

A PROJECT REPORT ON

PICK N PLACE ROBOT

**A PROJECT SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE
REQUIREMENT FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE OF**

**BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY
IN
COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING**

SUBMITTED BY

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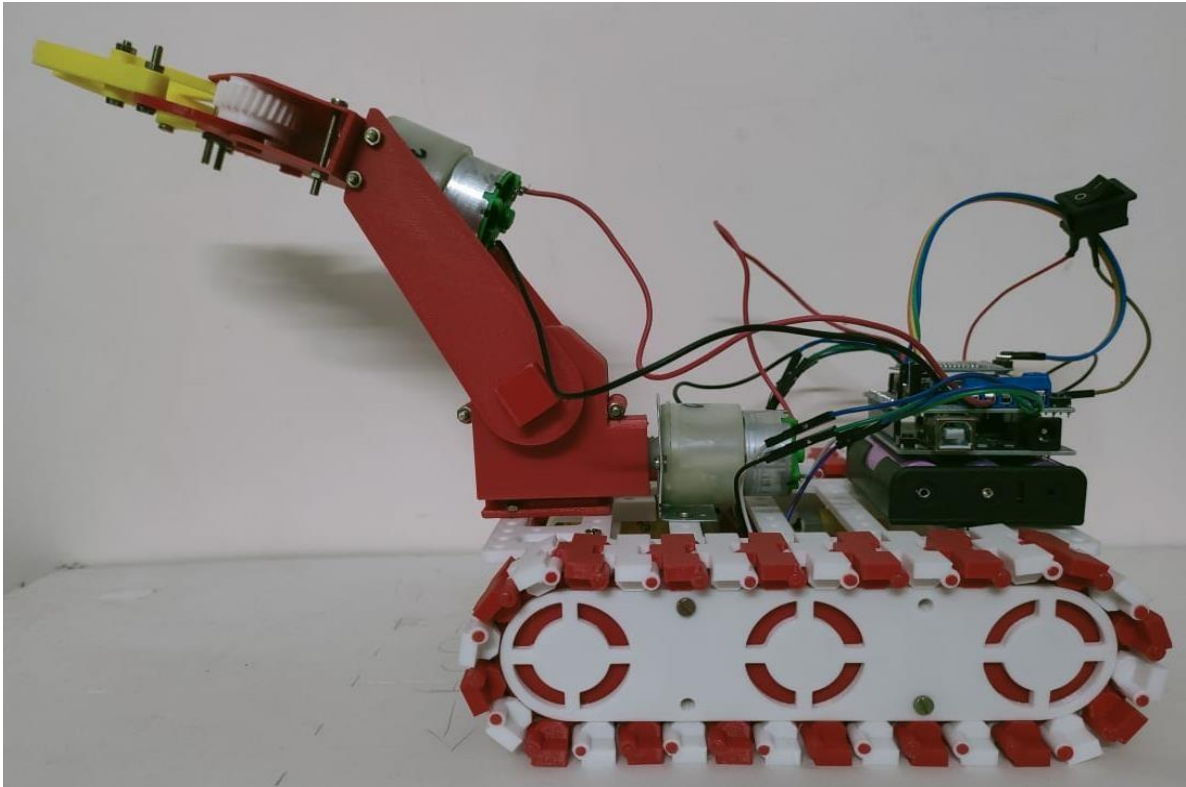
UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF

**MR.M.AJAY
ASSISTANT PROFESSOR**



CMR TECHNICAL CAMPUS
Academic year(2021-2022)

PICK N PLACE ROBOT

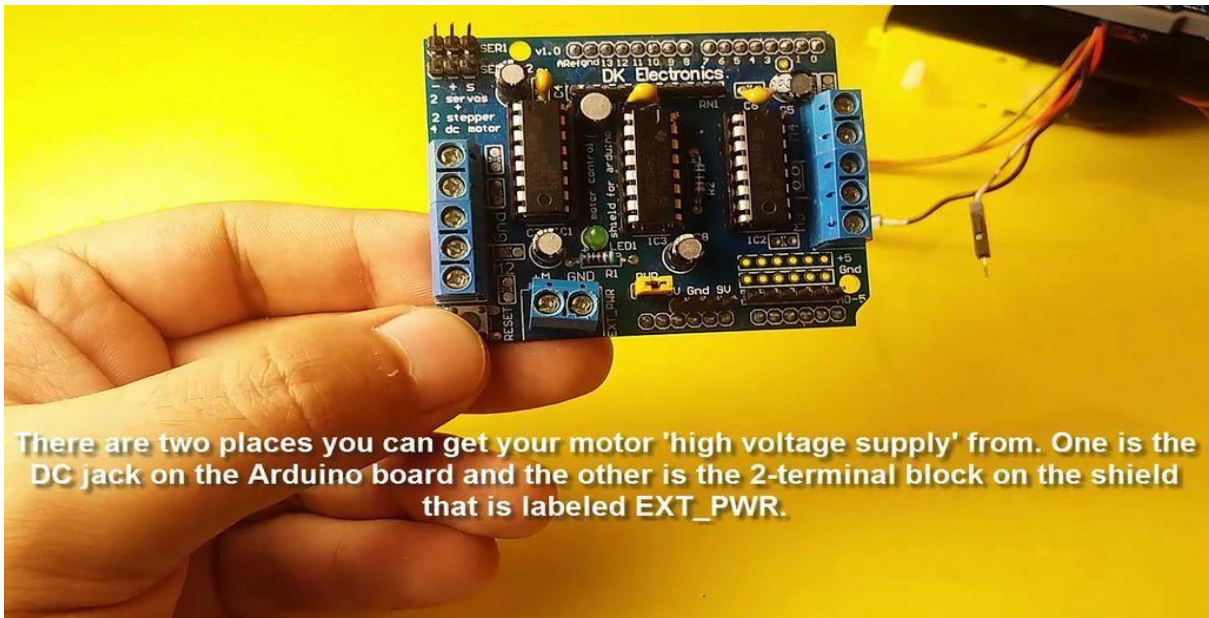
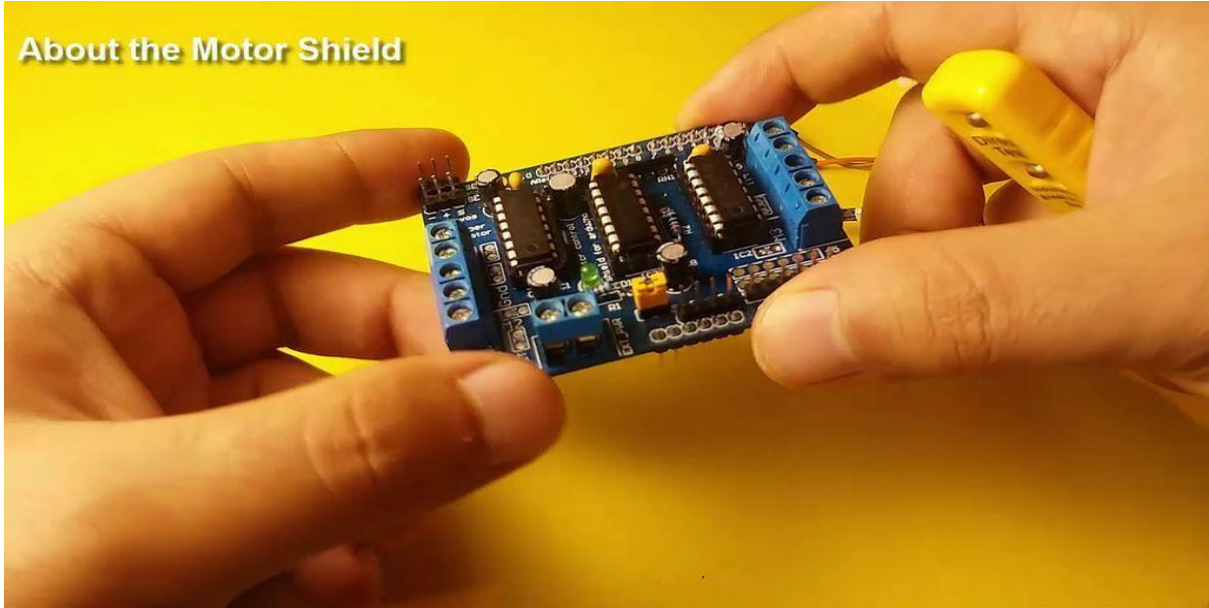


Step 1: Components Required

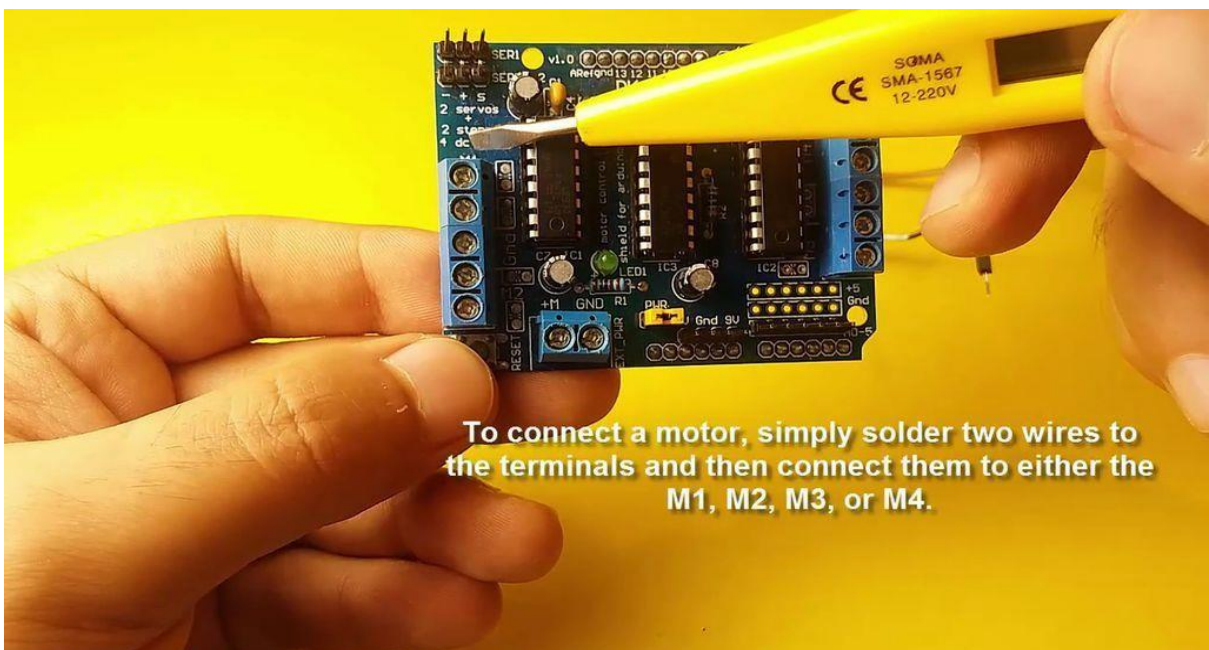
- Arduino uno
- Motor shield
- 18650 Batteries
- HC-05 Bluetooth module
- DC Gear Motors x 4 (60 RPM)
- DC Gear Motors x 2 (30 RPM)
- Wheels x 4
- ON/OFF Switch

Step 2: MOTOR SHIELD

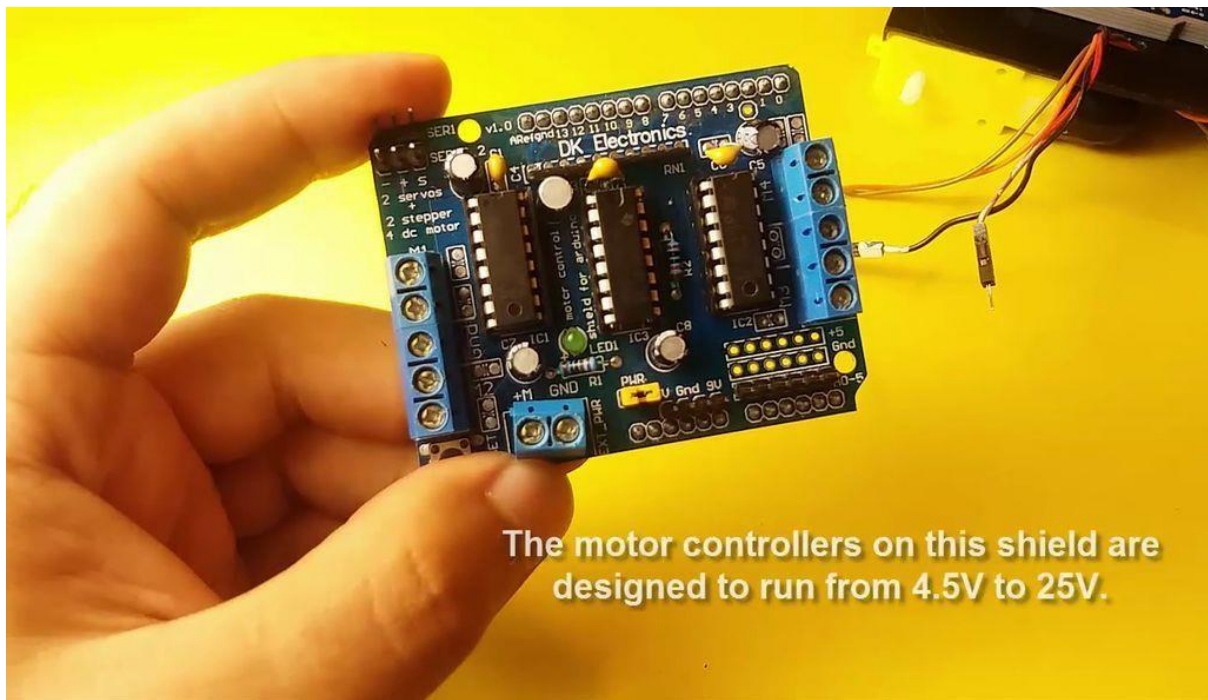
About the Motor Shield



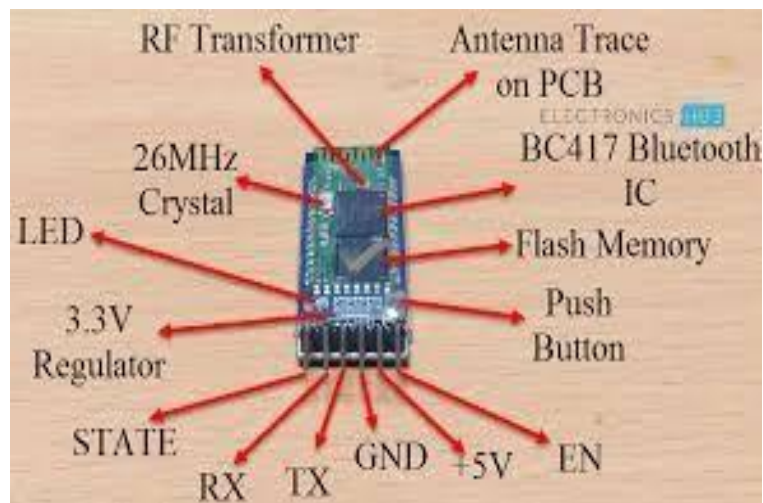
There are two places you can get your motor 'high voltage supply' from. One is the DC jack on the Arduino board and the other is the 2-terminal block on the shield that is labeled EXT_PWR.



To connect a motor, simply solder two wires to the terminals and then connect them to either the M1, M2, M3, or M4.

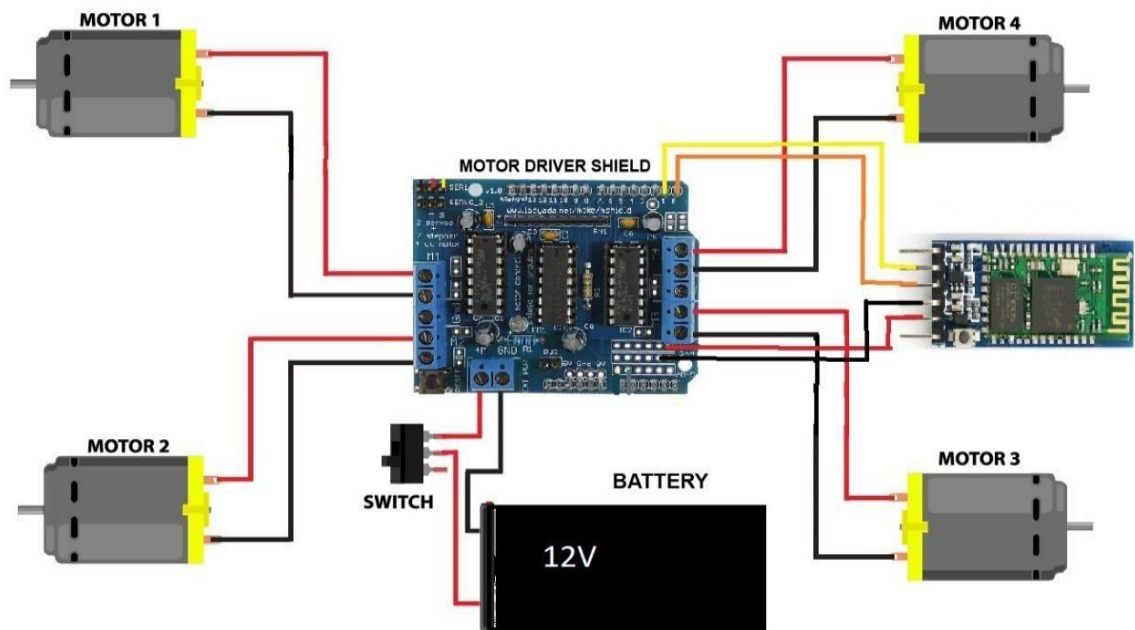


Step 3: HC-05 BLUETOOTH MODULE



- Take Bluetooth module
- Connect two female to female wire at +5v and GND
- Connect Bluetooth's +5v and GND with servo's + and - on motor shield as shown in picture.
- Connect RX of arduino to TX of Bluetooth module
- Connect TX of arduino to RX of Bluetooth module

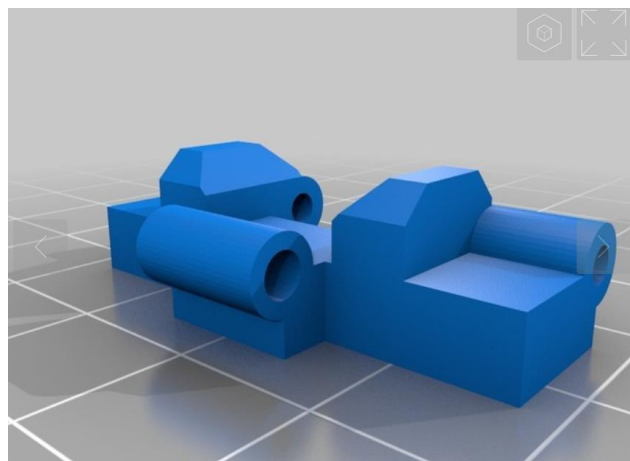
Step 4: Circuit Connections



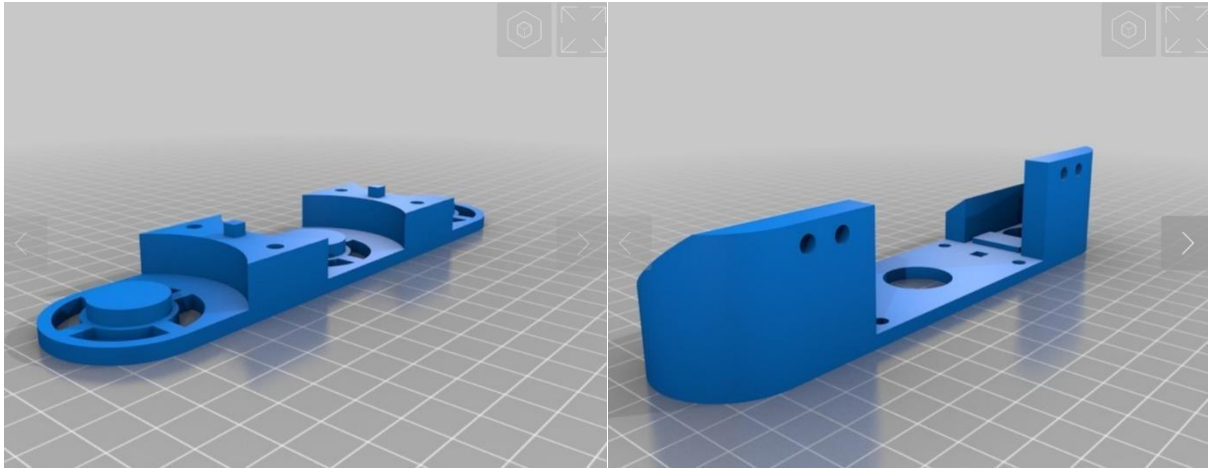
- Solder two wires at arduino's 0 and 1 pin that is RX and TX.
- Fix the motor shield on the top of arduino.
- Connect all motors on motor shield as given in circuit.
- Left side motors are connected to M3 and M4.
- Right side motors are connected to M1 and M2.
- If any motor is rotating in reverse direction then reverse the connection of motor.

Connect the battery to motor shield.

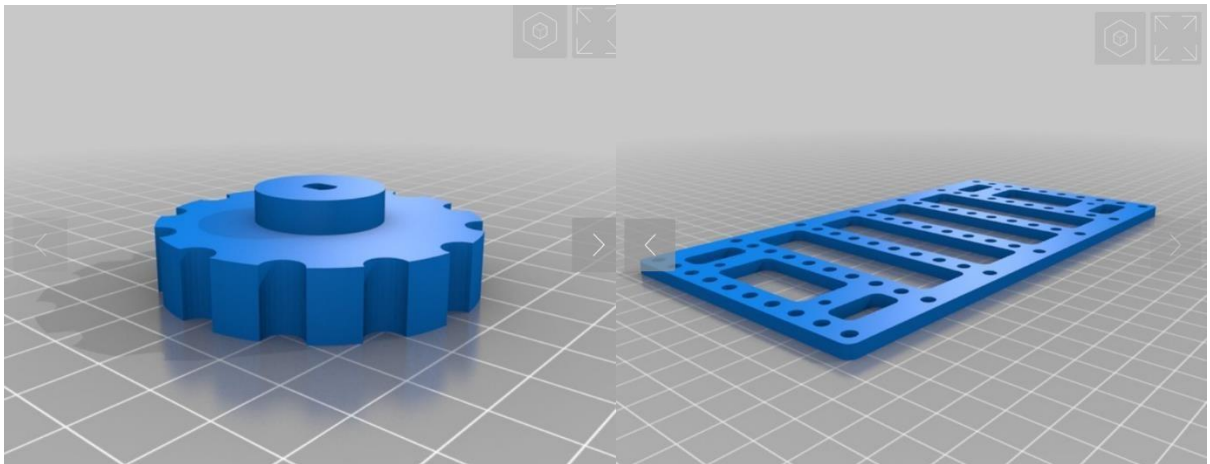
Step 5: Design and 3D Print components



Track Link



Motor clamping mount

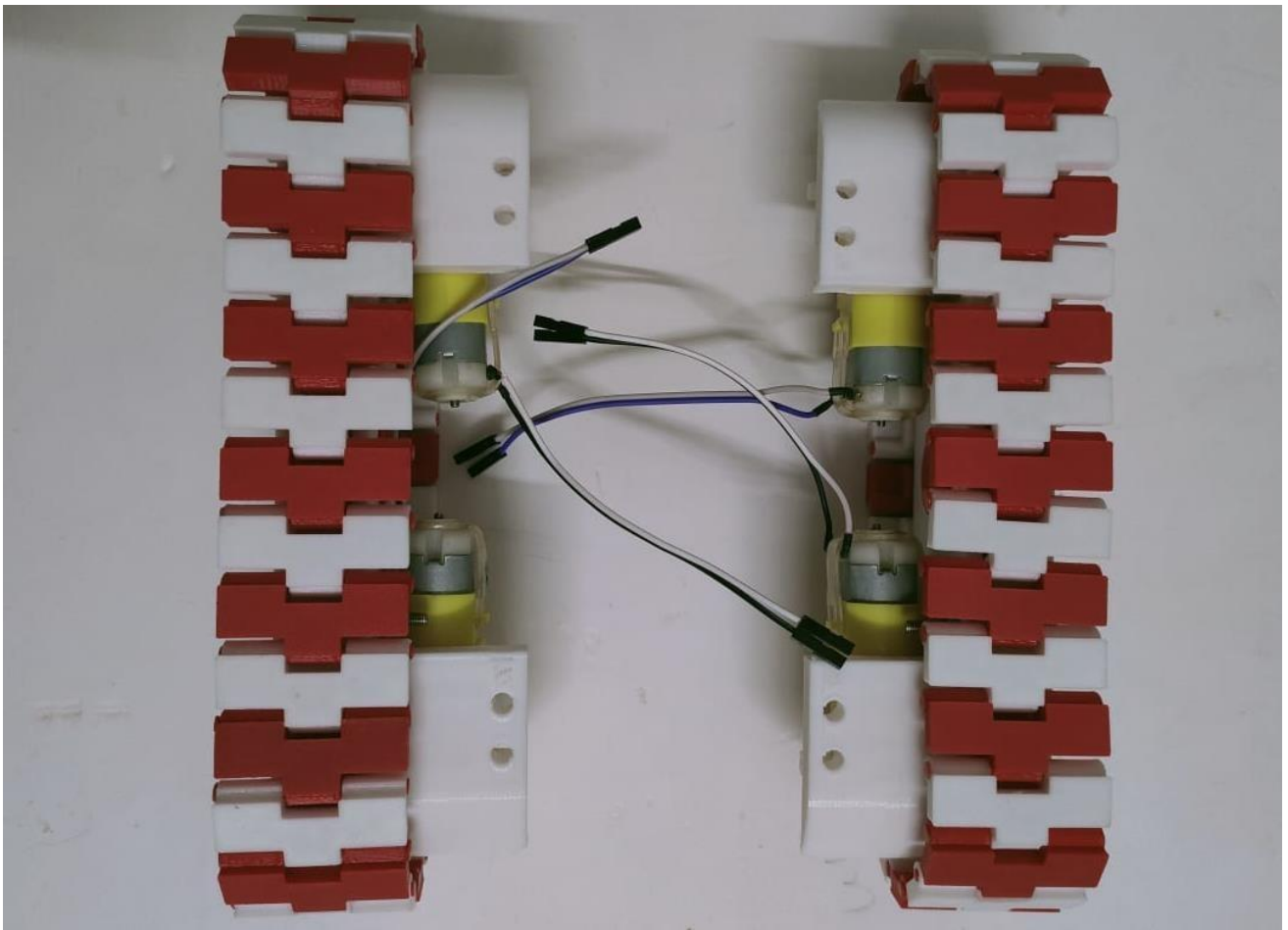


Track wheel

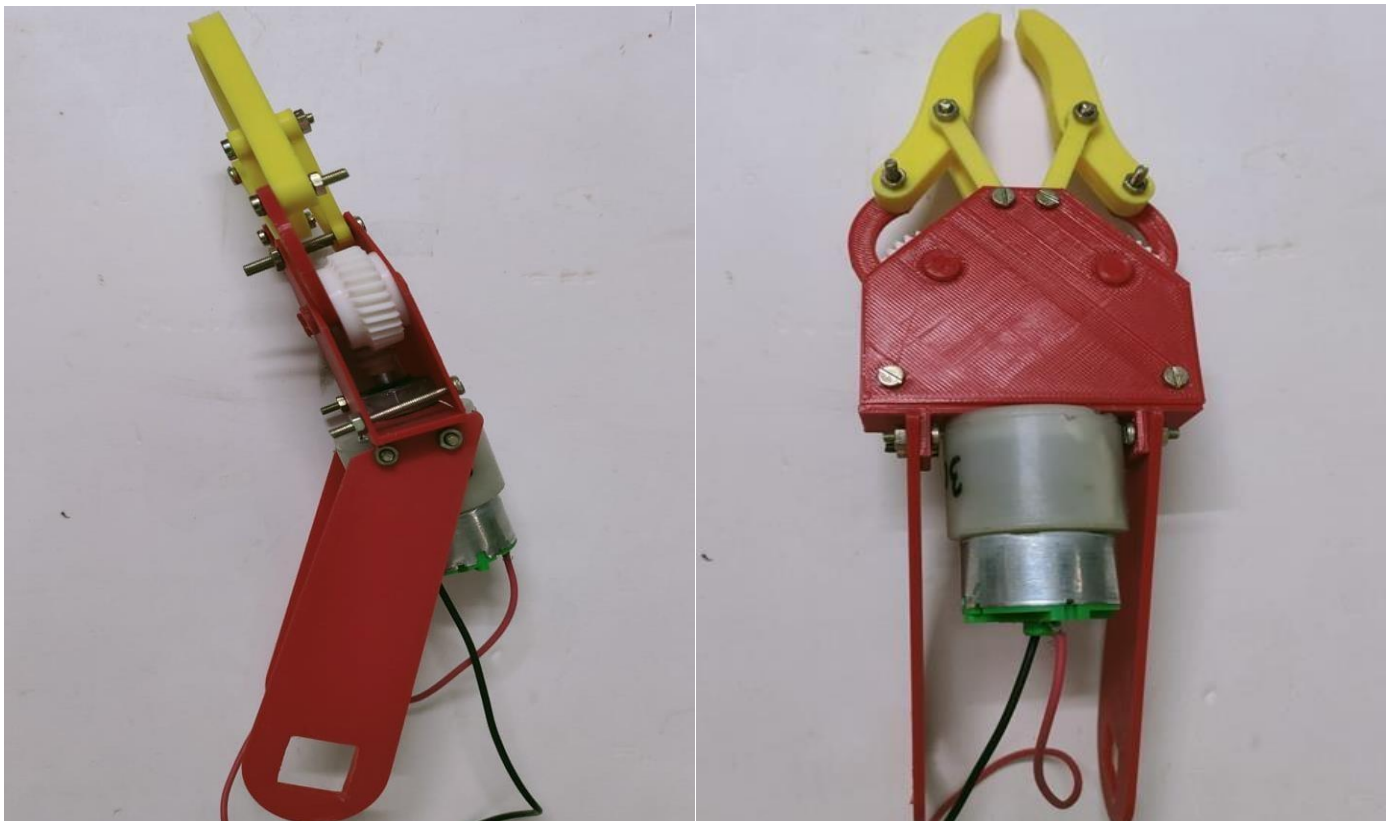
chassis

Step 6: Assembly



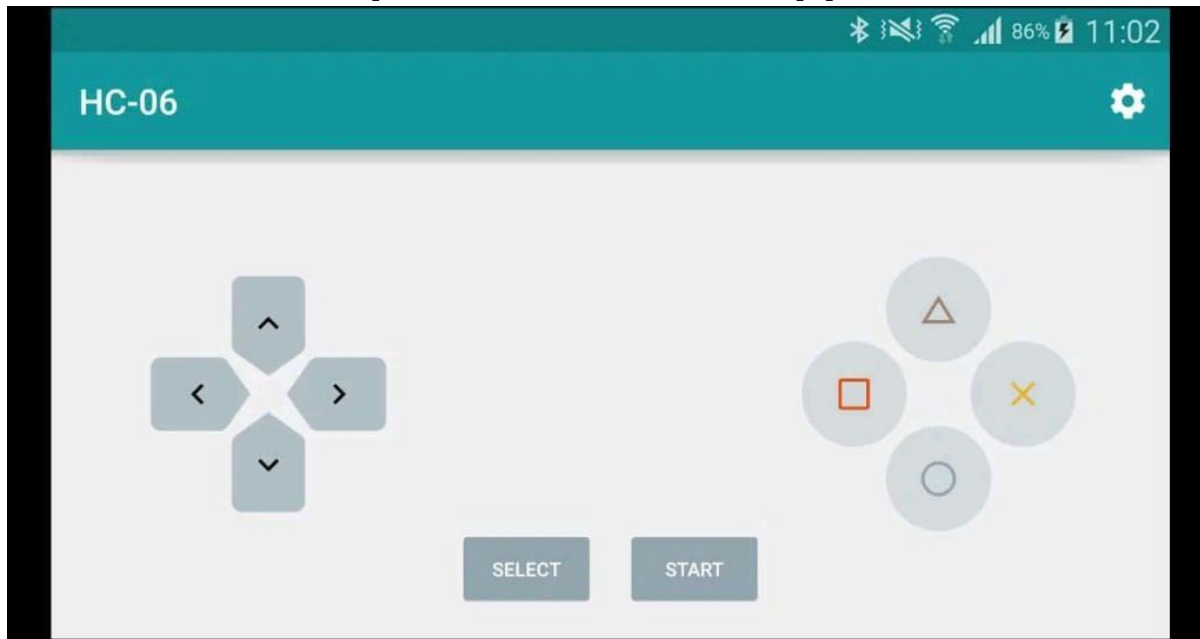


Track and motors assembly



Robot ARM assembly

Step 7: Connect the App



- open play store
- Search for arduino Bluetooth controller
- Download the app and open
- Turn on Bluetooth
- Click on hc-05
- Enter the password 1234
- Connect to Robot
- Once it paired, you can operate.

Step 8: Code

```
#include <AFMotor.h>
```

```
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
```

```
SoftwareSerial bluetoothSerial(9, 10); // RX, TX
```

```
//initial motors pin
```

```
AF_DCMotor motor1(1, MOTOR12_1KHZ);
```

```
AF_DCMotor motor2(2, MOTOR12_1KHZ);
```

```
AF_DCMotor motor3(3, MOTOR34_1KHZ);
```

```
AF_DCMotor motor4(4, MOTOR34_1KHZ);
```



```
char command;
```

```
void setup()
```

```
{  
  bluetoothSerial.begin(9600); //Set the baud rate to your Bluetooth module.  
}
```

```
void loop() {  if  
(bluetoothSerial.available() > 0) {  
  command = bluetoothSerial.read();
```

```
  Stop(); //initialize with motors stoped
```

```
  switch (command) {  
case 'F':  
forward();    break;  
case 'B':  
backward();  
break;  case 'L':  
left();    break;  
case 'R':    right();  
break;  case 'G':  
front();    break;  
case 'I':    back();  
break;  case 'H':  
clos();    break;  
case 'J':    opn();  
    break;  
  }  
}
```

```
void forward()
```

```
{  
  motor2.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity  
  motor2.run(FORWARD); //rotate the motor clockwise
```

```
motor3.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
motor3.run(FORWARD); //rotate the motor clockwise  delay(50);
}
```

```
void backward()
{
    motor2.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
    motor2.run(BACKWARD); //rotate the motor anti-clockwise
    motor3.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
    motor3.run(BACKWARD); //rotate the motor anti-clockwise
    delay(50);
}
```

```
void left()
{
    motor2.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
    motor2.run(BACKWARD); //rotate the motor anti-clockwise
    motor3.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
    motor3.run(FORWARD); //rotate the motor clockwise  delay(50);
}
```

```
void right()
{
    motor2.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
    motor2.run(FORWARD); //rotate the motor clockwise
    motor3.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
    motor3.run(BACKWARD); //rotate the motor anti-clockwise
    delay(50);
}
```

```
void front()
{
    motor4.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
    motor4.run(FORWARD); //rotate the motor clockwise  delay(50);
}
```

```
void back()
```

```
{
  motor4.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
  motor4.run(BACKWARD); //rotate the motor anti-clockwise
  delay(50);
}

void clos()
{
  motor1.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
  motor1.run(FORWARD); //rotate the motor anti-clockwise
  delay(50);
}

void opn()
{
  motor1.setSpeed(255); //Define maximum velocity
  motor1.run(BACKWARD); //rotate the motor clockwise
  delay(50);
}

void Stop()
{
  motor1.setSpeed(0); //Define minimum velocity
  motor1.run(RELEASE); //stop the motor when release the button
  motor2.setSpeed(0); //Define minimum velocity
  motor2.run(RELEASE); //rotate the motor clockwise
  motor3.setSpeed(0); //Define minimum velocity
  motor3.run(RELEASE); //stop the motor when release the button
  motor4.setSpeed(0); //Define minimum velocity
  motor4.run(RELEASE); //stop the motor when release the button
}
```