Q.1) Write a web application in asp.net to implement concept of state management using View State and query string. [10 Marks]

```
StateManagement.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="StateManagement.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.StateManagement" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>State Management Demo</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>State Management Demo</h2>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtViewState" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:Button ID="btnSaveViewState" runat="server" Text="Save ViewState"</pre>
OnClick="btnSaveViewState Click" />
       <asp:Button ID="btnRetrieveViewState" runat="server" Text="Retrieve ViewState"</pre>
OnClick="btnRetrieveViewState Click" />
      <br >
      <hr/>
       <asp:HyperLink ID="hlQueryString" runat="server"
NavigateUrl="QueryStringPage.aspx">Go to QueryString Page</asp:HyperLink>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
StateManagement.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class StateManagement : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    protected void btnSaveViewState Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      ViewState["UserData"] = txtViewState.Text; // Save data to ViewState
      txtViewState.Text = ""; // Clear the textbox after saving
    protected void btnRetrieveViewState Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (ViewState["UserData"] != null)
         txtViewState.Text = ViewState["UserData"].ToString(); // Retrieve data from ViewState
```

```
}
QueryStringPage.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="QueryStringPage.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.QueryStringPage" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Query String Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Query String Page</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblQueryStringData" runat="server"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
QueryStringPage.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class QueryStringPage: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(Request.QueryString["data"]))
           string data = Request.QueryString["data"]; // Retrieve data from query string
           lblQueryStringData.Text = "Data from QueryString: " + data;
      }
    }
```

Q.2) Create an ASP.Net application which displays 5-10 quiz questions, each with four possible options and exactly one correct option; the application then counts and presents the user with

the number of correct answers, and shows the result to SPPU M.Sc. Computer Science Syllabus 2023-24 of 5 user's.

```
Quiz.aspx
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Quiz.aspx.cs"
Inherits="QuizApplication.Quiz" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Quiz</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div>
       <h1>Quiz</h1>
       <asp:Label ID="lblQuestion" runat="server"></asp:Label>
       <asp:RadioButtonList ID="rbOptions" runat="server" RepeatDirection="Vertical">
       </asp:RadioButtonList>
       <br >
       <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit" Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblResult" runat="server" Visible="false"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Quiz.aspx.cs
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace QuizApplication
  public partial class Quiz: System. Web. UI. Page
  {
    private Dictionary<string, string> quizData = new Dictionary<string, string>()
       { "What is the capital of France?", "Paris" },
       { "Which planet is known as the Red Planet?", "Mars" },
      // Add more questions and correct answers here
    };
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
       {
```

```
LoadQuestion();
       }
    protected void LoadQuestion()
       Random random = new Random();
       var question = quizData.ElementAt(random.Next(0, quizData.Count));
       lblQuestion.Text = question.Key;
       rbOptions.Items.Clear();
       rbOptions.Items.Add(new ListItem(question.Value));
       var otherOptions = quizData.Values.Except(new[] { question.Value }).OrderBy(x =>
random.Next()).Take(3);
       foreach (var option in otherOptions)
         rbOptions.Items.Add(new ListItem(option));
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       string selectedOption = rbOptions.SelectedItem?.Text;
       string correctAnswer = quizData[lblQuestion.Text];
       if (selectedOption == correctAnswer)
         lblResult.Text = "Correct!";
       else
         lblResult.Text = "Incorrect!";
       lblResult.Visible = true;
  }
```

Q.1) Write a web application in ASP.Net take two buttons on the page, a text box to enter string and a label display the text stored from last session.

Solution:

Default.aspx

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Session Demo</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtInput" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <br >
       <asp:Button ID="btnSave" runat="server" Text="Save" OnClick="btnSave Click" />
       <asp:Button ID="btnClear" runat="server" Text="Clear" OnClick="btnClear Click" />
       <br/>br />
       <asp:Label ID="lblStoredText" runat="server"></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs
using System;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (!IsPostBack)
         // Check if text is stored in session
         if (Session["StoredText"] != null)
           lblStoredText.Text = Session["StoredText"].ToString();
    protected void btnSave Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Save text to session
       Session["StoredText"] = txtInput.Text;
       lblStoredText.Text = txtInput.Text;
    protected void btnClear Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Clear text from session
```

```
Session["StoredText"] = null;
lblStoredText.Text = string.Empty;
txtInput.Text = string.Empty;
}
}
}
```

Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to display employee details (EmpID, Name, Designation, Joining Date, Mob.no, Gender) from a database and allow editing and deleting information from a GridView.

Solution:

EmployeeDetails.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs" Inherits="WebApplication1.EmployeeDetails" %>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Employee Details</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"</pre>
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="EmpID" HeaderText="EmpID" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Designation" HeaderText="Designation" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="JoiningDate" HeaderText="Joining Date" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="MobileNumber" HeaderText="Mobile Number" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" ShowDeleteButton="True" />
        </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
```

namespace WebApplication1

```
{
  public partial class EmployeeDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         BindGrid();
    protected void BindGrid()
      string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
         using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("SELECT * FROM Employee", con))
           using (SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd))
             DataTable dt = new DataTable();
             sda.Fill(dt);
             GridView1.DataSource = dt;
             GridView1.DataBind();
    protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
      BindGrid();
    }
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      int empID = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values[0]);
      string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
         using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("DELETE FROM Employee WHERE
EmpID = @EmpID", con))
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@EmpID", empID);
           con.Open();
           cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
           con.Close();
```

```
BindGrid();
}
```

Q.1)Write an ASP.net program to transfer items from one ListView to another ListView using ListView.

>

```
Solution:
ListViewTransfer.aspx (HTML):
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="ListViewTransfer.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.ListViewTransfer" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>ListView Transfer</title>
  <script>
    function transferItems(sourceID, destID) {
      var source = document.getElementById(sourceID);
      var destination = document.getElementById(destID);
      var sourceItems = source.getElementsByTagName('input');
      for (var i = 0; i < sourceItems.length; i++) {
         var checkbox = sourceItems[i];
        if (checkbox.checked) {
           var item = checkbox.parentElement.parentElement.cloneNode(true);
           destination.appendChild(item);
           checkbox.checked = false;
      }
  </script>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Source ListView</h2>
      <asp:ListView ID="lvSource" runat="server">
        <ItemTemplate>
           <\mathref{td} \text{"ItemID"} \%>
             <\full Heal("ItemName") %>
             <input type="checkbox" />
           </ItemTemplate>
      </asp:ListView>
```

```
<button type="button" onclick="transferItems('lvSource', 'lvDestination')">Transfer
Selected</button>
    </div>
    <div>
      <h2>Destination ListView</h2>
       <asp:ListView ID="lvDestination" runat="server">
         <ItemTemplate>
           <\mathref{td} \text{W# Eval("ItemID") \%>
             <%# Eval("ItemName") %>
           </ItemTemplate>
      </asp:ListView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
ListViewTransfer.aspx.cs (Code-behind):
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class ListViewTransfer: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Bind source ListView with sample data
         BindSourceListView();
    }
    protected void BindSourceListView()
      // Sample data for source ListView
      List<Item> items = new List<Item>
         new Item { ItemID = 1, ItemName = "Item 1" },
         new Item { ItemID = 2, ItemName = "Item 2" },
         new Item { ItemID = 3, ItemName = "Item 3" },
         new Item { ItemID = 4, ItemName = "Item 4" }
      };
      lvSource.DataSource = items;
      lvSource.DataBind();
  }
```

```
public class Item
{
    public int ItemID { get; set; }
    public string ItemName { get; set; }
}
```

Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to display student details (roll number, name, mobile number, address, gender) from a database to a GridView, allowing editing and deleting information directly in the GridView.

Solution:

```
StudentDetails.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="StudentDetails.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.StudentDetails" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Student Details</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"</pre>
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowCancelingEdit="GridView1 RowCancelingEdit"
OnRowUpdating="GridView1 RowUpdating" OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="RollNumber" HeaderText="Roll Number"
ReadOnly="true" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="MobileNumber" HeaderText="Mobile Number" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Address" HeaderText="Address" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" ShowCancelButton="True"
ShowDeleteButton="True" />
        </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

StudentDetails.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
```

namespace WebApplication1

```
{
  public partial class StudentDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         BindGrid();
    protected void BindGrid()
      string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
         using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("SELECT * FROM Students", con))
           using (SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd))
             DataTable dt = new DataTable();
             sda.Fill(dt);
             GridView1.DataSource = dt;
             GridView1.DataBind();
    protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
      BindGrid();
    }
    protected void GridView1 RowCancelingEdit(object sender, GridViewCancelEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
      BindGrid();
    protected void GridView1 RowUpdating(object sender, GridViewUpdateEventArgs e)
       GridViewRow row = GridView1.Rows[e.RowIndex];
      int rollNumber = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values[0]);
       string name = (row.FindControl("txtName") as TextBox).Text;
      string mobileNumber = (row.FindControl("txtMobileNumber") as TextBox).Text;
      string address = (row.FindControl("txtAddress") as TextBox).Text;
       string gender = (row.FindControl("txtGender") as TextBox).Text;
```

```
string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
        using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("UPDATE Students SET Name = @Name,
MobileNumber = @MobileNumber, Address = @Address, Gender = @Gender WHERE RollNumber
= @RollNumber", con))
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name", name);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@MobileNumber", mobileNumber);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Address", address);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Gender", gender);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@RollNumber", rollNumber);
           con.Open();
           cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
           con.Close();
      GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
      BindGrid();
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      int rollNumber = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values[0]);
      string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
        using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("DELETE FROM Students WHERE
RollNumber = @RollNumber", con))
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@RollNumber", rollNumber);
           con.Open();
           cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
           con.Close();
        }
      BindGrid();
                                          Slip 4
```

Q.1) Write an ASP.Net program using validation control to Validate student details form. Solution:

StudentDetailsForm.aspx:

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="StudentDetailsForm.aspx.cs" Inherits="WebApplication1.StudentDetailsForm" %>

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Student Details Form</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Student Details Form</h2>
      >
          Roll Number:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtRollNumber" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
          <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvRollNumber" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtRollNumber" ErrorMessage="Roll Number is
required">*</asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
        Name:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
          <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvName" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtName" ErrorMessage="Name is
required">*</asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
        Mobile Number:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtMobileNumber" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
          <asp:RegularExpressionValidator ID="revMobileNumber" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtMobileNumber" ErrorMessage="Invalid Mobile Number"
ValidationExpression="^\d{10}$">*</asp:RegularExpressionValidator>
        Address:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtAddress" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
        Gender:
          <asp:DropDownList ID="ddlGender" runat="server">
              <asp:ListItem Text="Select Gender" Value=""></asp:ListItem>
              <asp:ListItem Text="Male" Value="Male"></asp:ListItem>
              <asp:ListItem Text="Female" Value="Female"></asp:ListItem>
            </asp:DropDownList>
          <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvGender" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="ddlGender" ErrorMessage="Gender is
required">*</asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
        <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit"
OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
```

```
</div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
StudentDetailsForm.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Web.UI;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class StudentDetailsForm: Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (Page.IsValid)
         // Validation passed, process form submission
         // For simplicity, you can just display a success message
         Response. Write("Form submitted successfully!");
       }
       else
         // Validation failed, display error messages
         // The error messages will be displayed automatically by validation controls
    }
  }
}
```

Q.2) Create a web application that accepts user ID, name, password, age, and email ID. All Information entry is compulsory. Password should be reconfirmed. Age should be within 21 to 30. Email ID should be valid. User ID should have at least one capital letter and digit, With a length between 7 to 20 characters.

Solution:

RegistrationForm.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="RegistrationForm.aspx.cs" Inherits="WebApplication1.RegistrationForm" %>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>User Registration</title>
```

```
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div>
      <h2>User Registration</h2>
      User ID:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtUserID" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
          <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvUserID" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtUserID" ErrorMessage="User ID is
required">*</asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
          <asp:RegularExpressionValidator ID="revUserID" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtUserID" ErrorMessage="User ID should have at least one capital letter and
digit, with a length between 7 to 20 characters" ValidationExpression="^(?=.*[A-
Z])(?=.*\d).{7,20}$">*</asp:RegularExpressionValidator>
        >
          Name:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
          <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvName" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtName" ErrorMessage="Name is
required">*</asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
        Password:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtPassword" runat="server"
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
          <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvPassword" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtPassword" ErrorMessage="Password is
required">*</asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       Confirm Password:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtConfirmPassword" runat="server"
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
          <asp:CompareValidator ID="cvConfirmPassword" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtConfirmPassword" ControlToCompare="txtPassword"
ErrorMessage="Passwords do not match">*</asp:CompareValidator>
        Age:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtAge" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
          <asp:RangeValidator ID="rvAge" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtAge"
ErrorMessage="Age should be between 21 and 30" MinimumValue="21"
MaximumValue="30">*</asp:RangeValidator>
        Email ID:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
```

```
<asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvEmail" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtEmail" ErrorMessage="Email ID is
required">*</asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
           <asp:RegularExpressionValidator ID="revEmail" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtEmail" ErrorMessage="Invalid Email ID" ValidationExpression="\w+([-
+.']\w+)*(0.\w+([-.]\w+)*\.\w+([-.]\w+)*">*</asp:RegularExpressionValidator>
         <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit"</pre>
OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
           </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
RegistrationForm.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Web.UI;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class RegistrationForm: Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (Page.IsValid)
        // Validation passed, process form submission
        // For simplicity, you can just display a success message
        Response.Write("Form submitted successfully!");
      }
      else
        // Validation failed, display error messages
        // The error messages will be displayed automatically by validation controls
      }
    }
  }
```

Q.1) Create a web application that prompts the user to input their name and a message. Then, concatenate the two items and display them in a label. Use radio buttons and check boxes for format selection, allowing the user to make the label text bold, underlined, or italic, and change its color. Additionally, add a button to display the message in the label, another button to clear the text boxes and label, and third button for an exit option

Solution:

</style>
</head>
<body>

```
WebForm1.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="WebForm1.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.WebForm1" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Message Formatter</title>
  <style>
    .bold { font-weight: bold; }
    .italic { font-style: italic; }
```

.underlined { text-decoration: underline; }

<form id="form1" runat="server">

<h2>Message Formatter</h2>

Name:

<asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>

```
Message:
          <asp:TextBox ID="txtMessage" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
        <input type="checkbox" id="chkBold" runat="server" /> Bold
            <input type="checkbox" id="chkItalic" runat="server" /> Italic
            <input type="checkbox" id="chkUnderline" runat="server" /> Underline
          Color:
          <input type="radio" id="radRed" runat="server" name="colorGroup" value="Red" />
Red
            <input type="radio" id="radGreen" runat="server" name="colorGroup" value="Green"</pre>
/> Green
            <input type="radio" id="radBlue" runat="server" name="colorGroup" value="Blue" />
Blue
          >
          <asp:Button ID="btnDisplay" runat="server" Text="Display"</pre>
OnClick="btnDisplay Click"/>
            <asp:Button ID="btnClear" runat="server" Text="Clear" OnClick="btnClear Click" />
            <asp:Button ID="btnExit" runat="server" Text="Exit" OnClick="btnExit Click" />
          <asp:Label ID="lblDisplay" runat="server"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
WebForm1.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Drawing;
namespace WebApplication1
 public partial class WebForm1 : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
```

```
protected void btnDisplay Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
  string name = txtName.Text.Trim();
  string message = txtMessage.Text.Trim();
  string formattedMessage = message;
  // Check formatting options
  if (chkBold.Checked)
    formattedMessage = "<b>" + formattedMessage + "</b>";
  if (chkItalic.Checked)
    formattedMessage = "<i>" + formattedMessage + "</i>";
  if (chkUnderline.Checked)
    formattedMessage = "<u>" + formattedMessage + "</u>";
  // Apply color
  Color textColor = GetSelectedColor();
  string colorCode = ColorTranslator.ToHtml(textColor);
  formattedMessage = $"<font color='{colorCode}'>{formattedMessage}</font>";
  // Display formatted message
  lblDisplay.Text = $"{name}: {formattedMessage}";
}
protected void btnClear Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
  // Clear text boxes and label
  txtName.Text = "";
  txtMessage.Text = "";
  lblDisplay.Text = "";
protected void btnExit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
  // Close the web page
  Response.Redirect("about:blank");
private Color GetSelectedColor()
  // Get selected color from radio buttons
  if (radRed.Checked)
    return Color.Red;
  else if (radGreen.Checked)
    return Color.Green;
  else if (radBlue.Checked)
    return Color.Blue;
  else
    return Color.Black; // Default color
}
```

}

}

Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to Display Employee details (EmpID, Name, Designation, Joining Date, Mob.no, Gender) from database to gridview and allow Edit, Delete information from GridView.

```
EmployeeDetails.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.EmployeeDetails" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Employee Details</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Employee Details</h2>
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"</p>
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowCancelingEdit="GridView1 RowCancelingEdit"
OnRowUpdating="GridView1 RowUpdating" OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="EmpID" HeaderText="EmpID" ReadOnly="true" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Designation" HeaderText="Designation" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="JoiningDate" HeaderText="Joining Date" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="MobileNumber" HeaderText="Mobile Number" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" ShowCancelButton="True"
ShowDeleteButton="True" />
         </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class EmployeeDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
if (!IsPostBack)
         BindGrid();
    protected void BindGrid()
       string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
       using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
         using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("SELECT * FROM Employees", con))
           using (SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd))
             DataTable dt = new DataTable();
             sda.Fill(dt);
             GridView1.DataSource = dt;
             GridView1.DataBind();
    protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
      BindGrid();
    protected void GridView1 RowCancelingEdit(object sender, GridViewCancelEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
      BindGrid();
    }
    protected void GridView1 RowUpdating(object sender, GridViewUpdateEventArgs e)
      GridViewRow row = GridView1.Rows[e.RowIndex];
      int empID = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values[0]);
      string name = (row.FindControl("txtName") as TextBox).Text;
      string designation = (row.FindControl("txtDesignation") as TextBox).Text;
       string joiningDate = (row.FindControl("txtJoiningDate") as TextBox).Text;
      string mobileNumber = (row.FindControl("txtMobileNumber") as TextBox).Text;
       string gender = (row.FindControl("txtGender") as TextBox).Text;
      string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
```

```
{
        using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("UPDATE Employees SET Name =
@Name, Designation = @Designation, JoiningDate = @JoiningDate, MobileNumber =
@MobileNumber, Gender = @Gender WHERE EmpID = @EmpID", con))
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name", name);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Designation", designation);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@JoiningDate", joiningDate);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@MobileNumber", mobileNumber);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Gender", gender);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@EmpID", empID);
           con.Open();
           cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
           con.Close();
        }
      GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
      BindGrid();
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      int empID = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values[0]);
      string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
        using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("DELETE FROM Employees WHERE
EmpID = @EmpID'', con)
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@EmpID", empID);
           con.Open();
           cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
           con.Close();
      BindGrid();
```

Q.1) Write an ASP.NET application to add selected or all records from a listbox. Assume that a list of employees is available in the listbox, with the multi-line property of the textbox set to true. Solution:

```
AddEmployees.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="AddEmployees.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.AddEmployees" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Add Employees</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Add Employees</h2>
      <asp:ListBox ID="ListBoxEmployees" runat="server" SelectionMode="Multiple">
        <asp:ListItem Text="John" Value="1"></asp:ListItem>
        <asp:ListItem Text="Jane" Value="2"></asp:ListItem>
        <asp:ListItem Text="Alice" Value="3"></asp:ListItem>
         <asp:ListItem Text="Bob" Value="4"></asp:ListItem>
         <asp:ListItem Text="Charlie" Value="5"></asp:ListItem>
      </asp:ListBox>
      <br >
      <asp:Button ID="btnAddSelected" runat="server" Text="Add Selected"
OnClick="btnAddSelected Click" />
      <asp:Button ID="btnAddAll" runat="server" Text="Add All" OnClick="btnAddAll Click" />
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtSelectedEmployees" runat="server" TextMode="MultiLine" Rows="5"</pre>
Columns="50"></asp:TextBox>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

AddEmployees.aspx.cs:

```
using System; using System.Text;
```

```
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class AddEmployees: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    protected void btnAddSelected Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       AddSelectedEmployees();
    protected void btnAddAll Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       AddAllEmployees();
    private void AddSelectedEmployees()
       StringBuilder selectedEmployees = new StringBuilder();
       foreach (ListItem item in ListBoxEmployees.Items)
         if (item.Selected)
           selectedEmployees.AppendLine(item.Text);
       txtSelectedEmployees.Text += selectedEmployees.ToString();
    private void AddAllEmployees()
       StringBuilder allEmployees = new StringBuilder();
       foreach (ListItem item in ListBoxEmployees.Items)
         allEmployees.AppendLine(item.Text);
       txtSelectedEmployees.Text += allEmployees.ToString();
  }
```

}

Q.2) Write an ASP.net program, the user can enter teacher employee information in database and display into the gridview.

Solution:

/>

```
TeacherInfo.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="TeacherInfo.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.TeacherInfo" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Teacher Employee Information</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
       <h2>Enter Teacher Employee Information</h2>
       < div>
         <label for="txtName">Name:</label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
       < div>
         <label for="txtDesignation">Designation:</label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtDesignation" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      </div>
       < div>
         <label for="txtJoiningDate">Joining Date:</label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtJoiningDate" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
       <div>
         <label for="txtMobileNumber">Mobile Number:</label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtMobileNumber" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
       <div>
         <label for="ddlGender">Gender:</label>
         <asp:DropDownList ID="ddlGender" runat="server">
           <asp:ListItem Text="Male" Value="Male"></asp:ListItem>
           <asp:ListItem Text="Female" Value="Female"></asp:ListItem>
         </asp:DropDownList>
      </div>
      <div>
         <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit_Click"</pre>
```

```
</div>
       <hr/>
       <h2>Teacher Employee Information</h2>
       <asp:GridView ID="GridViewTeacherInfo" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False">
         <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Designation" HeaderText="Designation" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="JoiningDate" HeaderText="Joining Date" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="MobileNumber" HeaderText="Mobile Number" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
         </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
TeacherInfo.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class TeacherInfo: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         BindGridView();
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      AddTeacherInfo();
      BindGridView();
      ClearInputs();
    private void BindGridView()
      string constr =
Configuration Manager. Connection Strings ["Your Connection String"]. Connection String; \\
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
         using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("SELECT * FROM TeacherInfo", con))
           using (SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd))
```

```
DataTable dt = new DataTable();
             sda.Fill(dt);
             GridViewTeacherInfo.DataSource = dt;
             GridViewTeacherInfo.DataBind();
         }
    private void AddTeacherInfo()
      string name = txtName.Text.Trim();
      string designation = txtDesignation.Text.Trim();
      string joiningDate = txtJoiningDate.Text.Trim();
      string mobileNumber = txtMobileNumber.Text.Trim();
      string gender = ddlGender.SelectedValue;
      string constr =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constr))
         using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("INSERT INTO TeacherInfo (Name,
Designation, JoiningDate, MobileNumber, Gender) VALUES (@Name, @Designation,
@JoiningDate, @MobileNumber, @Gender)", con))
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name", name);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Designation", designation);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@JoiningDate", joiningDate);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@MobileNumber", mobileNumber);
           cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Gender", gender);
           con.Open();
           cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
           con.Close();
    private void ClearInputs()
      txtName.Text = "";
      txtDesignation.Text = "";
      txtJoiningDate.Text = "";
      txtMobileNumber.Text = "";
      ddlGender.SelectedIndex = 0;
```

Q.1) Write an ASP.Net program use using validation control to Validate student details form. Solution:

StudentDetails.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="StudentDetails.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.StudentDetails" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Student Details Form</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
       <h2>Student Details Form</h2>
       <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvName" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtName"</pre>
ErrorMessage="Name is required." Text="*"
ValidationGroup="vgStudent"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <br />
       <asp:Label ID="lblRollNumber" runat="server" Text="Roll Number:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtRollNumber" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvRollNumber" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtRollNumber" ErrorMessage="Roll Number is required." Text="*"
ValidationGroup="vgStudent"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <br />
       <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server" Text="Email:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
```

```
<asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvEmail" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtEmail"</pre>
ErrorMessage="Email is required." Text="*"
ValidationGroup="vgStudent"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <asp:RegularExpressionValidator ID="revEmail" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtEmail" ErrorMessage="Invalid email format." Text="*"
Validation Group = "vgStudent" \ Validation Expression = "\w+([-+.']\w+)*@\w+([--]\w+)*.\w+([---]\w+)*.
.]\w+)*"></asp:RegularExpressionValidator>
       <br/>>
       <asp:Label ID="lblMobileNumber" runat="server" Text="Mobile Number:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtMobileNumber" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvMobileNumber" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtMobileNumber" ErrorMessage="Mobile Number is required." Text="*"
ValidationGroup="vgStudent"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <asp:RegularExpressionValidator ID="revMobileNumber" runat="server"</p>
ControlToValidate="txtMobileNumber" ErrorMessage="Invalid mobile number format." Text="*"
ValidationGroup="vgStudent" ValidationExpression="^[0-
9]{10}$"></asp:RegularExpressionValidator>
       <br />
       <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" ValidationGroup="vgStudent"
OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
       <br/>
       <asp:ValidationSummary ID="vsStudent" runat="server" ValidationGroup="vgStudent" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
StudentDetails.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Web.UI;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class StudentDetails: Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
     }
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Submit logic
       if (Page.IsValid)
         // Form is valid, process the data
         string name = txtName.Text;
         string rollNumber = txtRollNumber.Text;
         string email = txtEmail.Text;
```

```
string mobileNumber = txtMobileNumber.Text;

// Perform further processing or database operations
// For demonstration purposes, display a success message
ClientScript.RegisterStartupScript(this.GetType(), "alert", "alert('Student details submitted successfully.');", true);
}
else
{
// Form is not valid, do nothing or display an error message
}
}
}
```

Q.2) Create an ASP.Net application which displays 5-10 quiz questions, each with four possible options and exactly one correct option; the application then counts and presents the user with the number of correct answers." and shows the result to SPPU M.Sc. Computer Science Syllabus 2023-24 of 5 user's

Solution:

```
Quiz.aspx:
```

namespace YourNamespace

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Quiz.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Quiz" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Quiz</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Quiz</h2>
      <asp:PlaceHolder ID="phQuestions" runat="server"></asp:PlaceHolder>
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit" Click" />
      <asp:Label ID="lblResult" runat="server" Visible="false"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Quiz.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
```

```
{
  public partial class Quiz: System. Web. UI. Page
     private List<Question> quizQuestions;
     protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (!IsPostBack)
         // Initialize quiz questions (you can retrieve these from a database or XML file)
         quizQuestions = new List<Question>
            new Question
              Text = "What is 2 + 2?",
              Options = new List<string> { "3", "4", "5", "6" },
              CorrectOptionIndex = 1 // Index of correct option (starts from 0)
            },
            // Add more questions here
          };
         // Display quiz questions dynamically
         foreach (var question in quizQuestions)
            Panel panel = new Panel();
            panel.Controls.Add(new LiteralControl(question.Text + "<br/>br />"));
            RadioButtonList rblOptions = new RadioButtonList();
            rblOptions.ID = "rblOptions" + quizQuestions.IndexOf(question);
            rblOptions.DataSource = question.Options;
            rblOptions.DataBind();
            panel.Controls.Add(rblOptions);
            phQuestions.Controls.Add(panel);
       }
     }
     protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       int correctCount = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < quizQuestions.Count; i++)
         RadioButtonList rblOptions = (RadioButtonList)phQuestions.FindControl("rblOptions" +
i);
         if (rblOptions != null && rblOptions.SelectedIndex ==
quizQuestions[i].CorrectOptionIndex)
            correctCount++;
```

```
lblResult.Text = $"You got {correctCount} out of {quizQuestions.Count} questions correct.";
lblResult.Visible = true;

// Save the result to the database or display it in a report
}

public class Question
{
   public string Text { get; set; }
   public List<string> Options { get; set; }
   public int CorrectOptionIndex { get; set; }
}

Slip 8
```

Q.1) Write web application in ASP.Net take two buttons on the page, a text box to enter string and a label to display the text stored from last session.

Solution:

Default.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Session Demo</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Session Demo</h2>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtInput" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <asp:Button ID="btnSave" runat="server" Text="Save" OnClick="btnSave Click" />
      <asp:Button ID="btnClear" runat="server" Text="Clear" OnClick="btnClear Click" />
      <br/>>
      <asp:Label ID="lblStoredText" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
{
```

```
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Check if text is stored in session and display it
       if (!IsPostBack)
         if (Session["StoredText"] != null)
            lblStoredText.Text = Session["StoredText"].ToString();
    protected void btnSave Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Store the text entered by the user in session
       Session["StoredText"] = txtInput.Text;
       lblStoredText.Text = txtInput.Text;
     }
    protected void btnClear Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Clear the stored text and label text
       Session["StoredText"] = null;
       lblStoredText.Text = "";
       txtInput.Text = "";
  }
}
Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to Display Students details (rollno, Name, Mobile No, Address,
Gender) from database Edit, Delete information from GridView
Solution:
Default.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
```

<title>Student Details</title>

<form id="form1" runat="server">

<h2>Student Details</h2>

OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing"

</head> <body>

< div >

<asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"</pre>

```
OnRowCancelingEdit="GridView1 RowCancelingEdit"
OnRowUpdating="GridView1 RowUpdating" OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="RollNo" HeaderText="Roll No" ReadOnly="True" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="MobileNo" HeaderText="Mobile No" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Address" HeaderText="Address" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" ShowDeleteButton="True" />
        </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
        BindGrid();
    private void BindGrid()
      // Retrieve student details from the database and bind them to GridView
      string connectionString = "YourConnectionString";
      string query = "SELECT RollNo, Name, MobileNo, Address, Gender FROM Students";
      using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
        using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(command);
           DataTable dataTable = new DataTable();
           adapter.Fill(dataTable);
           GridView1.DataSource = dataTable;
           GridView1.DataBind();
      }
```

```
protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
       // Enable editing mode for the selected row
       GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
       BindGrid();
     }
    protected void GridView1 RowCancelingEdit(object sender, GridViewCancelEditEventArgs e)
      // Cancel editing mode
       GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
       BindGrid();
     }
    protected void GridView1 RowUpdating(object sender, GridViewUpdateEventArgs e)
      // Update the database with the edited values
       GridViewRow row = GridView1.Rows[e.RowIndex];
       string rollNo = ((Label)row.FindControl("lblRollNo")).Text;
       string name = ((TextBox)row.FindControl("txtName")).Text;
       string mobileNo = ((TextBox)row.FindControl("txtMobileNo")).Text;
       string address = ((TextBox)row.FindControl("txtAddress")).Text;
       string gender = ((TextBox)row.FindControl("txtGender")).Text;
      // Update the database with the edited values
      // You need to write the update query here and execute it using ADO.NET
       GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
       BindGrid();
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      // Delete the selected row from the database
       GridViewRow row = GridView1.Rows[e.RowIndex];
       string rollNo = ((Label)row.FindControl("lblRollNo")).Text;
      // Delete the row from the database
      // You need to write the delete query here and execute it using ADO.NET
       BindGrid();
    }
}
```

Q.1) Write a web application in asp.net to implement concept of state management using View State and query string

```
Default.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>State Management</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
       <h2>State Management</h2>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtValue" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:Button ID="btnViewState" runat="server" Text="Save using View State"
OnClick="btnViewState Click" />
       <asp:Button ID="btnQueryString" runat="server" Text="Save using Query String"
OnClick="btnQueryString Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblViewStateValue" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
       <asp:Label ID="lblQueryStringValue" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
  {
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Check if value is stored in View State
         if (ViewState["ViewStateValue"] != null)
```

```
{
            lblViewStateValue.Text = ViewState["ViewStateValue"].ToString();
         // Check if value is passed in query string
         if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(Request.QueryString["QueryStringValue"]))
            lblQueryStringValue.Text = Request.QueryString["QueryStringValue"];
       }
     }
    protected void btnViewState Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Store value in View State
       ViewState["ViewStateValue"] = txtValue.Text;
       lblViewStateValue.Text = txtValue.Text;
     }
    protected void btnQueryString Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Redirect to the same page with the value in query string
       Response.Redirect("Default.aspx?QueryStringValue=" + txtValue.Text);
  }
}
```

Q.2) Create a web application that accepts user ID, name, password, age, and email ID. All information entry is compulsory. Password should be reconfirmed. Age should be within 21 to 30. Email ID should be valid. User ID should have at least one capital letter and digit, with a length between 7 to 20 characters.

```
Registration.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Registration.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Registration" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>User Registration</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
       <h2>User Registration</h2>
       <asp:Label ID="lblUserId" runat="server" Text="User ID:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtUserId" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvUserId" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtUserId"
         ErrorMessage="User ID is required"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <br/>>
```

```
<asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvName" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtName"
         ErrorMessage="Name is required"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <br >
       <asp:Label ID="lblPassword" runat="server" Text="Password:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtPassword" runat="server" TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvPassword" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtPassword"
         ErrorMessage="Password is required"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <asp:Label ID="lblConfirmPassword" runat="server" Text="Confirm</pre>
Password:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtConfirmPassword" runat="server"</pre>
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvConfirmPassword" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtConfirmPassword"
         ErrorMessage="Confirm Password is required"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <asp:CompareValidator ID="cvConfirmPassword" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtConfirmPassword"
         ControlToCompare="txtPassword" ErrorMessage="Passwords do not
match"></asp:CompareValidator>
       <asp:Label ID="lblAge" runat="server" Text="Age:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtAge" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvAge" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtAge"</p>
         ErrorMessage="Age is required"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <asp:RangeValidator ID="rvAge" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtAge" Type="Integer"</p>
         MinimumValue="21" MaximumValue="30" ErrorMessage="Age must be between 21 and
30"></asp:RangeValidator>
       <br/>>
       <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server" Text="Email ID:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvEmail" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtEmail"</p>
         ErrorMessage="Email ID is required"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
       <asp:RegularExpressionValidator ID="revEmail" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtEmail"
         Validation Expression = "\w+([-+.']\w+)*@\w+([-.]\w+)*.\w+([-.]\w+)*"
ErrorMessage="Invalid email format"></asp:RegularExpressionValidator>
       <br/>>
       <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblMessage" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Registration.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
```

```
{
  public partial class Registration: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Add additional logic if needed
     }
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Validate user input
       if (IsValid)
         // Additional validation logic if needed
         // Display success message
         lblMessage.Text = "Registration successful!";
       }
       else
         // Validation failed, display error message
         lblMessage.Text = "Please correct the errors and try again.";
       }
    }
  }
                                                Slip 10
```

Q.1) Create an application which will ask the user to input his name and a message, display the two items concatenated in a label, and change the format of the label using radio buttons and check boxes for selection, the user can make the label text bold, underlined or italic and change its color. Include three buttons such as to display the message in the label, clear the text boxes and label and exit.

Solution:

Default.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Message Formatting</title>
  <style>
    .bold {
      font-weight: bold;
    .underline {
      text-decoration: underline;
```

```
.italic {
       font-style: italic;
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
       <h2>Message Formatting</h2>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server" placeholder="Enter your name"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtMessage" runat="server" placeholder="Enter your</pre>
message"></asp:TextBox>
       <br >
       <asp:RadioButtonList ID="rblFormats" runat="server">
         <asp:ListItem Text="Bold" Value="bold" />
         <asp:ListItem Text="Underline" Value="underline" />
         <asp:ListItem Text="Italic" Value="italic" />
       </asp:RadioButtonList>
       <br/>>
       <asp:CheckBox ID="chkColor" runat="server" Text="Change Color" />
       <br >
       <asp:Button ID="btnDisplay" runat="server" Text="Display Message"
OnClick="btnDisplay Click" />
       <asp:Button ID="btnClear" runat="server" Text="Clear" OnClick="btnClear Click" />
       <asp:Button ID="btnExit" runat="server" Text="Exit" OnClick="btnExit Click" />
       <br />
       <asp:Label ID="lblDisplay" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Drawing;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
  {
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Add additional logic if needed
    protected void btnDisplay Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       string name = txtName.Text;
       string message = txtMessage.Text;
       string format = rblFormats.SelectedItem.Value;
```

```
lblDisplay.Text = message;
       // Apply formatting based on user selection
       if (format == "bold")
          lblDisplay.Font.Bold = true;
       else if (format == "underline")
          lblDisplay.Font.Underline = true;
       else if (format == "italic")
          lblDisplay.Font.Italic = true;
       // Change color if checkbox is checked
       if (chkColor.Checked)
          lblDisplay.ForeColor = Color.Red; // Change color to red, you can change it as per your
requirement
     protected void btnClear Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Clear text boxes and label
       txtName.Text = string.Empty;
       txtMessage.Text = string.Empty;
       lblDisplay.Text = string.Empty;
       lblDisplay.Font.Bold = false;
       lblDisplay.Font.Underline = false;
       lblDisplay.Font.Italic = false;
       lblDisplay.ForeColor = Color.Black;
     protected void btnExit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Add exit logic if needed
```

Q.2) Write an ASP.NET program to accept user input for 5 teacher information into a database and Display it in a GridView

```
TeacherEntry.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="TeacherEntry.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.TeacherEntry" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Teacher Entry</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Teacher Information Entry</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <br/>>
      <asp:Label ID="lblSubject" runat="server" Text="Subject:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtSubject" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <br/>>
      <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server" Text="Email:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
    </div>
  </form>
  <br/>>
  <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False">
    <Columns>
      <asp:BoundField DataField="TeacherID" HeaderText="Teacher ID" />
      <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
      <asp:BoundField DataField="Subject" HeaderText="Subject" />
      <asp:BoundField DataField="Email" HeaderText="Email" />
    </Columns>
  </asp:GridView>
</body>
</html>
TeacherEntry.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace YourNamespace
{
```

```
public partial class TeacherEntry: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (!IsPostBack)
         BindGrid();
    }
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       string name = txtName.Text;
       string subject = txtSubject.Text;
       string email = txtEmail.Text;
      // Insert data into the database
       InsertTeacherInfo(name, subject, email);
      // Re-bind GridView to display updated data
       BindGrid();
      // Clear input fields after submission
       ClearFields();
    }
    private void InsertTeacherInfo(string name, string subject, string email)
       string connectionString =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
       using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
         string query = "INSERT INTO Teachers (Name, Subject, Email) VALUES (@Name,
@Subject, @Email)";
         using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name", name);
           command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Subject", subject);
           command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Email", email);
           connection.Open();
           command.ExecuteNonQuery();
       }
    private void BindGrid()
       string connectionString =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
       string query = "SELECT TeacherID, Name, Subject, Email FROM Teachers";
       using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
```

```
{
         using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(command);
           DataTable dataTable = new DataTable();
           adapter.Fill(dataTable);
           GridView1.DataSource = dataTable;
           GridView1.DataBind();
         }
      }
    private void ClearFields()
      txtName.Text = string.Empty;
      txtSubject.Text = string.Empty;
      txtEmail.Text = string.Empty;
    }
  }
}
```

Q.1)Write web application in ASP.NET take two button on the pages, a text box to enter string and label to display the text stored from last session.

Solution:

Default.aspx:

```
<asp:Button ID="btnClear" runat="server" Text="Clear" OnClick="btnClear Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblStoredText" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (!IsPostBack)
         // Check if session variable exists and display its value
         if (Session["StoredText"] != null)
          {
            lblStoredText.Text = Session["StoredText"].ToString();
       }
    protected void btnSave Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Store text from textbox in session variable
       Session["StoredText"] = txtInput.Text;
       // Display stored text in label
       lblStoredText.Text = txtInput.Text;
    protected void btnClear Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Clear session variable and label text
       Session["StoredText"] = null;
       lblStoredText.Text = "";
  }
}
```

Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to Display Employee details (EmpID, Name, Designation, Joining Date, Mob.no, Gender) from database Edit, Delete information from Grid View. Solution:

EmployeeDetails.aspx:

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.EmployeeDetails" %>

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Employee Details</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Employee Details</h2>
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"</pre>
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowUpdating="GridView1 RowUpdating"
OnRowCancelingEdit="GridView1 RowCancelingEdit"
OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting" DataKeyNames="EmpID">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="EmpID" HeaderText="EmpID" ReadOnly="True" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Designation" HeaderText="Designation" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="JoiningDate" HeaderText="Joining Date"
DataFormatString="{0:dd/MM/yyyy}" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="MobileNumber" HeaderText="Mobile Number" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowDeleteButton="True" />
        </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class EmployeeDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
        BindGridView();
    }
```

```
protected void BindGridView()
       string connectionString =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
         string query = "SELECT EmpID, Name, Designation, JoiningDate, MobileNumber, Gender
FROM Employees";
         using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(command);
           DataTable dataTable = new DataTable();
           adapter.Fill(dataTable);
           GridView1.DataSource = dataTable;
           GridView1.DataBind();
    protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
       GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
      BindGridView();
    protected void GridView1 RowUpdating(object sender, GridViewUpdateEventArgs e)
      GridViewRow row = GridView1.Rows[e.RowIndex];
      int empID = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Value);
      string name = ((TextBox)row.FindControl("txtName")).Text;
      string designation = ((TextBox)row.FindControl("txtDesignation")).Text;
      // Retrieve and parse other updated values as needed
      // Update the database with the new values
      // Example: UpdateEmployee(empID, name, designation);
      GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
      BindGridView();
    }
    protected void GridView1 RowCancelingEdit(object sender, GridViewCancelEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
      BindGridView();
    }
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      int empID = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Value);
      // Delete employee from database
      // Example: DeleteEmployee(empID);
      BindGridView();
```

}

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Q.1) Write a web application in asp.net using c# to accept the user's information and on click on submit button entered information should get displayed into next page(session). Solution:

InputPage.aspx:

DisplayPage.aspx:

Inherits="YourNamespace.DisplayPage" %>

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="InputPage.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.InputPage" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Input Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Enter User Information</h2>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server" placeholder="Enter Name"></asp:TextBox>
      <br/>>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server" placeholder="Enter Email"></asp:TextBox>
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="DisplayPage.aspx.cs"

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Display Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>User Information</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server"></asp:Label>
      <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
DisplayPage.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class DisplayPage: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Retrieve and display stored session variables
      if (Session["Name"] != null)
         lblName.Text = "Name: " + Session["Name"].ToString();
      if (Session["Email"] != null)
         lblEmail.Text = "Email: " + Session["Email"].ToString();
    }
  }
Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to Display Teacher details (Teacher_ID, Name, Designation,
Joining Date, Mob.no, Gender) from database Edit, Delete information from Grid View.
Solution:
TeacherDetails.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="TeacherDetails.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.TeacherDetails" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
```

```
<head runat="server">
  <title>Teacher Details</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Teacher Details</h2>
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowUpdating="GridView1 RowUpdating"
OnRowCancelingEdit="GridView1 RowCancelingEdit"
OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting" DataKeyNames="Teacher ID">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Teacher ID" HeaderText="Teacher ID" ReadOnly="True"
/>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Designation" HeaderText="Designation" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="JoiningDate" HeaderText="Joining Date"
DataFormatString="{0:dd/MM/yyyy}" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="MobileNumber" HeaderText="Mobile Number" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowDeleteButton="True" />
        </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
TeacherDetails.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class TeacherDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
  {
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
        BindGridView();
    protected void BindGridView()
```

```
string connectionString =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
       using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
         string query = "SELECT Teacher ID, Name, Designation, JoiningDate, MobileNumber,
Gender FROM Teachers";
         using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(command);
           DataTable dataTable = new DataTable();
           adapter.Fill(dataTable);
           GridView1.DataSource = dataTable;
           GridView1.DataBind();
         }
      }
    protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
      BindGridView();
    }
    protected void GridView1 RowUpdating(object sender, GridViewUpdateEventArgs e)
       GridViewRow row = GridView1.Rows[e.RowIndex];
      int teacherID = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Value);
      string name = ((TextBox)row.FindControl("txtName")).Text;
      string designation = ((TextBox)row.FindControl("txtDesignation")).Text;
      // Retrieve and parse other updated values as needed
      // Update the database with the new values
      // Example: UpdateTeacher(teacherID, name, designation);
      GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
      BindGridView();
    protected void GridView1 RowCancelingEdit(object sender, GridViewCancelEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = -1;
      BindGridView();
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      int teacherID = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Value);
      // Delete teacher from database
      // Example: DeleteTeacher(teacherID);
      BindGridView();
  }
```

Q.1) Write a program that uses a textbox for a user input name and validate it for RequiredField Validation

```
Default.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>RequiredFieldValidation Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>User Registration</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvName" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtName"</p>
ErrorMessage="Name is required" Text="*"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit" Click" />
      <br/>>
      <asp:Label ID="lblMessage" runat="server" ForeColor="Red" Visible="false"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace WebApplication1
```

```
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
{
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        if (Page.IsValid)
        {
            string name = txtName.Text;
            lblMessage.Text = "Hello, " + name + "! Registration successful!";
            lblMessage.Visible = true;
        }
        else
        {
            lblMessage.Text = "Please fill in the required fields.";
            lblMessage.Visible = true;
        }
    }
}
```

Q.2) Write an ASP.net program, the user can enter 5 employee's information in database and display into the gridview.

Solution:

EmployeeForm.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="EmployeeForm.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.EmployeeForm" %>
```

```
<asp:TextBox ID="txtDesignation" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <br/>>
      <!-- Add more input fields for other employee information -->
       <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
EmployeeForm.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class EmployeeForm: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      string name = txtName.Text;
      string designation = txtDesignation.Text;
      // Retrieve other employee information from input fields
      // Insert employee information into database
       InsertEmployee(name, designation);
      // Redirect to the page showing all employees
      Response.Redirect("EmployeeList.aspx");
    protected void InsertEmployee(string name, string designation)
       string connectionString =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
      using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
         string query = "INSERT INTO Employees (Name, Designation) VALUES (@Name,
@Designation)";
         using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name", name);
           command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Designation", designation);
           // Add parameters for other employee information
```

```
connection.Open();
           command.ExecuteNonQuery();
     }
   }
 }
EmployeeList.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="EmployeeList.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.EmployeeList" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Employee List</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Employee List</h2>
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Designation" HeaderText="Designation" />
           <!-- Add more BoundFields for other employee information -->
        </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
EmployeeList.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace YourNamespace
 public partial class EmployeeList: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
        BindGridView();
    }
```

```
protected void BindGridView()
{
    string connectionString =
ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["YourConnectionString"].ConnectionString;
    using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
    {
        string query = "SELECT Name, Designation FROM Employees";
        using (SqlCommand command = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
        {
            SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(command);
            DataTable dataTable = new DataTable();
            adapter.Fill(dataTable);
            GridView1.DataSource = dataTable;
            GridView1.DataBind();
        }
    }
}
```

Q.1) Write a program that uses a textbox for a user input name and validate it for Compared Validation.

Solution:

```
Default.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs" Inherits="WebApplication1.Default" %>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```



```
<head runat="server">
  <title>Compared Validation Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
       <h2>User Registration</h2>
       <asp:Label ID="lblPassword" runat="server" Text="Password:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtPassword" runat="server" TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:Label ID="lblConfirmPassword" runat="server" Text="Confirm"
Password:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtConfirmPassword" runat="server"</pre>
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:CompareValidator ID="cvConfirmPassword" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtConfirmPassword" ControlToCompare="txtPassword"
ErrorMessage="Passwords do not match" Text="*"></asp:CompareValidator>
       <br >
       <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblMessage" runat="server" ForeColor="Red" Visible="false"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace WebApplication1
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (Page.IsValid)
         // Registration successful
         lblMessage.Text = "Registration successful!";
         lblMessage.Visible = true;
       }
       else
         // Validation failed
         lblMessage.Text = "Please correct the errors.";
         lblMessage.Visible = true;
```

```
}
}
}
}
```

Q.2) Create an ASP.Net application which displays 5-10 quiz questions, each with four possible options and exactly one correct option; the application then counts and presents the user with the number of correct answers." and shows the result to SPPU M.S.C.(ComputerScience) Syllabus 2023-24 of 5 users.

```
QuizPage.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="QuizPage.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.QuizPage" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Ouiz</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Ouiz</h2>
       <asp:Repeater ID="rptQuestions" runat="server">
         <ItemTemplate>
           <div>
             <asp:Label ID="lblQuestion" runat="server" Text='<%# Eval("QuestionText")</pre>
%>'></asp:Label>
             <br/>>
             <asp:RadioButtonList ID="rblOptions" runat="server" RepeatDirection="Vertical"</pre>
DataSource='<%# Eval("Options") %>' DataTextField="OptionText"
DataValueField="OptionId"></asp:RadioButtonList>
             <br/>>
           </div>
         /ItemTemplate>
      </asp:Repeater>
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
QuizPage.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
{
```

```
public partial class QuizPage: System.Web.UI.Page
  // Mock data for quiz questions and options (replace with actual data source)
  private List<Question> quizQuestions = new List<Question>
     new Question
       QuestionText = "What is the capital of France?",
       Options = new List<Option>
          new Option { OptionId = 1, OptionText = "London" },
          new Option { OptionId = 2, OptionText = "Paris", IsCorrect = true },
          new Option { OptionId = 3, OptionText = "Berlin" },
          new Option { OptionId = 4, OptionText = "Rome" }
       }
     },
     // Add more questions here
   };
  protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
     if (!IsPostBack)
       rptQuestions.DataSource = quizQuestions;
       rptQuestions.DataBind();
   }
  protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    // Calculate number of correct answers for each user and display results
    // Logic for scoring and displaying results goes here
}
public class Question
  public string QuestionText { get; set; }
  public List<Option> Options { get; set; }
public class Option
  public int OptionId { get; set; }
  public string OptionText { get; set; }
  public bool IsCorrect { get; set; }
```

Q.1) Write a web application in asp.net to implement concept of state management using View State and query string.

```
ViewStateQueryStringExample.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true"
CodeBehind="ViewStateQueryStringExample.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.ViewStateQueryStringExample" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>View State and Query String Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
       <h2>State Management Example</h2>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtData" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:Button ID="btnSaveViewState" runat="server" Text="Save to View State"</pre>
OnClick="btnSaveViewState Click"/>
       <asp:Button ID="btnRedirect" runat="server" Text="Redirect with Query String"</pre>
OnClick="btnRedirect Click"/>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
ViewStateQueryStringExample.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class ViewStateQueryStringExample : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Check if there's data stored in View State
         if (ViewState["Data"] != null)
           txtData.Text = ViewState["Data"].ToString();
    }
    protected void btnSaveViewState Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
```

```
// Save data to View State
       ViewState["Data"] = txtData.Text;
    protected void btnRedirect Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Redirect to another page with data in query string
       string data = txtData.Text;
       Response.Redirect("NextPage.aspx?data=" + data);
  }
}
NextPage.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="NextPage.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.NextPage" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Next Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
       <h2>Next Page</h2>
       <asp:Label ID="lblData" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
NextPage.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class NextPage: System.Web.UI.Page
  {
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Retrieve data from query string
         if (Request.QueryString["data"] != null)
           string data = Request.QueryString["data"];
           lblData.Text = "Data received from query string: " + data;
       }
```

```
}
}
```

Q.2) Write an ASP. Net program of Student Registration form by using validation control (Range Validator, Field Validator)

```
StudentRegistrationForm.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true"
CodeBehind="StudentRegistrationForm.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.StudentRegistrationForm" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Student Registration Form</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Student Registration Form</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvName" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtName"</p>
ErrorMessage="Name is required" Text="*"></asp:RequiredFieldValidator>
      <br />
      <asp:Label ID="lblAge" runat="server" Text="Age:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtAge" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <asp:RangeValidator ID="rvAge" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtAge"
ErrorMessage="Age must be between 18 and 30" MinimumValue="18" MaximumValue="30"
Type="Integer" Text="*"></asp:RangeValidator>
      <br >
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
      <asp:Label ID="lblMessage" runat="server" ForeColor="Red" Visible="false"></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
StudentRegistrationForm.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class StudentRegistrationForm: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
protected void btnSubmit_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (Page.IsValid)
    {
        // Registration successful
        lblMessage.Text = "Registration successful!";
        lblMessage.Visible = true;
    }
    else
    {
        // Validation failed
        lblMessage.Text = "Please correct the errors.";
        lblMessage.Visible = true;
    }
}
```

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Q.1) Write a web application in asp.net using c# to accept the user's information and on click on submit button entered information should get displayed into next page(session). Solution:

UserInformationForm.aspx:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="UserInformationForm.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.UserInformationForm" %>

```
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>User Information Form</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>User Information Form</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server" Text="Email:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

UserInformationForm.aspx.cs:

using System;

```
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class UserInformationForm : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Store user information in session
      Session["Name"] = txtName.Text;
      Session["Email"] = txtEmail.Text;
      // Redirect to the next page
      Response.Redirect("NextPage.aspx");
  }
NextPage.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="NextPage.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.NextPage" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Next Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
       <h2>User Information</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server"></asp:Label>
       <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
NextPage.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class NextPage: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
```

```
if (!IsPostBack)
         // Retrieve user information from session and display it
         if (Session["Name"] != null)
           lblName.Text = "Name: " + Session["Name"].ToString();
         if (Session["Email"] != null)
           lblEmail.Text = "Email: " + Session["Email"].ToString();
      }
    }
  }
Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to Display Product details (Product ID, Name, Price, Quantity)
from database Edit, Delete information from Grid View.
Solution:
ProductDetails.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="ProductDetails.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.ProductDetails" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Product Details</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
       <h2>Product Details</h2>
       <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"</pre>
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting">
         <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Product ID" HeaderText="Product ID" ReadOnly="True"</p>
/>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Price" HeaderText="Price" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Quantity" HeaderText="Quantity" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" ButtonType="Button" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowDeleteButton="True" ButtonType="Button" />
         </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
ProductDetails.aspx.cs:
using System;
```

```
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class ProductDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         BindGridView();
    protected void BindGridView()
       string connectionString = "YourConnectionString";
      string query = "SELECT Product ID, Name, Price, Quantity FROM Products";
       using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
         using (SqlCommand command = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(command);
           DataTable dataTable = new DataTable();
           adapter.Fill(dataTable);
           GridView1.DataSource = dataTable;
           GridView1.DataBind();
      }
    protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
       GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
       BindGridView();
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      string productId = GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values["Product ID"].ToString();
      string connectionString = "YourConnectionString";
      string query = "DELETE FROM Products WHERE Product ID = @Product ID";
       using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
         using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Product ID", productId);
```

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Q.1) Write an ASP .net program to display list of all the files in a directory on a web form. The filesmust be displayed in a grid view control.

```
FileList.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="FileList.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.FileList" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>File List</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>File List</h2>
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="false">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="FileName" HeaderText="File Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="FileSize" HeaderText="File Size (KB)" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="CreationTime" HeaderText="Creation Time" />
        </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
FileList.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.IO;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class FileList: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
if (!IsPostBack)
         // Directory path to fetch files
         string directoryPath = Server.MapPath("~/Files"); // Change "Files" to your directory path
         // Check if directory exists
         if (Directory.Exists(directoryPath))
            // Get list of files
            string[] files = Directory.GetFiles(directoryPath);
            // Create DataTable to hold file details
            System.Data.DataTable dt = new System.Data.DataTable();
            dt.Columns.AddRange(new DataColumn[3] { new DataColumn("FileName"), new
DataColumn("FileSize"), new DataColumn("CreationTime") });
            // Iterate through each file and add details to DataTable
            foreach (string filePath in files)
              FileInfo fileInfo = new FileInfo(filePath);
              dt.Rows.Add(fileInfo.Name, fileInfo.Length / 1024, fileInfo.CreationTime);
            }
            // Bind DataTable to GridView
            GridView1.DataSource = dt;
            GridView1.DataBind();
         else
            // Display error message if directory doesn't exist
            Response. Write("Directory not found.");
      }
    }
```

Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to Display Employee details (EmpID, Name, Designation, JoiningDate, Mob.no, Gender) from database Edit, Delete information from Grid View Solution:

EmployeeDetails.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.EmployeeDetails" %>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
<title>Employee Details</title>
</head>
```

```
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Employee Details</h2>
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"</pre>
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting">
         <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="EmpID" HeaderText="EmpID" ReadOnly="True" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Designation" HeaderText="Designation" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="JoiningDate" HeaderText="Joining Date" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="MobNo" HeaderText="Mob. No." />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" ButtonType="Button" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowDeleteButton="True" ButtonType="Button" />
         </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class EmployeeDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
  {
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
        BindGridView();
    }
    protected void BindGridView()
      string connectionString = "YourConnectionString";
      string query = "SELECT EmpID, Name, Designation, JoiningDate, MobNo, Gender FROM
Employees";
      using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
        using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(command);
           DataTable dataTable = new DataTable();
```

```
adapter.Fill(dataTable);
         GridView1.DataSource = dataTable;
         GridView1.DataBind();
    }
  }
  protected void GridView1_RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
    GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
    BindGridView();
  }
  protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
    string empId = GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values["EmpID"].ToString();
    string connectionString = "YourConnectionString";
    string query = "DELETE FROM Employees WHERE EmpID = @EmpID";
    using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
      using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
         command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@EmpID", empId);
         connection.Open();
         command.ExecuteNonQuery();
    BindGridView();
}
```

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```
StudentRegistration.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="StudentRegistration.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.StudentRegistration" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Student Registration</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
       <h2>Student Registration</h2>
       <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvName" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtName"</p>
ErrorMessage="Name is required" Display="Dynamic" />
       <br/>>
       <asp:Label ID="lblAge" runat="server" Text="Age:"></asp:Label>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtAge" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <asp:RangeValidator ID="rvAge" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtAge"</p>
ErrorMessage="Age must be between 18 and 25" MinimumValue="18" MaximumValue="25"
Type="Integer" Display="Dynamic" />
       <br >
       <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblMessage" runat="server"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
StudentRegistration.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class StudentRegistration: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (IsValid)
```

```
// Process form submission
string name = txtName.Text;
int age = Convert.ToInt32(txtAge.Text);

// Display message
lblMessage.Text = "Registration successful. Name: " + name + ", Age: " + age;
}
else
{
    // Validation failed, display error message
lblMessage.Text = "Please fix validation errors.";
}
}
}
```

Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to Display Product details (Product _ID, Name,Price,Quantity) from database Edit, Delete information from Grid View. Solution:

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="ProductDetails.aspx.cs"

ProductDetails.aspx:

```
Inherits="YourNamespace.ProductDetails" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Product Details</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div>
      <h2>Product Details</h2>
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"</pre>
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Product ID" HeaderText="Product ID" ReadOnly="True"</p>
/>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Price" HeaderText="Price" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Quantity" HeaderText="Quantity" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" ButtonType="Button" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowDeleteButton="True" ButtonType="Button" />
         </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

ProductDetails.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class ProductDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
        BindGridView();
    protected void BindGridView()
      string connectionString = "YourConnectionString";
      string query = "SELECT Product ID, Name, Price, Quantity FROM Products";
      using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
        using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
           SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(command);
           DataTable dataTable = new DataTable();
           adapter.Fill(dataTable);
           GridView1.DataSource = dataTable;
           GridView1.DataBind();
    protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender, GridViewEditEventArgs e)
      GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
      BindGridView();
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender, GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      string productId = GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values["Product ID"].ToString();
      string connectionString = "YourConnectionString";
      string query = "DELETE FROM Products WHERE Product ID = @Product ID";
      using (SqlConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
        using (SqlCommand = new SqlCommand(query, connection))
```

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Q.1) Write a web application in asp.net using c# to accept the user's information and on click on submit button entered information should get displayed into next page(session). Solution:

```
UserInfo.aspx:
```

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="UserInfo.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.UserInfo" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>User Information</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>User Information</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <br />
      <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server" Text="Email:"></asp:Label>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <br/>>
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
UserInfo.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class UserInfo: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
}
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Store user information in session
      Session["UserName"] = txtName.Text;
      Session["UserEmail"] = txtEmail.Text;
      // Redirect to the next page
      Response.Redirect("DisplayUserInfo.aspx");
  }
}
DisplayUserInfo.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="DisplayUserInfo.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.DisplayUserInfo" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Display User Information</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
       <h2>User Information</h2>
      <asp:Label ID="lblDisplayName" runat="server"></asp:Label>
      <asp:Label ID="lblDisplayEmail" runat="server"></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
DisplayUserInfo.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class DisplayUserInfo: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Retrieve user information from session and display it
         if (Session["UserName"] != null)
           lblDisplayName.Text = "Name: " + Session["UserName"].ToString();
```

Q.2) Create an ASP.Net application, which show to the user 5-10 quiz questions. All questions have 4 possible options and one right option exactly. Application counts and shows to the user how many right answers were right and shows the result to 5 users.

Solution:

< div>

<h2>Quiz Result</h2>

```
QuizQuestions.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="QuizQuestions.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.QuizQuestions" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Quiz Questions</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Ouiz Ouestions</h2>
      <!-- Display quiz questions and options here -->
      <asp:Literal ID="litQuestion1" runat="server"></asp:Literal>
      <asp:RadioButtonList ID="rbList1" runat="server"></asp:RadioButtonList>
      <!-- Repeat for other questions -->
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
QuizResult.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="QuizResult.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.QuizResult" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Ouiz Result</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
```

```
<asp:Label ID="lblResult" runat="server" Text="Your score: "></asp:Label>
       <asp:Label ID="lblScore" runat="server"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
QuizResult.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class QuizResult : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (!IsPostBack)
         // Display the user's score
         string score = Request.QueryString["score"];
         lblScore.Text = score;
    }
  }
}
                                             Slip 20
```

Q.1)Write web application in ASP.Net take two buttons on the page, a text box to enter string and a label to display the text stored from last session.

Solution:

Default.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Session Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
       <h2>Session Example</h2>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtInput" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <br >
       <asp:Button ID="btnSave" runat="server" Text="Save" OnClick="btnSave Click" />
      <asp:Button ID="btnRetrieve" runat="server" Text="Retrieve" OnClick="btnRetrieve Click"
/>
      <br/>>
       <asp:Label ID="lblStoredText" runat="server"></asp:Label>
```

```
</div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
  {
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Check if text is stored in session and display it
         if (Session["StoredText"] != null)
            lblStoredText.Text = Session["StoredText"].ToString();
       }
     }
    protected void btnSave Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Store text in session
       Session["StoredText"] = txtInput.Text;
    protected void btnRetrieve Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Retrieve stored text from session and display it
      if (Session["StoredText"] != null)
         lblStoredText.Text = Session["StoredText"].ToString();
    }
  }
Q.2) Create an ASP.Net application, which show to the user 5-10 quiz questions. All Questions
have 4 possible options and one right option exactly. Application counts and Shows to the user
how many right answers were right and shows the result to user.
Solution:
QuizQuestions.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="QuizQuestions.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.QuizQuestions" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
```

```
<head runat="server">
  <title>Quiz Questions</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
       <h2>Quiz Questions</h2>
       <!-- Display quiz questions and options here -->
       <asp:Label ID="lblQuestion" runat="server"></asp:Label>
       <br >
       <asp:RadioButtonList ID="rbOptions" runat="server"></asp:RadioButtonList>
       <br/>>
       <asp:Button ID="btnNext" runat="server" Text="Next" OnClick="btnNext Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblResult" runat="server"></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
QuizQuestions.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class QuizQuestions : System.Web.UI.Page
    private List<Question> quizQuestions;
    private int currentQuestionIndex;
    private int correctAnswersCount;
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Initialize quiz questions and display the first question
         quizQuestions = GetQuizQuestions();
         currentQuestionIndex = 0;
         DisplayQuestion(currentQuestionIndex);
       }
     }
    private List<Question> GetQuizQuestions()
      // Implement logic to fetch quiz questions from a data source or define them in code
      // Example:
       List<Question> questions = new List<Question>
       {
```

```
new Question("Question 1: What is the capital of France?", new List<string>{"London",
"Paris", "Berlin", "Rome"}, 1),
         new Question("Question 2: Which planet is known as the Red Planet?", new
List<string>{"Venus", "Mars", "Jupiter", "Saturn"}, 1),
         // Add more questions here
       };
       return questions;
    private void DisplayQuestion(int index)
       lblQuestion.Text = quizQuestions[index].Text;
       rbOptions.DataSource = quizQuestions[index].Options;
       rbOptions.DataBind();
    protected void btnNext Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Evaluate user's response
       if (rbOptions.SelectedIndex != -1)
         int selectedOptionIndex = rbOptions.SelectedIndex;
         if (selectedOptionIndex == quizQuestions[currentQuestionIndex].CorrectAnswerIndex)
            correctAnswersCount++;
         // Move to the next question
         currentQuestionIndex++;
         if (currentQuestionIndex < quizQuestions.Count)
            DisplayQuestion(currentQuestionIndex);
         else
            // Display quiz result
            lblResult.Text = "Quiz completed. You answered " + correctAnswersCount + " out of " +
quizQuestions.Count + " questions correctly.";
       else
         // Prompt the user to select an option
         lblResult.Text = "Please select an option.";
  public class Question
    public string Text { get; set; }
```

```
public List<string> Options { get; set; }
    public int CorrectAnswerIndex { get; set; }
    public Question(string text, List<string> options, int correctAnswerIndex)
       Text = text;
       Options = options;
       CorrectAnswerIndex = correctAnswerIndex;
    }
  }
}
```

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Q. 1)Write a web application in asp.net to implement concept of state management using View State and query string.

Solution:

```
ViewStateQueryStringExample.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true"
CodeBehind="ViewStateQueryStringExample.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.ViewStateQueryStringExample" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>ViewState and QueryString Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>ViewState and QueryString Example</h2>
      <asp:TextBox ID="txtInput" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <br >
      <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
      <asp:Label ID="lblOutput" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
ViewStateQueryStringExample.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
 public partial class ViewStateQueryStringExample: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
```

Q.2) Write an ASP.Net program to Display Employee details (EmpID, Name, Designation, Joining Date, Mob.no, Gender) from database Edit, Delete information from GridView Solution:

EmployeeDetails.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.EmployeeDetails" %>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Employee Details</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Employee Details</h2>
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False"
OnRowEditing="GridView1 RowEditing" OnRowDeleting="GridView1 RowDeleting">
        <Columns>
           <asp:BoundField DataField="EmpID" HeaderText="EmpID" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Designation" HeaderText="Designation" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="JoiningDate" HeaderText="Joining Date" />
```

```
<asp:BoundField DataField="MobNo" HeaderText="Mobile Number" />
           <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Gender" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowEditButton="True" />
           <asp:CommandField ShowDeleteButton="True" />
         </Columns>
      </asp:GridView>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
EmployeeDetails.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class EmployeeDetails: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         BindGrid();
    }
    protected void BindGrid()
      // Replace connection string and query with your actual database details
      string connectionString = "Your Connection String";
      string query = "SELECT EmpID, Name, Designation, JoiningDate, MobNo, Gender FROM
Employee";
      using (SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
         SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(query, conn);
         SqlDataAdapter da = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd);
         DataTable dt = new DataTable();
         conn.Open();
         da.Fill(dt);
         conn.Close();
         GridView1.DataSource = dt;
         GridView1.DataBind();
```

```
protected void GridView1 RowEditing(object sender,
System.Web.UI.WebControls.GridViewEditEventArgs e)
      // Set the grid view in edit mode
      GridView1.EditIndex = e.NewEditIndex;
      BindGrid();
    }
    protected void GridView1 RowDeleting(object sender,
System.Web.UI.WebControls.GridViewDeleteEventArgs e)
      // Get the EmpID of the row being deleted
      int empID = Convert.ToInt32(GridView1.DataKeys[e.RowIndex].Values["EmpID"]);
      // Delete record from database
      string connectionString = "Your Connection String";
      string query = "DELETE FROM Employee WHERE EmpID = @EmpID";
      using (SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
        SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(query, conn);
        cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@EmpID", empID);
        conn.Open();
        cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
        conn.Close();
      // Rebind the grid view
      BindGrid();
  }
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Q.1) Show the use of Session State
Solution:
Default.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Session State Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
      <h2>Session State Example</h2>
```

```
<asp:TextBox ID="txtInput" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       <br/>>
       <asp:Button ID="btnSave" runat="server" Text="Save" OnClick="btnSave Click" />
       <br >
       <asp:Label ID="lblStoredText" runat="server"></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
  {
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (!IsPostBack)
         // Check if text is stored in session and display it
         if (Session["StoredText"] != null)
            lblStoredText.Text = Session["StoredText"].ToString();
       }
    protected void btnSave Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Store text in session
       Session["StoredText"] = txtInput.Text;
       // Redirect to another page
       Response.Redirect("AnotherPage.aspx");
  }
}
```

Q.2) Programs using ASP.NET Server controls. Create the application that accepts name, password ,age , email id, and user id. All the information entry is compulsory. Password should be reconfirmed. Age should be within 21 to 30. Email id should be valid. User id should have at least a capital letter and digit as well as length should be between 7 and 20 characters. Solution:

RegistrationForm.aspx:

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="RegistrationForm.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.RegistrationForm" %>

<!DOCTYPE html>

```
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Registration Form</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
       <h2>User Registration</h2>
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
         <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvName" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtName"</p>
ErrorMessage="Name is required." Display="Dynamic" />
       </div>
       <br/>>
       < div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblPassword" runat="server" Text="Password: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtPassword" runat="server" TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
         <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvPassword" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtPassword" ErrorMessage="Password is required." Display="Dynamic" />
       </div>
       <br />
       < div >
         <asp:Label ID="lblConfirmPassword" runat="server" Text="Confirm Password:</pre>
"></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtConfirmPassword" runat="server"</pre>
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
         <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvConfirmPassword" runat="server"</p>
ControlToValidate="txtConfirmPassword" ErrorMessage="Confirm Password is required."
Display="Dynamic" />
         <asp:CompareValidator ID="cvPasswordMatch" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtConfirmPassword" ControlToCompare="txtPassword" Operator="Equal"
ErrorMessage="Passwords do not match." Display="Dynamic" />
       </div>
       <br >
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblAge" runat="server" Text="Age: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtAge" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
         <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvAge" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtAge"</p>
ErrorMessage="Age is required." Display="Dynamic" />
         <asp:RangeValidator ID="rvAge" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtAge"
MinimumValue="21" MaximumValue="30" Type="Integer" ErrorMessage="Age must be between 21
and 30." Display="Dynamic" />
       </div>
       <br >
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server" Text="Email ID: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
         <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvEmail" runat="server" ControlToValidate="txtEmail"
ErrorMessage="Email ID is required." Display="Dynamic" />
```

```
<asp:RegularExpressionValidator ID="revEmail" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtEmail" ErrorMessage="Invalid Email ID." ValidationExpression="\w+([-
+.']\w+)*@/w+([-.]\w+)*.\w+([-.]\w+)*" Display="Dynamic" />
       </div>
       <br/>>
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblUserID" runat="server" Text="User ID: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtUserID" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
         <asp:RequiredFieldValidator ID="rfvUserID" runat="server"
ControlToValidate="txtUserID" ErrorMessage="User ID is required." Display="Dynamic" />
         <asp:RegularExpressionValidator ID="revUserID" runat="server"</pre>
ControlToValidate="txtUserID" ErrorMessage="Invalid User ID." ValidationExpression="^(?=.*[A-
Z])(?=.*\d).{7,20}$" Display="Dynamic" />
       </div>
       <br />
       <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblMessage" runat="server" ForeColor="Green" Text=""></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
RegistrationForm.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class RegistrationForm : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (!IsPostBack)
         // Clear any previous error messages
         lblMessage.Text = "";
     }
    protected void btnSubmit Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (Page.IsValid)
         // Registration logic here
         // For demonstration, let's just display a success message
         lblMessage.Text = "Registration successful!";
       }
       else
         lblMessage.Text = "Please correct the errors and try again.";
```

```
}
}
```

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```
Q.1) Show the use of Session State
```

```
Solution:
Default.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="Default.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.Default" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Session State Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>Session State Example</h2>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtInput" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      <br >
      <asp:Button ID="btnSave" runat="server" Text="Save" OnClick="btnSave Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblStoredText" runat="server"></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Default.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
```

// Check if text is stored in session and display it

protected void btnSave_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)

lblStoredText.Text = Session["StoredText"].ToString();

if (Session["StoredText"] != null)

}

{

```
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```

```
// Store text in session
    Session["StoredText"] = txtInput.Text;
    // Redirect to another page
    Response.Redirect("AnotherPage.aspx");
    }
}
```

Q.2) Create the registration form using ASP.NET Server controls.

Solution:

RegistrationForm.aspx:

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="RegistrationForm.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.RegistrationForm" %>

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Registration Form</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
       <h2>User Registration</h2>
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      </div>
       <br/>>
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblPassword" runat="server" Text="Password: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtPassword" runat="server" TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
      </div>
       <br/>>
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblConfirmPassword" runat="server" Text="Confirm Password:</pre>
"></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtConfirmPassword" runat="server"</pre>
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
       <br/>>
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblAge" runat="server" Text="Age: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtAge" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
       <br >
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server" Text="Email ID: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
       <br/>>
```

```
<div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblUserID" runat="server" Text="User ID: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtUserID" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
       <br >
       <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit_Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblMessage" runat="server" ForeColor="Green" Text=""></asp:Label>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
RegistrationForm.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class RegistrationForm : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Clear any previous error messages
         lblMessage.Text = "";
    }
    protected void btnSubmit_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      // Registration logic here
      // For demonstration, let's just display a success message
      lblMessage.Text = "Registration successful!";
  }
}
```

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Q.1) Write a Asp.Net program to display File upload and Calendar control.

Solution:

```
FileUploadAndCalendar.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true"
CodeBehind="FileUploadAndCalendar.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.FileUploadAndCalendar"
%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>File Upload and Calendar Control</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div>
      <h2>File Upload</h2>
       <asp:FileUpload ID="FileUpload1" runat="server" /><br />
      <asp:Button ID="btnUpload" runat="server" Text="Upload" OnClick="btnUpload Click" />
      <br /><br />
      <h2>Calendar Control</h2>
      <asp:Calendar ID="Calendar1" runat="server" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
FileUploadAndCalendar.aspx.cs:
using System;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class FileUploadAndCalendar: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void btnUpload Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (FileUpload1.HasFile)
         try
           // Save the uploaded file to the server
           string fileName = System.IO.Path.GetFileName(FileUpload1.FileName);
           FileUpload1.SaveAs(Server.MapPath("~/uploads/") + fileName);
           // Display a success message
           Response. Write("File uploaded successfully!");
         catch (Exception ex)
```

```
// Display an error message if upload fails
           Response.Write("Error: " + ex.Message);
      else
         // Display a message if no file selected
         Response.Write("Please select a file to upload.");
    }
  }
Q.2) Create the registration form using ASP.NET Server controls.
Solution:
RegistrationForm.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="RegistrationForm.aspx.cs"
Inherits="YourNamespace.RegistrationForm" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Registration Form</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    <div>
      <h2>User Registration</h2>
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Name: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      </div>
       <br >
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblEmail" runat="server" Text="Email: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtEmail" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
      </div>
       <br/>>
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblPassword" runat="server" Text="Password: "></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtPassword" runat="server" TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
      <br />
       <div>
         <asp:Label ID="lblConfirmPassword" runat="server" Text="Confirm Password:</pre>
"></asp:Label>
         <asp:TextBox ID="txtConfirmPassword" runat="server"</pre>
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
       </div>
```


>

```
<asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit" OnClick="btnSubmit_Click" />
       <asp:Label ID="lblMessage" runat="server" ForeColor="Green" Text=""></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
RegistrationForm.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Web.UI;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class RegistrationForm: Page
    protected void btnSubmit_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       string name = txtName.Text;
       string email = txtEmail.Text;
       string password = txtPassword.Text;
       string confirmPassword = txtConfirmPassword.Text;
       if (password != confirmPassword)
         lblMessage.Text = "Passwords do not match!";
       else
         // Your registration logic here
         // For demo purposes, just displaying a success message
         lblMessage.Text = "Registration successful!";
       }
    }
  }
}
                                             Slip 25
```

Q.1) Write a Asp.Net program to display ---List of employees is available in listbox. Write an application to add selected or all records from listbox (assume multi-line property of textbox is true).

Solution:

ListBoxAndTextBox.aspx:

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="ListBoxAndTextBox.aspx.cs" Inherits="YourNamespace.ListBoxAndTextBox" %>

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>ListBox and TextBox</title>
```

```
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div>
       <h2>List of Employees</h2>
       <asp:ListBox ID="lstEmployees" runat="server" SelectionMode="Multiple">
         <asp:ListItem Text="John" />
         <asp:ListItem Text="Alice" />
         <asp:ListItem Text="Bob" />
         <asp:ListItem Text="Jane" />
         <asp:ListItem Text="Mike" />
       </asp:ListBox>
       <br >
       <h2>Selected Employees</h2>
       <asp:TextBox ID="txtSelectedEmployees" runat="server" TextMode="MultiLine"</pre>
Rows="5"></asp:TextBox>
       <br/>>
       <asp:Button ID="btnAddSelected" runat="server" Text="Add Selected"
OnClick="btnAddSelected Click" />
       <asp:Button ID="btnAddAll" runat="server" Text="Add All" OnClick="btnAddAll Click" />
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
ListBoxAndTextBox.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Linq;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class ListBoxAndTextBox : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (!IsPostBack)
         // Populate the ListBox with employee names
         string[] employees = { "John", "Alice", "Bob", "Jane", "Mike" };
         lstEmployees.DataSource = employees;
         lstEmployees.DataBind();
       }
    }
    protected void btnAddSelected Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Add selected items from ListBox to TextBox
       foreach (ListItem item in lstEmployees.Items)
         if (item.Selected)
```

```
txtSelectedEmployees.Text += item.Text + Environment.NewLine;
}
}

protected void btnAddAll_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    // Add all items from ListBox to TextBox
    foreach (ListItem item in lstEmployees.Items)
    {
        txtSelectedEmployees.Text += item.Text + Environment.NewLine;
    }
}
```

Q.2) "How is the book ASP.NET with c# by Vipul Prakashan?" Give the user three choices: i) Good ii) Satisfactory iii) Bad. Provide a VOTE button. After user votes, present the result in percentage using labels next to the choices. (Use of radio buttons) Solution:

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="VotingPage.aspx.cs"

```
VotingPage.aspx:
```

```
Inherits="YourNamespace.VotingPage" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
  <title>Voting Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form id="form1" runat="server">
    < div >
       <h2>How is the book ASP.NET with C# by Vipul Prakashan?</h2>
       <asp:RadioButtonList ID="rblChoices" runat="server">
         <asp:ListItem Text="Good" Value="Good" />
         <asp:ListItem Text="Satisfactory" Value="Satisfactory" />
         <asp:ListItem Text="Bad" Value="Bad" />
       </asp:RadioButtonList>
       <br/>>
       <asp:Button ID="btnVote" runat="server" Text="Vote" OnClick="btnVote Click" />
      <asp:Label ID="lblGoodPercentage" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label><br/>br />
       <asp:Label ID="lblSatisfactoryPercentage" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label><br/>br />
       <asp:Label ID="lblBadPercentage" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

VotingPage.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Ling;
namespace YourNamespace
  public partial class VotingPage: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (!IsPostBack)
         // Initialize vote counts to zero
         Session["GoodCount"] = 0;
         Session["SatisfactoryCount"] = 0;
         Session["BadCount"] = 0;
     }
    protected void btnVote Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       // Update vote count based on user selection
       string selectedChoice = rblChoices.SelectedItem.Text;
       switch (selectedChoice)
         case "Good":
            Session["GoodCount"] = (int)Session["GoodCount"] + 1;
            break;
         case "Satisfactory":
            Session["SatisfactoryCount"] = (int)Session["SatisfactoryCount"] + 1;
            break:
         case "Bad":
            Session["BadCount"] = (int)Session["BadCount"] + 1;
            break;
       }
       // Calculate and display percentages
       int totalVotes = (int)Session["GoodCount"] + (int)Session["SatisfactoryCount"] +
(int)Session["BadCount"];
       if (total Votes > 0)
         lblGoodPercentage.Text = "Good: " + ((double)(int)Session["GoodCount"] / totalVotes *
100).ToString("0.00") + "%";
         lblSatisfactoryPercentage.Text = "Satisfactory: " +
((double)(int)Session["SatisfactoryCount"] / totalVotes * 100).ToString("0.00") + "%";
         lblBadPercentage.Text = "Bad: " + ((double)(int)Session["BadCount"] / totalVotes *
100).ToString("0.00") + "%";
       }
    }
  }
```