizeof(int), 0777 | IPC_CREAT);

    if (fork() == 0) {
        /* Child Process */
        b = (int *) shmat(shmid, 0, 0);
    }
}
```

```
for( i=0; i< 10; i++) {
                         sleep(1);
                         printf("\t\t Child reads: %d,%d\n",b[0],b[1]);
                }
                shmdt(b);
        }
        else {
                /* Parent Process */
                a = (int *) shmat(shmid, 0, 0);
                a[0] = 0; a[1] = 1;
                for( i=0; i< 10; i++) {
                         sleep(2);
                         a[0] = a[0] + a[1];
                         a[1] = a[0] + a[1];
                         printf("Parent writes: %d,%d\n",a[0],a[1]);
                }
                wait(&status);
        shmdt(a);
                shmctl(shmid, IPC_RMID, 0);
        }
}
```

```
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gcc prac6_5.c
prac6_5.c:6:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
    6
      | main()
prac6_5.c: In function 'main':
prac6_5.c:14:6: warning: implicit declaration of function 'fork' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
14 | if (fork() == 0) {
prac6_5.c:20:4: warning: implicit declaration of function 'sleep' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
prac6_5.c:38:3: warning: implicit declaration of function 'wait' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
   38 | wait(&status);
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
Parent writes: 1,2
                           Child reads: 1,2
Parent writes: 3,5
                           Child reads: 1,2
Parent writes: 8,13
                           Child reads: 3,5
Parent writes: 21,34
                           Child reads: 21,34
Parent writes: 55,89
                           Child reads: 55,89
Parent writes: 144.233
                           Child reads: 144,233
Parent writes: 377,610
                           Child reads: 377,610
Parent writes: 987,1597
                           Child reads: 987,1597
Parent writes: 2584,4181
                           Child reads: 2584,4181
Parent writes: 6765,10946
                           Child reads: 6765,10946
```

Child sleep(2)

```
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ gcc prac6_5.c
prac6_5.c:6:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
prac6_5.c: In function 'main':
prac6_5.c:14:6: warning: implicit declaration of function 'fork' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
  14 | if (fork() == 0) {
prac6 5.c:20:4: warning: implicit declaration of function 'sleep' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
          sleep(2);
prac6_5.c:38:3: warning: implicit declaration of function 'wait' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
   38 | wait(&status);
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
Parent writes: 1,2
Parent writes: 3,5
                          Child reads: 1,2
Parent writes: 8,13
                          Child reads: 8,13
Parent writes: 21,34
Parent writes: 55,89
                          Child reads: 55,89
Parent writes: 144,233
Parent writes: 377,610
                          Child reads: 377,610
Parent writes: 987,1597
Parent writes: 2584,4181
                          Child reads: 2584,4181
Parent writes: 6765,10946
                          Child reads: 6765,10946
                          Child reads: 6765,10946
Child reads: 6765,10946
                          Child reads: 6765,10946
                          Child reads: 6765,10946
```

Parent sleep(2)

```
vedantbhutada$ gcc prac6 5.c
prac6 5.c:6:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
prac6_5.c: In function 'main':
prac6_5.c:14:6: warning: implicit declaration of function 'fork' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
14 | if (fork() == 0) {
prac6_5.c:20:4: warning: implicit declaration of function 'sleep' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
           sleep(1);
prac6_5.c:38:3: warning: implicit declaration of function 'wait' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
         wait(&status);
rcoem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$ ./a.out
                          Child reads: 0,1
Parent writes: 1,2
                          Child reads: 1,2
                          Child reads: 1,2
Parent writes: 3,5
                          Child reads: 3,5
                          Child reads: 3,5
Parent writes: 8,13
                          Child reads: 8,13
                          Child reads: 8,13
Parent writes: 21,34
                          Child reads: 21,34
                          Child reads: 21,34
Parent writes: 55,89
                          Child reads: 55,89
Parent writes: 144,233
Parent writes: 377,610
Parent writes: 987,1597
Parent writes: 2584,4181
Parent writes: 6765,10946
 coem@rcoem-Veriton-M200-H310:~/A69_vedantbhutada$
```

6) Use of shared memory

Part 1

Write 2 C programs A.c and B.c. The program A.c reads in a set of integers (maximum 100) from the file named

inpfile and writes it to a shared array. The program B.c reads the set of integers from the shared array (how will

it know how many integers are there?), sorts it and prints the sorted output in a file named outfile. Make sure that B.c deletes all shared memory created before exiting.

There is an obvious synchronization problem here, B.c should not start until A.c has finished writing the integers

in the array. For the first part, ignore it, and start the program for B.c a few seconds after A.c starts. Part 2

In this part, we will try to synchronize A.c and B.c by a simple method. Create a shared integer variable called

done and initialize it to 0. done = 0 indicates that A.c has not finished writing the integers into the array. The

program in A.c sets done to 1 after it finishes. The program in B.c periodically checks done and loops until it is

Modify A.c and B.c to implement this.

A_1.c

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define MAX_INTS 100
int main() {
  FILE *inpfile;
  int sharedMemoryId;
  int *sharedArray;
  int numInts = 0;
  // Create shared memory
  sharedMemoryId = shmget(IPC_PRIVATE, MAX_INTS * sizeof(int), IPC_CREAT | 0666);
  if (sharedMemoryId == -1) {
    printf("Error creating shared memory.\n");
    return 1;
  }
  // Attach shared memory to the process
  sharedArray = (int *)shmat(sharedMemoryId, NULL, 0);
  if (sharedArray == (int *)(-1)) {
    printf("Error attaching shared memory.\n");
    return 1;
  }
  inpfile = fopen("inpfile.txt", "r");
  if (inpfile == NULL) {
    printf("Error opening inpfile.\n");
    return 1;
  }
  // Read integers from inpfile into sharedArray
  while (fscanf(inpfile, "%d", &sharedArray[numInts]) != EOF && numInts < MAX_INTS) {
    numInts++;
  }
  fclose(inpfile);
  // Detach shared memory from the process
  shmdt(sharedArray);
  sleep(5); // Wait for B.c to start after A.c has finished writing to shared memory
  // Delete shared memory
  shmctl(sharedMemoryId, IPC_RMID, NULL);
  return 0;
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#define MAX_INTS 100
int cmpfunc(const void *a, const void *b) {
  return (*(int *)a - *(int *)b);
}
int main() {
  int sharedMemoryId;
  int *sharedArray;
  int numInts = 0;
  // Attach to shared memory created by A.c
  sharedMemoryId = shmget(IPC_PRIVATE, MAX_INTS * sizeof(int), 0666);
  if (sharedMemoryId == -1) {
    printf("Error accessing shared memory.\n");
    return 1;
  }
  // Attach shared memory to the process
  sharedArray = (int *)shmat(sharedMemoryId, NULL, 0);
  if (sharedArray == (int *)(-1)) {
    printf("Error attaching shared memory.\n");
    return 1;
  }
```

```
// Read integers from sharedArray
while (sharedArray[numInts] != 0 && numInts < MAX_INTS) {
  numInts++;
}
// Sort the integers
qsort(sharedArray, numInts, sizeof(int), cmpfunc);
// Create outfile to write the sorted integers
FILE *outfile = fopen("outfile", "w");
if (outfile == NULL) {
  printf("Error creating outfile.\n");
  return 1;
}
// Write the sorted integers to outfile
for (int i = 0; i < numInts; i++) {
  fprintf(outfile, "%d\n", sharedArray[i]);
}
fclose(outfile);
// Detach shared memory from the process
shmdt(sharedArray);
return 0;
```

A_2.c

}

```
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define MAX_INTS 100
int main() {
  FILE *inpfile;
  int sharedMemoryId;
  int *sharedArray;
  int numInts = 0;
  // Create shared memory
  sharedMemoryId = shmget(IPC_PRIVATE, MAX_INTS * sizeof(int), IPC_CREAT | 0666);
  if (sharedMemoryId == -1) {
    printf("Error creating shared memory.\n");
    return 1;
  }
  // Attach shared memory to the process
  sharedArray = (int *)shmat(sharedMemoryId, NULL, 0);
  if (sharedArray == (int *)(-1)) {
    printf("Error attaching shared memory.\n");
    return 1;
  }
  inpfile = fopen("inpfile.txt", "r");
  if (inpfile == NULL) {
    printf("Error opening inpfile.\n");
    return 1;
  }
```

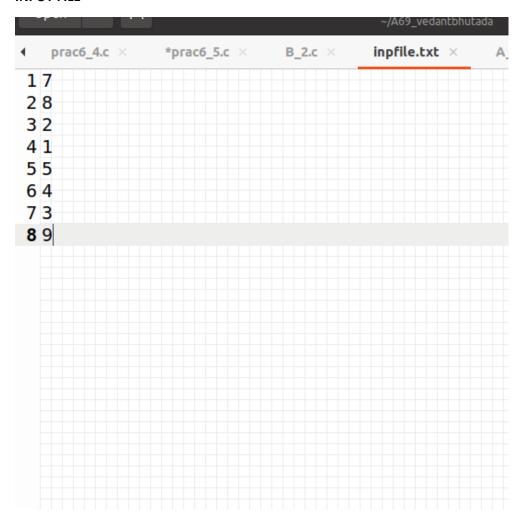
```
// Read integers from inpfile into sharedArray
  while (fscanf(inpfile, "%d", &sharedArray[numInts]) != EOF) {
    numInts++;
  }
  fclose(inpfile);
  // Set done to 1 to indicate A.c has finished writing
  sharedArray[MAX_INTS - 1] = 1;
  // Detach shared memory from the process
  shmdt(sharedArray);
  return 0;
}
B_2.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define MAX_INTS 100
int cmpfunc(const void *a, const void *b) {
  return (*(int *)a - *(int *)b);
}
int main() {
```

```
int sharedMemoryId;
int *sharedArray;
int numInts = 0;
int done = 0;
// Create shared memory
sharedMemoryId = shmget(IPC_PRIVATE, MAX_INTS * sizeof(int), IPC_CREAT | 0666);
if (sharedMemoryId == -1) {
  printf("Error creating shared memory.\n");
  return 1;
}
// Attach shared memory to the process
sharedArray = (int *)shmat(sharedMemoryId, NULL, 0);
if (sharedArray == (int *)(-1)) {
  printf("Error attaching shared memory.\n");
  return 1;
}
// Periodically check if A.c has finished writing
while (!done) {
  done = sharedArray[MAX_INTS - 1];
  sleep(1);
}
// Read integers from sharedArray
for (int i = 0; i < MAX_INTS - 1; i++) {
  if (sharedArray[i] != 0) {
    numInts++;
  }
}
```

```
// Sort the integers
qsort(sharedArray, numInts, sizeof(int), cmpfunc);
// Create outfile to write the sorted integers
FILE *outfile = fopen("outfile", "w");
if (outfile == NULL) {
  printf("Error creating outfile.\n");
  return 1;
}
// Write the sorted integers to outfile
for (int i = 0; i < numInts; i++) {
  fprintf(outfile, "%d\n", sharedArray[i]);
}
fclose(outfile);
// Delete shared memory
shmctl(sharedMemoryId, IPC_RMID, NULL);
return 0;
```

}

INPUT FILE



OUTPUT FILE



Result: Linux C programs to demonstrate the concept of Shared Memory has been implemented.