

Homework 3

ID 1370 - DSP
IIT Hyderabad

1. Prove sampling theorem without using impulse train.
2. Consider a sinusoidal signal

$$x(t) = 3\cos(1000\pi + 0.1\pi) \quad (1)$$

Let us sample it at a frequency $F_s = 2\text{kHz}$.

- a) Determine an expression for the sampled sequence $x[n] = x(nT_s)$ and determine its Discrete Time Fourier Transform

$$X(j\omega) = DTFTx[n]. \quad (2)$$

- b) Determine

$$X(j\Omega) = FTx(t). \quad (3)$$

- c) Recompute $X(j\omega)$ from the $X(j\Omega)$ and verify that you obtain the same expression as in a).

3. For each $X(j\Omega) = FTx(t)$ shown, determine

$$X(j\omega) = DTFTx[n]. \quad (4)$$

where $x[n] = x(nT_s)$ is the sampled sequence. The Sampling frequency F_s is given for each case.

{ $\text{rect}(t)$ is a function which produces a rectangular-shaped pulse with a width of 1 centered at $t = 0$ and has a height 1. $\text{rect}((t-X)/Y)$ is centered at X and has width Y which also has a height 1.}

$$a) X(j\Omega) = 2\pi\delta(\Omega - 1000), F_s = 3000\text{kHz}. \quad (5)$$

$$b) X(j\Omega) = 2\pi\delta(\Omega - 500) + 2\pi\delta(\Omega + 500), F_s = 1200\text{Hz}. \quad (6)$$

$$c) X(j\Omega) = 6\pi\text{rect}(\Omega/1000), F_s = 2000\text{Hz}. \quad (7)$$

$$d) X(j\Omega) = 6\pi\text{rect}(\Omega/1000), F_s = 1000\text{Hz}. \quad (8)$$

$$e) X(j\Omega) = 2\pi\text{rect}((\Omega - 3000)/1000) + 2\pi\text{rect}((\Omega + 3000)/1000), F_s = 3000\text{Hz}. \quad (9)$$

4. The frequency response of a discrete time system is given by

$$H(j\omega) = 1; \text{ for } |w| < \pi/4$$

$$= 0; \text{ for } \pi/4 < |w| < \pi$$

- a) Find the impulse response($h(n)$) of the system.

- b) Find the overall impulse response($h(n)$) at $n=3$, if the above system is cascaded by a second system with unit sample response $\delta[n-1]$.

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5. Using the definition determine the DTFT of the following sequences. If it does not exist say why.

a) $x[n] = 0.5^n u[n]$

b) $x[n] = 0.5^n u[-n]$

c) $x[n] = 2^n u[n]$

d) $x[n] = 0.5^{|n|}$

e) $x[n] = 2^{|n|}$

f) $x[n] = 3(0.8)^{|n|} \cos(0.1\pi n)$

6. A sequence has the DTFT

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{1 - a^2}{(1 - ae^{-j\omega})(1 - ae^{j\omega})}, |a| < 1 \quad (10)$$

a) Find the sequence $x[n]$.

b) Calculate

$$1/(2\pi) \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(j\omega) \cos \omega d\omega$$

7. Let $x[n]$ be a periodic signal with one period given by $[1, -2, 3, -4, 5, -6]$ with the zero index at '3'.

Determine the frequency response of the system and one period of the output sequence $y[n]$ if $x[n]$ is the input to a LTI system with an impulse response $h[n] = 0.8^{|n|}$