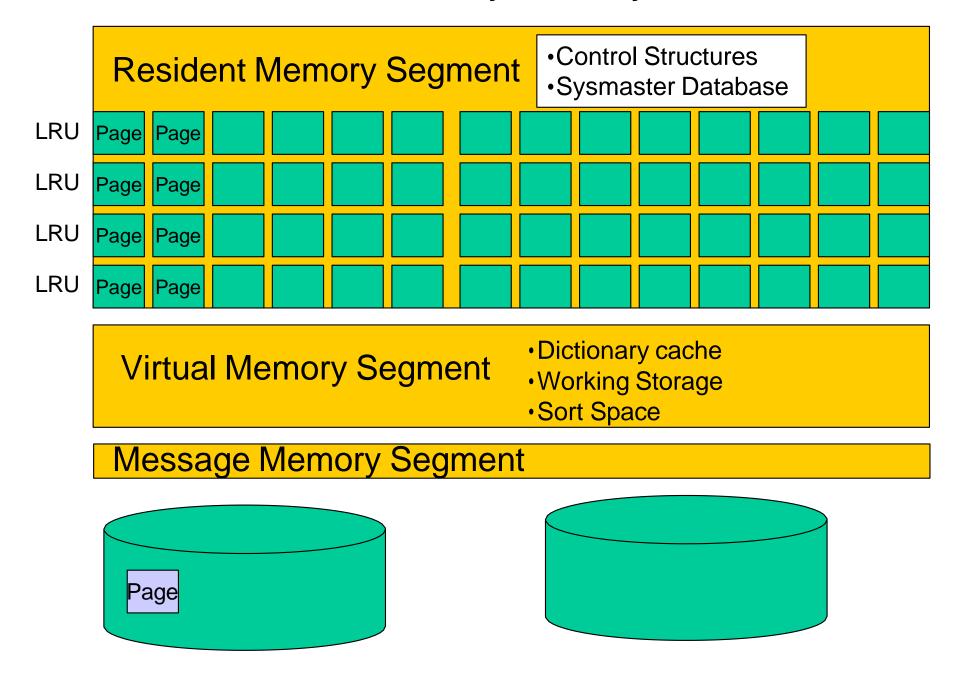
#### Agenda

- What is the Sysmaster Database?
- Using the Sysmaster database to perform an Informix Health Check
  - Monitoring your Informix Server
  - Monitoring Dbspaces and Chunks
  - Monitoring Tables and Indexes
  - Monitoring Users and Sessions
  - Monitoring SQL

# What is the Sysmaster Database?

A database that peeks into the shared memory structures of an INFORMIX-Dynamic Server

#### Informix Control Structures in Memory are the Sysmaster Database



# Sysmaster Database contains:

- Server information
- Dbspace & chunk information
- Database & table information
- User session information
- Currently running SQL

### Performance of queries on Sysmaster Database

The data is in shared memory but:

- Views used by tables require disk access and may be slow
- Complex views used to hide complex data
- Some tables are large (million locks)
- Unbuffered logging of temp tables

# Differences from other databases

- Do not update Sysmaster tables as this may corrupt the server
- Cannot use dbschema on pseudo tables
- Cannot drop pseudo tables or the Sysmaster Database

#### Isolation level is Dirty Read

- Data is dynamic and can change as you retrieve it (Dirty Read)
- Dynamic nature may return inconsistent results
- However, it uses Unbuffered logging and temp tables are logged

#### Interesting table: flags\_text

```
table flags_text
  tabname char(128), -- sysmaster table
  flags int, -- flag
  txt varchar(200) -- description
```

 Description of many of the Flag Numbers

#### Server Configuration and **Statistics Tables**

- sysmachineinfo Hardware and OS
- syslicenseinfo
- sysfeatures
- sysconfig
- sysshmvals
- sysprofile

- Informix usages
- Features used
- ONCONFIG File
- System values
- Server statistics

# Server Configuration and Statistics Tables

- Memory
  - -sysseglst
  - sysbuffpool
- CPUs
  - sysvplst
  - sysvpprof
  - -sysrstcb

- Memory Segments
- Buffer Pool

- Virtual Processors
- Virtual Processors
- Running Threads

# Server Configuration and Statistics Tables

- syslogs
- syslogfil
- syscheckpoint
- sysiohistory
- sysenv
- sysenvses
- sysonlinelog

- Logical Logs
- Logical Logs
- Checkpoints
- Disk I/O
- Server Environment
- User Environment
- Message Log

#### What is the Hardware and OS?

machineinfo.sql

database sysmaster;

select \* from sysmachineinfo;

#### What is the Hardware and OS?

```
os_name
                   Darwin
os_release
                   16.5.0
os nodename
                   Joy.local
os_version
                   Darwin Kernel Version 16.5.0: Fri Mar 3 16:52:33 PST 2017;
                   root:xnu-3789.51.2~3/RELEASE_X86_64
os_machine
                   x86 64
os_num_procs
                   8
os_num_olprocs
                   8
os pagesize
                   4096
os_mem_total
                   17179869184
os_mem_free
                   3537784832
os_open_file_lim
                   32768
os shmmax
                   2147483648
os_shmmin
os_shmids
                   512
os shmnumsegs
                   512
os semmap
os_semids
                   87381
os_semnum
                   87381
os semundo
                   87381
os_semnumperid
os semops
os_semundoperproc
                   10
os_semundosize
os_semmaxvalue
```

# What Informix features are used? Table: Syslicenseinfo\*

```
Version
                               -- Informix version
                 char(12),
Week
                 smallint,
                                  Week
                 smallint,
Year
                               -- Year
max cpu vps
                 smallint,
                              -- Max number of cpu vps
                              -- Max number of vps
max vps
                 smallint,
max conns
                 integer,
                              -- Max # of user connected
                              -- Max # of secondary user
                 integer,
max sec conns
max sds conns
                 integer,
                              -- Max # of sds users
max sds clones
                 smallint,
                              -- Max # of sds clones
max rss clones
                 smallint,
                               -- Max # of rss clones
total size
                 integer,
                              -- max disk space (MB)
total size used
                 integer,
                              -- max disk space used (MB)
                 integer,
                              -- Max memory allocated (MB)
max memory
max memory used
                 integer,
                              -- Max memory used (MB)
feature flags
                 integer,
                               -- Feature Flags
feature flags2
                 integer
                              -- Feature Flags2
```

# What Informix Features are used? View: Sysfeatures

```
create view sysfeatures (
                                             { Internal Use Only
           week, year, version, max cpu vps, max_vps,
           max conns, max sec conns, max sds clones, max rss clones,
           total size, total size used,
           max memory, max memory used, is primary, is secondary,
           is sds, is rss, is er, is pdq)
   AS
   select week, year, version, max cpu vps, max vps,
           max conns, max sec conns, max sds clones, max rss clones,
           format units(total size, 'M'),
           format units(total size used,'M'),
           format units (max memory, 'M'),
           format units(max memory used,'M'),
            decode (bitand (feature flags, 1), 0, 0, 1),
            decode (bitand (feature flags, 2), 0, 0, 1),
            decode (bitand (feature flags, 8),0,0,1),
            decode (bitand (feature flags, 4),0,0,1),
            decode (bitand (feature flags, 16), 0, 0, 1),
            decode (bitand (feature flags, 512), 0, 0, 1)
   from syslicenseinfo
```

## What Informix Features are used?

licensehistory.sql

database sysmaster;

select year, week, version, max\_cpu\_vps, max\_conns, max\_memory from syslicenseinfo;

# What Informix Features are used? View: Sysfeatures

year	week ve	ersion	max_cpu_vps	max_conns	max_memory
2015	12	12.10.FC4	4	8	5417
2015	11	12.10.FC4	4	9	5417
2015	10	11.70.UC3	4	6	2837
2015	9	11.70.UC3	4	5	2837
2015	8	11.70.UC3	4	7	2837
2015	7	11.70.UC3	4	7	2837
2015	6	11.70.UC3	4	2	2837
2015	5	11.70.UC3	4	2	2837
2015	4	11.70.UC3	4	2	2837
2015	3	11.70.UC3	4	2	2837
2015	2	11.70.UC3	4	3	2837
2015	1	11.70.UC3	4	2	2837
2014	52	11.70.UC3	4	1	2837
2014	51	11.70.UC3	4	4	3032
2014	50	11.70.UC3	4	6	3032
2014	49	11.70.UC3	4	7	The state of the s
2014	48	11.70.UC3	4	6	3032

### Sysconfig (onstat -c)

View sysconfig: Configuration information from the Informix server. This information was read from the ONCONFIG file when the server was started.

```
cf_id integer, -- unique numeric identifier cf_name char(128),-- config parameter name cf_flags integer, -- flags, 0 = in view sysconfig cf_original char(513), -- boottime value in ONCONFIG cf_effective char(513), -- value effectively in use cf_default char(513) -- value by default
```

# What is the current server configuration?

serveronconfig.sql

database sysmaster;

```
select cf_name parameter,

cf_original boot_value,

cf_effective effective_value

from sysconfig;
```

#### SQL output

```
parameter
                 ROOTNAME
boot_value
                 rootdbs
effective_value
                 rootdbs
parameter
                 ROOTPATH
                 /informixchunks/vmdb/rootdbs
boot_value
effective_value
                 /informixchunks/vmdb/rootdbs
parameter
                 ROOTOFFSET
boot_value
                 0
effective_value
```

## Interesting undocumented table - Sysshmvals\*

sh mode int, turbo mode number sh boottime int, boot time of day int, time profilers were last clr sh\_pfclrtime sh curtime int, current mt time sh\_bootstamp int, boot time stamp int, current time stamp sh stamp sh\_mainlooptcb int. address of main thread sh\_sysflags int, system operating flags sh maxchunks int, size of chunk table int, size of dbspace table sh maxdbspaces sh maxuserthreads int, max # of user structures sh\_maxtrans int, max # of trans structures sh maxlocks int. # of locks total int, size of log table sh maxlogs sh nbuffs int, # of buffers total sh\_pagesize int, buffer size in bytes sh nlrus int, # of Iru queues float, LRU max % dirty pages sh maxdirty sh mindirty float, LRU min % dirty pages sh ncleaners int, # of cleaning/flushing procs sh longtx int, # the long transaction flag

sh optstabsnum sh cpflag sh\_rapages sh rathreshold sh\_lastlogfreed sh rmdlktout sh narchivers sh fuzcpflag sh\_needcpsyn sh nfuzzy sh\_nfuzzypre sh oldestlsnug sh oldestlsnpos sh\_builddpt sh ndptentries sh dptsize sh curmaxcons sh ovlmaxcons

int, subsystem Blobspace int, TRUE => doing checkpoint int, # pages to read ahead int, # to start next read ahead int, last log (id) written to tape int, max timeout when distributed int. number of active archives sh\_maxpdqpriority int, max pdqpriority int, fuzzy checkpoint flag int, hard checkpoint int, # buffers marked fuzzy int, # buffers fuzzy in last ckpt int, Isn of oldest update not int, flushed to disk int, builing DPT necessary int. # entries in DPT int, size of DPT int, max #connections in this run int max #connections to server

#### **DBINFO** with sysmaster

#### # Time of Server startup:

```
Select DBINFO ('utc_to_datetime', sh_boottime)
from sysshmvals;
```

## # Time Statistics were last cleared (onstat –z) or startup:

```
Select DBINFO ('utc_to_datetime',sh_pfclrtime)
from sysshmvals;
```

# When were the Statistics Cleared?

server\_uptime.sql

### Sysprofile (onstat -p)

View sysprofile: Current statistics and performance information of the server.

```
Name char(32), --profile element name
Value int8 --current value
```

The values are re-set to 0 when Informix is shutdown and started and when the command "onstat -z" is used.

## **Sysprofile**

name	value
dskreads	1018537991
bufreads	7522413742
dskwrites	121271673
bufwrites	961215335
isamtot	10296434334
isopens	5976171
isstarts	358703
isreads	1862764237
iswrites	593583519
isrewrites	82910755
isdeletes	1822514
iscommits	4212939
isrollbacks	32767
ovlock	0
ovuser	0
ovtrans	e
latchwts	625532480
buffwts	12154230
lockreqs	6749776961
lockwts	5769870
ckptwts	190970
deadlks	0
lktouts	0
numckpts	372
plgpagewrites	20335533
plgwrites	318371
llgrecs	289177909
llgpagewrites	34970632
llgwrites	2419517
pagreads	1350419379

### Sysprofile – Profile Names

dskreads	ovlock	Ilgrecs	rapgs_used
bufreads	ovuser	Ilgpagewrites	seqscans
dskwrites	ovtrans	llgwrites	totalsorts
bufwrites	latchwts	pagreads	memsorts
isamtot	buffwts	pagwrites	disksorts
isopens	lockreqs	flushes	maxsortspace
isstarts	lockwts	compress	II_niowaits
isreads	ckptwts	fgwrites	II_iowait_ms
iswrites	deadlks	Iruwrites	num_cpu_reac
isrewrites	Iktouts	chunkwrites	num_ready
isdeletes	numckpts	btradata	II_nbfwaits
iscommits	plgpagewrites	btraidx	II_bfwait_ms
isrollbacks	plgwrites	dpra	

### Sysprofile = onstat -p

IBM Informi Blocked:CKF	100	Server Vers	ion 12.10.F0	09 On-L	ine (CKPT 1	INP) Up	09:51:00	14723064 Kbytes
Profile dskreads 1018991690	pagreads 1350945127		%cached dsl 86.49 12				%cached 87.38	
isamtot 10313914398	open 3 6008836	start 359791	read 186929167	write 7 59531451	rewrite 5 83203954	delete 4 1833369	commit 4236906	rollbk 32935
gp_read 0	gp_write 0	gp_rewrt 0	gp_del 0	gp_alloc 0	gp_free 0	gp_curs 0		
ovlock 0	ovuserthre	ad ovbuff 0	usercpu 72322.30	syscpu r 15949.95	numckpts 373	flushes 1240		
bufwaits 12173696	lokwaits 5803250	lockreqs 6782332472	deadlks 0	dltouts 0	ckpwaits 192124	compress 4594872	seqscans 10810	
ixda-RA 413179008	idx-RA 5334094	da-RA 573414996	logrec-RA 432062	RA-pgsused 923776263	d lchwaits 625668471	L		

#### **Server Statistics Ratios**

server\_ratios.sql

```
database sysmaster;
-- Read Ahead ratio
select
       "Read Ahead Ratio",
       (( select value rapgs_used from sysprofile where name = 'rapgs_used') /
       (( select value btradata from sysprofile where name = 'btradata' ) +
       ( select value btraidx from sysprofile where name = 'btraidx' ) +
       ( select value dpra from sysprofile where name = 'dpra' ))) Read_Ahead_Ratio
from sysdual;
-- Segence Scans
select "Total Scans:", value
from sysprofile
where name in ( "segscans" );
select
       "Scans per hour: ",
       ( Value / ( select (ROUND ((( sh_curtime - sh_pfclrtime)/60)/60) )
                       from sysshmvals ))
from sysprofile
where name in ( "seqscans" );
```

#### **Server Statistics Ratios**

```
-- Sort Information
select name, value
from sysprofile
where name in ( "totalsorts", "memsorts", "disksorts", "maxsortspace" );
select "Sorts per hour:",
        ( Value / ( select (ROUND ((( sh_curtime - sh_pfclrtime)/60)/60) )
                        from sysshmvals ))
from sysprofile
where name in ( "totalsorts" );
-- Buffer Ratios per hour
select "Buffer Reads per hour:",
        ( Value / ( select (ROUND ((( sh_curtime - sh_pfclrtime)/60)/60) )
                        from sysshmvals ))
from sysprofile
where name in ( "bufreads" );
select "Buffer Writes per hour:",
        ( Value / ( select (ROUND ((( sh_curtime - sh_pfclrtime)/60)/60) )
                        from sysshmvals ))
from sysprofile
where name in ( "bufwrites" );
```

#### **Server Statistics Ratios**

```
-- Transaction commits per hour
select "Commits per hour:",
        ( Value / ( select (ROUND ((( sh_curtime - sh_pfclrtime)/60)/60) )
                        from sysshmvals ))
from sysprofile
where name in ( "iscommits" ):
select "Buffer Waits per hour:",
        ( Value / ( select (ROUND ((( sh_curtime - sh_pfclrtime)/60)/60) )
                        from sysshmvals ))
from sysprofile
where name in ( "buffwts" );
select "Checkpoints per hour:",
        ( Value / ( select (ROUND ((( sh_curtime - sh_pfclrtime)/60)/60) )
                        from sysshmvals ))
from sysprofile
where name in ( "ckptwts" );
-- Lock Information
select name, value
from sysprofile
where name in ( "lockregs", "lockwts", "deadlks" );
select
        "Lock Wait Ratio",
        case when ( ( select value lockwts from sysprofile where name = 'lockwts' ) <> 0 )
                then (( select value lockregs from sysprofile where name = 'lockregs') /
                ( select value | lockwts from sysprofile where name = 'lockwts' ))
                else 0
        end case
from sysdual;
-- Write Types
select name, value
from sysprofile
where name in ( "fgwrites", "lruwrites", "chunkwrites");
```

```
(constant)
                 read_ahead_ratio
Read Ahead Ratio 0.93128205510243
1 row(s) retrieved.
(constant)
                            value
Total Scans:
                            10876
1 row(s) retrieved.
(constant)
                     (expression)
Scans per hour: 1087.60000000000
1 row(s) retrieved.
```

Lots of Scans

```
value
name
totalsorts
                                8096
                                7606
memsorts
disksorts
                                 490
                            1870816
maxsortspace
4 row(s) retrieved.
(constant)
                     (expression)
Sorts per hour: 809.600000000000
1 row(s) retrieved.
```

Most Sorts are in Memory

```
Buffer Reads per hour: 759445415.000000
1 row(s) retrieved.
                             (expression)
(constant)
Buffer Writes per hour: 98282110.1000000
1 row(s) retrieved.
(constant)
                      (expression)
Commits per hour: 430257.700000000
1 row(s) retrieved.
(constant)
                           (expression)
Buffer Waits per hour: 1224977.40000000
1 row(s) retrieved.
(constant)
                           (expression)
Checkpoints per hour: 19672.4000000000
```

X 2K Buffers = 1.4 TB

x 2K Buffers = 187 GB

327 checkpoints a minute

```
value
name
lockreqs
                         6867216789
lockwts
                            5895301
deadlks
3 row(s) retrieved.
(constant)
                             case
Lock Wait Ratio 1164.86279309572
1 row(s) retrieved.
                              value
name
fgwrites
lruwrites
chunkwrites
                        119907082
3 row(s) retrieved.
```

Busy System

# What is the Memory Usage? Table: Sysseglst

```
seg address
                  int8, -- address of segment structure
seg next
                 int8, -- pointer to next segment
                  int8, --
                              pointer to prev segment
seg prev
seg class
                 smallint, -- segment class
               int8, -- size of this segment
seg size
                 integer, -- id of this OS segment in this seg
seg osshmid
seq osmaxsize
                 int8, -- size of maximum OS segment in this seg
seg osshmkey
               integer, -- shmkey for first OS segment
                 integer, --
seg procid
                              process id of creator
                 smallint, --
seg userid
                              usr id of creator
seg shmaddr
                          -- address of segment
                  int8,
seg ovhd
                 int8, -- amount of overhead bytes
                 int8, -- lock to synchronise bitmap access
seg lock
seg nextid
                 integer, -- segment id of next seg
                 int8, -- size of block map
seg bmapsz
seg blkused
                 int8, -- no. of used blocks in segment
seg blkfree
                 int8 -- no. of free blocks in segment
```

#### What is the Memory Usage?

memsegments.sql

```
database sysmaster;
-- Summary by Memory Segments Class
select
      -- seg_class,
      case
             when seg_class = 1 then "Resident"
             when seg_class = 2 then "Virtual"
             when seg class = 3 then "Message"
             when seg class = 4 then "Buffer"
             else "Unknown"
      end class,
      count(*) number ,
      sum( seg_size ) total_size,
      from sysseglst
group by 1;
```

## What is the Memory Usage?

```
-- Detail by Memory Segment
select
        -- seg_class,
        case
                when seg_class = 1 then "Resident"
                when seg_class = 2 then "Virtual"
                when seg_class = 3 then "Message"
                when seg_class = 4 then "Buffer"
                else "Unknown"
        end class,
        seg_size,
        seg_blkused,
        seg_blkfree
from sysseglst;
```

## What is the Memory Usage?

class	number	total_size to	tal_blkused	total_blkfree
Message	1	561152	136	1
Resident	1	31289344	7639	6
Buffer	3	5958115328	1454618	6
Virtual	1	1048576000	20679	235321
class	seg_size	seg_blkus	sed s	seg_blkfree
Resident	31289344	76	39	0
Virtual	1048576000	206	79	235321
Buffer	4292870144	10480	064	0
Buffer	5337088	13	303	0
Buffer	1659908096	4052	251	0
Message	561152	1	L36	1

## Sysbuffpool

indx integer, index into buffer pool list

address int8, address of buffer pool structure

bufsize integer, buffer page size in bytes

nbuffs integer, number of buffers in buffer pool

buff\_header int8, address of buffer headers

nlrus smallint, number of LRUs

mindirty pct of dirty pages cleaning stops float, pct of dirty pages cleaning starts maxdirty float, dskreads number of physical block reads int8, number of pages read from disk pagreads int8, number of buffer cache reads bufreads int8, dskwrites int8, number of physical block writes int8, number of pages written to disk pagwrites bufwrites int8, number of buffer cache writes

bufwrites\_sinceckpt int8, number of buffer cache writes since last checkpoint

bufwaits int8, number of buffer waits

ovbuff int8, number of buffer pool overflows flushes int8, number of buffer flush calls fgwrites int8, number of foreground writes

Iruwritesint8,number of Iru writeschunkwritesint8,number of chunk writesIru\_time\_totalfloat,time spent cleaning LRUs

Iru\_calls i nt8 number of times LRU cleaning invoked

## What is the Buffer Turnover Ratio?

buffer\_btr\_ratio.sql

## What is the Buffer Turnover Ratio?

bufsize 2048

pagreads 1362751795 bufwrites 1032596400

nbuffs 3000000

btr 79.8449398333333

Goal < 7 times per hour

## New - What percent of I/O is from buffers?

buff\_cach\_ratio.sql

## **SQL** Output

bufsize 2048

dskreads 1027372190

pagreads 1363813385

bufreads 7856892742

read\_cach 86.92

dskwrites 127046795

pagwrites 182067393

bufwrites 1033707148

write\_cach 87.71

# Informix Oninit CPU Usage? Table: Sysvplst\*

```
pid
                      integer,
                                -- VP id
address
                      int8,
                               -- address of VP struct
pid
                      integer, -- unix process id
                      float, -- number of usecs of user time
usecs user
                      float,
                                 -- number of usecs of system time
usecs sys
                      int8,
                                 -- ptr to saved cputime (tms)
scputimep
                                -- ptr to reset cputime (tms)
rcputimep
                      int8,
                                -- class of VP
class
                      integer,
classname
                      char(19), -- classname of VP
                               -- ptr to ready queue tab (TCB Q)
readyqueue
                      int8,
num ready
                      integer,
                                     number of ready threads
flags
                      integer,
                                 -- VP flags
next
                      int8,
                                 -- next in idle list
                      int8,
                                 -- prev in idle list
prev
semid
                      integer,
                                 -- semid for this VP
lock
                      int8.
                                 -- VP protection
total semops
                      int8,
                                -- Total times VP slept on a semop
total busy wts
                      int8,
                                 -- Total VP busy waits
total yields
                      int8.
                                 -- Total VP yields
total spins
                      int8,
                                 -- Total spins while busy waiting
```

# Informix Oninit CPU Usage? Table: Sysvplst\*

#### Continued:

```
int8,
steal attempts
steal attempts suc
                         int8,
                         int8,
idle search
                         int8,
idle search suc
vp poll scheds
                         int8.
vp mt naps
                         int8,
vp cache size
                         int8,
                                                       size of the vp cache
vp cache allocs
                         int8.
vp cache miss
                         int8,
vp cache frees
                         int8,
vp cache drain
                         int8,
vp cache nblocks
                         int8,
                                                       current number of blocks
thread run
                                                       total thread run time on vp
                         float,
thread idle
                                                       total time running idle thread
                         float,
thread poll idle
                         float
                                                       inline poll thread idle time
```

## Sysvpprof (onstat -g)

View sysvpprof: Current statistics on Informix Virtual Processors

```
vpid integer, -- VP id

txt char(128)-- VP class name

usecs_user float, -- unix secs of CPU user time
usecs sys float -- unix secs of CPU system time
```

## **Oninit CPU Usage**

vpprof.sql

## **Oninit CPU Usage**

vpid	pid class	usercpu	syscpu
1	2499 cpu	9300.64	1597.76
2	2500 adm	1.14	3.32
3	2501 lio	24.10	141.24
4	2502 pio	3.66	53.43
5	2503 aio	219.64	443.00
6	2504 msc	0.00	0.00
8	2506 cpu	17180.62	1246.36
9	2507 cpu	10779.89	996.25
10	2508 cpu	7921.13	826.57
11	2509 cpu	6542.53	751.89
12	2510 cpu	6026.70	713.78
13	2511 cpu	5865.98	697.33
14	2512 cpu	5788.90	692.20
15	2513 soc	210.51	358.49
16	2514 soc	209.95	358.19
17	2515 soc	214.26	363.17
18	2516 soc	211.28	360.55
19	2517 aio	302.51	554.97
20	2518 aio	666.18	1085.20
21	2519 aio	576.49	788.52

# What threads are running? Table: sysrstcb

- RSAM Thread Control Block
- Everything you want to know about all running threads....

Select \* from sysrstcb

# What threads are running? Table: sysrstcb

#### Some of the fields in Sysrstcb

```
uid
                   integer, -- user id
                   char(32), -- user name
username
                   integer, -- session id
sid
                   integer, -- thread id
tid
lkwait
                   int8, -- waiting for this lock
lkwttype
                   integer, -- lock type waiting for
hfwait
                   int8, -- waiting for this buffer
                   smallint, -- buffer wait type flag
bfwtflag
                           -- waiting for this transaction
txwait.
                   int8,
                   int8, -- suspended transaction
txsusp
                   integer, -- number of reads
nreads
                   integer, -- number of writes
nwrites
                   integer, -- number of locks currently held
nlocks
lkwaittime
                   float, -- time spent waiting on locks
iowaittime
                   float, -- time spent waiting on disk io
                   integer, -- Number of disk IO waits
upf niowaits
upf idxbufreads
                   integer -- Number of index buffer reads
```

# What is the Disk I/O and History? Table: Sysiohistory

address bigint, qfd int, iskaio int, open mode int, open time bigint, path char (256), minute int, bigint, time bigint, total read ops total read time float, read ops minute bigint, read time minute float, avg read time minute float, total write ops bigint, total write time float, write ops minute bigint, write time minute float, avg write time minute float, total lseek time float, lseek time minute float

Contains last hour of I/O history

# Checkpoint History Table: Syscheckpoint

```
int, -- checkpoint interval
intvl
                 char(12), -- checkpoint type
type
caller
                 char(10), -- caller
                 int, -- time of day of ckpt
clock time
              float, -- time spent in wait4critex
crit time
flush time float, -- time spent flushing pages to disk
cp time
        float, -- time from cpkt pending to done
n dirty buffs int, -- number of dirty buffers
plogs per sec
                 int,
                        -- avg # pages plogged
llogs per sec
                 int, -- avg # pages logged
dskflush per sec
                 int, -- avg # pages dskflushed
ckpt logid
                 int,
                        -- LSN of ckpt
ckpt logpos
                        -- LSN of ckpt
                 int,
physused
                 int, -- total pages plogged in ckpt
                 int, -- total pages llogged in ckpt
logused
                        -- # of crit section waiters
n crit wait
                 int,
tot crit wait float, -- total time spent waiting for crit
longest crit wait float, -- longest crit wait
block time
            float
                        -- blocked time
```

## Syslogs (onstat -I)

#### View syslogs: Logical logs status

```
Number
           smallint,
                      logfile number
                      logfile uniqid
           integer,
Uniqid
Size
           integer, pages in logfile
           integer, pages used in logfile
Used
is used integer, 1 for used, 0 for free
is current integer, 1 for current
           integer, 1 for backuped
is backed up
is new
           integer, 1 for new
is archived integer, 1 for archived
is temp
           integer, 1 for temp
                      logfile flags
           smallint
Flags
```

### Where are the Logical Logs?

```
name dbspace,
select.
          chunk chunknum,
          hex(address) address,
          a.number,
          a.uniqid,
          a.offset,
          a.size,
          a.used,
          a.flags,
          bitval(a.flags, '0x1') used,
          bitval(a.flags, '0x2') current,
          bitval(a.flags, '0x4') backedup,
          bitval(a.flags, '0x8') new,
          bitval(a.flags, '0x10') archived,
          bitval(a.flags, '0x20') temp,
          bitval(a.flags, '0x40') dropped,
          DBINFO ('utc to datetime', filltime ) timefull
from syslogfil a, syschunks c, sysdbspaces d
where a.chunk = c.chknum
and c.dbsnum = d.dbsnum
```

# What is the status of the logical logs?

```
-- List Logical Logs
select
       uniqid,
       used size used,
       is used,
       is current,
       is backed up,
       is archived
       syslogs
from
order by uniqid
```

## Syscheckpoint table

```
Intvl
                 Internal sequence number of the checkpoint
Type
                 Type of checkpoint, Blocking or Non-Blocking
Caller
                 Reason for checkpoint, CKPTINT, Physical Log, Logical Log,
                 User
              Time of checkpoint (System time)
clock time
crit time
             Time spent performing checkpoint
flush time
                 Time spent flushing pages to disk
                 Time spent from checkpoint pending start to complete
cp time
                Number of dirty pages to flush
n dirty buffs
plogs per sec
                 Average number of pages in physical log per second
llogs per sec
                 Average number of pages in logical log per second
dskflush per sec Average number of disk pages flushed per second
ckpt logid
                Logical Log Id of checkpoint
ckpt logpos
                Logical Log position of checkpoint
Physused
                Physical Log pages used
                Logical Log pages used
Logused
n crit waits
                Number of critical waiters threads
tot crit wait Time of critical waiters
longest crit wait Longest Time of crtical waiters
block time
                 Time checkpoint blocked threads
```

## Sysenv and Sysenvses Tables

#### Sysenv

```
env_id Unique numeric identifier env_name Environment variable name env_value Environment variable value
```

#### Sysenvses

```
envses_sidSession ID of user
envses_id Unique numeric identifier
envses_name Environment variable name
envses_value Environment variable value
```

## Sysonlinelog (onstat –m)

offset Offset into the online

log file

next offset Offset to the end of

the record in the online

log file

line Online log message text

### **Dbspace and Chunk tables:**

- sysdbspaces
- syschunks
- syschkio
- syschfree\*

- DB Spaces
- Chunks
- I/O by Chunk
- Free Space by Chunk

### **Dbspaces and Chunks SQL**

- dbspace\_free.sql
- chunkio.sql
- chunklayout.sql
- chunk\_free\_list.sql

## Sysdbspaces (onstat -d)

#### View sysdbspaces: List all dbspaces on the server

```
dbsnum
             smallint, -- dbspace number,
             char(128), -- dbspace name,
name
             char(32), -- dbspace owner,
owner
pagesize
             int, -- page size in Informix 10.X
Fchunk
             smallint, -- first chunk in dbspace,
nchunks
             smallint, -- number of chunks in dbspace,
is mirrored bitval, -- dbspace mirrored, 1=Yes, 0=No
is blobspace bitval, -- dbspace a blob space, 1=Yes
is temp
            bitval, -- dbspace temp, 1=Yes, 0=No
flags
             smallint -- dbspace flags
```

## Syschunks (onstat -d)

#### View syschunks: Lists all chunks on the server

```
smallint, -- chunk number
chknum
dbsnum
           smallint, -- dbspace number
nxchknum
           smallint, -- number of next chunk
           smallint, -- page size in Informix 10.X
pagesize
           integer, -- pages in chunk
chksize
offset int8, -- pages offset into device
      integer, -- free pages in chunk
nfree
is offline bitval, -- chunk offline, 1=Yes, 0=No
is recovering bitval, -- chunk recovering, 1=Yes
is blobchunk bitval, -- chunk blobchunk, 1=Yes
is inconsistent bitval, -- chunk inconsistent, 1=Yes
```

### Syschunks (continued)

```
flags smallint, -- flags converted by bitval fname char(256), -- device pathname mfname char(256), -- mirror device pathname moffset integer, -- pages offset into mirror mis_offline bitval, -- mirror chunk offline, 1=Yes mis_recovering bitval, -- mirror chunk recovering, mflags smallint mirror chunk flags
```

## Syschkio (onstat -D)

#### View syschkio: Lists I/O statistics by chunk

```
chunknum
              smallint, -- chunk number
reads
              integer, -- number of read ops
pagesread
              integer, -- number of pages read
writes
           integer, -- number of write ops
             integer, -- number of pages written
Pageswritten
mreads
              integer, -- number of mirror read ops
              integer, -- number of mirror pages read
mpagesread
mwrites
          integer, -- number of mirror write ops
mpageswritten integer -- number of mirror pages written
```

Note - Underlying undocumented table has read and write time by chunk - see table syschktab fast

## Syschfree\*

#### Table syschfree: Lists free space on a chunk

```
chknum integer, -- chunk number
extnum integer, -- extent number in chunk
start integer, -- physical addr of start
leng integer -- length of extent
```

## What Percent of Dbspace is Free?

bspace\_free.sql

## What Percent of Dbspace is Free?

dbspace	pages_size	pages_used	pages_free	percent_free
batchdbs	5000000	139993	4860007	97.20
datadbs	5000000	4062867	937133	18.74
index16d	500000	228	499772	99.95
indexdbs	5000000	849353	4150647	83.01
logdbs	1500100	1250053	250047	16.67
plogdbs	1500100	1250053	250047	16.67
rootdbs	1000000	12319	987681	98.77
tmp1dbs	500000	53	499947	99.99
tmp2dbs	500000	53	499947	99.99
tmp3dbs	500000	53	499947	99.99
tmp4dbs	500000	53	499947	99.99

## Where is my Free Space?

chunk\_free\_list.sql

```
database sysmaster;
select
   name dbspace, -- dbspace name
   f.chknum, -- chunk number
   f.extnum, -- extent number of free space
   f.start, -- starting address of free space
   f.leng free_pages -- length of free space
from sysdbspaces d, syschunks c, syschfree f
where d.dbsnum = c.dbsnum
and c.chknum = f.chknum
order by dbspace, chknum, extnum
```

## What is the I/O by Chunk?

chunkio.sql

```
database sysmaster;
select
       name dbspace,
        chknum,
        pagesread,
        pageswritten,
       readtime,
       writetime,
       round( pagesread / ( select sum( pagesread )
               from sysmaster:syschktab ) , 2) read_percent,
        round( pageswritten / ( select sum( pageswritten )
               from sysmaster:syschktab ) , 2) write_percent
from sysmaster:syschktab c, sysmaster:sysdbstab d
where
          c.dbsnum = d.dbsnum
order by 1, 2 desc;
```

### What is on each Chunk?

chunklayout.sql

```
database sysmaster;
select dbinfo ("DBSPACE", pe_partnum ) dbspace,
       pe_chunk
                     chunknum,
       pe_offset
                   ext_start,
       dbsname
                  database,
      tabname
                     partname,
       pe_partnum partnum,
       pe_extnum extnum,
       pe_size ext_size
     sysptnext b, outer systabnames a
from
      a.partnum = b.pe_partnum
where
order by 2, 3
```

### What is the status of Chunks?

```
select
         name dbspace,
                                      -- dbspace name
         d.dbsnum,
                                      -- dbspace num
         is mirrored,
                                      -- dbspace is mirrored 1=Yes 0=No
                                      -- dbspace is blobspace 1=Yes 0=No
         is blobspace,
                                      -- dbspace is temp 1=Yes 0=No
         is temp,
         chknum chunknum,
                                      -- chuck number
         fname device,
                                     -- dev path
         offset dev offset,
                                     -- dev offset
         is offline,
                                     -- Offline 1=Yes 0=No
         is recovering,
                                     -- Recovering 1=Yes 0=No
         is blobchunk,
                                      -- Blobspace 1=Yes 0=No
         is_inconsistent,
                                      -- Inconsistent 1=Yes 0=No
         chksize Pages size,
                                      - chuck size in pages
         nfree Pages free,
                                     -- chunk free pages
         mfname mirror device,
                                     -- mirror dev path
         mis recovering offse
                                     -- mirror recovering 1=Yes 0=No
from
         sysdbspaces d, syschunks c
         d.dbsnum = c.dbsnum
where
order by dbsnum, dbspace, chunknum
```

## Database & table information tables:

- sysdatabases
- systabnames
- systabextents
- sysptprof
- systabinfo\*

- Databases
- Tables
- Tables extents
- Tables I/O
- Tables information

### **Tables and Indexes**

- table\_disk\_layout.sql
- tableextents.sql
- table\_with\_seqscans.sql
- tableinfo2016.sql
- Index\_usage.sql

## Sysdatabases

View sysdatabases: List of databases on the server.

```
name char(128), -- database name integer, -- table id for systables owner char(32), -- user name of creator created integer, -- date created is_logging bitval, -- unbuffered logging, 1=Yes, 0=No is_buff_log bitval, -- buffered logging, 1=Yes, 0=No bitval, -- ANSI mode database, 1=Yes, 0=No bitval, -- NLS support, 1=Yes, 0=No smallint -- logging flags
```

## **Systabnames**

**Table systabnames:** All tables on the server.

```
integer, -- table id for table
dbsname char(128), -- database name
owner char(32), -- table owner
tabname char(128), -- table name
collate char(32) -- collation associated
with NLS DB
```

## Sysextents (oncheck -pe)

**View sysextents:** Tables and each extent on the server.

```
dbsname char(128), -- database name
tabname char(128), -- table name

Start integer, -- extent physical address
size integer -- size of this extent
```

## **Sysptprof**

#### View sysptprof: Tables IO profile.

```
dbsname
                 char(128), -- database name
                 char(128), -- table name
tabname
                 integer, -- partnum for this table
partnum
                 integer, -- lock requests
lockreas
lockwts
                 integer, -- lock waits
deadlks
                 integer, -- deadlocks
lktouts
                 integer, -- lock timeouts
isreads
                 integer, -- reads
                 integer, -- writes
iswrites
isrewrites
                 integer, -- rewrites
isdeletes
                 integer, -- deletes
bufreads
                 integer, -- buffer reads
bufwrites
                 integer, -- buffer writes
                 integer, -- sequential scans
seqscans
                 integer, -- disk reads
pagreads
pagwrites
                 integer -- disk writes
```

## Systabinfo\*

#### View systabinfo: Table information

```
ti partnum
                 integer, -- table's partnum
ti flags
                 smallint, -- partition flags
ti rowsize
                 smallint, -- rowsize (max for variable)
                 smallint, -- number of varchar or blob columns
ti ncols
ti nkeys
                 smallint, -- number of indexes
                 smallint, -- number of extents
ti nextns
ti created
                 integer, -- date created
ti serialv
                 integer, -- current serial value
ti fextsiz
                 integer, -- first extent size (in pages)
ti nextsiz
                 integer, -- next extent size ( in pages )
                 integer, -- number of pages allocated
ti nptotal
ti npused
                 integer, -- number of pages used
ti npdata
                 integer, -- number of data pages
ti octptnm
                 integer, -- OCT partnum (optical blobs only)
ti nrows
                 integer -- number of data rows
```

## What databases are on the server?

```
-- dblist.sql
select
-- use dbinfo function to convert partnum to
  dbspace
  dbinfo("DBSPACE", partnum) dbspace,
  name database,
  owner,
  is logging,
  is buff log
from sysdatabases
order by dbspace, name;
```

## **SQL** output

dbspace	database	owner	is_logging is	_buff_log
datadbs	extentdb2	usr2	0	0
datadbs	zip1	usr1	0	0
datadbs	zip_lk	lester	0	0
rootdbs	extentdb	lester	0	0
rootdbs	extentdb1	usr1	0	0
rootdbs	onpload	lester	1	0
rootdbs	stores1	usr1	0	0
rootdbs	stores2	usr2	0	0
rootdbs	stores7	informix	0	0
rootdbs	sysmaster	informix	1	0

## What is the size of my databases?

# What tables need to be reorganized?

tableextents.sql

```
database sysmaster;
select ( dbinfo('dbspace', ti_partnum )) dbspace,
        dbsname database,
        owner,
        tabname,
        ti_partnum
                        partnum,
        ti_pagesize
                        pagesize,
        ti_nptotal
                        total_pages,
        ti_npused
                        used_pages,
        ti_npdata
                        data_pages,
        ti_nextns
                        num_extents
from systabnames, systabinfo
where ti_partnum = partnum
order by 10 desc;
```

# How calculate new extent sizes?

```
-- tabextprop.sql
select dbsname,
        tabname,
        count(*) num of extents,
        sum (pe size ) current pages used,
        round (sum (pe size )
                 * 2 { Your systems page size in KB }
                 * 1.2 { Add 20% Growth factor })
                 Proposed ext size, { First Extent Size in KB }
        round (sum (pe size )
                 * 2 { Your systems page size in KB }
                 * .2 { Estimated 20% Yearly Growth })
                 Proposed next size { Next Extent Size in KB }
        systabnames, sysptnext
from
where
       partnum = pe partnum
group by 1, 2
order by 3 desc, 4 desc;
```

## **SQL** output

dbsname	zip7
tabname	zip
num_of_extents	50
current_pages_used	1168
proposed_ext_size	2803
proposed_next_size	467
dbsname	zip_lk
tabname	zip
num_of_extents	27
current_pages_used	1544
proposed_ext_size	3706
proposed_next_size	618

### What tables have the most I/O?

```
-- tabprofile.sql
select
  dbsname,
  tabname,
  DBINFO ( 'dbspace', partnum ),
  lockreqs, lockwts, deadlks, lktouts,
  isreads, iswrites, isrewrites, isdeletes,
  bufreads, bufwrites, seqscans, pagreads,
  pagwrites
from sysptprof
order by isreads desc;
-- change this sort to whatever you need to
  monitor.
```

## What tables have sequential scans?

table\_with\_seqscans.sql

### What is the table layout on disk?

tablayout.sql

```
database sysmaster;
select dbinfo( "DBSPACE" , pe_partnum ) dbspace,
    dbsname,
    tabname,
    -- pe_phys start, -- use this for IDS < 9.40
    pe_offset start, -- use this for IDS >= 9.40
    pe_size size
from sysptnext, outer systabnames
where pe_partnum = partnum
order by dbspace, start;
```

## Index Usage

index\_usage.sql

```
select
        a.tabname,
        b.idxname,
        bufreads,
        bufwrites,
        case
                when bufwrites = 0 then bufreads
                when bufreads = 0 then 0
                else ( bufreads /bufwrites )
        end ratio
       systables a, sysindexes b, outer sysmaster:sysptprof p
from
where a.tabid = b.tabid
and p.tabname = b.idxname
        a.tabid > 99;
and
```

### **Base Tables**

- Systabnames Basic Table Information
- Systabinfo undocumented
- Sysptprof Performance Information

### All the Information about a Table

#### tableinfo.sql

```
database sysmaster;
   unload to tableinfo2016.uld
select
     systabnames.dbsname
                                    database,
     sýstabnames.tabname
( dbinfo('dbspace',
                             tabname,
ti_partnum )) dbspace,
     systabnames.partnum,
     ti rowsize
                     row_size
                     num_columns,
num_indexes,
num_extents,
     ti nkeys
ti nextns
     ti_pagesize
                     page_size,
                     pages_total,
pages_used,
     ti_nptotal
     ti npus
ti npdata
     ti_npdata pages_data,
(ti_nptotal - ti_npused ) pages_free,
ti_nrows num_rows,
     case
           when ( (ti_pagesize +4) -24) else "Row smaller the pagesize"
                                                                    then "Row larger then pagesize"
                                                < ti rowsize
     end rowfit,
     case
           when ti_rowsize > 0 then
trunc ((ti_pagesize -24) / ti_rowsize )
           else ø
     end rows_per_page,
     case
           when ti_rowsize > 0 then
                     trunc ((ti_pagesize -24) / ti_rowsize ) ) * (ti_nptotal - ti_npused ) )
           else Ø
     end free_rows,
DBINFO ('utc_to_datetime', ti_created ) create_date,
     lockreas,
lockwts,
     deadlks,
     lktouts,
     isreads,
     iswrites,
     isrewrites, isdeletes,
     bufreads,
     butwrites,
     seascans,
     pagreads,
     pagwrites, ( bufreads + bufwrites ) total io,
           when pagreads > 0 then
                ( pagreads / bufreads )
     end buff_read_percent,
     case
           when pagwrites > 0 then
                 ( pagwrites / bufwrites )
                else 0
and ti npdata > 0 -- re
order by total io desc;
```

## Current User Session Information

- syssessions
- syssesprof
- syslocks
- syseswts

- Status of Session
- Performance
- statistics
- Locks
- Wait times

# View: Syssessions (onstat -g ses)

```
{ Active sessions }
    create view informix.syssessions ( sid, username, uid, pid,
                              hostname, tty, connected, feprogram,
                              pooladdr,
                              is wlatch, is wlock, is wbuff, is wckpt,
                              is_wlogbuf, is_wtrans, is_monitor, is_incrit,
                              state
        as
        select a.sid, a.username, a.uid, a.pid,
                a.hostname, a.ttyerr, a.connected, a.progname, a.poolp,
                bitval(b.flags, '0x2'), bitval(b.flags, '0x4'),
                bitval(b.flags, '0x8'), bitval(b.flags, '0x10'),
                bitval(b.flags, '0x1000'), bitval(b.flags, '0x40000'),
                bitval(b.flags, '0x80'), bitval(b.flags, '0x100'), b.flags
          from sysscblst a, sysrstcb b
         where a.address = b.scb
           and bitval(b.flags, '0x80000') = 1; { primary thread }
    grant select on informix.syssessions to public as informix;
```

# View: Syssessions (onstat -g ses)

#### User session and connection information

```
integer, -- Session id number
username char(32), -- User name
uid smallint, -- User unix id
pid integer, -- User process id
hostname char(16), -- Hostname
tty char(16), -- TTY port
connected integer, -- Time user connected
feprogram char(16), -- Program name
pooladdr integer, -- Pointer to private pool
```

## View: Syssessions (continued)

#### User session and connection information

```
is wlatch
           integer, -- Flag 1=Wait on latch
           integer, -- Flag 1=Wait on lock
is wlock
is wbuff
           integer, -- Flag 1=Wait on buffer
is wckpt
           integer, -- Flag 1=Wait on checkpoint
is wlogbuf
           integer, -- Flag 1=Wait on log buffer
           integer, -- Flag 1=Wait on a transaction
is wtrans
is monitor
           integer, -- Flag 1=A monitoring process
is incrit
           integer, -- Flag 1=In crtical section
           integer -- Flags
State
```

# View: Syssesprof (onstat -g ses)

```
{ Session activity profile }
    create view informix.syssesprof(sid, lockreqs, locksheld, lockwts,
                           deadlks, lktouts, logrecs, isreads,
                           iswrites, isrewrites, isdeletes, iscommits,
                           isrollbacks, longtxs, bufreads, bufwrites,
                           segscans, pagreads, pagwrites, total_sorts,
                           dsksorts, max sortdiskspace, logspused, maxlogsp )
        as
        select sid,sum( upf_rqlock),sum(nlocks),sum(upf_wtlock),sum(upf_deadlk),
                   sum(upf_lktouts),sum(upf_lgrecs),sum(upf_isread),
                   sum(upf iswrite),sum(upf isrwrite),sum(upf isdelete),
                   sum(upf_iscommit),sum(upf_isrollback),sum(upf_longtxs),
                   sum(upf_bufreads),sum(upf_bufwrites),sum(upf_segscans),
                   sum(nreads), sum(nwrites), sum(upf_totsorts),
                   sum(upf_dsksorts),sum(upf_srtspmax),sum(upf_logspuse),
                   sum(upf logspmax)
          from sysrstcb
                 where sid > 0
                group by sid;
```

# View: Syssesprof (onstat -g ses)

#### User session performance statistics

```
sid
               integer, -- Session Id
               decimal(16,0), -- Locks requested
lockreas
locksheld
               decimal(16,0), -- Locks held
               decimal(16,0), -- Locks waits
Lockwts
Deadlks
               decimal(16,0) -- Deadlocks detected
Lktouts
               decimal(16,0), -- Deadlock timeouts
Logrecs
               decimal(16,0), -- Logical Log written
Isreads
               decimal(16,0), -- Reads
iswrites
               decimal(16,0), -- Writes
isrewrites
               decimal(16,0), -- Rewrites
isdeletes
               decimal(16,0), -- Deletes
               decimal(16,0), -- Commits
iscommits
isrollbacks
               decimal(16,0), -- Rollbacks
               decimal(16,0), -- Long transactions
longtxs
```

## View: Syssesprof (continued)

```
bufreads
               decimal(16,0), -- Buffer reads
bufwrites
               decimal(16,0), -- Buffer writes
               decimal(16,0), -- Sequential scans
segscans
pagreads
               decimal(16,0), -- Page reads
pagwrites
               decimal(16,0), -- Page writes
total sorts
               decimal(16,0), -- Total sorts
dsksorts
               decimal(16,0), -- Sorts to disk
max sortdiskspace decimal(16,0), -- Max space used by a sort
               decimal(16,0), -- Current log bytes used
logspused
               decimal(16,0) -- Max bytes of logical logs used
maxlogsp
```

## View: Syslocks (onstat -k)

```
{ Locks (keep for 6.0 compatibility) }
    create view informix.syslocks (dbsname, tabname, rowidlk, keynum, type,
                          owner, waiter)
        as
        select dbsname, b.tabname, rowidr, keynum, e.txt[1,4], d.sid, f.sid
          from syslcktab a, systabnames b, systxptab c, sysrstcb d,
               flags_text e, outer sysrstcb f
         where a.partnum = b.partnum
           and a.owner = c.address
           and c.owner = d.address
           and a.wtlist = f.address
           and e.tabname = 'syslcktab'
           and e.flags = a.type;
    grant select on informix.syslocks to public as informix;
{ Locks }
    create view informix.syslocktab ( lk id, lk addr, lk same, lk wtlist, lk owner,
                             lk_list, lk_type, lk_flags, lk_bsize, lk_keynum,
                             lk rowid, lk partnum, lk kvobj, lk dipnum,
                             1k grtime )
    as select indx, address, same, wtlist, owner, list, type, flags, bsize,
        keynum, rowidr, partnum, rowidn, dipnum, grtime from syslcktab;
    grant select on informix.syslocktab to public as informix;
```

## Syslocks (onstat -k)

#### View syslocks: Active locks on server

```
dbsname char(128), -- Database name
tabname char(128), -- Table name
rowidlk integer, -- Rowid for index key lock
Keynum smallint, -- Key number of index key lock
owner integer, -- Session ID of lock owner
Waiter integer, -- Session ID of first waiter
type char(4), -- Type of Lock
```

# View: Sysseswts – How long has a session been waiting?

```
{ Session Waits profile }
    create view informix.sysseswts (sid, reason, numwaits, cumtime, maxtime)
    as
        select a.sid, c.txt, b.wnum, b.wcumtime, b.wmaxtime
        from sysrstcb a, systwaits b, flags_text c
        where a.tid = b.tid
        and b.wreason = c.flags
        and c.tabname = 'systwaits';
    grant select on informix.sysseswts to public as informix;
```

# View: Sysseswts – How long has a session been waiting?

 Need to turn on WSTATS in the ONCONFIG file

## Example SQL: dbwho.sql

dbwho.sql

### **List all Active Sessions**

session\_list.sql

### Monitor Resource Usage by User

session\_stastistics.sql

```
database sysmaster;
-- Most of the following columns are commented out so this will
-- display on a 80 column screen.
select
        username,
        syssesprof.sid,
        lockreas,
        -- locksheld,
        -- lockwts,
        -- deadlks,
        -- lktouts,
        -- logrecs,
        -- isreads,
        -- iswrites,
        -- isrewrites,
        -- isdeletes,
        -- iscommits,
        -- isrollbacks,
        -- longtxs,
        bufreads,
        bufwrites
        -- segscans,
        -- pagreads,
        -- pagwrites,
        -- total_sorts,
        -- dsksorts,
        -- max_sortdiskspace,
        -- logspused,
        -- maxlogsp
        syssesprof, syssessions
from
        syssesprof.sid = syssessions.sid
order by bufreads desc
```

# What is the most expensive SQL running?

- Use SQL Trace Real time capture of the cost of what is running (This is a separate presentation)
- Use the view Syssqexplain to capture what is running now
- Script: syssqexplain.sql

## What is the most expensive SQL running?

- Documented View Syssqexplain
- Based on internal table Syssdblock and Sysconblock

## What is the most expensive SQL running?

syssqexplain.sql

## View: Syssqexplain

```
Show sqexplain information }
  create view informix.syssqexplain (
                                             { Internal Use Only
              sqx sessionid, sqx_sdbno, sqx_iscurrent, sqx_executions,
              sgx cumtime, sgx bufreads, sgx pagereads, sgx bufwrites,
              sqx_pagewrites, sqx_totsorts, sqx_dsksorts. sqx_sortspmax,
              sqx_conbno, sqx_ismain, sqx_selflag, sqx_estcost, sqx_estrows,
              sqx_seqscan, sqx_srtscan, sqx_autoindex, sqx_index, sqx_remsql,
              sqx_mrgjoin, sqx_dynhashjoin, sqx_keyonly, sqx_tempfile,
              sqx_tempview, sqx_secthreads, sqx_sqlstatement)
  as
  select sdb_sessionid, sdb_sdbno, sdb_iscurrent, sdb_executions,
          sdb_cumtime, sdb_bufreads, sdb_pagereads, sdb_bufwrites,
          sdb pagewrites, sdb totsorts, sdb dsksorts, sdb sortspmax,
         cbl conbno, cbl ismainblock, ft.txt, cbl estcost, cbl estrows,
          cbl segscan, cbl srtscan, cbl autoindex, cbl index, cbl remsgl,
          cbl_mrgjoin, cbl_dynhashjoin, cbl_keyonly, cbl_tempfile,
          cbl tempview, cbl secthreads, cbl stmt
  from syssdblock, outer ( sysconblock, flags text ft )
      where sdb_sessionid == cbl_sessionid
        and sdb_sdbno == cbl_sdbno
        and ft.tabname == 'sqltype'
        and ft.flags == cbl selflag
```

## Internal Table: Sysconblock

```
{ Conblock }
    create table informix.sysconblock
                                                { Internal Use Only
        cbl sessionid
                       integer,
                                       { session id
                        integer,
                                        { position in sdblock array
        cbl_sdbno
        cbl_conbno
                        smallint,
                                        { position in comblock list
        cbl ismainblock char(1),
                                        { main block for statement?
        cbl selflag
                        smallint,
                                        { see cb_selflag (SQ_*)
        cbl_estcost
                       integer,
                                        { see cb_estcost
        cbl estrows
                                        { see cb estsize
                       integer,
        cbl_flags
                       integer,
                                        { see cb flags
        cbl_flags2
                                       { see cb_flags2
                       integer,
       cbl_segscan
                        smallint,
                                        { # of SEQUENTIAL SCANS
                                        { # of SORT SCANS
        cbl_srtscan
                        smallint,
        cbl autoindex
                        smallint,
                                        { # of AUTOINDEX PATHS
        cbl index
                        smallint,
                                        { # of INDEX PATHS
        cbl_remsql
                        smallint,
                                        { # of REMOTE PATHS
        cbl_mrgjoin
                        smallint,
                                        { # of MERGE JOINS
        cbl dynhashjoin smallint,
                                        { # of DYNAMIC HASH JOINS
        cbl_keyonly
                        smallint,
                                        { # of (Key-Only)s
        cbl tempfile
                        smallint,
                                        { # of Temporary Files
        cbl tempview
                                        { # of Temp Tables For View
                        smallint,
        cbl secthreads
                                        { # of Secondary Threads
                       smallint,
        cbl_stmt
                        char(32000)
                                        { current statement
        );
```

## Internal Table: Syssdblock

```
create table informix.syssdblock
                                                     { Internal Use Only
                                             session id
   sdb_sessionid
                            integer,
                                              position in array
   sdb sdbno
                            integer,
    sdb iscurrent
                            char(1),
                                              current statement?
    sdb name
                            char(128),
                                              front-end's name for statement
    sdb_id
                            smallint,
                                              back-end's id for statement
   sdb_flags
                            integer,
                                              defined below
    sdb executions
                            integer,
                                              total # of executions
   sdb_cumtime
                            float,
                                              total cumulative execution time
    sdb bufreads
                            integer,
                                              total # of buffers read
   sdb_pagereads
                            integer,
                                              total # of pages read from disk
   sdb_bufwrites
                            integer,
                                              total # of buffers written
    sdb pagewrites
                            integer,
                                               total # of pages written
    sdb totsorts
                                              total # of sorts performed
                            integer,
    sdb dsksorts
                            integer,
                                              total # of sorts requiring disk io
   sdb sortspmax
                            integer,
                                              max disk space required by a sort
                                              conblock for statement
    sdb cb
                            int8.
    sdb cblist
                            int8,
                                              list of all cb's in statement
                                              memory heap for this statement
   sdb heap
                            int8,
                                              part num for temp blob table
   sdb_partnum
                            integer,
    sdb_isfd
                            smallint,
                                              file descriptor for the table
    sdb recnum
                            integer,
                                              row for blob descriptors
                            smallint,
                                              for fetching, if rows need to be
    sdb_sqerrno
   sdb_sqiserrno
                            smallint,
                                              returned to the user first, but
   sdb sqoffset
                            integer,
                                              need to set the error in the next
    sdb errstr
                            char(64),
                                               fetch statement
    sdb_ntables
                            integer,
                                              number of table descriptors
                                               thread specific tab info
    sdb sqttab
                            int8,
                                              error reported by asynch thread
    sdb_asynch_sqerrno
                            integer,
    sdb_asynch_sqiserr
                            integer,
                                              error reported by asynch thread
   sdb_pool
                            int8,
                                              statement memory pool
                            int8.
                                              misc lock (to check sd_sqerrno)
    sdb mutex
   sdb_tgcblist
                            int8,
                                              list of cbs to be use to build
                                              requested priority
    sdb_pdq_prio_req
                            smallint,
    sdb_pdq_priority
                            smallint,
                                              currently allowed pdq_priority
    sdb_max_scans
                            integer
                                              currently allowd # scans
```