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Title- 1. Write a C program to to represent 1-D array using Dynamic Memory Allocation.
Author- Bhakare Mahesh Santosh
ID- 492
Batch- TechnOrbit(PPA-8)
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
    int n,i;
    int* arr=NULL;
    printf("Enter how many elements do you want to enter into the array: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    arr=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int));
    printf("enter elements into the array: \n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
    {
        scanf("%d",arr+i);
    printf("Entered array elements are: [");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
    {
        printf("%d, ",*(arr+i));
    }
    printf("]\n");
    free(arr);
    arr=NULL;
}
Title- 2. Write a C program to sort 1-D array in ascending order using Dynamic Memory
Allocation.
Author- Bhakare Mahesh Santosh
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#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
    int n,i,j,temp;
    int* arr=NULL;
    printf("Enter how many elements do you want to enter into the array: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    arr=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int));
    printf("enter array elements to sort: \n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
    {
        scanf("%d",arr+i);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
        for(j=i+1; j<n; j++)</pre>
            if(*(arr+j)<=*(arr+i))
```

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{
                  temp=*(arr+j);
                  *(arr+j)=*(arr+i);
                  *(arr+i)=temp;
              }
         }
    printf("Sorted array elements are: [");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
         printf("%d, ",*(arr+i));
    }
    printf("]\n");
    free(arr);
    arr=NULL;
}
Title- 3. Write a C program to search given element in 1-D array using binary search method (Use Dynamic Memory Allocation to represent an array).
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*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
{
    int n,i,j,temp,element,l,r,m,flag=0;
    int* arr=NULL;
    printf("Enter how many elements do you want to enter into the array: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    arr=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int));
    printf("enter array elements : \n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
    {
         scanf("%d",arr+i);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
         for(j=i+1; j<n; j++)
              if(*(arr+j)<=*(arr+i))
                  temp=*(arr+j);
                  *(arr+j)=*(arr+i);
                  *(arr+i)=temp;
              }
         }
    printf("enter the element to search in array: ");
    scanf("%d",&element);
    l=<mark>0</mark>;
    r=n-1;
    do
    {
         m=(r+l)/2;
         if(*(arr+m)==element)
```

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{
             flag=1;
             break;
        }
        else
             if(*(arr+m)>element)
             {
                 r=m;
             }
            else
             {
                 if(*(arr+m)<element)</pre>
                 {
                     l=m;
             }
    } while(m!=0);
    if(flag==1)
    {
        printf("element found....\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("element not found....\n");
    free(arr);
    arr=NULL;
}
Title- 4. Write a C program to find second highest element in given 1-D array using
Dynamic Memory Allocation.
Author- Bhakare Mahesh Santosh
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Batch- TechnOrbit(PPA-8)
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
{
    int n,i,j,temp;
    int* arr=NULL;
    printf("Enter how many elements do you want to enter into the array: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    arr=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int));
    printf("enter array elements to sort: \n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
    {
        scanf("%d",arr+i);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
        for(j=i+1; j<n; j++)</pre>
             if(*(arr+j)>=*(arr+i))
```

```
temp=*(arr+i);
                *(arr+j)=*(arr+i);
                *(arr+i)=temp;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("Second heighest element in array is: %d\n",*(arr+1));
    free(arr);
    arr=NULL;
}
Title- 5. Write a C program to reverse an given 1-D without using sorting algorithms.
(Use Dynamic Memory Allocation to represent an array).
Author- Bhakare Mahesh Santosh
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Batch- TechnOrbit(PPA-8)
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
    int n,i,j,temp;
    int* arr=NULL;
    printf("Enter how many elements do you want to enter into the array: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    arr=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int));
    printf("enter elements into the array: \n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
    {
        scanf("%d",arr+i);
    }
    j=n-1;
    for(i=0;i<=j;i++,j--)
        temp=*(arr+i);
        *(arr+i)=*(arr+j);
        *(arr+j)=temp;
    }
    printf("reversed array elements are: [");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("%d, ",*(arr+i));
    printf("]\n");
    free(arr);
    arr=NULL;
}
Title- 6. Write a C program to represent 2-D array(Matrix) using Dynamic Memory
Allocation.
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```
*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
    int** ptr=NULL;
    int c,r,i,j;
    printf("How many columns Do you want in matrix: ");
    scanf("%d",&c);
    printf("How many Rows Do you want in matrix: ");
scanf("%d",&r);
    ptr=(int**)malloc(r*sizeof(int*));
    for(i=0;i<c;i++)</pre>
    {
        *(ptr+i)=(int*)malloc(c*sizeof(int));
    }
    printf("enter the elements in the matrix: \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)</pre>
    {
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
            scanf("%d",(*(ptr+i)+j));
        }
    printf("entered elements are: \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)</pre>
    {
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
            printf("%d\t",*(*(ptr+i)+j));
        printf("\n");
    free(ptr);
    ptr=NULL;
}
Title- 7. Write a C program to represent a matrix of Srings using Dynamic
Memory Allocation.
Author- Bhakare Mahesh Santosh
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#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
    char*** p=NULL;
    int i,j,len,r,c;
    char ch;
    printf("Enter th no.of rows you want: ");
    scanf("%d",&r);
    printf("Enter the no. of columns you want: ");
    scanf("%d",&c);
    p=(char***)malloc(r*sizeof(char*));
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)</pre>
    {
        *(p+i)=(char**)malloc(c*sizeof(char*));
```

```
}
    printf("Enter the strings: \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)</pre>
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)</pre>
        {
            *(*(p+i)+j)=(char*)malloc(sizeof(char));
            *(*(p+i)+j)+0)='(0';
            len=1;
            scanf(" ");
            do
            {
                 scanf("%c",&ch);
                 if(ch!='\n')
                 {
                     *(*(p+i)+j)=(char*)realloc(*(*(p+i)+j),len+sizeof(char));
                     *(*(*(p+i)+j)+(len-2))=ch;
                     *(*(*(p+i)+j)+(len-1))='\0';
            }while(ch!='\n');
        }
    }
    printf("Entered matrix of strings is: \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)</pre>
    {
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)</pre>
        {
            printf("%s\t",(*(*(p+i)+j)));
        }
        printf("\n");
    free(p);
    p=NULL;
}
```