<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Searching techniques: Linear and Binary</u> / <u>Week10 Coding</u>

Started on	Sunday, 9 June 2024, 9:15 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Sunday, 9 June 2024, 9:26 PM
Time taken	10 mins 59 secs
Marks	5.00/5.00
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

An <u>list</u> contains N numbers and you want to determine whether two of the numbers sum to a given number K. For example, if the input is 8, 4, 1, 6 and K is 10, the answer is yes (4 and 6). A number may be used twice.

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer n , the length of <u>list</u>

The second line contains n space-separated integers, <u>list[i]</u>.

The third line contains integer k.

Output Format

Print Yes or No.

Sample Input

7

0124653

1

Sample Output

Yes

For example:

Input	Result
5 8 9 12 15 3 11	Yes
6 2 9 21 32 43 43 1 4	No

```
1 v def two_sum(li,k):
 2 🔻
        for i in range(len(li)):
 3 ▼
            for j in range(i+1,len(li)):
 4 •
                if li[i] + li[j] == k:
                    return "Yes"
 5
        return "No"
 7
   n=int(input())
 8
   li=input().split()
   li=[int(x) for x in li]
 9
   k = int(input())
print(two_sum(li,k))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5 8 9 12 15 3 11	Yes	Yes	~
~	6 2 9 21 32 43 43 1 4	No	No	~
~	6 13 42 31 4 8 9 17	Yes	Yes	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given an listof integers, sort the array in ascending order using the Bubble Sort algorithm above. Once sorted, print the following three lines:

- 1. <u>List</u> is sorted in numSwaps swaps., where numSwaps is the number of swaps that took place.
- 2. First Element: firstElement, the *first* element in the sorted <u>list</u>.
- 3. Last Element: lastElement, the *last* element in the sorted <u>list</u>.

For example, given a worst-case but small array to sort: a=[6,4,1]. It took 3 swaps to sort the array. Output would be

```
Array is sorted in 3 swaps.

First Element: 1

Last Element: 6
```

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, n, the size of the <u>list</u> a.

The second line contains n, space-separated integers a[i].

Constraints

- · 2<=n<=600
- \cdot 1<=a[i]<=2x10⁶.

Output Format

You must print the following three lines of output:

- <u>List</u> is sorted in numSwaps swaps., where numSwaps is the number of swaps that took place.
- 2. First Element: firstElement, the *first* element in the sorted <u>list</u>.
- 3. Last Element: lastElement, the *last* element in the sorted <u>list</u>.

Sample Input 0

3

123

Sample Output 0

List is sorted in 0 swaps.

First Element: 1

Last Element: 3

For example:

Input	Result
3 3 2 1	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3
5 1 9 2 8 4	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9

```
def sort(li):
 1 •
2
        swa = 0
        for i in range(len(li)):
3 🔻
Δ,
            for j in range(len(li)-1):
5
                if li[j]>li[j+1]:
6
                     li[j], li[j+1] = li[j+1], li[j]
         print(f"List is sorted in \{swa\} \ swaps.\ \ First \ Element: \{li[0]\}\ \ Element: \{li[-1]\}") 
8
    a = int(input())
10
   li = input().split()
11 |li = [int(c) for c in li]
```

12 |sort(li)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 3 2 1	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3	~
~	5 1 9 2 8 4	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

```
Question 3
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given an list, find peak element in it. A peak element is an element that is greater than its neighbors.

An element a[i] is a peak element if

```
A[i-1] \le A[i] > =a[i+1] for middle elements. [0 \le i \le n-1]
```

 $A[i-1] \le A[i]$ for last element [i=n-1]

A[i] > = A[i+1] for first element [i=0]

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer \boldsymbol{n} , the length of \boldsymbol{A} .

The second line contains n space-separated integers, A[i].

Output Format

Print peak numbers separated by space.

Sample Input

5

8 9 10 2 6

Sample Output

10 6

For example:

Input	Result
4	12 8
12 3 6 8	

```
a = int(input())
2 li = input().split()
3 li = [int(i) for i in li]
4
   ans = []
5 ▼
    for i in range(a):
        if i+1 < a:
6
7 🔻
             if li[i] > li[i+1] and li[i]>li[i-1]:
                 # ans.append(li[i])
print(li[i],end=" ")
8
9
10
        elif i+1==a:
11 •
            if li[i]>li[i-1]:
12 🔻
                 print(li[i],end=" ")
13
14
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	7 15 7 10 8 9 4 6	15 10 9 6	15 10 9 6	~
~	4 12 3 6 8	12 8	12 8	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

To find the frequency of numbers in a <u>list</u> and display in sorted order.

Constraints:

1<=n, arr[i]<=100

Input:

1 68 79 4 90 68 1 4 5

output:

12

4 2

5 1

68 2

79 1

90 1

For example:

Ir	ıpı	ut	R	esult			
4	3	5	3	4	5	3	2
						4	2
						5	2

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4 3 5 3 4 5	3 2	3 2	~
		4 2	4 2	
		5 2	5 2	
~	12 4 4 4 2 3 5	2 1	2 1	~
		3 1	3 1	
		4 3	4 3	
		5 1	5 1	
		12 1	12 1	

	Input				E	xpected	G	ot				
~	5 4	5	4	6	5	7	3	3	1	3	1	~
								4	2	4	2	
								5	3	5	3	
								6	1	6	1	
								7	1	7	1	

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 5
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a Python program for binary search.

For example:

Input	Result
1,2,3,5,8	False
3,5,9,45,42 42	True

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v def binary_search(arr,x):
        arr.sort()
 3
        left,right=0,len(arr)-1
 4
        while left <=right:</pre>
 5
            mid=(left+right)//2
            if arr[mid]==x:
 7
                return True
 8
            elif arr[mid]<x:</pre>
                left=mid+1
 9
10
             else:
                 right=mid-1
11
12
13
        return False
14
15
    numbers=list(map(int,input().split(',')))
    target=int(input())
16
    result=binary_search(numbers,target)
17
18
    print(result)
19
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1,2,3,5,8	False	False	~
~	3,5,9,45,42 42	True	True	~
~	52,45,89,43,11 11	True	True	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

■ Week10_MCQ

Jump to...

Sorting ►