

Introduction to SDSC Comet

Mahidhar Tatineni
UCSB April 26, 2018



Comet

“HPC for the long tail of science”

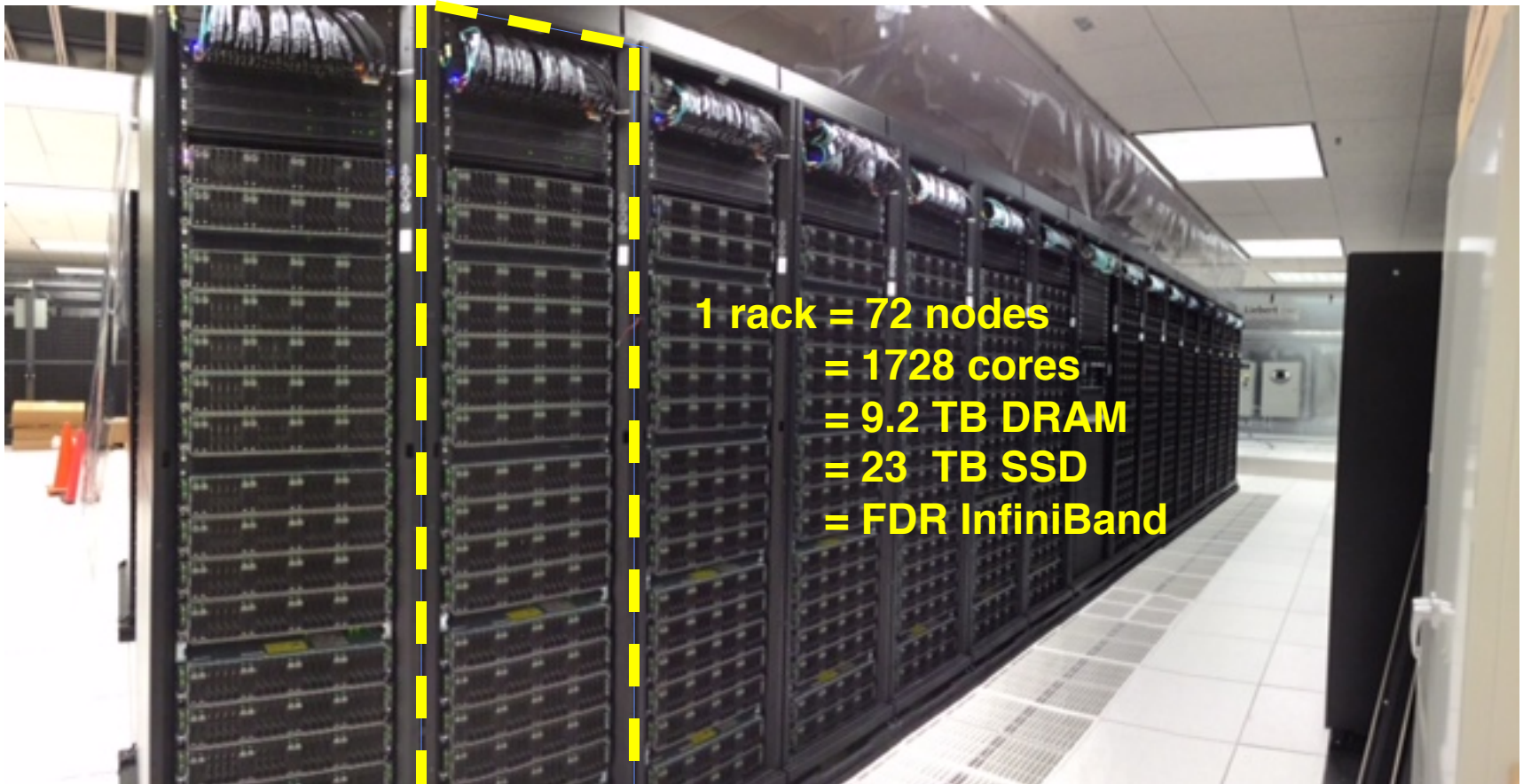


iPhone panorama photograph of 1 of 2 server rows

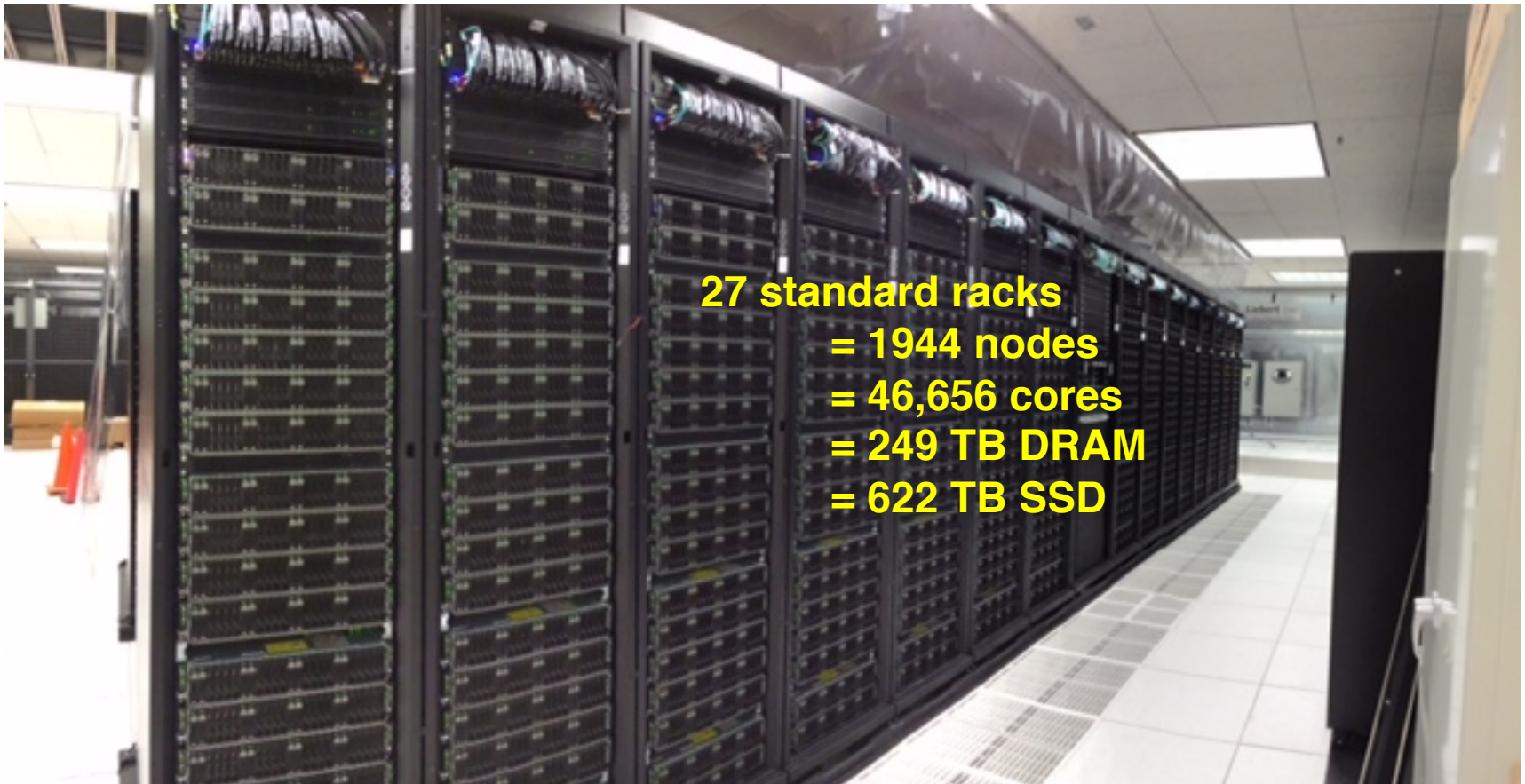
Comet: System Characteristics

- **Total peak flops ~2.1 PF**
- **Dell primary integrator**
 - Intel Haswell processors w/ AVX2
 - Mellanox FDR InfiniBand
- **1,944 standard compute nodes (46,656 cores)**
 - Dual CPUs, each 12-core, 2.5 GHz
 - 128 GB DDR4 2133 MHz DRAM
 - 2*160GB GB SSDs (local disk)
- **72 GPU nodes**
 - 36 nodes same as standard nodes *plus* Two NVIDIA K80 cards, each with dual Kepler3 GPUs
 - 36 nodes, with 4 P100 GPUs per node
- **4 large-memory nodes**
 - 1.5 TB DDR4 1866 MHz DRAM
 - Four Haswell processors/node
 - 64 cores/node
- **Hybrid fat-tree topology**
 - FDR (56 Gbps) InfiniBand
 - Rack-level (72 nodes, 1,728 cores) full bisection bandwidth
 - 4:1 oversubscription cross-rack
- **Performance Storage (Aeon)**
 - 7.6 PB, 200 GB/s; Lustre
 - Scratch & Persistent Storage segments
- **Durable Storage (Aeon)**
 - 6 PB, 100 GB/s; Lustre
 - Automatic backups of critical data
- **Home directory storage**
- **Gateway hosting nodes**
- **Virtual image repository**
- **100 Gbps external connectivity to Internet2 & ESNet**

~67 TF supercomputer in a rack

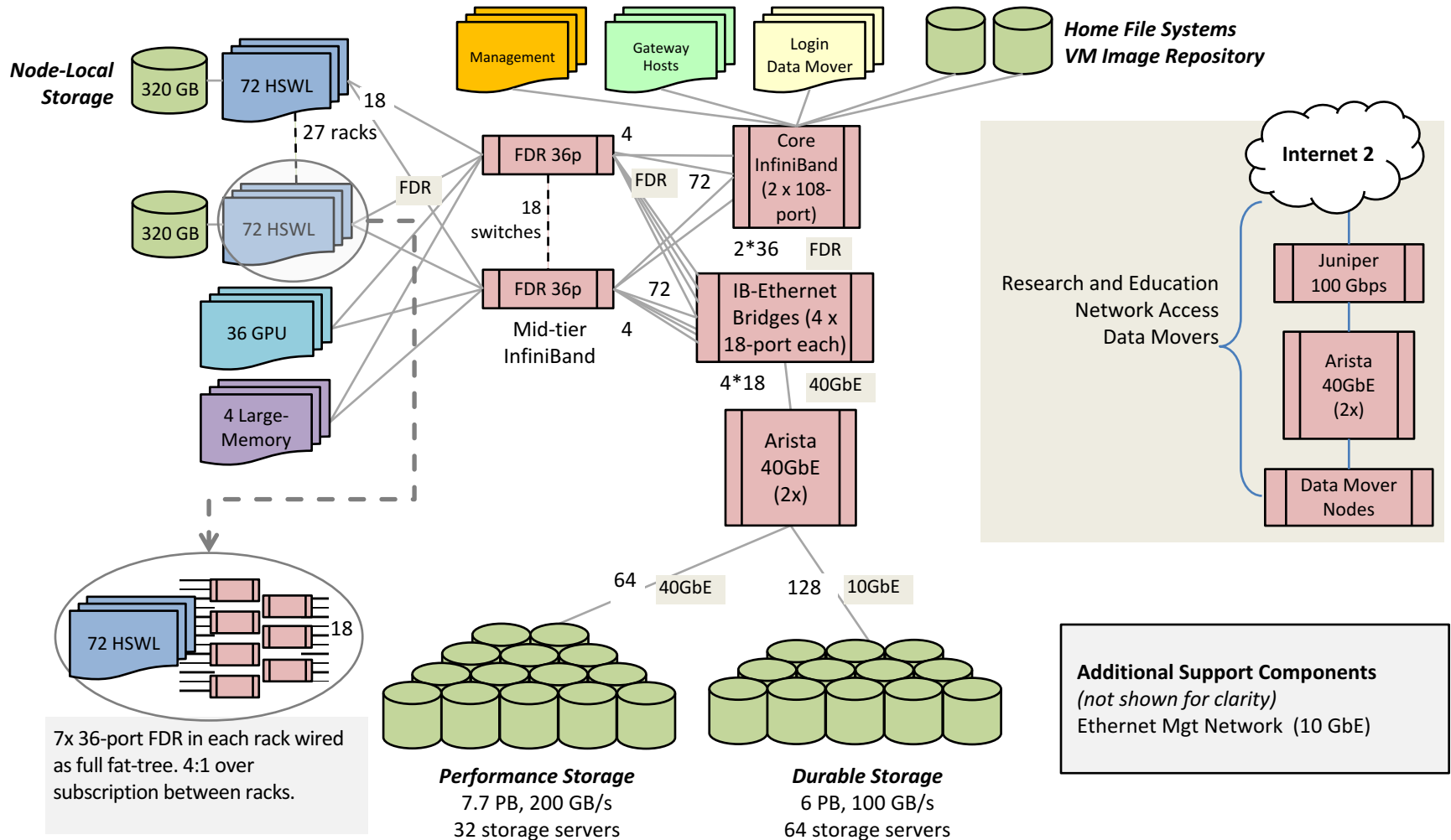


And 27 single-rack supercomputers



Comet Network Architecture

InfiniBand compute, Ethernet Storage



Getting Started

- **System Access – Logging in**
 - Linux/Mac – Use available ssh clients.
 - ssh clients for windows – Putty, Cygwin
 - <http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/>
 - Login hosts for the SDSC Comet:
 - comet.sdsc.edu

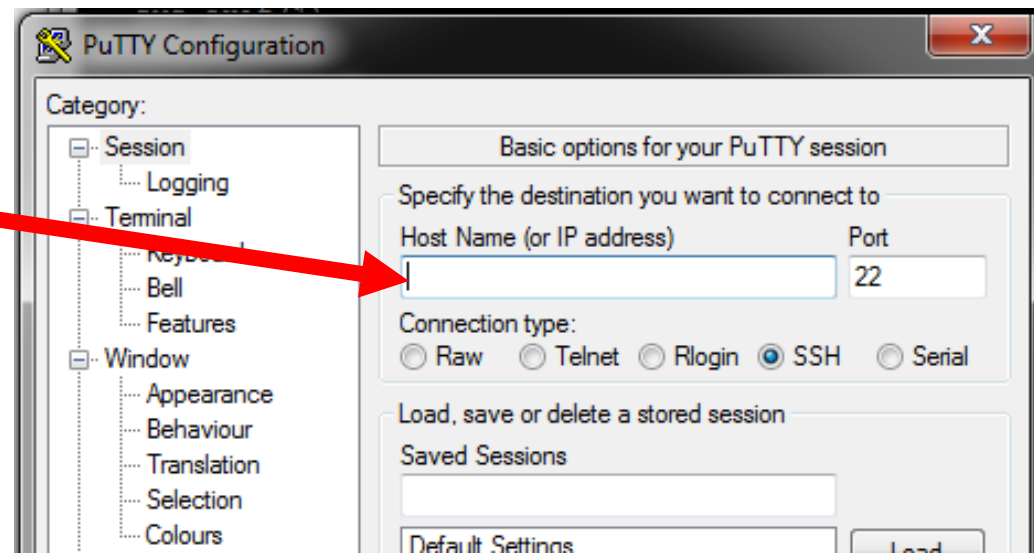
Logging into Comet

Mac/Linux:

```
ssh username@comet.sdsc.edu
```

Windows (PuTTY):

comet.sdsc.edu



Comet: Filesystems

- **Lustre filesystems – Good for scalable large block I/O**
 - Accessible from all compute and GPU nodes.
 - /oasis/scratch/comet - 2.5PB, peak performance: 100GB/s. Good location for storing large scale scratch data during a job.
 - /oasis/projects/nsf - 2.5PB, peak performance: 100 GB/s. Long term storage.
 - ***Not good for lots of small files or small block I/O.***
- **SSD filesystems**
 - /scratch local to each native compute node – 210GB on regular compute nodes, 285GB on GPU, large memory nodes, 1.4TB on selected compute nodes.
 - SSD location is good for writing small files and temporary scratch files. Purged at the end of a job.
- **Home directories (/home/\$USER)**
 - Source trees, binaries, and small input files.
 - ***Not good for large scale I/O.***

Comet: System Environment

- Modules used to manage environment for users.
- Default environment:

\$ module li

Currently Loaded Modulefiles:

1) intel/2013_sp1.2.144 2) mvapich2_ib/2.1 3) gnutools/2.69

- Listing available modules:

\$ module av

----- /opt/modulefiles/mpi/.intel -----

intelmpi/2016.3.210(default) mvapich2_ib/2.1(default)

mvapich2_gdr/2.1(default) openmpi_ib/1.8.4(default)

mvapich2_gdr/2.2

----- /opt/modulefiles/applications/.intel -----

atlas/3.10.2(default) lapack/3.6.0(default) scalapack/2.0.2(default)

boost/1.55.0(default) mxml/2.9(default) slepc/3.6.2(default)

...

...

Comet: System Environment

- **Loading modules:**

```
$ module load fftw/3.3.4
```

```
$ module li
```

Currently Loaded Modulefiles:

- 1) intel/2013_sp1.2.144 3) gnutools/2.69
- 2) mvapich2_ib/2.1 4) fftw/3.3.4

- **See what a module does:**

```
$ module show fftw/3.3.4
```

```
-----  
/opt/modulefiles/applications/.intel/fftw/3.3.4:
```

```
module-whatism fftw
```

```
module-whatism Version: 3.3.4
```

```
module-whatism Description: fftw
```

```
module-whatism Compiler: intel
```

```
module-whatism MPI Flavors: mvapich2_ib openmpi_ib
```

```
setenv FFTWHOME /opt/fftw/3.3.4/intel/mvapich2_ib
```

```
prepend-path PATH /opt/fftw/3.3.4/intel/mvapich2_ib/bin
```

```
prepend-path LD_LIBRARY_PATH /opt/fftw/3.3.4/intel/mvapich2_ib/lib
```

```
prepend-path LIBPATH /opt/fftw/3.3.4/intel/mvapich2_ib/lib  
-----
```

Comet: System Environment

\$ echo \$PATH

**/opt/fftw/3.3.4/intel/mvapich2_ib/bin:/share/apps/compute/b
bftp/bin:/home/mahidhar/pdsh/bin:/opt/gnu/gcc/bin:/opt/gn
u/bin:/opt/mvapich2/intel/ib/bin:/opt/intel/composer_xe_201
3_sp1.2.144/bin/intel64:/opt/intel/composer_xe_2013_sp1.2.
144/mpirt/bin/intel64:/opt/intel/composer_xe_2013_sp1.2.14
4/debugger/gdb/intel64_mic/bin:/usr/lib64/qt-
3.3/bin:/usr/local/bin:/bin:/usr/bin:/usr/local/sbin:/usr/sbin:/s
bin:/opt/ibutils/bin:/usr/java/latest/bin:/opt/pdsh/bin:/opt/roc
ks/bin:/opt/rocks/sbin:/opt/sdsc/bin:/opt/sdsc/sbin:/home/m
ahidhar/bin**

\$ echo \$FFTWHOME

/opt/fftw/3.3.4/intel/mvapich2_ib

Parallel Programming

- Comet supports MPI, OpenMP, and Pthreads for parallel programming. Hybrid modes are possible.
- GPU nodes support CUDA, OpenACC.
- MPI
 - Default: mvapich2_ib/2.1
 - Other options: openmpi_ib/1.8.4 (and 1.10.2), Intel MPI
 - mvapich2_gdr: GPU direct enabled version
- **OpenMP:** All compilers (GNU, Intel, PGI) have OpenMP flags.
- Default Intel Compiler: **intel/2013_sp1.2.144;**
Versions 2015.2.164 and 2016.3.210 available.

Example Files for Class

- **Copy directory:**

```
cp -r /share/apps/examples/UCSB2018 /home/$USER
```

- **Make sure you have all the files:**

```
$ ls /home/$USER/UCSB2018
```

```
CUDA HYBRID    LOCALSCRATCH2 MPI    pytorch TensorFlow  
HADOOP LOCALSCRATCH MKL    OPENMP SPARK
```

Running Jobs on Comet

- **Important note: Do not run on the login nodes - even for simple tests.**
- **All runs must be via the Slurm scheduling infrastructure.**
 - Interactive Jobs: Use **srun** command:
srun --pty --nodes=1 --ntasks-per-node=24 -p debug -t 00:30:00 --wait 0 /bin/bash
 - Batch Jobs: Submit batch scripts from the login nodes.
Can choose:
 - Partition (details on upcoming slide)
 - Time limit for the run (maximum of 48 hours)
 - Number of nodes, tasks per node
 - Memory requirements (if any)
 - Job name, output file location
 - Email info, configuration

Slurm Partitions

Queue Name	Max Waltime	Max Nodes	Comments
compute	48 hrs	72	Used for access to regular compute nodes
gpu	48 hrs	4	Used for access to the GPU nodes
gpu-shared	48 hrs	1	Used for shared access to a partial GPU node
shared	48 hrs	1	Single-node jobs using fewer than 24 cores
large-shared	48 hrs	1	Single-node jobs using large memory up to 1.45 TB
debug	30 mins	2	Used for access to debug nodes

- Specified using -p option in batch script. For example:

#SBATCH -p gpu

Slurm Commands

- Submit jobs using the **sbatch** command:

```
$ sbatch Localscratch-slurm.sb
```

Submitted batch job 8718049

- Check job status using the **squeue** command:

```
$ squeue -u $USER
```

JOBID	PARTITION	NAME	USER	ST	TIME	NODES	NODELIST(REASON)
8718049	compute	localscr	mahidhar	PD	0:00	1	(Priority)

- Once the job is running:

```
$ squeue -u $USER
```

JOBID	PARTITION	NAME	USER	ST	TIME	NODES	NODELIST(REASON)
8718064	debug	localscr	mahidhar	R	0:02	1	comet-14-01

Comet Compute Nodes

2-Socket (Total 24 cores) Intel Haswell Processors

Hands On Examples using:

- (1) MPI**
- (2) OpenMP**
- (3) HYBRID**
- (4) Local scratch**
- (5) MKL Example**

Comet – Compiling/Running Jobs

- Copy and change to directory (assuming you already copied the PHYS244 directory):

```
cd /home/$USER/UCSB2018/MPI
```

- Verify modules loaded:

```
module list
```

Currently Loaded Modulefiles:

```
1) intel/2013_sp1.2.144 2) mvapich2_ib/2.1 3) gnutils/2.69
```

- Compile the MPI hello world code:

```
mpif90 -o hello_mpi hello_mpi.f90
```

- Verify executable has been created:

```
ls -lt hello_mpi
```

```
-rwxr-xr-x 1 mahidhar sdsc 721912 Mar 25 14:53 hello_mpi
```

- Submit job from IBRUN directory:

```
cd /home/$USER/UCSB2018/MPI/IBRUN
```

```
sbatch hellompi-slurm.sb
```

Comet: Hello World on compute nodes

The submit script is hellompi-slurm.sb:

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name="hellompi"
#SBATCH --output="hellompi.%j.%N.out"
#SBATCH --partition=compute
#SBATCH --nodes=2
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=24
#SBATCH --export=ALL
#SBATCH -t 01:30:00

#This job runs with 2 nodes, 24 cores per node for a total of 48 cores.
#ibrun in verbose mode will give binding detail

ibrun -v ./hello_mpi
```


Comet: Hello World on compute nodes

IBRUN: Command is ../hello_mpi

IBRUN: Command is /share/apps/examples/MPI/hello_mpi

...

...

IBRUN: MPI binding policy: **compact/core for 1 threads per rank (12 cores per socket)**

IBRUN: Adding MV2_CPU_BINDING_LEVEL=core to the environment

IBRUN: Adding MV2_ENABLE_AFFINITY=1 to the environment

IBRUN: Adding MV2_DEFAULT_TIME_OUT=23 to the environment

IBRUN: Adding **MV2_CPU_BINDING_POLICY=bunch** to the environment

...

...

IBRUN: Added 8 new environment variables to the execution environment

IBRUN: Command string is [**mpirun_rsh -np 48 -hostfile /tmp/rssSvaauJA -export /share/apps/examples/MPI/hello_mpi**]

node 18 : Hello world

node 13 : Hello world

node 2 : Hello world

node 10 : Hello world

Compiling OpenMP Example

- **Change to the examples directory:**
`cd /home/$USER/UCSB2018/OPENMP`
- **Compile using `-openmp` flag:**
`ifort -o hello_openmp -openmp hello_openmp.f90`
- **Verify executable was created:**

```
[mahidhar@comet-08-11 OPENMP]$ ls -lt hello_openmp  
-rwxr-xr-x 1 mahidhar sdsc 750648 Mar 25 15:00 hello_openmp
```

OpenMP job script

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name="hell_openmp"
#SBATCH --output="hello_openmp.%j.%N.out"
#SBATCH --partition=compute
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=24
#SBATCH --export=ALL
#SBATCH -t 01:30:00

#SET the number of openmp threads
export OMP_NUM_THREADS=24

#Run the job using mpirun_rsh
./hello_openmp
```

Output from OpenMP Job

\$ more hello_openmp.out

```
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 7
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 6
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 9
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 8
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 5
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 4
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 0
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 12
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 14
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 3
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 13
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 10
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 11
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 2
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 1
HELLO FROM THREAD NUMBER = 15
```

Running Hybrid (MPI + OpenMP) Jobs

- Several HPC codes use a hybrid MPI, OpenMP approach.
- **“ibrun”** wrapper developed to handle such hybrid use cases. Automatically senses the MPI build (mvapich2, openmpi) and binds tasks correctly.
- **“ibrun –help”** gives detailed usage info.
- **hello_hybrid.c** is a sample code, and **hello_hybrid.cmd** shows “ibrun” usage.

hello_hybrid.cmd

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name="hellohybrid"
#SBATCH --output="hellohybrid.%j.%N.out"
#SBATCH --partition=compute
#SBATCH --nodes=2
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=24
#SBATCH --export=ALL
#SBATCH -t 01:30:00
```

#This job runs with 2 nodes, 24 cores per node for a total of 48 cores.

We use 8 MPI tasks and 6 OpenMP threads per MPI task

```
export OMP_NUM_THREADS=6
ibrun --npernode 4 ./hello_hybrid
```


Hybrid Code Output

[etrain61@comet-ln3 HYBRID]\$ **more hellohybrid.8557716.comet-14-01.out**

Hello from thread 0 out of 6 from process 2 out of 8 on comet-14-01.local

Hello from thread 3 out of 6 from process 2 out of 8 on comet-14-01.local

Hello from thread 4 out of 6 from process 2 out of 8 on comet-14-01.local

Hello from thread 5 out of 6 from process 2 out of 8 on comet-14-01.local

Hello from thread 0 out of 6 from process 3 out of 8 on comet-14-01.local

Hello from thread 2 out of 6 from process 2 out of 8 on comet-14-01.local

Hello from thread 1 out of 6 from process 3 out of 8 on comet-14-01.local

Hello from thread 2 out of 6 from process 3 out of 8 on comet-14-01.local

...

...

Hello from thread 4 out of 6 from process 7 out of 8 on comet-14-02.local

Hello from thread 2 out of 6 from process 7 out of 8 on comet-14-02.local

Hello from thread 3 out of 6 from process 7 out of 8 on comet-14-02.local

Hello from thread 5 out of 6 from process 7 out of 8 on comet-14-02.local

Hello from thread 1 out of 6 from process 6 out of 8 on comet-14-02.local

Using SSD Scratch

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
#SBATCH --job-name="localscratch"
```

```
#SBATCH --output="localscratch.%j.%N.out"
```

```
#SBATCH --partition=compute
```

```
#SBATCH --nodes=1
```

```
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=24
```

```
#SBATCH --export=ALL
```

```
#SBATCH -t 01:30:00
```

```
#Copy binary to SSD
```

```
cp IOR.exe /scratch/$USER/$SLURM_JOBID
```

```
#Change to local scratch (SSD) and run IOR benchmark
```

```
cd /scratch/$USER/$SLURM_JOBID
```

```
#Run IO benchmark
```

```
ibrun -np 4 $WKDIR/IOR.exe -F -t 1m -b 4g -v -v > IOR.out.$SLURM_JOBID
```

```
#Copy out data you need
```

```
cp IOR.out.$SLURM_JOBID $SLURM_SUBMIT_DIR
```

Using SSD Scratch

- Snapshot on the node during the run:

```
[mahidhar@comet-20-71 ~]$ squeue -u $USER
```

```
  JOBID PARTITION   NAME   USER ST   TIME  NODES NODELIST(REASON)  
15580587  compute localscr mahidhar R    0:11    1 comet-20-71
```

```
[mahidhar@comet-20-71 ~]$ cd /scratch/mahidhar/15580587/
```

```
[mahidhar@comet-20-71 15580587]$ ls -lt
```

```
total 9173887
```

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 mahidhar use300 1939865600 Apr 16 23:25 testFile.00000002  
-rw-r--r-- 1 mahidhar use300 3865051136 Apr 16 23:25 testFile.00000000  
-rw-r--r-- 1 mahidhar use300 2490368000 Apr 16 23:25 testFile.00000001  
-rw-r--r-- 1 mahidhar use300 2777677824 Apr 16 23:25 testFile.00000003  
-rw-r--r-- 1 mahidhar use300    1088 Apr 16 23:25 IOR.out.15580587  
-rwxr-xr-x 1 mahidhar use300   346872 Apr 16 23:25 IOR.exe
```

- Performance from single node (in log file copied back):
 - Max Write: 606.49 MiB/sec (635.95 MB/sec)
 - Max Read: 19028.71 MiB/sec (19953.05 MB/sec)

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Multi-node SSD example

`$HOME/UCSB2018/LOCALSCRATCH2`

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name="localscratch2"
#SBATCH --output="localscratch2.%j.%N.out"
#SBATCH --partition=compute
#SBATCH --nodes=2
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=24
#SBATCH --export=ALL
#SBATCH -t 00:10:00

#Get a list of hosts
export SLURM_NODEFILE=`generate_pbs_nodefile`
cat $SLURM_NODEFILE > nodes.list.$SLURM_JOBID
uniq nodes.list.$SLURM_JOBID > nodes.unq.list

#Change to local scratch (SSD) and run IOR benchmark
cd /scratch/$USER/$SLURM_JOBID

#Run IO benchmark
ibrun -np 48 $SLURM_SUBMIT_DIR/IOR.exe -F -t 1m -b 4m -v -v -w

#Change back to submit dir
cd $SLURM_SUBMIT_DIR
```

```
#List files on both nodes
for (( nn=1; nn<=$SLURM_NNODES; nn++ ))
do
    p=`sed -n ${nn}p nodes.unq.list`
    echo "Files on $p"
    ssh $p /bin/ls /scratch/$USER/$SLURM_JOBID
done

#Tar back the results from each node
for (( nn=1; nn<=$SLURM_NNODES; nn++ ))
do
    p=`sed -n ${nn}p nodes.unq.list`
    echo "Tar files on $p"
    ssh $p /bin/tar -cvf $SLURM_SUBMIT_DIR/node$nn.tar /scratch/$USER/$SLURM_JOBID
done

rm nodes.unq.list
rm nodes.list.$SLURM_JOBID
```

Intel Math Kernel Libraries (MKL)

- Installed on Comet as part of the Intel compiler distributions.
- Covers BLAS, LAPACK, FFT, BLACS, and SCALAPACK libraries.
- Most useful link for MKL: The Intel link advisor:

<https://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-mkl-link-line-advisor>

Intel MKL Example

- **cd /share/apps/examples/UCSB2018/MKL**
- **The compile line is available in the compile.txt file:**

```
mpicc -o pdptr.exe pdptr.c -I$MKL_ROOT/include ${MKL_ROOT}/lib/intel64/libmkl  
_scalapack_lp64.a -Wl,--start-group ${MKL_ROOT}/lib/intel64/libmkl_intel_lp64.a  
${MKL_ROOT}/lib/intel64/libmkl_core.a ${MKL_ROOT}/lib/intel64/libmkl_sequential.  
a -Wl,--end-group ${MKL_ROOT}/lib/intel64/libmkl_blacs_intelmpi_lp64.a -lpthread  
-lm
```
- **Submit script: scalapack.sb**

Comet GPU Nodes

2 NVIDIA K-80 Cards (4 GPUs total) per node.

[1] CUDA code compile and run example

**[2] Hands On Examples using Singularity
to enable Tensorflow**

Compiling CUDA Example

- **Load the CUDA module:**

```
module load cuda
```

- **Compile the code:**

```
cd /home/$USER/UCSB2018/CUDA  
nvcc -o matmul -I. matrixMul.cu
```

- **Submit the job:**

```
sbatch cuda.sb
```

CUDA Example: Batch Submission Script

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name="CUDA"
#SBATCH --output="CUDA.%j.%N.out"
#SBATCH --partition=gpu-shared
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=6
#SBATCH --gres=gpu:1
#SBATCH -t 01:00:00

#Load the cuda module
module load cuda

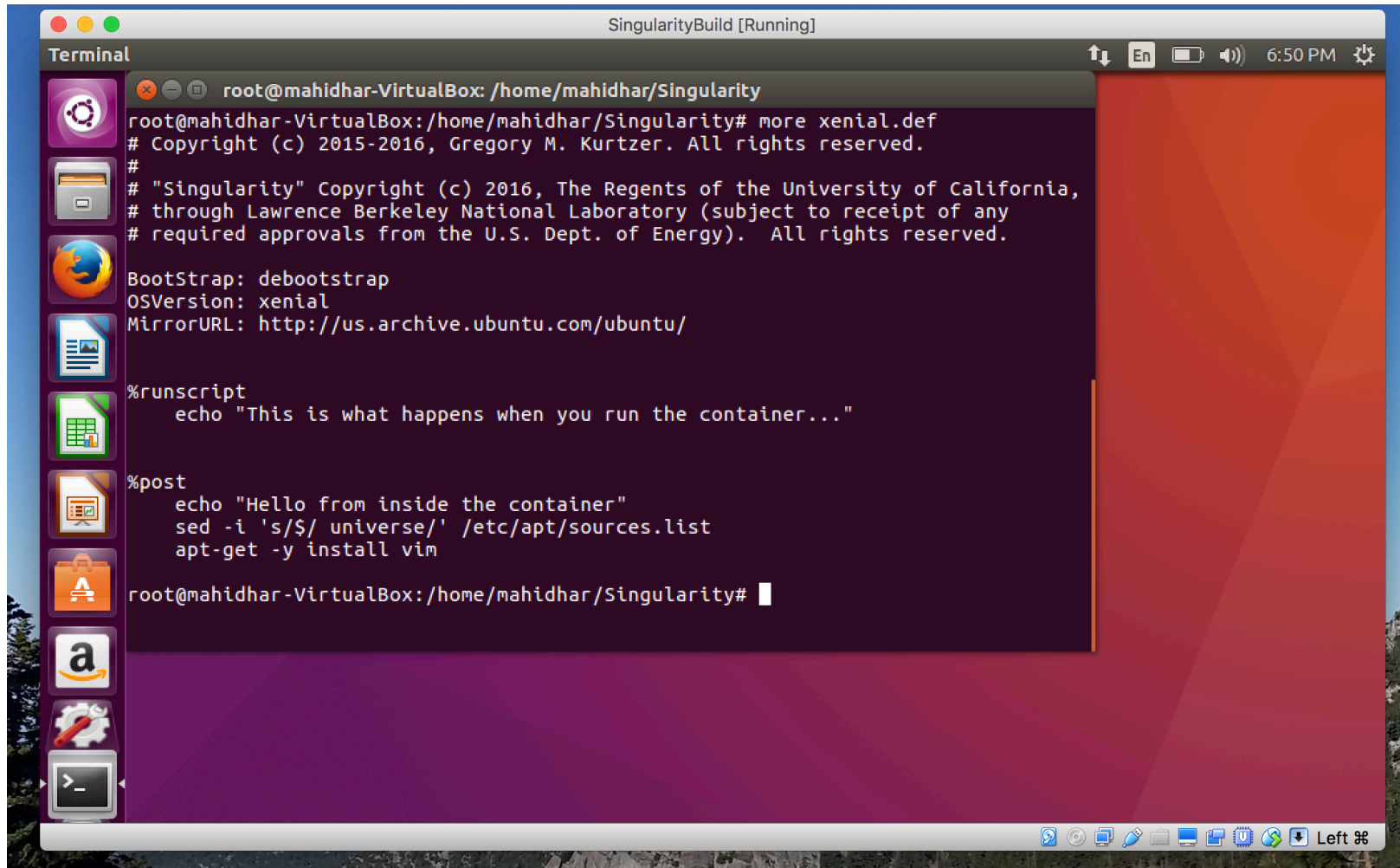
#Run the job
./matmul
```

Singularity: Provides Flexibility for OS Environment

- Singularity (<http://singularity.lbl.gov>) is a relatively new development that has become very popular on Comet.
- Singularity allows groups to easily migrate complex software stacks from their campus to Comet.
- Singularity runs in user space, and requires very little special support – in fact it actually reduces it in some cases.
- We have roughly 15 groups running this on Comet.
- Applications include: Tensorflow, Torch, Fenics, and custom user applications.
- Docker images can be imported into Singularity.

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Singularity: Provides Flexibility for OS Environment



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "SingularityBuild [Running]" on a Linux desktop. The terminal displays the contents of a file named "xenial.def" using the "more" command. The file contains copyright information for Gregory M. Kurtzer (2015-2016) and the University of California (2016), followed by configuration details for a Singularity container based on Ubuntu Xenial. The configuration includes the bootstrap method (debootstrap), OS version (xenial), a mirror URL, and scripts to be executed during container setup and after installation.

```
root@mahidhar-VirtualBox: /home/mahidhar/Singularity
root@mahidhar-VirtualBox:/home/mahidhar/Singularity# more xenial.def
# Copyright (c) 2015-2016, Gregory M. Kurtzer. All rights reserved.
#
# "Singularity" Copyright (c) 2016, The Regents of the University of California,
# through Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (subject to receipt of any
# required approvals from the U.S. Dept. of Energy). All rights reserved.
Bootstrap: debootstrap
OSVersion: xenial
MirrorURL: http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/

%runscript
    echo "This is what happens when you run the container..."

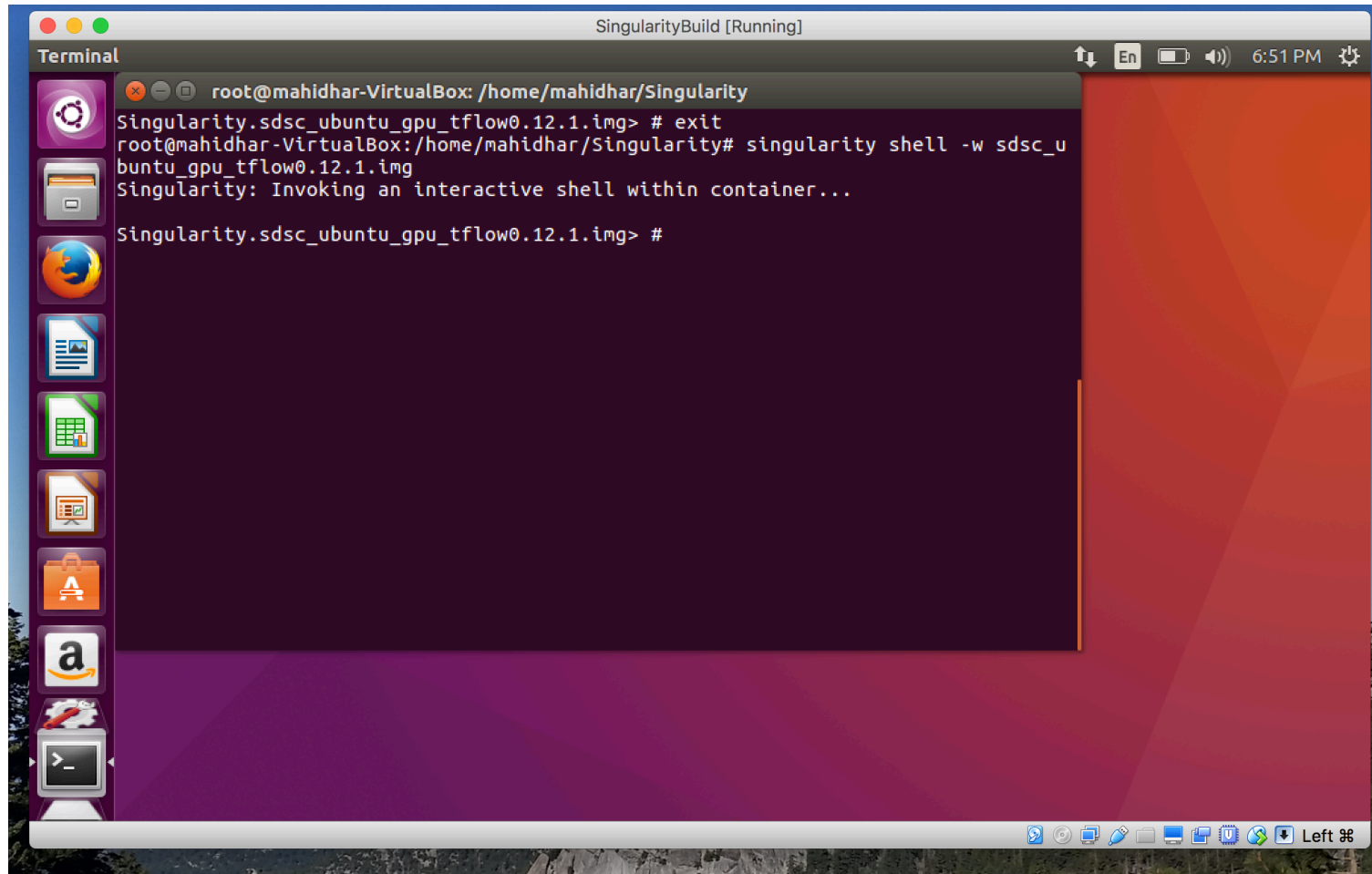
%post
    echo "Hello from inside the container"
    sed -i 's/$/ universe/' /etc/apt/sources.list
    apt-get -y install vim

root@mahidhar-VirtualBox:/home/mahidhar/Singularity#
```

- Above snapshot shows a definition file on a virtual box on personal laptop. The definition file lets you build a singularity image.

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Singularity: Provides Flexibility for OS Environment



- Can open image in write mode on laptop via singularity and install packages (like Tensorflow). So an existing image on Comet can serve as a starting point.

Singularity Image Sources

- **SDSC staff have some useful images in:**
 - `/share/apps/compute/singularity`
 - `/share/apps/gpu/singularity`
- **Users can build their own images on their laptops/desktops/cloud - as long as you have singularity installed and have root access on your own machine (or VM or cloud instance)**
- **Pull an image from Singularity Hub**
- **Import a docker image**
- **Comet specific documentation available at:**
 - http://www.sdsc.edu/support/user_guides/tutorials/about_comet_singularity_containers.html

Tensorflow via Singularity

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name="TensorFlow"
#SBATCH --output="TensorFlow.%j.%N.out"
#SBATCH --partition=gpu-shared
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=6
#SBATCH --gres=gpu:1
#SBATCH -t 01:00:00

#Run the job
#

module load singularity
singularity exec /share/apps/gpu/singularity/sdsc_ubuntu_gpu_tflow.img lsb_release -a
singularity exec /share/apps/gpu/singularity/sdsc_ubuntu_gpu_tflow.img python -m tensorflow.models.image.mnist.convolutional
```


Tensorflow via Singularity

- **Change to the examples directory:**
`cd /home/$USER/UCSB2018/TensorFlow`
- **Submit the job:**
`sbatch TensorFlow.sb`

Tensorflow Example: Output

Distributor ID: Ubuntu

Description: Ubuntu 16.04 LTS

Release: 16.04

Codename: xenial

I tensorflow/stream_executor/dso_loader.cc:108] successfully opened CUDA library libcublas.so locally

I tensorflow/stream_executor/dso_loader.cc:108] successfully opened CUDA library libcudnn.so locally

I tensorflow/stream_executor/dso_loader.cc:108] successfully opened CUDA library libcufft.so locally

I tensorflow/stream_executor/dso_loader.cc:108] successfully opened CUDA library libcuda.so.1 locally

I tensorflow/stream_executor/dso_loader.cc:108] successfully opened CUDA library libcurand.so locally

I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/gpu/gpu_init.cc:102] Found device 0 with properties:

name: Tesla K80

major: 3 minor: 7 memoryClockRate (GHz) 0.8235

pciBusID 0000:85:00.0

Total memory: 11.17GiB

Free memory: 11.11GiB

I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/gpu/gpu_init.cc:126] DMA: 0

I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/gpu/gpu_init.cc:136] 0: Y

I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/gpu/gpu_device.cc:838] Creating TensorFlow device (/gpu:0) -> (device: 0, name: Tesla K80, pci bus id: 0000:85:00.0)

Extracting data/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz

...

Step 8500 (epoch 9.89), 11.6 ms

Minibatch loss: 1.601, learning rate: 0.006302

Minibatch error: 0.0%

Validation error: 0.9%

Test error: 0.9%

Summary

- Comet can be directly accessed using a ssh client.
- Always run via the batch scheduler – for both interactive and batch jobs. ***Do not run on the login nodes.***
- Choose your filesystem wisely – Lustre parallel filesystem for large block I/O. SSD based filesystems for small block I/O, lots of small files. ***Do not use home filesystem for intensive I/O of any kind.***
- Comet can handle MPI, OpenMP, Pthreads, Hybrid, CUDA, and OpenACC jobs. See /share/apps/examples for details!