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#include <Wire.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
// Pin for the LM35 temperature sensor
const int tempPin = A0;
// Variables for temperature readings
float temperatureC = 0.0;
float voltage = 0.0;
int sensorValue = 0;
// Create an LCD object with I2C address 0x27 (check your LCD address if different)
LiquidCrystal I2C lcd(0x27, 16, 2);
// Define temperature thresholds for alerts (e.g., over 30°C or below 10°C)
const float upperThreshold = 30.0;
const float lowerThreshold = 10.0;
// Define status flags for alerts
bool temperatureWarning = false;
void setup() {
 // Start serial communication for debugging
 Serial.begin(9600);
 // Initialize the LCD screen
 lcd.begin();
 lcd.backlight(); // Turn on the backlight
 // Display a welcome message on the LCD
 displayCustomMessage("Temp Monitoring\nSystem Initializing");
 delay(2000); // Display the message for 2 seconds
 lcd.clear();
 // Initialize sensor readings
 initializeSensor();
}
void loop() {
 // Read temperature sensor data
 sensorValue = analogRead(tempPin);
 voltage = sensorValue * (5.0 / 1023.0); // Convert sensor value to voltage
 temperatureC = voltage * 100.0; // Convert voltage to temperature in Celsius (LM35)
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// Display temperature on Serial Monitor for debugging
 Serial.print("Sensor Value: ");
 Serial.print(sensorValue);
 Serial.print(" - Voltage: ");
 Serial.print(voltage);
 Serial.print("V - Temperature: ");
 Serial.print(temperatureC);
 Serial.println(" C");
 // Check if the temperature exceeds defined limits
 checkTemperatureAlert(temperatureC);
 // Display the temperature on the LCD
 updateLCD("Temp: " + String(temperatureC) + " C", 0);
 // Show alert messages if temperature is too high or low
 if (temperatureWarning) {
  updateLCD("ALERT! Temp Issue", 1);
 } else {
  updateLCD("System Normal", 1);
 // Wait 1 second before taking the next reading
 delay(1000);
// Function to check if the temperature exceeds the threshold
void checkTemperatureAlert(float currentTemp) {
 // If the temperature is higher than the upper threshold
 if (currentTemp > upperThreshold) {
  temperatureWarning = true;
  Serial.println("Warning: Temperature is too high!");
 // If the temperature is lower than the lower threshold
 else if (currentTemp < lowerThreshold) {</pre>
  temperatureWarning = true;
  Serial.println("Warning: Temperature is too low!");
 }
 // If the temperature is within the normal range
 else {
  temperatureWarning = false;
 }
}
```

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// Function to initialize the sensor with a brief calibration
void initializeSensor() {
 Serial.println("Initializing Temperature Sensor...");
 updateLCD("Sensor Initializing", 1);
 delay(1000); // Delay to simulate sensor initialization time
 Serial.println("Sensor Initialized.");
 lcd.clear();
}
// Function to handle LCD updates efficiently
void updateLCD(String message, int line) {
 // Clear the specified line on the LCD before updating
 lcd.setCursor(0, line);
                     "); // Clear the line with spaces
 lcd.print("
 lcd.setCursor(0, line);
 lcd.print(message); // Print the new message on the specified line
// Function to display a custom message on the LCD
void displayCustomMessage(String message) {
 lcd.clear();
 int line = 0;
 int pos = 0;
 while (pos < message.length()) {
  int nextPos = message.indexOf('\n', pos);
  if (nextPos == -1) nextPos = message.length();
  lcd.setCursor(0, line);
  lcd.print(message.substring(pos, nextPos));
  pos = nextPos + 1;
  line++;
 }
 delay(2000); // Display custom message for 2 seconds
```