

Roll Number: \_\_\_\_\_

**Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala**

**School of Mathematics**

**End Semester Examination**

B. E. (Second Year)

Course Code: UMA035

Course Name: Optimization Techniques

Feb 5, 20221

Time: 2 Hours, M. Marks: 50

Name of Faculty: AK, MKS

Office Copy

**Note: Attempt any five questions.**

Q1 (a). Find all the basic and non-basic solutions for the following system of inequalities

$$x_1 + x_2 \geq 2, 2x_1 + x_2 \geq 3, x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0.$$

(6)

Q1 (b). Check graphically whether the set  $S = \{(x_1, x_2): 0 < x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq 1\}$  is a convex set or not.

(2)

Q1 (c). Check graphically whether the set  $S = \{(x_1, x_2): x_1^2 + x_2^2 \geq 1\}$  is a convex set or not.

(2)

Q2(a). Solve the following linear programming problem by Simplex method.

$$\text{Maximize } z = 6x_1 + 5x_2 \text{ subject to } x_1 + x_2 \leq 5, 3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 12, x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0.$$

(5)

Q2(b). Solve the following system of linear equations by Two-phase method

$$4x_1 + 3x_2 = 25, 2x_1 + x_2 = 11, x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0.$$

(5)

Q3(a). On solving the linear programming problem, Maximize  $Z = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3$  subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + S_1 = 9, 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 + S_2 = 12, x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0, S_1 \geq 0, S_2 \geq 0, \text{ the following optimal table is obtained } (S_1 \text{ and } S_2 \text{ are slack variables}).$$

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$S_1$	$S_2$	Solution
$z_j - c_j$	0	$\frac{18}{5}$	0	$\frac{6}{5}$	$\frac{7}{5}$	$\frac{138}{5}$
$x_3$	0	$\frac{1}{5}$	1	$\frac{2}{5}$	$-\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{6}{5}$
$x_1$	1	$\frac{7}{5}$	0	$-\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{27}{5}$

If the right hand side value of the first constraint 9 is replaced with 40. Then, using the post optimality analysis, find the optimal solution of the modified problem.

(5)

Q3 (b) A company needs to assign five jobs to five workers. The following table summarizes the cost of the assignments. Determine the optimal assignment using the Hungarian method.

(5)

		Job				
		1	2	3	4	5
Worker	1	10	12	15	12	8
	2	7	16	14	14	11
	3	13	14	7	9	9
	4	12	10	11	13	10
	5	8	13	15	11	15

P.T.O

Q4 (a) Use Vogel's approximation method to find a basic feasible solution of the following minimization transportation problem. Hence, find an optimal solution by  $(u - v)$  method.

Sources	Destinations				Availability
	$D_1$	$D_2$	$D_3$	$D_4$	
	$S_1$	19	14	23	11
	$S_2$	15	16	12	21
	$S_3$	30	25	16	39
Demand		6	10	12	15

(7)

Q4(b). Solve the following integer linear programming problem graphically using Branch and Bound method.

Minimize  $z = 4x_1 + 9x_2$  subject to  $x_1 + x_2 \geq 7, 2x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 17, x_1 \leq 8, x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$ .

(3)

Q5 Use the critical path method to find the minimum normal time and the corresponding normal cost for completing the following project. Also, find the minimum cost for completing the project in 24 weeks (Draw separate network for each iteration and find the critical path(s) for network of each iteration using the earliest starting time and latest completion time).

Activity	Normal time (weeks)	Normal cost (Rs.)	Crash time (weeks)	Crash cost (Rs.)
1-2	13	700	9	900
1-3	5	400	4	460
1-4	7	600	4	810
2-5	12	800	11	865
3-2	6	900	4	1130
3-4	5	1000	3	1180
4-5	9	1500	6	1800

(10)

Q6 (a) Solve the following non-linear programming problem by using KKT conditions.

Maximize  $z = 2x_1 - x_1^2 + 3x_2 - 2x_2^2$  subject to  $x_1 + x_2 \leq 3, x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$ .

(7)

Q6 (b) Find the extreme point for the function  $x_1 + x_1x_2 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 - x_1^2 - 2x_2^2 - x_3^2$ . Also, justify that the obtained extreme point is a maximum point or a minimum point.

(3)

Q7(a) Perform two iterations of Steepest descent method for the non-linear programming problem

Minimize  $z = x_1 - x_2 + 2x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2$  with the initial approximation  $(0,0)$ .

(7)

Q7(b) Use the graphical method to find all efficient solutions of the following multi-objective linear programming problem

Maximize  $(2x_1 + 3x_2)$

Maximize  $(3x_1 + 2x_2)$

subject to

$x_1 + x_2 \leq 3, x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$ .

(3)