Question 1. Marks: 6.0

The following are two questions on MACs.

1. Show that appending the message length to the end of the message before applying basic CBC-MAC does not result in a secure MAC for arbitrary-length messages.

2. Consider a MAC $\Pi = (Gen, MAC, Verify)$ for 2n-2 length inputs, Gen outputs a key $k \in \{0,1\}^n$

For a message $m=m_1||m_2,|m_1|=|m_2|=n-1$, let $MAC_k(m)=t:=F_k(0||m_1)||F_k(1||m_2)$, where F is a PRF. Is this a secure MAC? Prove your answer or give an example of a forgeability attack.

(3+3 marks)

Question 2. Marks: 4.0

Given two collision-resistant hash functions (Gen_1, H_1) , (Gen_2, H_2) , show that the following hash function is collision resistant.

$$H_c^{(s_1,s_2)}(x) := H_1^{s_1}(H_2^{s_2}(x)||x)||H_2^{s_2}(H_1^{s_1}(x)||x)$$

Is H_c necessarily collision-resistant if only one of the hash functions, H_1 or H_2 is collision-resistant?

(3+1 marks)