

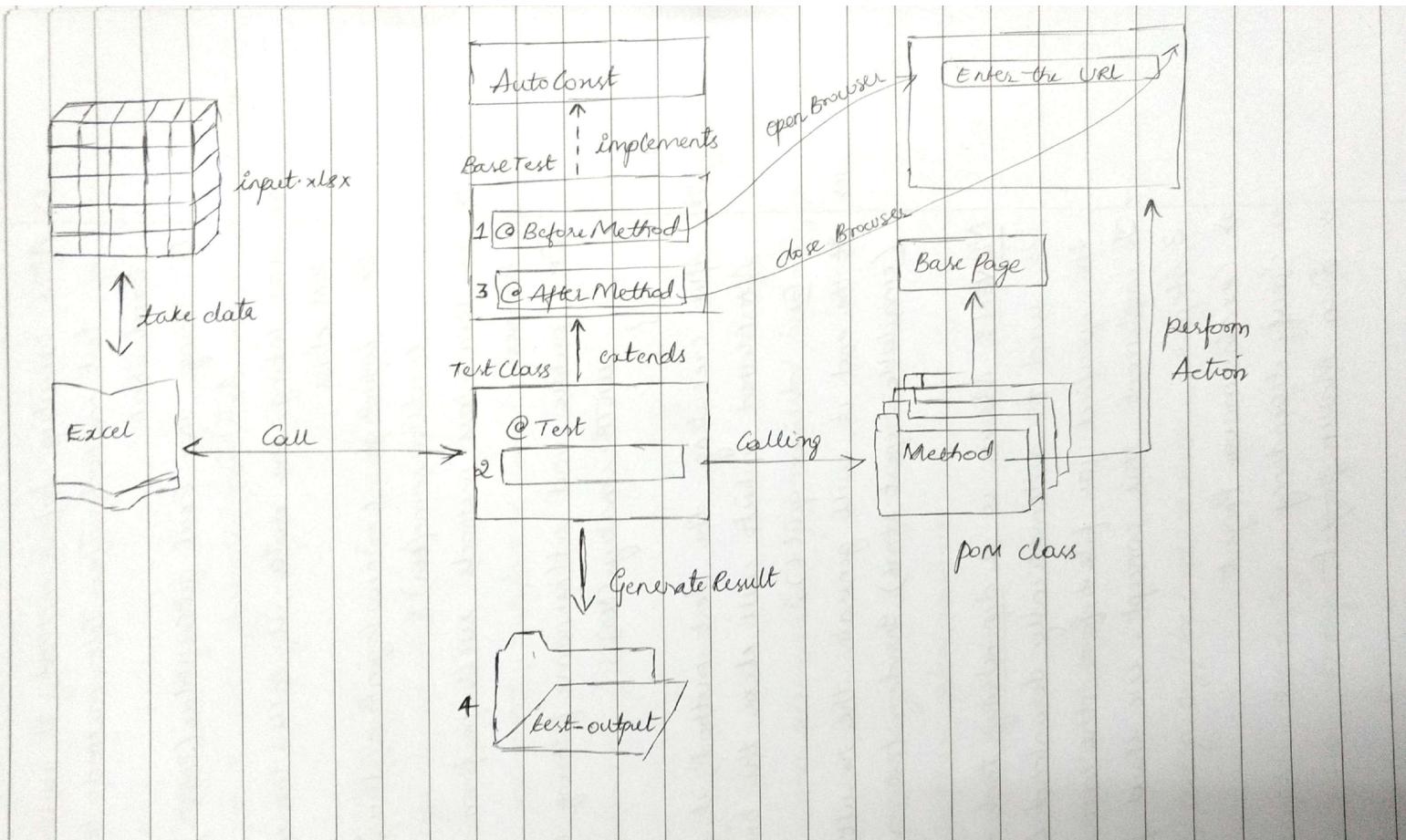
22-03-2017

## AUTOMATION FRAMEWORK ARCHITECTURE

- 1) In our framework, we have used methods to avoid repetition of the code, hence it is called as method driven Automation framework
- 2) We are taking multiple inputs to test the application thoroughly using Excel. Hence it is also called as data driven automation framework
- 3) Combination of any two framework is called as hybrid framework
- 4) In the framework for every test case we develop test class using testNG. and all the test classes extends BaseTest class which implements AutoConst interface.
- 5) BaseTest class has BeforeMethod & AfterMethod, hence during runtime, it will execute Before Method, which opens the Browser and enters the URL.

Ex:

```
System.setProperty("GECKO-KEY", "GECKO-VALUE");
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
driver.get("http://localhost/login.do");
```



6) After executing before method, it will start the execution of test method. The Test method takes data from Excel sheet.

Ex: String un = Excel.getCellvalue(INPUT\_PATH, "ValidLogintoput", 1, 0);

7) After taking the data, it calls the method present in pom class.

Ex: LoginPage l = new LoginPage(drivers);  
l.setUsername(un);

8) The pom class methods will perform action on the browser.

Ex: public void setUsername (String un) {  
unTB.sendKeys(un);  
}

9) After executing the test method, it will execute, AfterMethod which will close the browser.

Ex: drivers.quit();

10) At the end it will generate the result in HTML format (emailable-report.html) Inside test-output folder.

MAVEN: Maven is a dependency tool. In selenium it is used to automatically download latest version of the specified jar file before the execution of the framework.

To implement this concept, we shud perform following 3 steps:

1) Create maven Project

2) Specify dependency

3) Run Maven project.

## 1. Creating Maven Project :

- Right Click on the java project
- Configure
- Convert to Maven Project
- Finish → It will generate pom.xml inside java project  
(pom stands for project object model.)

## 2. Specify the Dependency : In pom.xml

- Go to dependencies tab
- click on add
- Specify group id , artifact id and version
- Click OK.
- Save pom.xml file.

dependency #1 : Selenium

<http://www.seleniumhq.org/download/maven.jsp>

```
<groupId> org.seleniumhq.selenium
<artifactId> selenium-java
<version> 3.3.1
```

dependency #2 : testNG

<http://testng.org/doc/maven.html>

```
<groupId> org.testng
<artifactId> testng
<version> 6.10
```

dependency #3: poi

<http://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.apache.poi/poi>

```
<groupId> org.apache.poi  
<artifactId> poi  
<version> 3.15
```

```
<groupId> org.apache.poi  
<artifactId> poi-ooxml  
<version> 3.15
```

### 3. Run Maven Project:

To run the maven project, we right click on pom.xml . Go to Run as > and select MavenTest .

During runtime, it performs following steps :

- a) Compare the version of the jar files with present in maven local repository with the version present in maven centralized repository . If there is any latest version available , it will download into repository(local)
- b) Then it will compile the java code (all the java files present under src) using maven compile plugin
- c) After the compilation it should execute testng.xml  
\* for this we should use surefire plugin available in following url .

⇒ <http://maven.apache.org/surefire/maven-surefire-plugin/>

copy the plugin content → Go to pom.xml → paste it  
below maven-compiler-plugin (below </plugin> ; line#17)  
d) Save pom.xml file.

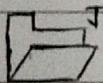
- After specifying the surefire plugin → Right click on pom.xml
- go to Run as → select → Maven Test / Maven Install
- Result will be present under "target/surefire-reports/  
emailable-report.html"

P.Q → What are the differences b/w Java Project & Maven Project.

#### JAVA PROJECT

#### MAVEN PROJECT

- We should download jar file → It will be downloaded manually.
- location of downloaded files → ~~java~~ .m2/repository will be "jars"
- Jar files will be listed under "Referenced libraries"
- We execute using testing.xml
- 5) Result location test-output
- We execute using pom.xml.
- 5) Result location target folder.



## SELENIUM GRID:

- 1) Testing the application in different environment, is called as compatibility testing
- 2) Selenium supports only web application and we test the web application on different browsers and operating systems.
- 3) The framework will be stored and configured in the centralized system called HUB & It will be executed on multiple remote systems called NODE

## Configuring the NODE:

- Required Softwares
  - a) JDK
  - b) Browser
  - c) Browser specific driver executable
  - d) Selenium Server standalone jar file .

- Step1: Create a folder in the required location and copy paste .exe & jar files
- ⇒ chromedriver.exe (cd.exe)
  - ⇒ geckodriver.exe (gc.exe)
  - ⇒ Selenium Server Standalone jar file (ss.jar)

- Step2: In the same location create a text file and type the following command .

```
java -Dwebdriver.chrome.driver = cd.exe -Dwebdriver.gecko.driver = gc.exe -jar ss.jar
```

Save & close the file. Rename the file as RunMe.bat

Step3: Double click on the batch file. It should display following message -

Selenium Server is Up and Running.

Configuring the HUB in the framework

Step In the framework, update Before Method present in Base Class as shown below and execute it

@BeforeMethod

```
public void openApplication() throws MalformedURLException {  
    URL rsURL = new URL("http://192.168.1.24:4444/wd/hub");  
    DesiredCapabilities d = new DesiredCapabilities();  
    d.setBrowserName("chrome");  
    driver = new RemoteWebDriver(rsURL, d);  
    driver.get("http://localhost/login.do");  
    driver.manage().timeouts.implicitlyWait(10, TimeUnit.SECONDS);  
}
```

EXECUTING THE SCRIPTS ON MULTIPLE SYSTEM PARALLELLY:

To implement this concept, we use selenium grid along with testNG parallel option.

- \* Sending data from testNG.xml into testNG class.  
    1> Create a testNG class as shown below -

```

package qsp;

public class Demo {
    @Parameters({ "subject" })
    @Test
    public void testA(String s) throws InterruptedException {
        for (int i = 1; i <= 3; i++) {
            Reporter.log(s, true);
            Thread.sleep(500);
        }
    }
}

```

Note: If any test class contains parameters annotations, then execute it from testng.xml or else we get TestNGException.

Content of testNG.xml

```

<suite name="Suite" parallel="tests">
    <test name="Test1">
        <parameter name="subject" value="java"/>
        <classes>
            <class name="qsp.Demo"/>
        </classes>
    </test>
    <test name="Test2">
        <parameter name="subject" value="selenium"/>
        <classes>
            <class name="qsp.Demo"/>
        </classes>
    </test>

```

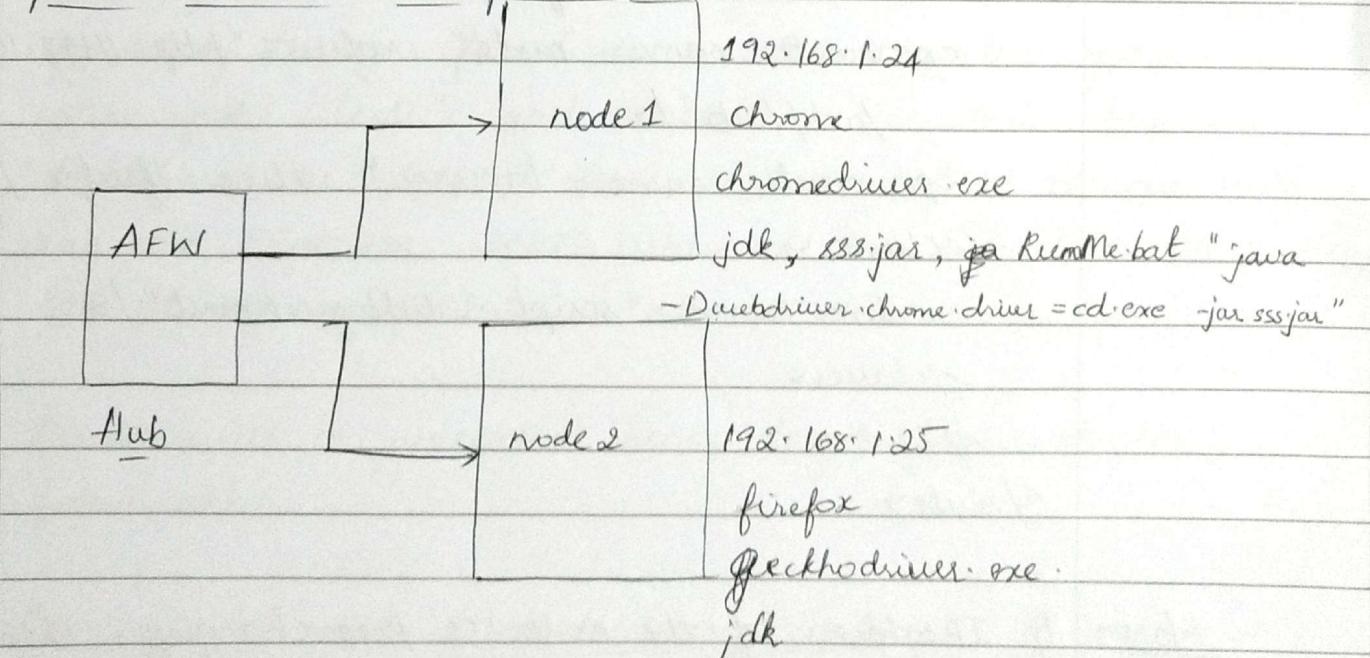
</classes>  
</test>  
</suite>

o/p :    java  
          selenium  
  
        java  
        selenium  
  
        java  
        selenium

24-03-2017

EXECUTING FRAMEWORK ON MULTIPLE SYSTEM , MULTIPLE BROWSERS PARALLELY :

Grid Environment Setup :



(sss.jar) Selenium server standalone jar

RundMe.bat → java -Dwebdriver.gecko.driver=ge.exe  
-jar sss.jar .

- Manually run the batch file in both node1 & node2 and ensure that it has displayed the message " Selenium Server is Up & Running".
- Update testing.xml as shown below.

```

<suite name = "Suite" parallel = "tests">
  <test name = "Test Chrome">
    <parameters name = "node" value = "http://192.168.1.24:4444/
      wd/hub"/>
    <parameters name = "browser" value = "chrome"/>
    <classes>
      <class name = "script.ValidLoginLogout"/>
    </classes>
  </test>
  <test name = "Test Firefox">
    <parameters name = "node" value = "http://192.168.1.25:4444
      /wd/hub"/>
    <parameters name = "browser" value = "firefox"/>
    <classes>
      <class name = "script.ValidLoginLogout"/>
    </classes>
  </test>
</suite>

```

Note: If IP address of the node is keep changing, then we can use name of the computer in place of ip address

Ex: http://(comppname):4444/wd/hub

⇒ Update BeforeMethod present in BaseTest

```
@Parameters({"node", "browser"})
```

```
@BeforeMethod
```

```
public void openApplication(String node, String browser) throws
```

```
MalformedURLException
```

```
{ URL rURL = new URL(node); }
```

```
DesiredCapabilities dc = new DesiredCapabilities();
```

```
dc.setBrowserName(browser);
```

```
driver = new RemoteWebDriver(rURL, dc);
```

```
driver.get("http://localhost/login.ds");
```

```
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(10, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
```

```
}
```

⇒ Execute pom.xml which internally executes testing.xml after upgrading the jar files; since we have mention parallel option for "tests" and there are 2 test blocks. testing will create 2 threads, the first thread will run the script on node1, whereas the second thread will execute the script on node2 at the same time.

⇒ Result will be generated inside target folder of the framework.

Capturing Screenshot when the script fails :-

Step 1: Create a folder with the name 'screenshot' inside the java project.

Step 2: Specify its path in 'AutoConst' Interface

Q: String IMG\_PATH = "c/screenshot/";

Step 3: Create a class inside generic package as shown below

Ex:

```
package generic;
import java.util.Date;
public class Photo {
    public static void getScreenshot(WebDriver driver,
        String folderPath) {
        SimpleDateFormat s = new SimpleDateFormat ("MM-dd-yyyy
            hh-mm-ss");
        String datetime = s.format(new Date());
        TakesScreenshot t = (TakesScreenshot) driver;
        File srcFile = t.getScreenshotAs(OutputType.FILE);
        File destFile = new File (FolderPath + datetime + ".png");
        try {
            FileUtils.copyFile (srcFile, destFile);
        }
        catch (Exception e) {
        }
    }
}
```

PNG → portable network graphics.

Step 4: Update AfterMethod present in BaseTest as shown below

## @AfterMethod

```

public void closeApplication ( ITestResult r) {
    if (r.getStatus() == 2) {
        photo.getScreenshot(driver, imgPath);
    }
    driver.quit();
}

```

} } getstatus == 1  $\Rightarrow$  Pass  
getstatus == 2  $\Rightarrow$  FAIL

Step5: Run pom.xml and it will take screenshot only when script is failed.

25-03-2017

GITHUB

It is an online repository used by developers (application developers and automation developers) to store the source code. With respect to selenium, we use github to store and share the automation framework. Initially automation lead will design the framework and they will upload it to github server.

All the automation engineers will download the framework from github server in the local system and everyday, they will write a script and upload it to github server (push) and they will download the script written by others for review and execution purpose (pull).

Uploading the Framework:

This step is done by lead after designing the framework (only one time)

Step 1: Login to GitHub.com

Step 2: Click on Start a project

Step 3: Specify the repository name 'BCSM13'

Step 4: Select private

Step 5: Click on create repository.

Step 6: It generates URI (Uniform Resource Information Identifier)

Ex: <https://github.com/javagalbhenu/BCSM13.git>

Step 7: In eclipse, right click on java project, Go to Team, select share project, select Git & click next - click on create ; specify a folder name at the end.  
→ Finish → Finish

Note The above step will create local repository of github.

Step 8: Right click on the java project, Go to Team & select commit. Specify the comment ; Select all the checkbox ; click on ~~Commit~~ Commit & push

Step 9: Specify the URI . It will automatically display host & repository path. Specify username & password. Click next . Select HEAD → Click on Add file → Finish  
→ Click OK

If update fails, select 'add all branch specs' and click on force update.

### Downloading Framework from GitHub to Local System

This step will be done by all the automation engineers only one time.

Step 1: In eclipse go to file → Import → Git → Projects from Git → Next → clone URI → Next → Specify URI → username / pwd → Next → Next → Next → Ensure that first radio button is selected (Import existing projects) → Next → Finish.

### Uploading file to GitHub:

Step 1: Right click on file / folder → goto Team → Select Commit → specify the comment → select checkbox → Commit & push → OK

If the file is modified, then also we should follow the same procedure.

### Downloading files from GitHub

Step 1: Right click on the java project → Go to Team → select pull → OK.

