CS6350: Topics in Combinatorics Assignment 6

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- 1. Prove that every three-uniform hypergraph with n vertices and $m \ge \frac{n}{3}$ edges contains an independent set (i.e., a set of vertices containing no edges) of size at least $\frac{2n^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{m}}$
- **A.** Let us consider a three-uniform hypergraph H with n vertices and m edges. Now let us construct a set X with elements chosen randomly independently from the vertices of the hypergraph H each with a probability p.

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{E[|X|] = n * p}$$
 (n vertices with probability p for each vertex)

Now let Y be the edges of the hypergraph H present in the set X. Now let us remove one of the each three vertices for each edge of Y. Then the resultant hypergraph would become independent(hypergraph with no edges).

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{E[|Y|] = m * p * p * p}$$
 (m edges with probability p for each of three vertices per edge)

So, the expected value for independent vertices is

$$E[|X| - |Y|] = E[|X|] - E[|Y|]$$

= $np - mp^3$

Now for the maximum value of E[|X| - |Y|] consider its derivative equal to zero

$$\frac{d}{dp}(np - mp^3) = 0$$

$$n - 3mp^2 = 0$$

$$p^2 = \frac{n}{3m}$$

$$p = \sqrt{\frac{n}{3m}}$$

So the maximum value of E[|X| - |Y|] is

$$E[|X| - |Y|] = np - mp^{3} = p(n - mp^{2})$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{n}{3m}}(n - m(\frac{n}{3m}))$$

$$\Rightarrow E[|X| - |Y|]_{max} = \frac{2n^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{m}}$$

Hence it is proved that a any hypergraph with n vertices and m edges contains an independent set of size at least $\frac{2n^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{m}}$