AI1001: Introduction to Modern AI Homework Assignment 4 Due Date: 28 August 2019

1. Consider the Markov process with the state transition matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0 \\ 0.1 & 0 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0.3 & 0 & 0.5 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0.1 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.4 \\ 0 & 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Number the states consecutively from 1 to 5. What are the absorbing states, if any?

2. Consider the Markov process with the state transition matrix

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} 0.1 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0 \\ 0.1 & 0 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0.3 & 0 & 0.5 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0.1 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1.0 \end{array} \right].$$

Number the states consecutively from 1 to 5.

- Find the absorbing state(s) if any.
- Compute the average number of time steps needed to reach the absorbing state, starting from each of the other states.
- 3. Now consider the Markov process with the following state transition matrix

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{cccccc} 0.1 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.1 & 0 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.1 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0.3 & 0 & 0.4 & 0.1 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0.1 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1.0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right].$$

- What are the absorbing states?
- For each of the nonabsorbing states, compute the probability of hitting each of the absorbing states.
- 4. Recall Bellman's optimality equation for Markov Decision Processes: Define $V^*(x)$ to be the **Highest possible reward** that can be achieved by any "policy" (method of selecting actions for each state), when starting at state x. Then V^* satisfies

$$V^*(x) = \max_{u \in U} \left(R(x, u) + \gamma \sum_{y \in \mathbb{N}} A_{x,y}^u V^*(y) \right).$$

Justify the validity of the Bellman equation by interpreting each term on the right side of the equation.