

# **Practice Assignment**

#### **Objectives**

After completing the lab you will be able to:

- Create a dash board layout
- Add a bar chart

Estimated time needed: 45 minutes

# **About Skills Network Cloud IDE**

This Skills Network Labs Cloud IDE (Integrated Development Environment) provides a hands-on environment in your web browser for completing course and project related labs. It utilizes Theia, an open-source IDE platform, that can be run on desktop or on the cloud. So far in the course you have been using Jupyter notebooks to run your python code. This IDE provides an alternative for editing and running your Python code. In this lab you will be using this alternative Python runtime to create and launch your Dash applications.

#### Important Notice about this lab environment

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persisted. When you launch the Cloud IDE, you are presented with a 'dedicated computer on the cloud' exclusively for you. This is available to you as long as you are actively working on the labs.

Once you close your session or it is timed out due to inactivity, you are logged off, and this 'dedicated computer on the cloud' is deleted along with any files you may have created, dowloaded or installed. The next time you launch this lab, a new environment is created for you.

If you finish only part of the lab and return later, you may have to start from the beginning. So, it is a good idea to plan to your time accordingly and finish your labs in a single session.

# Get the tool ready

1. Install python packages required to run the application. Copy and paste the below command to the terminal.

python3 -m pip **install** pandas dash

```
theia@theiadocker-malikas:/home/project 🗙
theia@theiadocker-malikas:/home/project$ python3 -m pip install pandas dash
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/c3/e2/00cacecafbab071c787019f00ad84ca3185952f6bb9bca9550ed83870d4d/pandas-1.1.5-cp36-cp36m-manylinux1_x86_64.w
ıl (9.5MB)
    100% |
   Oownloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/cc/42/e1692b2d34e4135569db680efe3438e809a6b3f0ae607ad41aeff7741672/dash-2.6.1-py3-none-any.whl (9.9MB)
                                                   9.9MB 159kB/s
Collecting pytz>=2017.2 (from pandas)
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/d5/50/54451e88e3da4616286029a3a17fc377de817f66a0f50e1faaee90161724/pytz-2022.2.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (500kB)
                                                501kB 3.2MB/s
Collecting python-dateutil>=2.7.3 (from pandas)
 Cache entry descrialization failed, entry ignored Cache entry descrialization failed, entry ignored
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/36/7a/87837f39d0296e723bb9b62bbb257d0355c7f6128853c78955f57342a56d/python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl
    100% |
                                                256kB 5.8MB/s
Collecting numpy>=1.15.4 (from pandas)

Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/45/b2/6c7545bb7a38754d63048c7696804a0d947328125d81bf12beaa692c3ae3/numpy-1.19.5-cp36-cp36m-manylinux1_x86_64.w
100% | 13.4MB 111kB/s

Collecting contextvars==2.4; python_version < "3.7" (from dash)

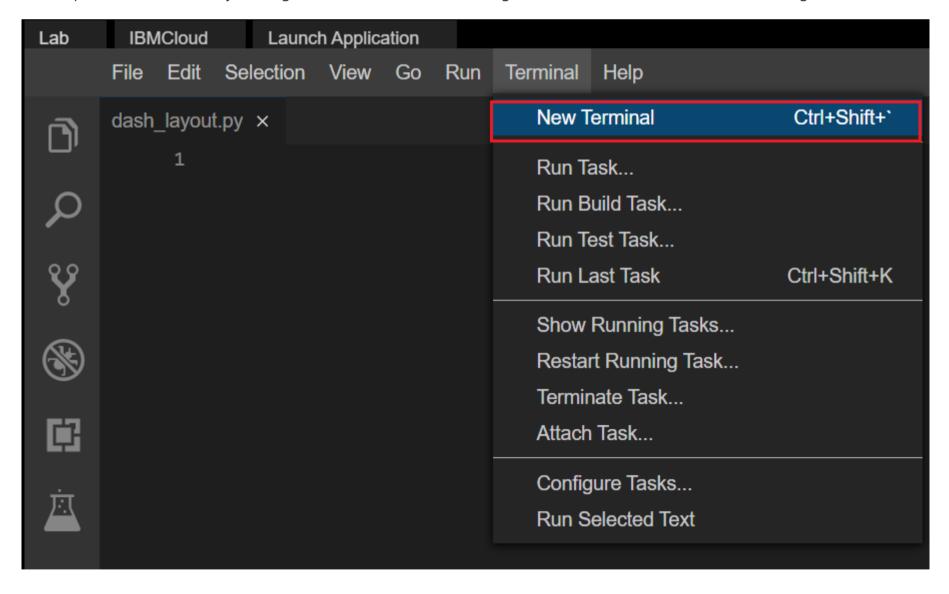
Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/83/96/55b82d9f13763be9d672622e1b8106c85acb83edd7cc2fa5bc67cd9877e9/contextvars-2.4.tar.gz

Collecting dash-table==5.0.0 (from dash)
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/da/ce/43f77dc8e7bbad02a9f88d07bf794eaf68359df756a28bb9f2f78e255bb1/dash_table-5.0.0-py3-none-any.whl
```

pip3 install httpx==0.20 dash plotly

```
theia@theiadocker-malikas: /home/project x
theia@theiadocker-malikas:/home/project$ pip3 install httpx==0.20 dash plotly
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/secretstorage/ancrypto.py:15: cryptograpnyveprecationWarning: int_from
 bytes is deprecated, use int.from_bytes instead
 from cryptography.utils import int_from_bytes
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/secretstorage/util.py:19: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: int_from_byt
es is deprecated, use int.from_bytes instead
  from cryptography.utils import int from bytes
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Collecting httpx==0.20
  Downloading httpx-0.20.0-py3-none-any.whl (82 kB)
                                      82 kB 779 kB/s
Collecting dash
  Downloading dash-2.6.1-py3-none-any.whl (9.9 MB)
                                      9.9 MB 40.7 MB/s
Collecting plotly
  Downloading plotly-5.10.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (15.2 MB)
                                      | 15.2 MB 39.3 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: sniffio in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages (from httpx=
=0.20) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: httpcore<0.14.0,>=0.13.3 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-pack
ages (from httpx==0.20) (0.13.7)
Requirement already satisfied: async-generator in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages (fro
m httpx==0.20) (1.10)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages (from httpx=
=0.20) (2020.12.5)
Requirement already satisfied: rfc3986[idna2008]<2,>=1.3 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-pac
kages (from httpx==0.20) (1.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages (
from httpx==0.20) (2.0.12)
Collecting dash-html-components==2.0.0
  Downloading dash html components-2.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (4.1 kB)
Collecting dash-table==5.0.0
  Downloading dash table-5.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (3.9 kB)
```

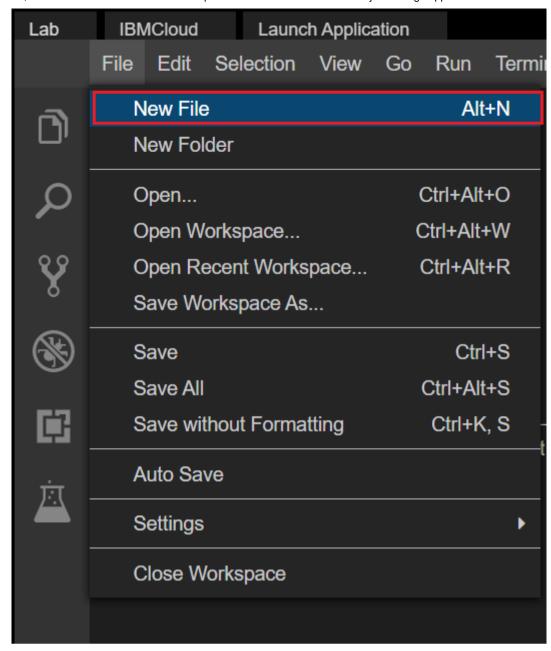
2. Open a new terminal, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **Terminal**->**New Terminal**, as in the image below.



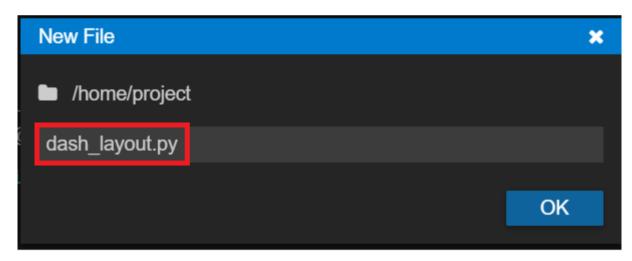
# **TASK 1 - Dash Application layout**

Let's start with

- Importing necessary libraries
- Title added using html.H1() tag
- 1. Create a new python script, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **File**-> **New File**, as in the image below.



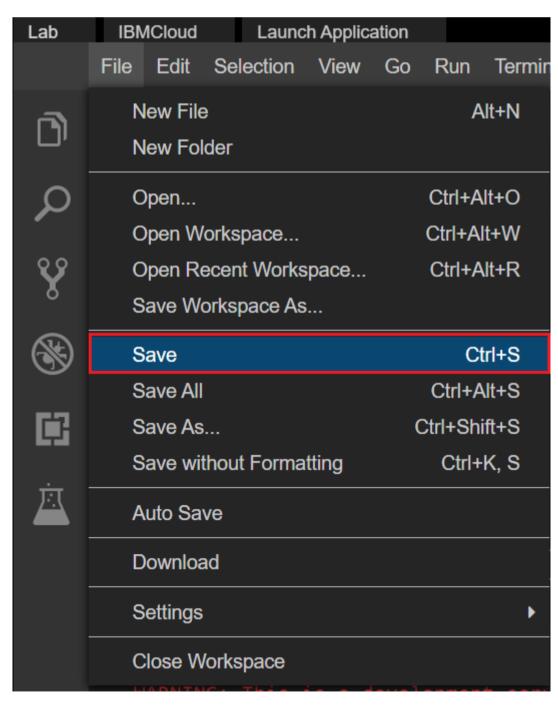
2. Provide the file name as dash\_layout.py



3. Copy the below code to the dash\_layout.py script and review the code.

```
# Import required packages
import pandas as pd
import dash
import dash_core_components as dcc
import dash_html_components as html
import plotly.express as px
from dash.dependencies import Input, Output
# Add Dataframe
# Add a bar graph figure
app = dash.Dash()
app.layout = html.Div(children=[
    html.H1(
        children='Dashboard',
        style={
             'textAlign': 'center'
        }
    )
    # Create dropdown
    # Bar graph
])
# Run Application
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run_server()
```

4. Save the application using Save option from File menu.



5. Run the python file using the following command in the terminal

```
python3 dash_layout.py
```

6. Observe the port number shown in the terminal.

```
theia@theia-malikas:/home/project$ python3 dash_layout.py
Dash is running on http://127.0.0.1:8050/

* Serving Flask app 'dash_layout' (lazy loading)

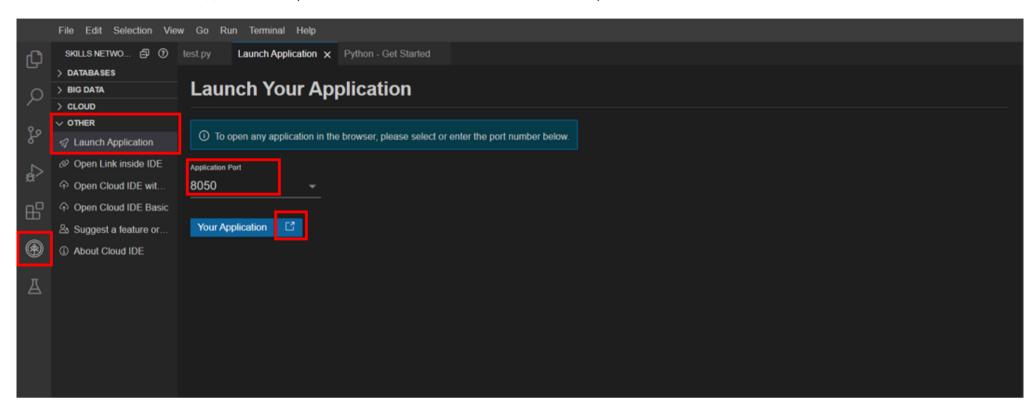
* Environment: production

WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deploymen t.

Use a production WSGI server instead.

* Debug mode: on
```

7. Click on the Launch Application option from the side menu bar. Provide the port number and click OK



Note: If you are not able to see the application after launching just check the pop up window for your browser is enabled.

9. The app will open in a new browser tab like below:



#### **Dashboard**

### Add dropdown

1. You can generate a drop down as shown below. You do by calling Dropdown off dash\_core\_components and passing the options as a list of dictionaries. You can set the default value using the value attribute and passing in the default option.

#### Note:

- Add a comma (,) before the placeholder in the skeleton file and then place the code.
- The placeholder here is "# Create dropdown " in the skeleton file.
- Add small letter "u" just before the city name "Montréal" like this u'Montréal' as it contains special characters.

2. After adding the dropdown the dashboard is displayed as below.



# Adding a dataframe

Assume you have a dataframe as:

Note: Place the code under the placeholder # Add Dataframe in the skeleton file copied before.

```
# Add Dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame({
    "Fruit": ["Apples", "Oranges", "Bananas", "Apples", "Oranges", "Bananas"],
    "Amount": [4, 1, 2, 2, 4, 5],
    "City": ["SF", "SF", "SF", "NYC", "MTL", "NYC"]
})
```

# Task 2: Create Bar graph

The plotly.express module (usually imported as px) contains functions that can create entire figures at once, and is referred to as Plotly Express or PX. Plotly Express is a built-in part of the plotly library, and is the recommended starting point for creating most common figures

In order to create a graph on our layout, we use the Graph class from dash\_core\_components.

Note: Place the code under the placeholder # Add a bar graph figure in the skeleton file copied before.

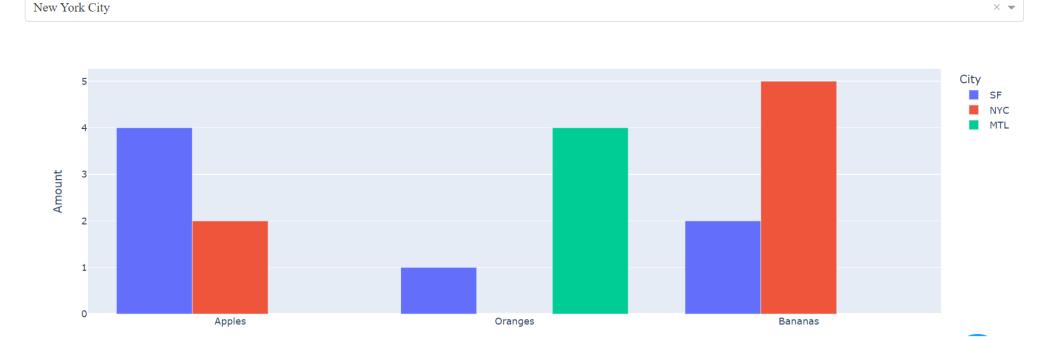
```
# Add a bar graph figure
fig = px.bar(df, x="Fruit", y="Amount", color="City", barmode="group")
```

Note: Place the code under the placeholder # Bar graph figure in the skeleton file copied before and also add a comma, before the placeholder.

```
# Bar graph
dcc.Graph(id='example-graph-2',figure=fig)
```

The dashboard with the dropdown and the bar graph is displayed as below.

#### **Dashboard**



Note: Here we are just creating the dropdown and bar chart without any functionality. Let's start with the real dataset to get the dropdown functionality with the graph. When you finish running the application press thekey Ctrl+C near the terminal window

to stop the running application and begin with the new application.

For complete code click **HERE**.

# **Task 3: Practice Exercise**

# Story:

Here we are looking into an automobile dataset which has various attributes like drive-wheels,body-style and price.

Lets view the snapshot of our selected dataset.

	symboling	normalized- losses	make	aspiration	of- doors	body- style	drive- wheels	engine- location	wheel- base	length	 compression- ratio	horsepower	peak- rpm	city- mpg	highway- mpg	price
0	3	122	alfa- romero	std	two	convertible	rwd	front	88.6	0.811148	 9.0	111.0	5000.0	21	27	13495.0
1	3	122	alfa- romero	std	two	convertible	rwd	front	88.6	0.811148	 9.0	111.0	5000.0	21	27	16500.0
2	1	122	alfa- romero	std	two	hatchback	rwd	front	94.5	0.822681	 9.0	154.0	5000.0	19	26	16500.0
3	2	164	audi	std	four	sedan	fwd	front	99.8	0.848630	 10.0	102.0	5500.0	24	30	13950.0
4	2	164	audi	std	four	sedan	4wd	front	99.4	0.848630	 8.0	115.0	5500.0	18	22	17450.0

Here let's say we are selecting 3 important features drive-wheels, body-style and Price.

- The possible values of drive-wheels are 4 wheel Drive(4wd), Front WheelDrive(fwd) and Rear wheel Drive(rwd).
- The different body styles of the cars are **hardtop,sedan,convertible** and so on.
- There are 2 types of people here:
  - A customer who wants to purchase the cars with less price, different body styles and wants to look for the drive wheel with this arrangement.
  - A dealer who wants to showcase the prices for the cars with different body styles and drive wheels.
- As a data analyst, you have been given a task to visually show the **body-style and prices** with respect to each **drive wheel** selected.
- So ideally you want to showcase this in the form of 2 interactive charts such as **pie chart** and **bar chart** on selection of drive wheel.

Below is the key item,

Drive wheels

### Components of the item

1. Drive Wheel Type

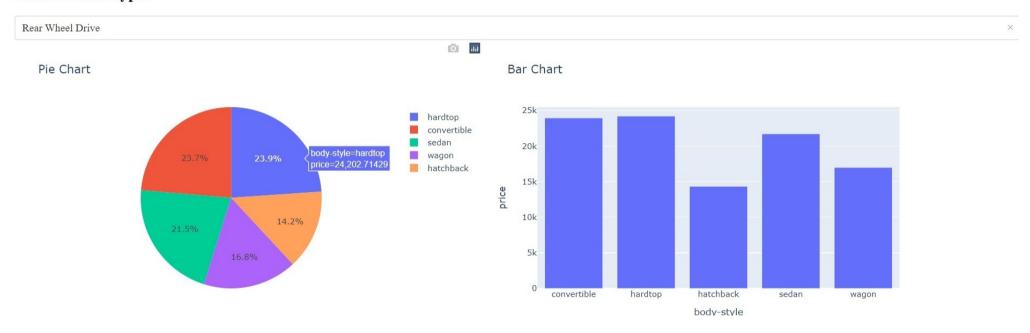
For the chosen Drive wheel,

- Pie Chart showing body style and price.
- Bar Chart showing body style and price.

## **Expected Layout**

#### **Car Automobile Components**

#### **Drive Wheels Type:**



### Requirements to create the expected result

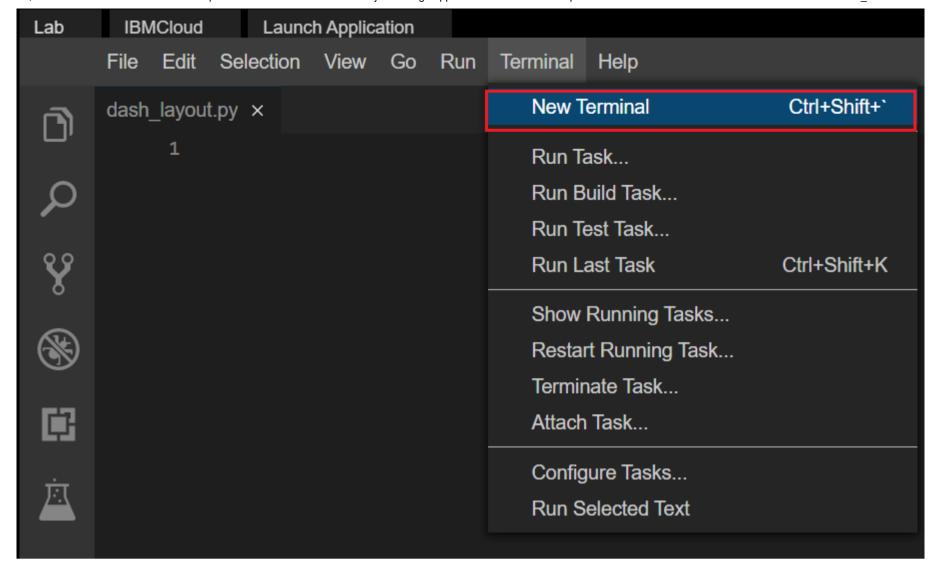
- A dropdown <u>menu</u>: For choosing Drive wheel type
- The layout will be designed as follows:
- An outer division with two inner divisions (as shown in the expected layout)
- One of the inner divisions will have information about the dropdown(which is the input) and the other one is for adding graphs(the 2 output graphs).
- Callback function to compute data, create graph and return to the layout.

#### To do:

- 1. Import required libraries and read the dataset
- 2. Create an application layout
- 3. Add title to the dashboard using HTML H1 component
- 4. Add a dropdown using dcc.dropdown
- 5. Add the pie chart and bar chart core graph components.
- 6. Run the app

# Get the tool ready

• Open a new terminal, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **Terminal**->**New Terminal**, as in the image below.



• Now, you have a terminal ready to start the lab.

```
theia@theia-malikas:/home/project$

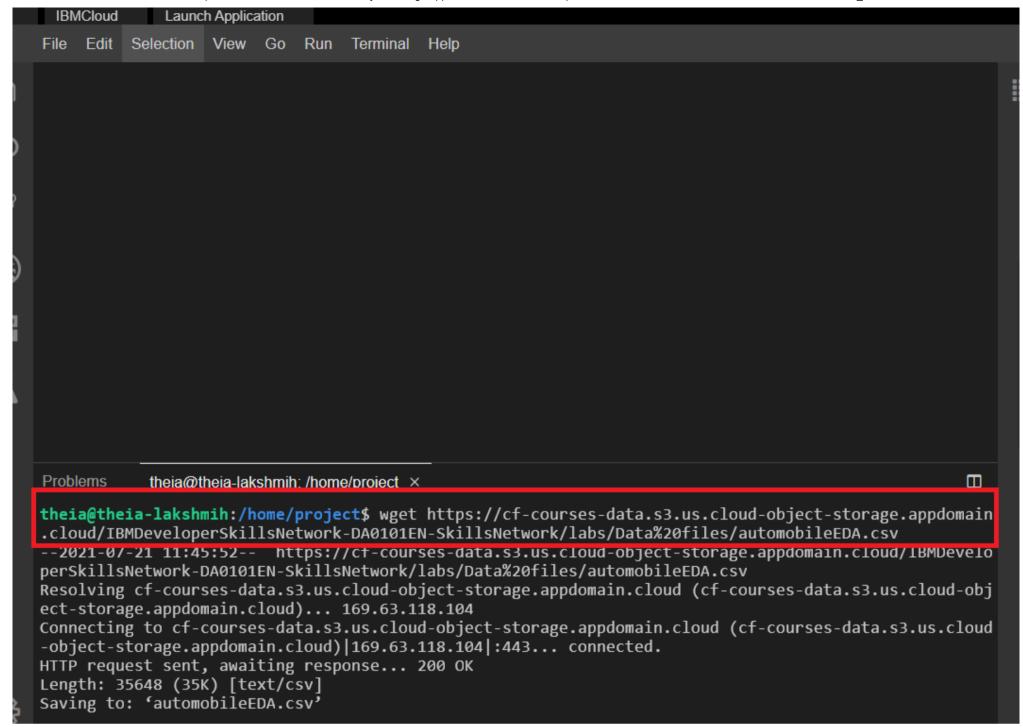
theia@theia-malikas:/home/project$
```

# Get the application skeleton

• Copy and paste the command in the terminal to download the csv.

wget https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DA0101EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/Data%20files/automobileEDA.csv

The csv gets downloaded.



You can use this as a base code to complete the task below.

# Let's create the application

- Create a new file called Dash\_Auto.py
- Copy the code mentioned in the skeleton file and save it.

#### Structure of the skeleton file

```
import pandas as pd
import dash
import dash_html_components as html
import dash_core_components as dcc
from dash.dependencies import Input, Output, State
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.express as px
from dash import no_update
app = dash.Dash(__name___)
# REVIEW1: Clear the layout and do not display exception till callback gets executed
app.config.suppress_callback_exceptions = True
# Read the automobiles data into pandas dataframe
auto_data = pd.read_csv('automobileEDA.csv',
                            encoding = "ISO-8859-1",
#Layout Section of Dash
app.layout = html.Div(children=[#TASK 3A
     #outer division starts
     html.Div([
                   # First inner divsion for adding dropdown helper text for Selected Drive wheels
                    html.Div(
                            #TASK 3B
                     ),
                    #TASK 3C
                    #Second Inner division for adding 2 inner divisions for 2 output graphs
                    html.Div([
                        #TASK 3D
                    ], style={'display': 'flex'}),
    ])
    #outer division ends
])
#layout ends
#Place to add @app.callback Decorator
#TASK 3E
#Place to define the callback function
#TASK 3F
if __name__ == '__main__':
   app.run_server()
```

# Hints to complete TASKS

Search/Look for TASK word in the script to identify places where you need to complete the code.

## TASK 3A: Add title to the dashboard

Update the html.H1() tag to hold the application title.

- Application title is Car Automobile Components
- Use style parameter provided below to make the title center aligned, with color code #503D36, and font-size as 24

After updating the html.H1() with the application title, the app.layout will look like:

```
html.H1('Car Automobile Components',

style={'textAlign': 'center', 'color': '#503D36',
 'font-size': 24}),
```

Reference Links: H1 component

**Dash HTML Components** 

# TASK 3B: Add a Label to the dropdown

- Use the html.H2() tag to hold the label for the dropdown inside the first inner division
  - o Labelis Drive Wheels Type:
  - Use style parameter provided below to allign the label margin-right with value 2em which means 2 times the size of the current font.

```
html.H2('Drive Wheels Type:', style={'margin-right': '2em'}),
```

After updating the label the app.layout will now look like this

# TASK 3C: Next lets add the dropdown right below the first inner division.

- The dropdown has an id as demo-dropdown.
- These options have the labels as Rear Wheel Drive ,Front Wheel Drive and Four Wheel Drive
- The values allowed in the dropdown are rwd, fwd, 4wd
- The default value when the dropdown is displayed is rwd.

Reference link

Once you add the dropdown the 'app.layout will appear as follows

# TASK 3D: Add two empty divisions for output inside the next inner division.

- Use 2 html.Div() tags.
- Provide division ids as plot1 and plot2.

```
html.Div([ ], id='plot1'),
html.Div([ ], id='plot2')
```

Once you add the divisions the 'app.layout will appear as follows

# TASK 3E: Add the Ouput and input components inside the app.callback decorator.

- The inputs and outputs of our application's interface are described declaratively as the arguments of @app.callback decorator.
- -In Dash, the inputs and outputs of our application are simply the properties of a particular component.
  - In this example, our input is the value property of the component that has the ID demo-dropdown
  - Our layout has 2 outputs so we need to create 2 output components.

It is a list with 2 output parameters with component id and property. Here, the component property will be children as we have created empty division and passing in dcc.Graph (figure) after computation.

Component ids will be plot1, plot2.

Once you add the callback decorator the 'app.layout will appear as follows

```
@app.callback([Output(component_id='plot1', component_property='children'),

Output(component_id='plot2', component_property='children')

Input(component_id='demo-dropdown', component_property='value'))
```

## TASK 3F: Add the callback function.

- Whenever an input property changes, the function that the callback decorator wraps will get called automatically.
- In this case let us define a function display\_selected\_drive\_charts() which will be wrapped by our decorator.
- The function first filters our dataframe auto\_data by the selected value of the drive-wheels from the dropdown as follows
- auto\_data[auto\_data['drive-wheels']==value].
- Next we will group by the drive-wheels and body-style and calculate the mean price of the dataframe.
- Use the px.pie() and px.bar() function we will plot the pie chart and bar chart

- Here for the pie chart we pass the filtered dataframe where values correspond to price and names will be body-style
- For the bar chart also we will pass the filtered dataframe where x-axis corresponds to body-style and y-axis as price.
- Finally we return the 2 figure objects fig1 and fig2 in dcc. Graph method and finally the plots are displayed as follows

Once you have finished coding save your code.

# Run the Application

• Firstly, install pandas and dash using the following command

```
python3 -m pip install pandas dash
```

```
\Box
theia@theiadocker-malikas: /home/project x
theia@theiadocker-malikas:/home/project$ python3 -m pip install pandas dash
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/c3/e2/00cacecafbab071c787019f00ad84ca3185952f6bb9bca9550ed83870d4d/pandas-1.1.5-cp36-cp36m-manylinux1 x86 64.w
                                           9.5MB 163kB/s
    100%
Collecting dash
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/cc/42/e1692b2d34e4135569db680efe3438e809a6b3f0ae607ad41aeff7741672/dash-2.6.1-py3-none-any.whl (9.9MB)
    100%
                                             9.9MB 159kB/s
  Cache entry deserialization failed, entry ignored
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/d5/50/54451e88e3da4616286029a3a17fc377de817f66a0f50e1faaee90161724/pytz-2022.2.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (500kB)
                                            | 501kB 3.2MB/s
Collecting python-dateutil>=2.7.3 (from pandas)
 Cache entry deserialization failed, entry ignored Cache entry deserialization failed, entry ignored
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/36/7a/87837f39d0296e723bb9b62bbb257d0355c7f6128853c78955f57342a56d/python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl
                                           256kB 5.8MB/s
Collecting numpy>=1.15.4 (from pandas)
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/45/b2/6c7545bb7a38754d63048c7696804a0d947328125d81bf12beaa692c3ae3/numpy-1.19.5-cp36-cp36m-manylinux1_x86_64.w
hl (13.4MB)
100% | 13.4MB 111kB/s
Collecting contextvars==2.4; python_version < "3.7" (from dash)
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/83/96/55b82d9f13763be9d672622e1b8106c85acb83edd7cc2fa5bc67cd9877e9/contextvars-2.4.tar.gz
Collecting dash-table==5.0.0 (from dash)
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/da/ce/43f77dc8e7bbad02a9f88d07bf794eaf68359df756a28bb9f2f78e255bb1/dash_table-5.0.0-py3-none-any.whl
```

```
pip3 install httpx==0.20 dash plotly
```

```
Ш
theia@theiadocker-malikas: /home/project ×
theia@theiadocker-malikas:/home/project$ pip3 install httpx==0.20 dash plotly
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/secretstorage/ancrypto.py:15: cryptograpnyveprecationWarning: int_from
 bytes is deprecated, use int.from_bytes instead
  from cryptography.utils import int_from_bytes
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/secretstorage/util.py:19: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: int_from_byt
es is deprecated, use int.from_bytes instead
  from cryptography.utils import int_from_bytes
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Collecting httpx==0.20
  Downloading httpx-0.20.0-py3-none-any.whl (82 kB)
                                       82 kB 779 kB/s
Collecting dash
  Downloading dash-2.6.1-py3-none-any.whl (9.9 MB)
                                      9.9 MB 40.7 MB/s
Collecting plotly
  Downloading plotly-5.10.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (15.2 MB)
                                      15.2 MB 39.3 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: sniffio in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages (from httpx=
=0.20) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: httpcore<0.14.0,>=0.13.3 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-pack
ages (from httpx==0.20) (0.13.7)
Requirement already satisfied: async-generator in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages (fro
m \text{ httpx}==0.20) (1.10)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages (from httpx=
=0.20) (2020.12.5)
Requirement already satisfied: rfc3986[idna2008]<2,>=1.3 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-pac
kages (from httpx==0.20) (1.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages (
from httpx==0.20) (2.0.12)
Collecting dash-html-components==2.0.0
  Downloading dash_html_components-2.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (4.1 kB)
Collecting dash-table==5.0.0
  Downloading dash_table-5.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (3.9 kB)
```

Next Run the python file using the command

python3 Dash\_Auto.py

Observe the port number shown in the terminal.

```
theia@theia-lakshmih:/home/project$ python3 Dash_Auto.py
Dash is running on http://127.0.0.1:8050/

* Serving Flask app "Dash_Auto" (lazy loading)

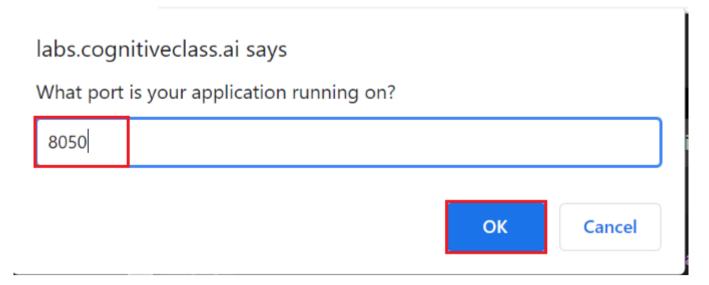
* Environment: production
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
Use a production WSGI server instead.

* Debug mode: off

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:8050/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
```

• Click on the Launch Application option from the menu bar.

• Provide the port number and click ox



• The graphs appear on selection of drive wheels.

Refer to the complete code  $Dash\_Auto.py$  here

```
import pandas as pd
import dash
import dash html components as html
import dash_core_components as dcc
from dash.dependencies import Input, Output, State
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.express as px
from dash import no_update
app = dash.Dash(__name___)
# REVIEW1: Clear the layout and do not display exception till callback gets executed
app.config.suppress_callback_exceptions = True
# Read the automobiles data into pandas dataframe
auto_data = pd.read_csv('automobileEDA.csv',
                            encoding = "ISO-8859-1",
#Layout Section of Dash
app.layout = html.Div(children=[html.H1('Car Automobile Components',
                                style={'textAlign': 'center', 'color': '#503D36',
                                'font-size': 24}),
     #outer division starts
     html.Div([
                   # First inner divsion for adding dropdown helper text for Selected Drive wheels
                    html.Div(
                            html.H2('Drive Wheels Type:', style={'margin-right': '2em'}),
                     ),
                    #Second Inner division for adding 2 inner divisions for 2 output graphs
                      dcc.Dropdown(
                            id='demo-dropdown',
                        options=[
                             {'label': 'Rear Wheel Drive', 'value': 'rwd'},
                            {'label': 'Front Wheel Drive', 'value': 'fwd'},
                             {'label': 'Four Wheel Drive', 'value': '4wd'}
        ],
        value='rwd'
        ),
                    #Second Inner division for adding 2 inner divisions for 2 output graphs
                    html.Div([
                        html.Div([ ], id='plot1'),
                        html.Div([ ], id='plot2')
                    ], style={'display': 'flex'}),
    ])
    #outer division ends
])
#layout ends
#Place to add @app.callback Decorator
@app.callback([Output(component_id='plot1', component_property='children'),
               Output(component_id='plot2', component_property='children')],
               Input(component_id='demo-dropdown', component_property='value'))
#Place to define the callback function .
def display_selected_drive_charts(value):
```

#### Congratulations, you have successfully created dash application!

#### **Author**

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Lakshmi Holla

# Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	<b>Change Description</b>
2021-07-21	0.1	Lakshmi Holla, Malika Singla	Initial Version
2022-08-24	0.2	Pratiksha Verma	Updated instructions
2022-08-29	0.3	Pratiksha Verma	Updated Screenshot

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