## Chapter 7

## **RESULTS**

The screenshots of the Naive Bayes Classifier and the accuracy results of the designed system are outlined below.

## 7.1 Screenshots

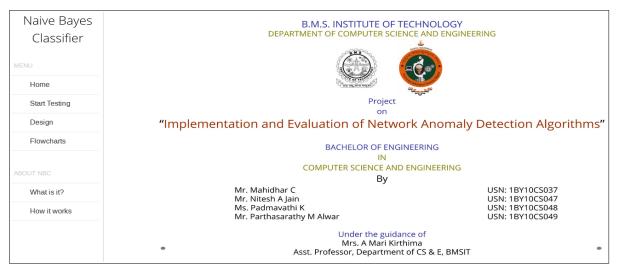


Figure 7.1 Home Page

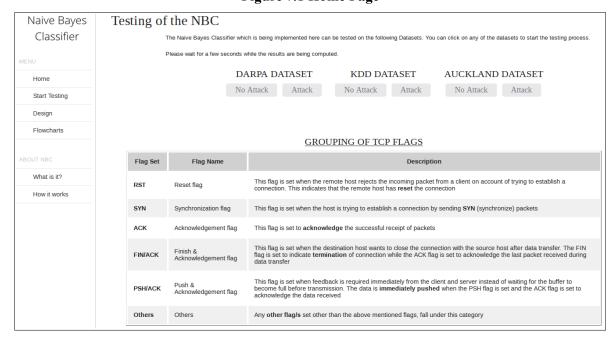


Figure 7.2 Testing Page

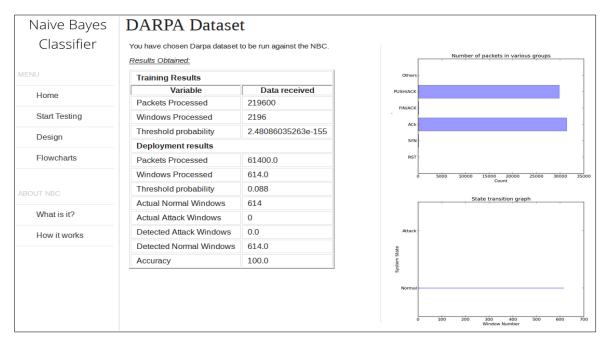


Figure 7.3 DARPA No Attack Results

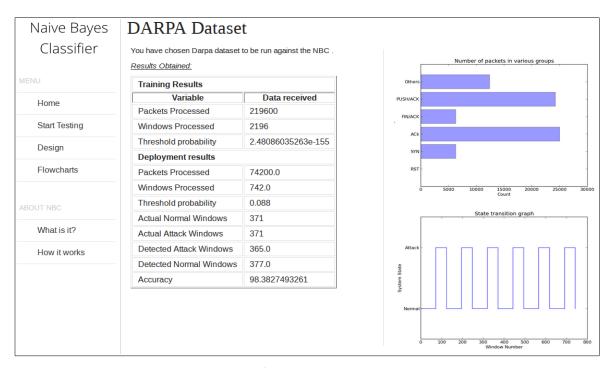


Figure 7.4 DARPA Attack Results

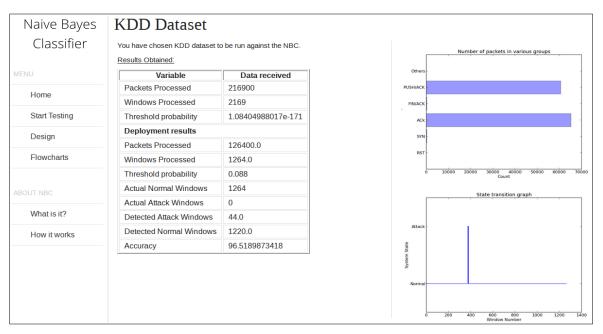


Figure 7.5 KDD No Attack Results

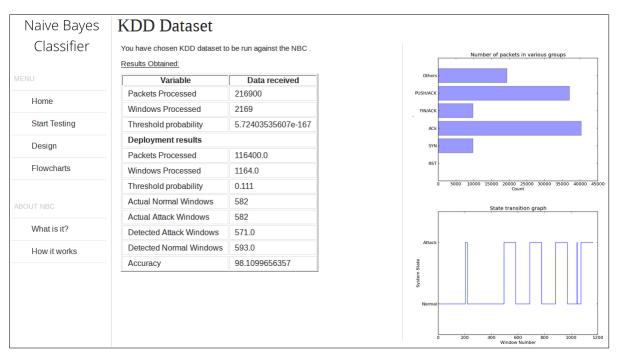


Figure 7.6 KDD Attack Results

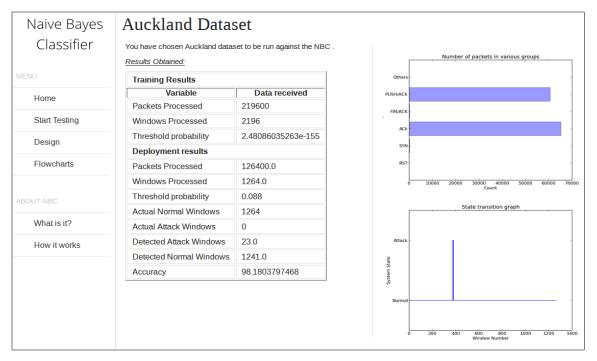


Figure 7.7 Auckland No Attack Results

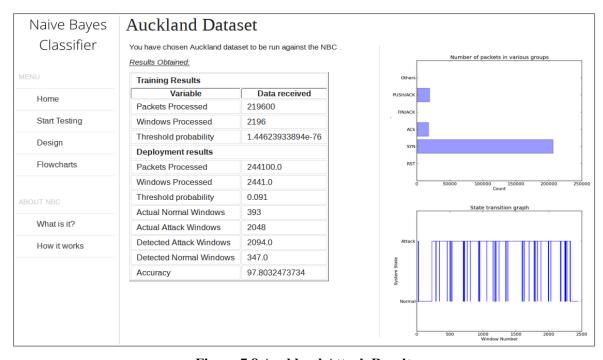


Figure 7.8 Auckland Attack Results

The different screenshots are explained in this section.

Figure 7.1 shows the homepage of the application. This is the main page for navigating to different pages like testing, design considerations, flowcharts etc.

Figure 7.2 shows the testing page. The Naive Bayes Classifier is tested against the different datasets like DARPA, KDD and Auckland. The "No Attack" dataset consists of clean traffic used for training the classifier. The "Attack" dataset consists of mixed traffic consisting of clean traffic and attack traffic.

Figures 7.3 to 7.8 are screenshots for various datasets. The state graph shows the transition from **Normal State** to **Attack State** based on the incoming traffic.

## 7.2 Results Obtained

The Naive Bayes classifier was tested against the DARPA, KDD and Auckland -II datasets. The formula to calculate the accuracy is as follows

$$Accuracy = \frac{TP + TN}{P + N}$$

where,

TP - True Positives

TN - True Negatives

P - Number of Attack Windows

N - Number of Normal Windows

Using the above formula the accuracies for each dataset are as follows in table 7.1:

Dataset	Accuracy					
DARPA						
No Attack	100%					
Attack	98.38%					
KDD						
No Attack	96.52%					
Attack	98.11%					
Auckland						
No Attack	98.18%					
Attack	97.80%					

**Table 7.1 Results for various datasets** 

The window statistics of each dataset is as given in table 7.2. Each window consists of one hundred packets in this implementation. Each dataset had two types of traffic – **Clean** traffic and **Mixed** traffic. The clean traffic has no attacks whereas the mixed traffic has both clean and attack packets. The training data consists of only clean traffic, in order to build the normal profile required to detect the anomalies.

		Actual Window Count		<b>Detected Window Count</b>	
		Normal	Attack	Normal	Attack
		Windows	Windows	Windows	Windows
DARPA	Train File	2196	0	NA	NA
	No Attack File	614	0	607	7
	Attack File	371	371	371	371
KDD	Train File	2169	0	NA	NA
	No Attack File	1264	0	1210	54
	Attack File	582	582	550	614
Auckland	Train File	2196	0	NA	NA
	No Attack File	1264	0	1241	23
	Attack File	393	2048	347	2094

Table 7.2 Window statistics of the datasets used