

## MAD and PWA LAB

**Name:** Mahi Jodhani

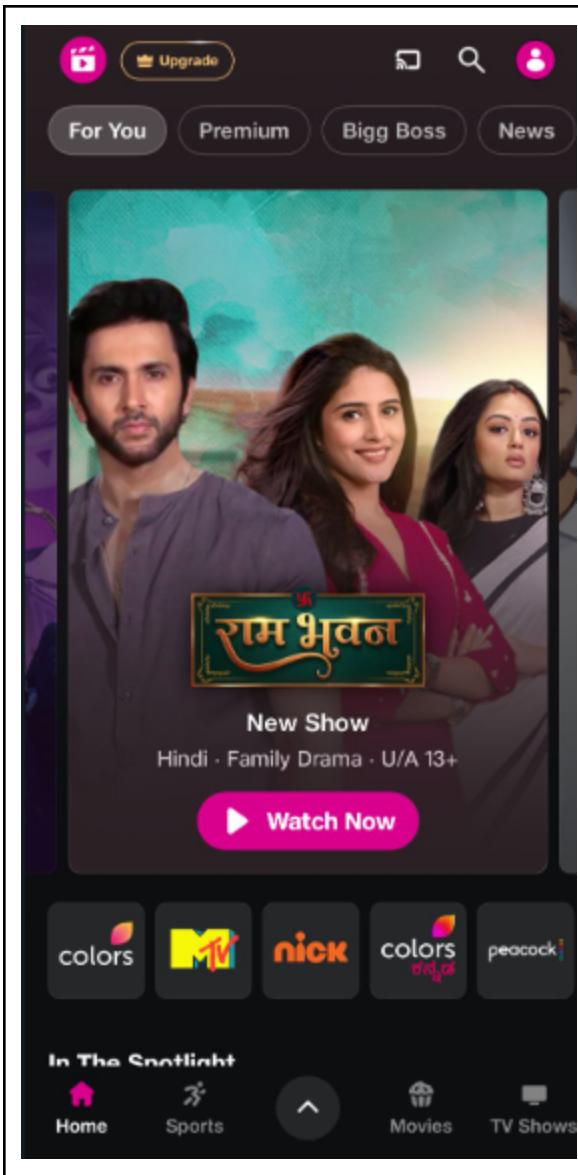
**Class:** D15A

**Roll No:** 21

**Aim:** Selecting features for application development, the features should comprise of:

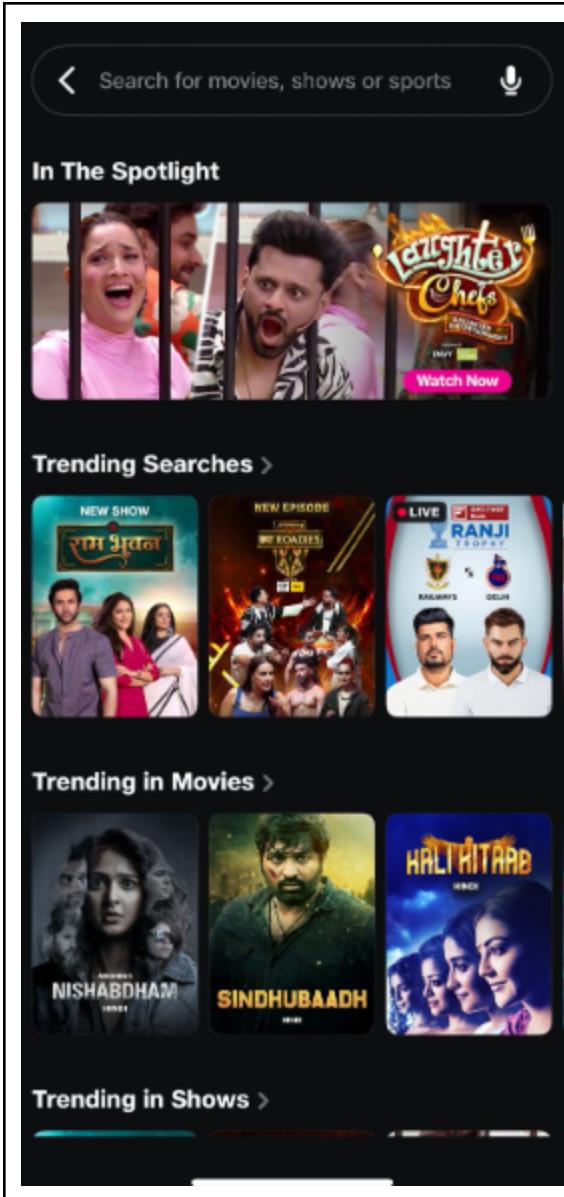
1. Common widgets
2. Should include icons, images, charts, etc.
3. Should have interactive forms
4. Should apply navigation, routing, and gestures
5. Should connect with Firebase database

ScreenShot	Features
	<p><b>Landing Page:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Sign in using email address or Google account</li><li>2. Firebase for authentication</li><li>3. Firebase: Store user details like username, email, and password</li><li>4. Password recovery and validation</li><li>5. Smooth navigation to Home Page after login</li></ul>



### Home Page:

1. Display banners for latest shows/movies
2. Interactive UI with search bar
3. Navigation drawer for easy access
4. Integration with Firebase for content management
5. User-specific recommendations using Firebase
6. Quick access to Sports and Profile pages



### Search Page:

1. Search for movies, shows, and sports events
2. Real-time search suggestions powered by Firebase
3. Filter results by categories and genres
4. Recent search history feature
5. Quick navigation to detailed content pages

The image shows a mobile application's profile screen. At the top, there is a large circular profile picture placeholder with a pink outline. Below it, the name "Mahi" is displayed in white, followed by the phone number "+918\*\*\*\*\*1009". To the right of the phone number are two buttons: one with a child icon labeled "For Kids / बच्चे" and another with a plus sign labeled "Add Profile". A back arrow is located at the top left of the screen.

**Profile Page:**

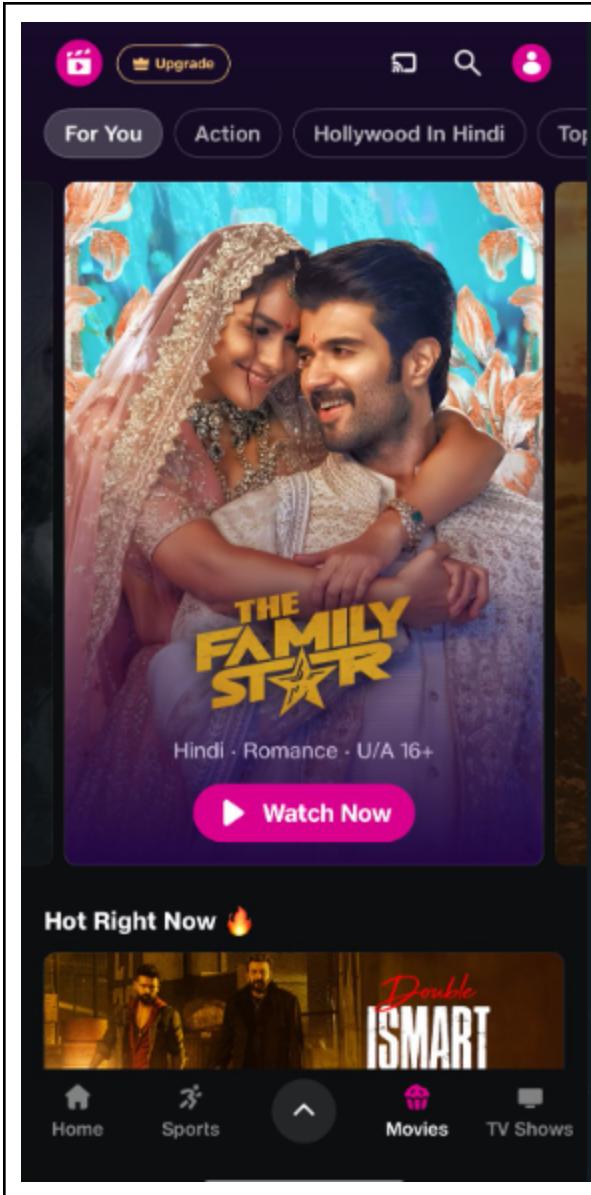
1. Display user details like name, email, and profile picture
2. Edit profile information with real-time Firebase updates
3. View watch history and personalized recommendations
4. Logout functionality with session management
5. Secure data handling using Firebase Authentication

**Navigation Options:**

- My Winnings >
- Settings >
- Manage Subscription > (Valid till 10 February 2025)
- Restore Subscription >
- Help & Legal >
- Log out

**Footer:**

Privacy and T&C  
v25.0L130 (2501130000 - d2fcd16ed) - ecc20b10-5717-493a-ba17-3ecd04de1e77



### Movie Details Page:

1. Show movie title, description, and ratings
2. Include images, trailers, and cast information
3. Add to watchlist feature using Firebase Firestore
4. Navigation for related content
5. User reviews and comments powered by Firebase
6. Option to share movie details with friends

Name: Mahi Jodhani

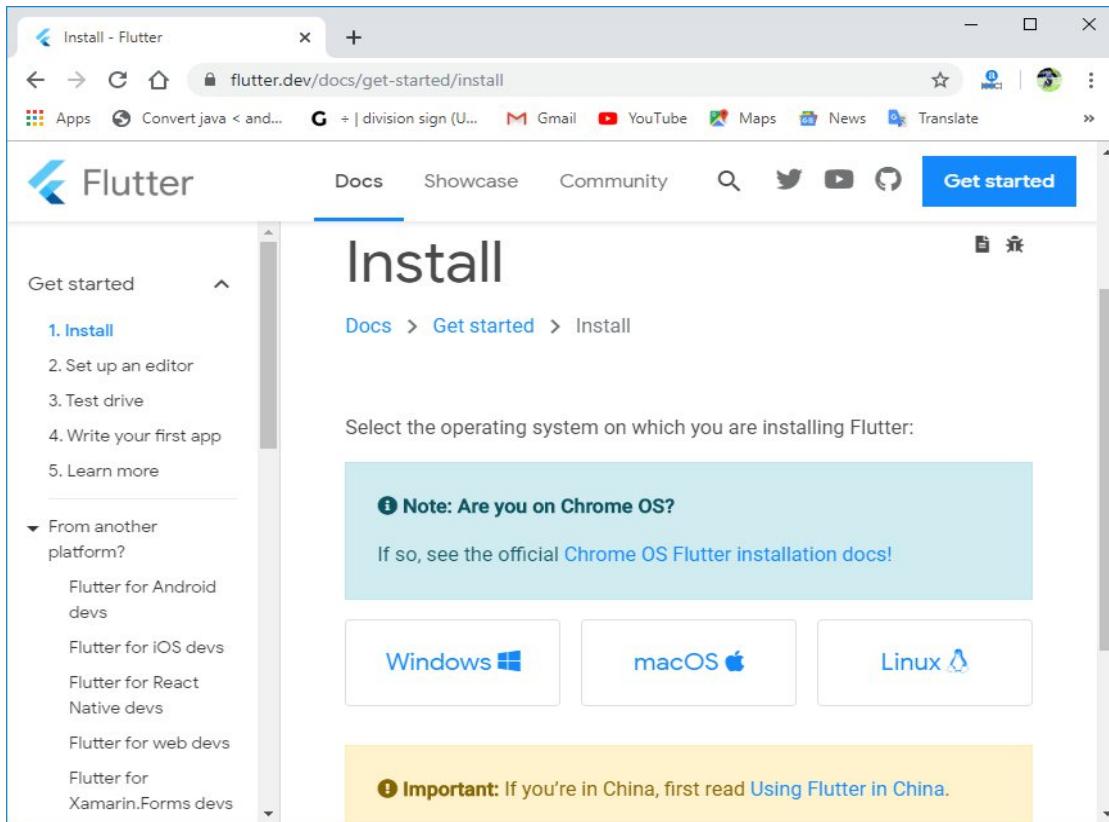
Roll No: 21

Div:D15A

## EXP 1: Installation and Configuration of Flutter Environment.

### Install the Flutter SDK

**Step 1:** Download the installation bundle of the Flutter Software Development Kit for windows. To download Flutter SDK, Go to its official [website https://docs.flutter.dev/get-started/install](https://docs.flutter.dev/get-started/install), you will get the following screen.

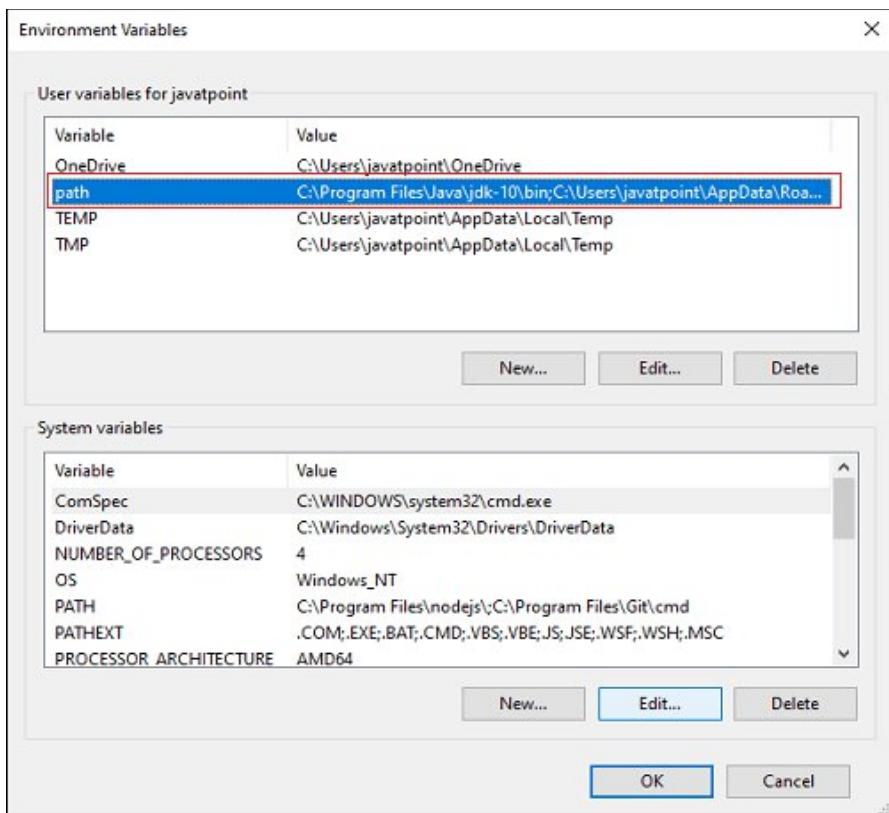


**Step 2:** Next, to download the latest Flutter SDK, click on the Windows icon. Here, you will find the download link for [SDK](#).

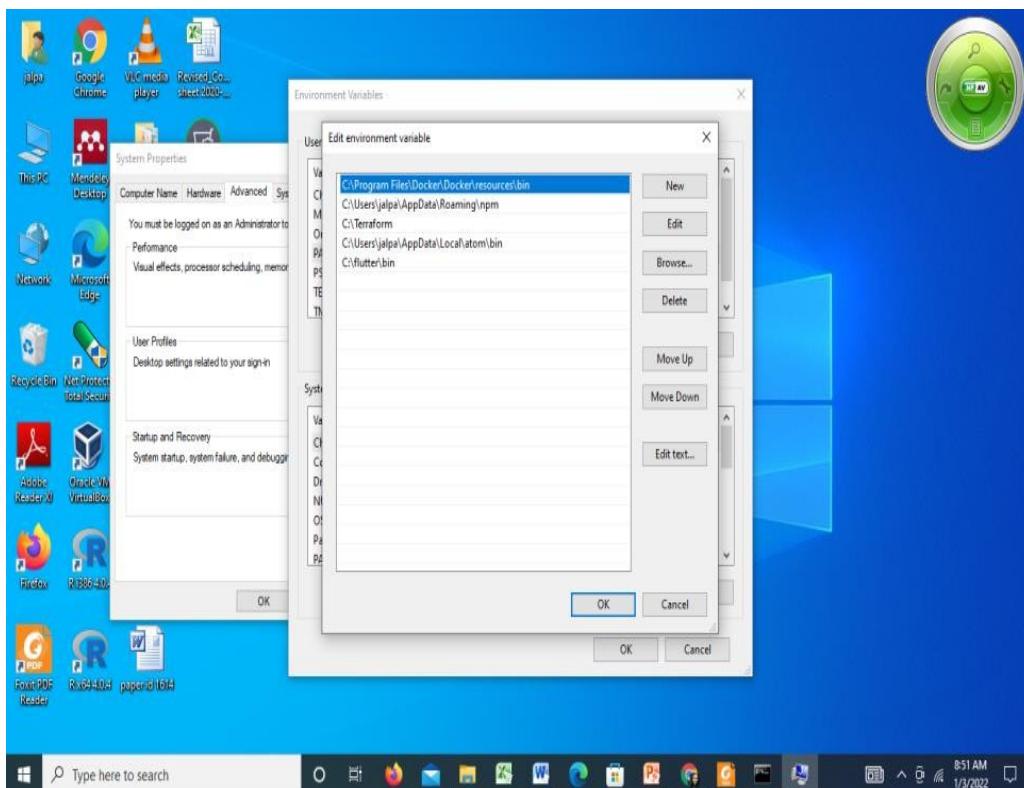
**Step 3:** When your download is complete, extract the **zip** file and place it in the desired installation folder or location, for example, C: /Flutter.

**Step 4:** To run the Flutter command in regular windows console, you need to update the system path to include the flutter bin directory. The following steps are required to do this:

**Step 4.1:** Go to MyComputer properties -> advanced tab -> environment variables. You will get the following screen.

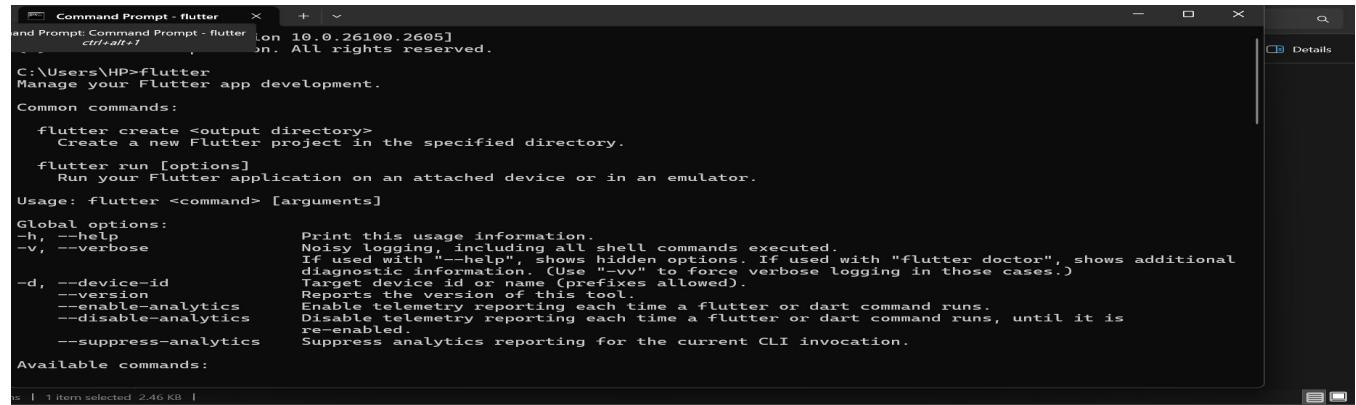


Step 4.2: Now, select path -> click on edit. The following screen appears



**Step 4.3:** In the above window, click on New->write path of Flutter bin folder in variable value -> ok -> ok -> ok.

**Step 5:** Now, run the **\$ flutter** command in command prompt.



```
Command Prompt - flutter
and Prompt: Command Prompt - flutter [on 10.0.26100_2605]
Common Commands:
  flutter create <output directory>
    Create a new Flutter project in the specified directory.

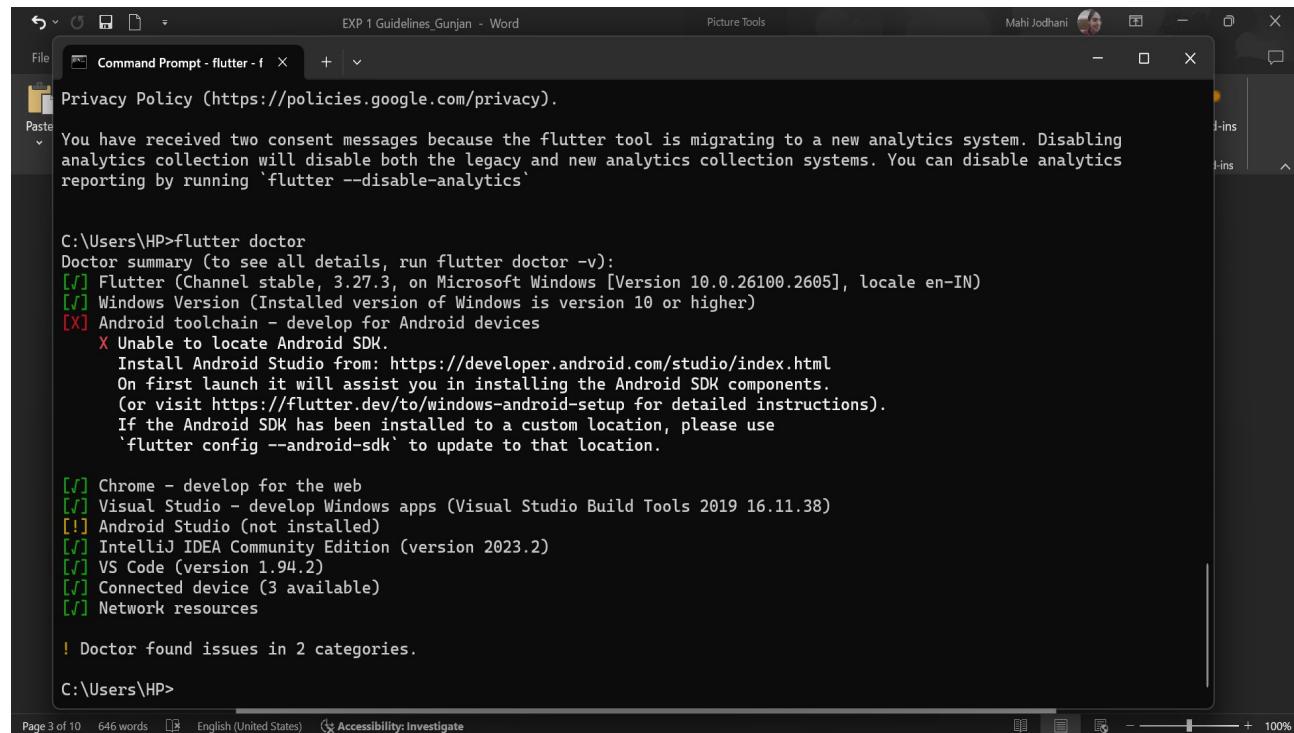
  flutter run [options]
    Run your Flutter application on an attached device or in an emulator.

Usage: flutter <command> [arguments]

Global options:
  -h, --help          Print this usage information.
  -v, --verbose       Noisy logging, including all shell commands executed.
                      If used with "--help", shows hidden options. If used with "flutter doctor", shows additional diagnostic information. (Use "--vv" to force verbose logging in those cases.)
  -d, --device-id     Target device id or name (prefixes allowed).
  --version          Reports the version of this tool.
  --enable-analytics Enable telemetry reporting each time a flutter or dart command runs.
  --disable-analytics Disable telemetry reporting each time a flutter or dart command runs, until it is re-enabled.
  --suppress-analytics Suppress analytics reporting for the current CLI invocation.

Available commands:
```

Now, run the **\$ flutter doctor** command. This command checks for all the requirements of Flutter app development and displays a report of the status of your Flutter installation.



Privacy Policy (<https://policies.google.com/privacy>).

You have received two consent messages because the flutter tool is migrating to a new analytics system. Disabling analytics collection will disable both the legacy and new analytics collection systems. You can disable analytics reporting by running 'flutter --disable-analytics'

```
C:\Users\HP>flutter doctor
Doctor summary (to see all details, run flutter doctor -v):
[✓] Flutter (Channel stable, 3.27.3, on Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26100.2605], locale en-IN)
[✓] Windows Version (Installed version of Windows is version 10 or higher)
[X] Android toolchain - develop for Android devices
  X Unable to locate Android SDK.
    Install Android Studio from: https://developer.android.com/studio/index.html
    On first launch it will assist you in installing the Android SDK components.
    (or visit https://flutter.dev/to/windows-android-setup for detailed instructions).
    If the Android SDK has been installed to a custom location, please use
      'flutter config --android-sdk' to update to that location.

[✓] Chrome - develop for the web
[✓] Visual Studio - develop Windows apps (Visual Studio Build Tools 2019 16.11.38)
[!] Android Studio (not installed)
[✓] IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition (version 2023.2)
[✓] VS Code (version 1.94.2)
[✓] Connected device (3 available)
[✓] Network resources

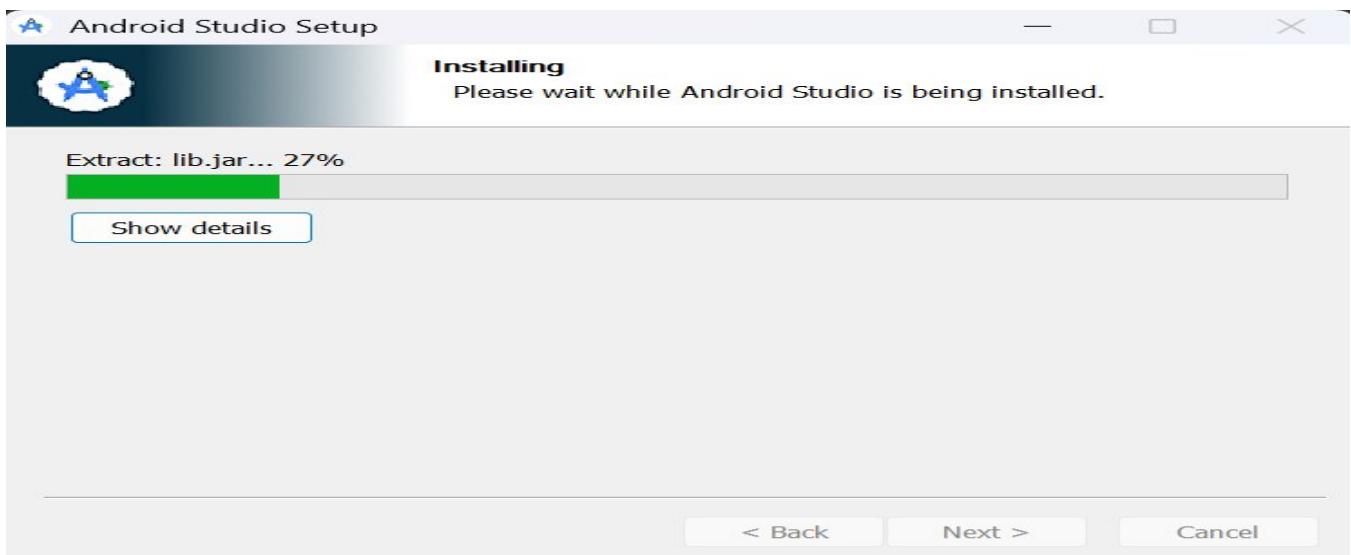
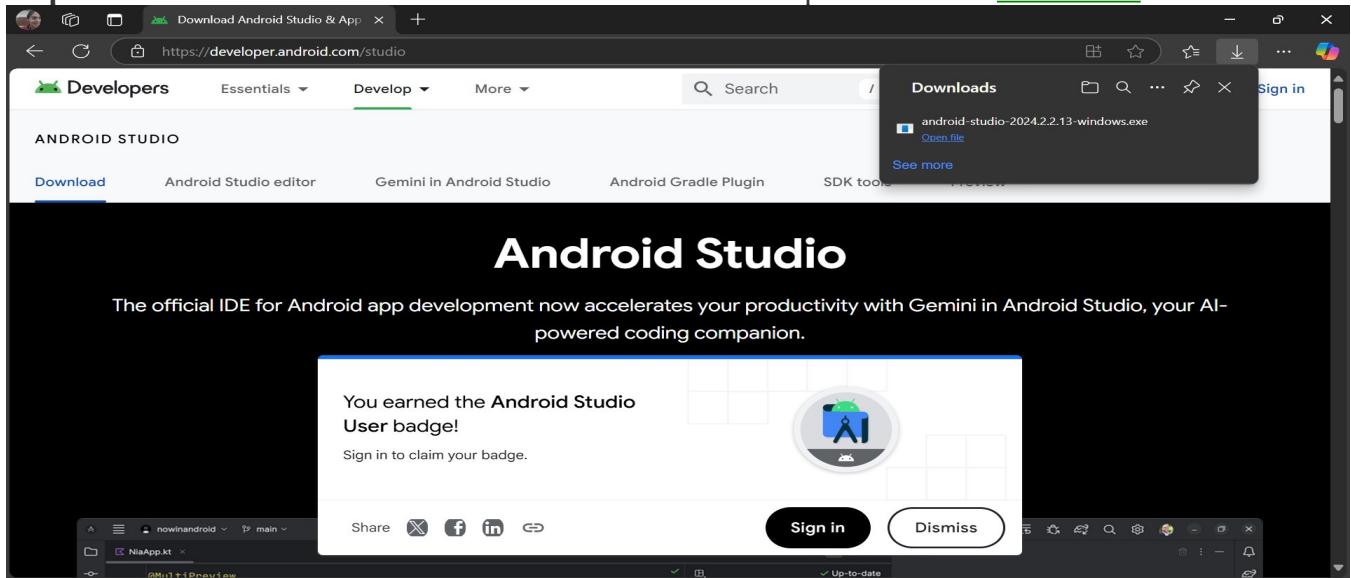
! Doctor found issues in 2 categories.

C:\Users\HP>
```

**Step 6:** When you run the above command, it will analyze the system and show its report, as shown in the below image. Here, you will find the details of all missing tools, which required to run Flutter as well as the development tools that are available but not connected with the device.

**Step 7:** Install the Android SDK. If the flutter doctor command does not find the Android SDK tool in your system, then you need first to install the Android Studio IDE. To install Android Studio IDE, do the following steps.

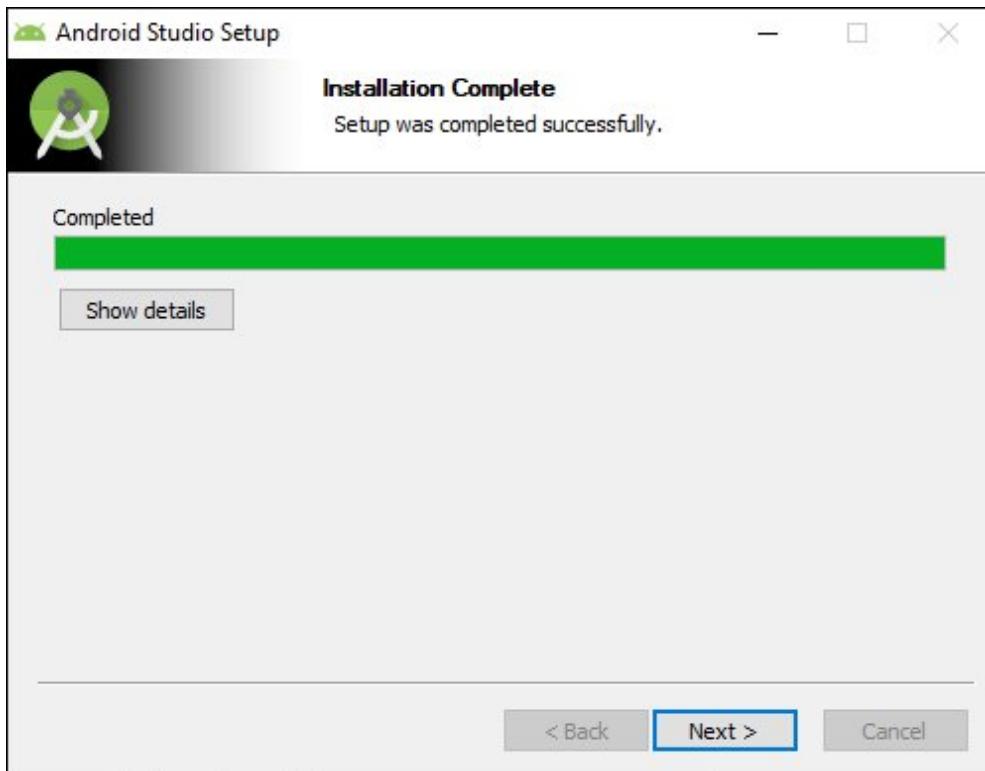
**Step 7.1:** Download the latest Android Studio executable or zip file from the [official site](#).



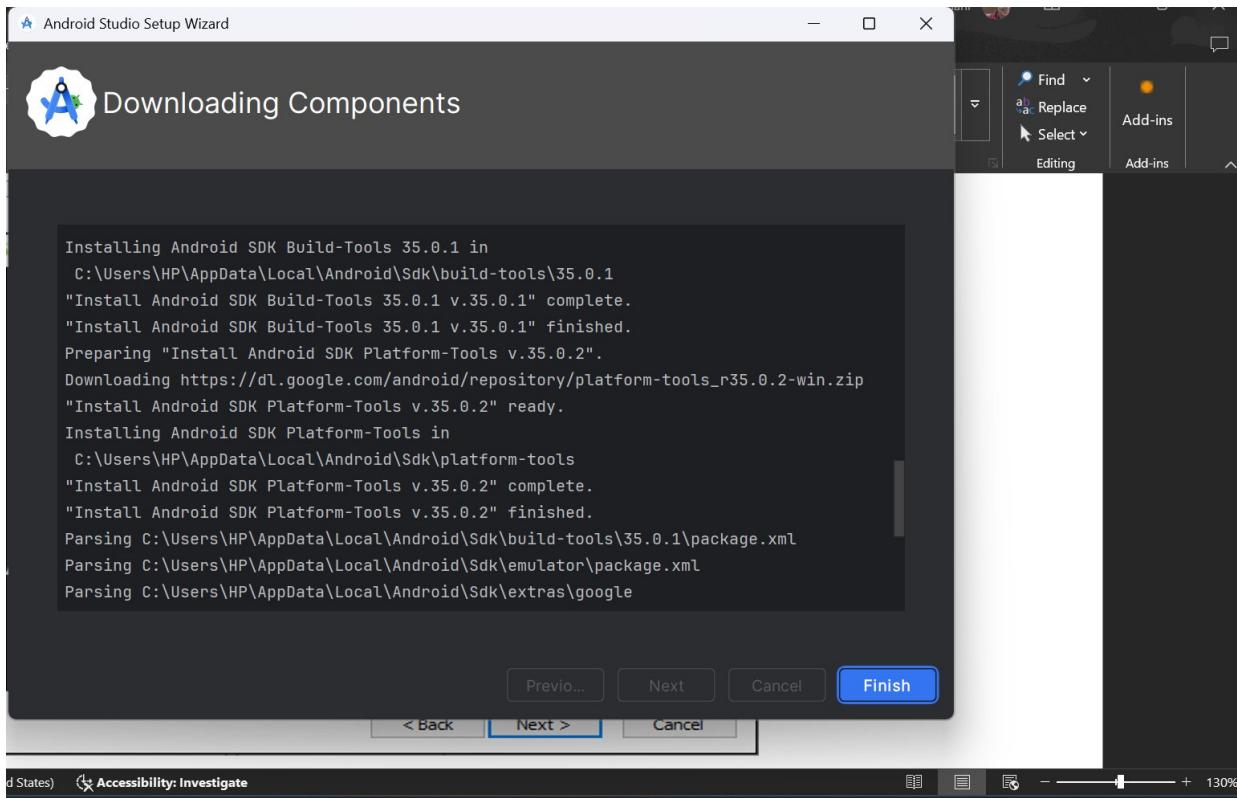
**Step 7.2:** When the download is complete, open the .exe file and run it. You will get the following dialog box .



**Step 7.3:** Follow the steps of the installation wizard. Once the installation wizard completes, you will get the following screen.



**Step 7.4:** In the above screen, click Next-> Finish. Once the Finish button is clicked, you need to choose the 'Don't import Settings option' and click OK. It will start the Android Studio.



**Step 7.5:** run the \$ flutter doctor command and Run flutter doctor --android-licenses command.

```
Command Prompt
10.7 Special Terms for Pre-Release Materials. If so indicated in the description of the Evaluation Software, the Evaluation Software may contain Pre-Release Materials. Recipient hereby understands, acknowledges and agrees that: (i) Pre-Release Materials may not be fully tested and may contain bugs or errors; (ii) Pre-Release materials are not suitable for commercial release in their current state; (iii) regulatory approvals for Pre-Release Materials (such as UL or FCC) have not been obtained, and Pre-Release Materials may therefore not be certified for use in certain countries or environments or may not be suitable for certain applications; and (iv) MIPS can provide no assurance that Recipient will either be able to make generally available products based upon the Pre-Release Materials. MIPS is not under any obligation to develop and/or release or offer for sale or license a final product based upon the Pre-Release Materials and may unilaterally elect to abandon the Pre-Release Materials or any such development platform at any time and without any obligation or liability whatsoever to Recipient or any other person.

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Accept? (y/N): y
All SDK package licenses accepted

c:\Users\jalpa>flutter doctor
Doctor summary (to see all details, run flutter doctor -v):
[✓] Flutter (Channel stable, 2.8.1, on Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.1415], locale en-US)
[✓] Android toolchain - develop for Android devices (Android SDK version 32.0.0)
[✓] VS Code (version 1.55.2)
[✓] Connected device (2 available)

! No issues found!
c:\Users\jalpa>flutter doctor
```

**Step 8:** Next, you need to set up an Android emulator. It is responsible for running and testing the Flutter application.

**Step 8.1:** To set an Android emulator, go to Android Studio > Tools > Android > AVD Manager and select Create Virtual Device. Or, go to Help->Find Action->Type Emulator in the search box. You will get the following screen.



**Step 8.2:** Choose your device definition and click on Next.

**Step 8.3:** Select the system image for the latest Android version and click on Next.

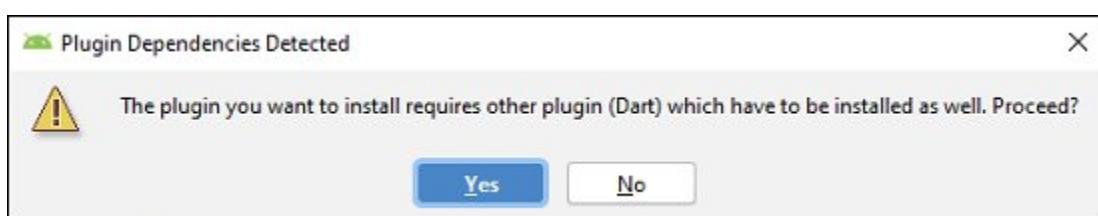
**Step 8.4:** Now, verify the all AVD configuration. If it is correct, click on Finish. The following screen appears.

**Step 8.5:** Last, click on the icon pointed into the red color rectangle. The Android emulator displayed as below screen.

**Step 9:** Now, install Flutter and Dart plugin for building Flutter application in Android Studio. These plugins provide a template to create a Flutter application, give an option to run and debug Flutter application in the Android Studio itself. Do the following steps to install these plugins.

**Step 9.1:** Open the Android Studio and then go to File->Settings->Plugins.

**Step 9.2:** Now, search the Flutter plugin. If found, select Flutter plugin and click install. When you click on install, it will ask you to install Dart plugin as below screen. Click yes to proceed.



**Step 9.3:** Restart the Android Studio.

**Step 10:** Print “Hello This Is Mahi Jodhani From D15A.”

The screenshot shows the Android Studio interface with the following details:

- Project View:** Shows the project structure with files like `my_first_app`, `lib/main.dart`, and `test/test`.
- Code Editor:** Displays the `main.dart` file containing the following code:

```
import 'package:flutter/material';
void main() {
  runApp(MyApp());
}

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      debugShowCheckedModeBanner: false,
      home: Scaffold(
        appBar: AppBar(
          title: Text("Welcome"),
          backgroundColor: Colors.blueAccent,
        ),
        body: Center(
          child: Text(
            "Hello, this is Mahi Jodhani from D15A",
            style: TextStyle(
              fontSize: 20,
              fontWeight: FontWeight.bold
            )
          )
        )
      )
    );
  }
}
```
- Running Devices:** Shows a preview of the app running on a "Medium Phone API 35 (mobile)" device. The screen displays the text "Hello, this is Mahi Jodhani from D15A".
- Bottom Preview:** A larger preview of the app's UI is shown at the bottom of the screen, also displaying the same text.

## **EXPERIMENT NO:2**

Name:Mahi Jodhani

Roll no: 21

D15A

**Aim:**To design Flutter UI by including common widgets.

### **Theory:**

#### 1. Introduction

Flutter is an open-source UI development framework created by Google that enables developers to build cross-platform applications using a single codebase. It follows a widget-based architecture, where every UI element is represented as a widget. Widgets in Flutter are categorized into two types: StatelessWidget (which do not change dynamically) and StatefulWidget (which maintain dynamic states).

#### 2. Objective

- Understand the role of widgets in Flutter UI development.
- Explore different types of common widgets and their functionalities.
- Learn how to structure a UI effectively using widgets.

#### 3. Importance of Widgets in Flutter

- Composable – Multiple widgets can be combined to build a complete UI.
- Reusable – The same widget can be used in different parts of the application.
- Customizable – Widgets offer extensive customization options to achieve the desired look and feel.
- Responsive – Widgets adapt to different screen sizes, making the UI flexible across devices.

#### 4. Commonly Used Widgets in Flutter

Flutter provides a wide range of widgets to design modern UIs.

1. Structural Widgets – Define the layout and structure of the UI (e.g., Container, Column, Row).
2. Interactive Widgets – Handle user input and interaction (e.g., Button, TextField, GestureDetector).
3. Styling Widgets – Enhance the visual appearance (e.g., Padding, Align, Card).
4. Scrolling Widgets – Enable scrolling functionality (e.g., ListView, GridView).

#### 5. Implementation of UI in Flutter

Designing a UI in Flutter involves:

1. Defining the widget tree – A hierarchical arrangement of widgets that form the UI structure.
2. Using layout widgets – Arranging elements using Column, Row, Stack, and other layout-based widgets.
3. Adding interactivity – Incorporating buttons, text fields, and gesture detectors for user interaction.

4. Applying styling and theming – Customizing widgets with colors, padding, borders, and shadows to enhance aesthetics.

**Code:**

**Main.Dart**

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:flutter_bloc/flutter_bloc.dart';
import 'package:google_fonts/google_fonts.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/application/downloads/downloads_bloc.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/colors/colors.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/core/di/injectable.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/main_page/widgets/screen_main_page.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/splash/screen_splash.dart';

import 'application/description/description_bloc.dart';
import 'application/fast_laugh/fast_laugh_bloc.dart';
import 'application/home/home_bloc.dart';
import 'application/hot_and_new/hot_and_new_bloc.dart';
import 'application/search/search_bloc.dart';
import 'presentation/onStartPage/scrren_onboarding.dart';
```

```
Future<void> main() async {
  WidgetsFlutterBinding.ensureInitialized();
  await configureInjection();
  runApp(const MyApp());
}
```

```
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  const MyApp({super.key});

  // This widget is the root of your application.
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MultiBlocProvider(
      providers: [
        BlocProvider(
          create: (ctx) => getIt<DownloadsBloc>(),
        ),
        BlocProvider(
          create: (ctx) => getIt<SearchBloc>(),
        ),
        BlocProvider(
          create: (ctx) => getIt<FastLaughBloc>(),
        ),
      ],
    );
}
```

```

BlocProvider(
  create: (ctx) => getIt<HotAndNewBloc>(),
),
BlocProvider(
  create: (ctx) => getIt<HomeBloc>(),
),
BlocProvider(
  create: (ctx) => getIt<DescriptionBloc>(),
)
],
child: MaterialApp(
  title: 'Flutter Demo',
  theme: ThemeData(
    appBarTheme: const AppBarTheme(backgroundColor: Colors.black),
    primarySwatch: Colors.blue,
    backgroundColor: Colors.black,
    scaffoldBackgroundColor: backgrounndColor,
    fontFamily: GoogleFonts.montserrat().fontFamily,
    textTheme: const TextTheme(
      bodyText1: TextStyle(color: Colors.white),
      bodyText2: TextStyle(color: Colors.white))),
  home: const ScreenSplash() ,
),
);
}
}

```

### **Screen\_home.dart:**

```

import 'dart:developer';
import 'dart:ffi';

import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:flutter/rendering.dart';
import 'package:flutter_bloc/flutter_bloc.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/application/home/home_bloc.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/colors/colors.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/constants.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/home/widget/background_card.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/home/widget/custom_button_widget.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/home/widget/number_card.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/home/widget/number_title_card.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/widget/main_title.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/widget/main_title_card.dart';

```

```
// ignore: must_be_immutable
class ScreenHome extends StatelessWidget {
  ScreenHome({Key? key}) : super(key: key);

  ValueNotifier<bool> scrollNotifier = ValueNotifier(true);
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    WidgetsBinding.instance.addPostFrameCallback((timeStamp) {
      BlocProvider.of<HomeBloc>(context).add(const GetHomeScreenData());
    });
    return Scaffold(
      body: ValueListenableBuilder(
        valueListenable: scrollNotifier,
        builder: (BuildContext context, index2, _) {
          return NotificationListener<UserScrollNotification>(
            onNotification: (notificaton) {
              final ScrollDirection direction = notificaton.direction;
              if (direction == ScrollDirection.reverse) {
                scrollNotifier.value = false;
              } else if (direction == ScrollDirection.forward) {
                scrollNotifier.value = true;
              }
              return true;
            },
            child: RefreshIndicator(
              onRefresh: () async {
                BlocProvider.of<HomeBloc>(context)
                  .add(const GetHomeScreenData());
              },
              child: Stack(
                children: [
                  BlocBuilder<HomeBloc, HomeState>(
                    builder: (context, state) {
                      if (state.isLoading) {
                        return const Center(
                          child: CircularProgressIndicator(
                            strokeWidth: 2,
                          ),
                        );
                      }
                      if (state.hasError) {
                        return const Center(
                          child: Text(
                            "error while getting data",
                            style: TextStyle(color: kwhiteColor),
                          ),
                        );
                      }
                      return Container();
                    },
                  ),
                ],
              ),
            ),
          );
        },
      ),
    );
  }
}
```

```
));
}

// released past year
final _releasedPastYear =
    state.pastYearMovieList.map((m) {
    return '$imageAppendUrl${m.posterPath}';
}).toList();

// get id pase year
final _releasedPastYearId =
    state.pastYearMovieList.map((m) {
    return m.id;
}).toList();

// _releasedPastYearId.shuffle();

// trending
final _trending = state.trendingMovieList.map((m) {
    return '$imageAppendUrl${m.posterPath}';
}).toList();

_trending.shuffle();

// get id trending
final _trendingId = state.trendingMovieList.map((m) {
    return m.id;
}).toList();

_trendingId.shuffle();

// trendse drama
final _trendse = state.tenseDramaMovieList.map((m) {
    return '$imageAppendUrl${m.posterPath}';
}).toList();

_trendse.shuffle();

// get id trendse
final _trendsId = state.tenseDramaMovieList.map((m) {
    return m.id;
}).toList();

// south indian movie
final _southIndia =
    state.southIndianMovieList.map((m) {
    return '$imageAppendUrl${m.posterPath}';
}).toList();

// get id pase year
final _southIndiaId =
    state.southIndianMovieList.map((m) {
    return m.id;
}).toList();

// tv shows
final _top10tvShows = state.trendingTvList.map((m) {
```

```
        return '$imageAppendUrl${m.posterPath}';
    }).toList();
    // get id pase year
    final _top10tvShowsId = state.trendingTvList.map((m) {
        return m.id;
    }).toList();
    print(state.trendingMovieList.length);
    return ListView(
        children: [
            const BackgroundCard(),
            kHeight,
            MainTitleCard(
                id: _releasedPastYearId,
                title: "Released in the past year",
                posterList: _releasedPastYear,
            ),
            kHeight,
            MainTitleCard(
                id: _trendingId,
                title: "Trending Now",
                posterList: _trending,
            ),
            kHeight,
            NumberTitleCard(
                posterList: _top10tvShows,
                title: "Top 10 TV shows in india today",
            ),
            kHeight,
            MainTitleCard(
                id: _trendsId,
                title: "Tense Dramas",
                posterList: _trendse,
            ),
            kHeight,
            MainTitleCard(
                id: _southIndiaId,
                title: "South Indian Cinema",
                posterList: _southIndia,
            ),
        ],
    );
},
),
),
scrollNotifier.value == true
```

```
? AnimatedContainer(
    duration: const Duration(milliseconds: 1000),
    width: double.infinity,
    height: 90,
    color: Colors.black.withOpacity(0.2),
    child: Column(
        children: [
            Row(
                children: [
                    Image.network(
                        'https://cdn-images-1.medium.com/max/1200/1*ty4NvNrGg4ReETxqU2N3Og.png',
                        width: 60,
                        height: 60,
                    ),
                    const Spacer(),
                    const Icon(
                        Icons.cast,
                        size: 30,
                        color: kwhiteColor,
                    ),
                    kWidth,
                    Container(
                        color: Colors.blue,
                        width: 30,
                        height: 30,
                    ),
                    kWidth
                ],
            ),
            Row(
                mainAxisAlignment:
                    MainAxisAlignment.spaceEvenly,
                children: const [
                    Text(
                        "TV Shows",
                        style: kHomeTitleText,
                    ),
                    Text(
                        "Movies",
                        style: kHomeTitleText,
                    ),
                    Text(
                        "Categories",
                    )
                ],
            )
        ],
    )
)
```

```

        style: kHomeTitleText,
    )
],
)
],
),
),
),
:kHeight
],
),
),
),
);
})));
}
}

```

### **Main\_cart.dart:**

```

import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:flutter_bloc/flutter_bloc.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/constants.dart';
import '../application/description/description_bloc.dart';
import './descriptions/Screen_descriotion.dart';

class MainCard extends StatelessWidget {
    final String imageUrl;
    const MainCard({
        Key? key,
        required this.imageUrl,
        required this.id,
    }) : super(key: key);
    final int id;
    @override
    Widget build(BuildContext context) {
        return Padding(
            padding: const EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 10),
            child: GestureDetector(
                onTap: () {
                    print("movie id $id");
                    Navigator.push(
                        context,
                        MaterialPageRoute(
                            builder: (ctx) => ScreenDescription(
                                id: id,
                            ),
                        ),
                    );
                },
            ),
        );
    }
}

```

```

        ),
    );
},
child: Container(
width: 130,
height: 250,
decoration: BoxDecoration(
borderRadius: kRadius10,
image: DecorationImage(
fit: BoxFit.fill,
image: NetworkImage(imageUrl),
),
),
),
),
),
),
),
);
}
}

```

#### **Main\_title.dart:**

```

import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

class MainTitle extends StatelessWidget {
const MainTitle({Key? key, required this.title}) : super(key: key);

final String title;
@Override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Text(
title,
style: const TextStyle(fontSize: 22, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold),
);
}
}

```

#### **Main\_title\_card.dart:**

```

import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/constants.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/widget/main_card.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/widget/main_title.dart';

class MainTitleCard extends StatelessWidget {
const MainTitleCard({

```

```
Key? key,
required this.title,
required this.posterList,
required this.id,
}): super(key: key);
final String title;
final List<String?> posterList;
final List<int?> id;
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Column(
    mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,
    children: [
      MainTitle(title: title),
      kHeight,
      LimitedBox(
        maxHeight: 200,
        child: ListView(
          scrollDirection: Axis.horizontal,
          children: List.generate(
            posterList.length,
            (index) => MainCard(
              id: id[index]!,
              imageUrl: posterList[index]!,
            )));
    ],
  );
}
```

### **Video\_widget.dart:**

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/colors/colors.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/constants.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/presentation/search/widget/search_idel.dart';

class VideoWidget extends StatelessWidget {
  const VideoWidget({
```

```

Key? key,
required this.imageUrl,
}) : super(key: key);

final String imageUrl;
@Override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Stack(
children: [
SizedBox(
width: double.infinity,
height: 200,
child: Image.network(
imageUrl,
fit: BoxFit.cover,
loadingBuilder:
(BuildContext _, Widget child, ImageChunkEvent? progress) {
if (progress == null) {
return child;
} else {
return const Center(
child: CircularProgressIndicator(
strokeWidth: 2,
));
}
},
),
errorBuilder: (BuildContext _, Object a, StackTrace? trace) {
return const Center(
child: Icon(
Icons.wifi,
color: kwhiteColor,
));
},
),
),
],
});
}

```

### **App\_bar\_widget.dart:**

```

import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:google_fonts/google_fonts.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/colors/colors.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/core/constants.dart';

class AppBarWidget extends StatelessWidget {
const AppBarWidget({Key? key, required this.title}) : super(key: key);

```

```

final String title;
@Override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Row(
    children: [
      kWidth,
      Text(
        title,
        style: const TextStyle(fontSize: 30, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold),
      ),
      const Spacer(),
      const Icon(
        Icons.cast,
        size: 30,
        color: kwhiteColor,
      ),
      kWidth,
      Container(
        color: Colors.blue,
        width: 30,
        height: 30,
      ),
      kWidth
    ],
  );
}
}
}

```

```

Home_bloc.dart:
import 'package:bloc/bloc.dart';
import 'package:freezed_annotation/freezed_annotation.dart';
import 'package:injectable/injectable.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/core/failures/main_failure.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/new_and_hot/hot_and_new_service.dart';

import '../../domain/new_and_hot/model/discover.dart';

part 'home_event.dart';
part 'home_state.dart';
part 'home_bloc.freezed.dart';

@Injectable
class HomeBloc extends Bloc<HomeEvent, HomeState> {
  final HotAndNewService _homeService;

```

```
HomeBloc(this._homeService) : super(HomeState.initial()) {
    // get home screendata
    on<GetHomeScreenData>((event, emit) async {
        // set loading to ui
        emit(state.copyWith(isLoading: true, hasError: false));
        // // get datat
        final _movieResult = await _homeService.getHotAndNewMovieData();
        final _tvResutl = await _homeService.getHotAndNewTvData();

        // //transform data
        final stateOne = _movieResult.fold((MainFailure failures) {
            return HomeState(
                stateId: DateTime.now().millisecondsSinceEpoch.toString(),
                pastYearMovieList: [],
                trendingMovieList: [],
                tenseDramaMovieList: [],
                southIndianMovieList: [],
                trendingTvList: [],
                isLoading: false,
                hasError: true,
            );
        }, (HotAndNewDataResp resp) {
            final pastYear = resp.results;
            pastYear.shuffle();
            final trending = resp.results;
            trending.shuffle();
            final tenseDarama = resp.results;
            tenseDarama.shuffle();
            final southIndia = resp.results;
            southIndia.shuffle();
            return HomeState(
                stateId: DateTime.now().millisecondsSinceEpoch.toString(),
                pastYearMovieList: pastYear,
                trendingMovieList: trending,
                tenseDramaMovieList: tenseDarama,
                southIndianMovieList: southIndia,
                trendingTvList: state.trendingMovieList,
                isLoading: false,
                hasError: false,
            );
        });
        emit(stateOne);
        final stateTwo = _tvResutl.fold((MainFailure failure) {
            return HomeState(
```

```

stateId: DateTime.now().millisecondsSinceEpoch.toString(),
pastYearMovieList: [],
trendingMovieList: [],
tenseDramaMovieList: [],
southIndianMovieList: [],
trendingTvList: [],
isLoading: false,
hasError: true,
);
}, (HotAndNewDataResp resp) {
final topTenList = resp.results;
return HomeState(
stateId: DateTime.now().millisecondsSinceEpoch.toString(),
pastYearMovieList: state.pastYearMovieList,
trendingMovieList: state.trendingMovieList,
tenseDramaMovieList: state.tenseDramaMovieList,
southIndianMovieList: state.southIndianMovieList,
trendingTvList: topTenList,
isLoading: false,
hasError: false,
);
});
emit(stateTwo);
});
}
}

```

Home\_bloc.freezed.dart:  
part of 'home\_bloc.dart';

```
// ****
// FreezedGenerator
// ****
```

T \_\$identity<T>(T value) => value;

final \_privateConstructorUsedError = UnsupportedError(

'It seems like you constructed your class using `MyClass.\_()`'. This constructor is only meant to be used by freezed and you are not supposed to need it nor use it.\nPlease check the documentation here for more information: <https://github.com/rrousselGit/freezed#custom-getters-and-methods>');

```
/// @nodoc
mixin _$HomeEvent {
@optionalTypeArgs
```

```

TResult when<TResult extends Object?>({
    required TResult Function() getHomeScreenData,
})=>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
@optionalTypeArgs
TResult? whenOrNull<TResult extends Object?>({
    TResult Function()? getHomeScreenData,
})=>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
@optionalTypeArgs
TResult maybeWhen<TResult extends Object?>({
    TResult Function()? getHomeScreenData,
    required TResultorElse(),
})=>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
@optionalTypeArgs
TResult map<TResult extends Object?>({
    required TResult Function(GetHomeScreenData value) getHomeScreenData,
})=>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
@optionalTypeArgs
TResult? mapOrNull<TResult extends Object?>({
    TResult Function(GetHomeScreenData value)? getHomeScreenData,
})=>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
@optionalTypeArgs
TResult maybeMap<TResult extends Object?>({
    TResult Function(GetHomeScreenData value)? getHomeScreenData,
    required TResultorElse(),
})=>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
}

/// @nodoc
abstract class $HomeEventCopyWith<$Res> {
    factory $HomeEventCopyWith(HomeEvent value, $Res Function(HomeEvent) then) =
        _$HomeEventCopyWithImpl<$Res>;
}

/// @nodoc
class _$HomeEventCopyWithImpl<$Res> implements $HomeEventCopyWith<$Res> {
    _$HomeEventCopyWithImpl(this._value, this._then);

    final HomeEvent _value;
}

```

```
// ignore: unused_field
final $Res Function(HomeEvent) _then;
}

/// @nodoc
abstract class _$$GetHomeScreenDataCopyWith<$Res> {
  factory _$$GetHomeScreenDataCopyWith(
    _$GetHomeScreenData value, $Res Function(_$GetHomeScreenData) then) =
  _$GetHomeScreenDataCopyWithImpl<$Res>;
}

/// @nodoc
class __$$GetHomeScreenDataCopyWithImpl<$Res>
  extends _$HomeEventCopyWithImpl<$Res>
  implements _$$GetHomeScreenDataCopyWith<$Res> {
  _$GetHomeScreenDataCopyWithImpl(
    _$GetHomeScreenData _value, $Res Function(_$GetHomeScreenData) _then)
  : super(_value, (v) => _then(v as _$GetHomeScreenData));

  @override
  _$GetHomeScreenData get _value => super._value as _$GetHomeScreenData;
}

/// @nodoc
class _$GetHomeScreenData implements GetHomeScreenData {
  const _$GetHomeScreenData();

  @override
  String toString() {
    return 'HomeEvent.getHomeScreenData()';
  }

  @override
  bool operator ==(dynamic other) {
    return identical(this, other) ||
      (other.runtimeType == runtimeType && other is _$GetHomeScreenData);
  }

  @override
  int get hashCode => runtimeType.hashCode;

  @override
  @optionalTypeArgs
```

```
 TResult when<TResult extends Object?>({  
    required TResult Function() getHomeScreenData,  
}) {  
    return getHomeScreenData();  
}  
  
 @override  
 @optionalTypeArgs  
 TResult? whenOrNull<TResult extends Object?>({  
    TResult Function()? getHomeScreenData,  
}) {  
    return getHomeScreenData?.call();  
}  
  
 @override  
 @optionalTypeArgs  
 TResult maybeWhen<TResult extends Object?>({  
    TResult Function()? getHomeScreenData,  
    required TResult orElse(),  
}) {  
    if (getHomeScreenData != null) {  
        return getHomeScreenData();  
    }  
    return orElse();  
}  
  
 @override  
 @optionalTypeArgs  
 TResult map<TResult extends Object?>({  
    required TResult Function(GetHomeScreenData value) getHomeScreenData,  
}) {  
    return getHomeScreenData(this);  
}  
  
 @override  
 @optionalTypeArgs  
 TResult? mapOrNull<TResult extends Object?>({  
    TResult Function(GetHomeScreenData value)? getHomeScreenData,  
}) {  
    return getHomeScreenData?.call(this);  
}  
  
 @override  
 @optionalTypeArgs
```

```

TResult maybeMap<TResult extends Object?>({
  TResult Function(GetHomeScreenData value)? getHomeScreenData,
  required TResult orElse(),
}) {
  if (getHomeScreenData != null) {
    return getHomeScreenData(this);
  }
  return orElse();
}
}

abstract class GetHomeScreenData implements HomeEvent {
  const factory GetHomeScreenData() = _$GetHomeScreenData;
}

/// @nodoc
mixin _$HomeState {
  String get stateId => throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
  List<HotAndNewData> get pastYearMovieList =>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
  List<HotAndNewData> get trendingMovieList =>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
  List<HotAndNewData> get tenseDramaMovieList =>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
  List<HotAndNewData> get southIndianMovieList =>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
  List<HotAndNewData> get trendingTvList => throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
  bool get isLoading => throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
  bool get hasError => throw _privateConstructorUsedError;

  @JsonKey(ignore: true)
  $HomeStateCopyWith<HomeState> get copyWith =>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
}

/// @nodoc
abstract class $HomeStateCopyWith<$Res> {
  factory $HomeStateCopyWith(HomeState value, $Res Function(HomeState) then) =
    _$HomeStateCopyWithImpl<$Res>;
  $Res call(
    {String stateId,
    List<HotAndNewData> pastYearMovieList,
    List<HotAndNewData> trendingMovieList,
    List<HotAndNewData> tenseDramaMovieList,
  }
}

```

```

List<HotAndNewData> southIndianMovieList,
List<HotAndNewData> trendingTvList,
bool isLoading,
bool hasError});
}

/// @nodoc
class _$HomeStateCopyWithImpl<$Res> implements $HomeStateCopyWith<$Res> {
  _$HomeStateCopyWithImpl(this._value, this._then);

  final HomeState _value;
  // ignore: unused_field
  final $Res Function(HomeState) _then;

  @override
  $Res call({
    Object? stateId = freezed,
    Object? pastYearMovieList = freezed,
    Object? trendingMovieList = freezed,
    Object? tenseDramaMovieList = freezed,
    Object? southIndianMovieList = freezed,
    Object? trendingTvList = freezed,
    Object? isLoading = freezed,
    Object? hasError = freezed,
  }) {
    return _then(_value.copyWith(
      stateId: stateId == freezed
        ? _value.stateId
        : stateId // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
          as String,
      pastYearMovieList: pastYearMovieList == freezed
        ? _value.pastYearMovieList
        : pastYearMovieList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
          as List<HotAndNewData>,
      trendingMovieList: trendingMovieList == freezed
        ? _value.trendingMovieList
        : trendingMovieList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
          as List<HotAndNewData>,
      tenseDramaMovieList: tenseDramaMovieList == freezed
        ? _value.tenseDramaMovieList
        : tenseDramaMovieList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
          as List<HotAndNewData>,
      southIndianMovieList: southIndianMovieList == freezed
        ? _value.southIndianMovieList

```

```

        : southIndianMovieList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
        as List<HotAndNewData>,
trendingTvList: trendingTvList == freezed
    ? _value.trendingTvList
    : trendingTvList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
        as List<HotAndNewData>,
isLoading: isLoading == freezed
    ? _value.isLoading
    : isLoading // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
        as bool,
hasError: hasError == freezed
    ? _value.hasError
    : hasError // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
        as bool,
));
}
}

/// @nodoc
abstract class $$InitialCopyWith<$Res> implements $HomeStateCopyWith<$Res> {
factory $$InitialCopyWith(
    $_Initial value, $Res Function($_Initial) then) =
    $$InitialCopyWithImpl<$Res>;
@Override
$Res call(
    {String stateId,
    List<HotAndNewData> pastYearMovieList,
    List<HotAndNewData> trendingMovieList,
    List<HotAndNewData> tenseDramaMovieList,
    List<HotAndNewData> southIndianMovieList,
    List<HotAndNewData> trendingTvList,
    bool isLoading,
    bool hasError});
}

/// @nodoc
class $$InitialCopyWithImpl<$Res> extends $HomeStateCopyWithImpl<$Res>
    implements $$InitialCopyWith<$Res> {
    $$InitialCopyWithImpl($_Initial _value, $Res Function($_Initial) _then)
        : super(_value, (v) => _then(v as $_Initial));

@Override
$_Initial get _value => super._value as $_Initial;

```

```
@override
$Res call({
    Object? stateId = freezed,
    Object? pastYearMovieList = freezed,
    Object? trendingMovieList = freezed,
    Object? tenseDramaMovieList = freezed,
    Object? southIndianMovieList = freezed,
    Object? trendingTvList = freezed,
    Object? isLoading = freezed,
    Object? hasError = freezed,
}) {
    return _then(_$_Initial(
        stateId: stateId == freezed
            ? _value.stateId
            : stateId // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
                as String,
        pastYearMovieList: pastYearMovieList == freezed
            ? _value._pastYearMovieList
            : pastYearMovieList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
                as List<HotAndNewData>,
        trendingMovieList: trendingMovieList == freezed
            ? _value._trendingMovieList
            : trendingMovieList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
                as List<HotAndNewData>,
        tenseDramaMovieList: tenseDramaMovieList == freezed
            ? _value._tenseDramaMovieList
            : tenseDramaMovieList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
                as List<HotAndNewData>,
        southIndianMovieList: southIndianMovieList == freezed
            ? _value._southIndianMovieList
            : southIndianMovieList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
                as List<HotAndNewData>,
        trendingTvList: trendingTvList == freezed
            ? _value._trendingTvList
            : trendingTvList // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
                as List<HotAndNewData>,
        isLoading: isLoading == freezed
            ? _value.isLoading
            : isLoading // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
                as bool,
        hasError: hasError == freezed
            ? _value.hasError
            : hasError // ignore: cast_nullable_to_non_nullable
                as bool,
    ))
```

```
        ));
    }
}

/// @nodoc

class _$Initial implements _Initial {
  const _$Initial(
    required this.stateId,
    required final List<HotAndNewData> pastYearMovieList,
    required final List<HotAndNewData> trendingMovieList,
    required final List<HotAndNewData> tenseDramaMovieList,
    required final List<HotAndNewData> southIndianMovieList,
    required final List<HotAndNewData> trendingTvList,
    required this.isLoading,
    required this.hasError)
    : _pastYearMovieList = pastYearMovieList,
      _trendingMovieList = trendingMovieList,
      _tenseDramaMovieList = tenseDramaMovieList,
      _southIndianMovieList = southIndianMovieList,
      _trendingTvList = trendingTvList;

  @override
  final String stateId;
  final List<HotAndNewData> _pastYearMovieList;
  @override
  List<HotAndNewData> get pastYearMovieList {
    // ignore: implicit_dynamic_type
    return EqualUnmodifiableListView(_pastYearMovieList);
  }

  final List<HotAndNewData> _trendingMovieList;
  @override
  List<HotAndNewData> get trendingMovieList {
    // ignore: implicit_dynamic_type
    return EqualUnmodifiableListView(_trendingMovieList);
  }

  final List<HotAndNewData> _tenseDramaMovieList;
  @override
  List<HotAndNewData> get tenseDramaMovieList {
    // ignore: implicit_dynamic_type
    return EqualUnmodifiableListView(_tenseDramaMovieList);
  }
}
```

```

final List<HotAndNewData> _southIndianMovieList;
@Override
List<HotAndNewData> get southIndianMovieList {
    // ignore: implicit_dynamic_type
    return EqualUnmodifiableListView(_southIndianMovieList);
}

final List<HotAndNewData> _trendingTvList;
@Override
List<HotAndNewData> get trendingTvList {
    // ignore: implicit_dynamic_type
    return EqualUnmodifiableListView(_trendingTvList);
}

@Override
final bool isLoading;
@Override
final bool hasError;

@Override
String toString() {
    return 'HomeState(stateId: $stateId, pastYearMovieList: $pastYearMovieList, trendingMovieList:
$trendingMovieList, tenseDramaMovieList: $tenseDramaMovieList, southIndianMovieList:
$southIndianMovieList, trendingTvList: $trendingTvList, isLoading: $isLoading, hasError: $hasError)';
}

@Override
bool operator ==(dynamic other) {
    return identical(this, other) ||
        (other.runtimeType == runtimeType &&
            other is $_Initial &&
            const DeepCollectionEquality().equals(other.stateId, stateId) &&
            const DeepCollectionEquality()
                .equals(other._pastYearMovieList, _pastYearMovieList) &&
            const DeepCollectionEquality()
                .equals(other._trendingMovieList, _trendingMovieList) &&
            const DeepCollectionEquality()
                .equals(other._tenseDramaMovieList, _tenseDramaMovieList) &&
            const DeepCollectionEquality()
                .equals(other._southIndianMovieList, _southIndianMovieList) &&
            const DeepCollectionEquality()
                .equals(other._trendingTvList, _trendingTvList) &&
            const DeepCollectionEquality().equals(other.isLoading, isLoading) &&

```

```

        const DeepCollectionEquality().equals(other.hasError, hasError));
    }

@Override
int hashCode => Object.hash(
    runtimeType,
    const DeepCollectionEquality().hash(stateId),
    const DeepCollectionEquality().hash(_pastYearMovieList),
    const DeepCollectionEquality().hash(_trendingMovieList),
    const DeepCollectionEquality().hash(_tenseDramaMovieList),
    const DeepCollectionEquality().hash(_southIndianMovieList),
    const DeepCollectionEquality().hash(_trendingTvList),
    const DeepCollectionEquality().hash(isLoading),
    const DeepCollectionEquality().hash(hasError));

@JsonKey(ignore: true)
@Override
_$$._InitialCopyWith<$_Initial> get copyWith =>
    _$$._InitialCopyWithImpl<$_Initial>(this, _$identity);
}

abstract class _Initial implements HomeState {
    const factory _Initial(
        {required final String stateId,
        required final List<HotAndNewData> pastYearMovieList,
        required final List<HotAndNewData> trendingMovieList,
        required final List<HotAndNewData> tenseDramaMovieList,
        required final List<HotAndNewData> southIndianMovieList,
        required final List<HotAndNewData> trendingTvList,
        required final bool isLoading,
        required final bool hasError}) = _$_Initial;

    @override
    String get stateId;
    @override
    List<HotAndNewData> get pastYearMovieList;
    @override
    List<HotAndNewData> get trendingMovieList;
    @override
    List<HotAndNewData> get tenseDramaMovieList;
    @override
    List<HotAndNewData> get southIndianMovieList;
    @override
    List<HotAndNewData> get trendingTvList;
}

```

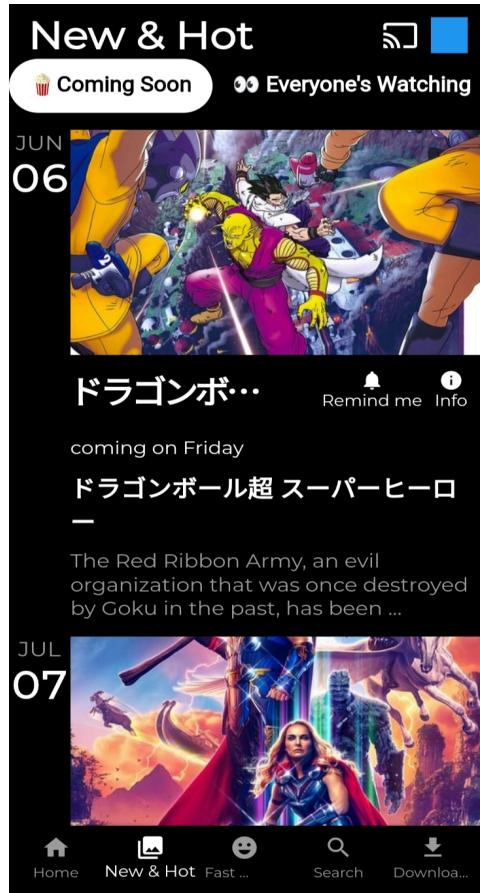
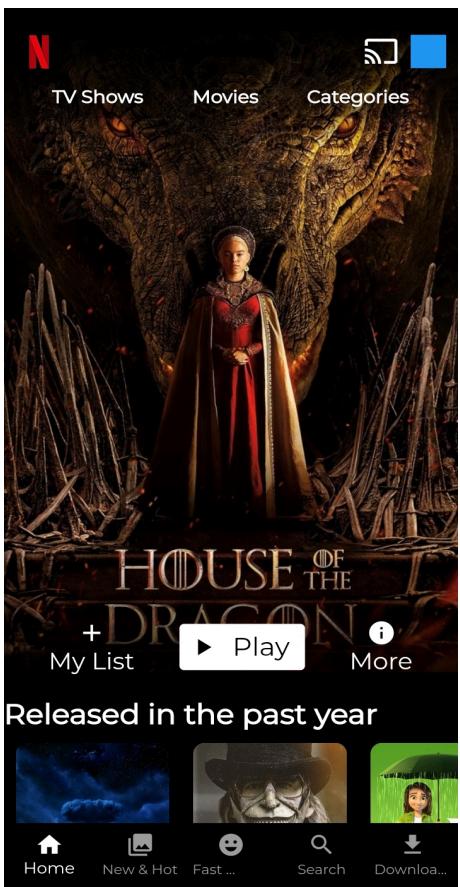
```
@override
bool get isLoading;
@Override
bool get hasError;
@Override
@JsonIgnore(ignore: true)
_$$ _InitialCopyWith<$_Initial> get copyWith =>
    throw _privateConstructorUsedError;
}
Home_event.dart:
part of 'home_bloc.dart';

@freezed
class HomeEvent with _$HomeEvent {
    const factory HomeEvent.getHomeScreenData() = GetHomeScreenData;
}

Home_state.dart:
part of 'home_bloc.dart';

@freezed
class HomeState with _$HomeState {
    const factory HomeState(
        required String stateId,
        required List<HotAndNewData> pastYearMovieList,
        required List<HotAndNewData> trendingMovieList,
        required List<HotAndNewData> tenseDramaMovieList,
        required List<HotAndNewData> southIndianMovieList,
        required List<HotAndNewData> trendingTvList,
        required bool isLoading,
        required bool hasError) = _Initial;
    factory HomeState.initial() => const HomeState(
        stateId: '0',
        pastYearMovieList: [],
        trendingMovieList: [],
        tenseDramaMovieList: [],
        southIndianMovieList: [],
        trendingTvList: [],
        isLoading: false,
        hasError: false,
    );
}
```

## Screenshots:



## Conclusion

Flutter's widget-based design pattern makes UI development intuitive and flexible. By utilizing common widgets effectively, developers can create seamless, responsive, and visually engaging user interfaces. This experiment provides a foundation for understanding Flutter's UI structure and the role of widgets in application development.

## **Experiment no:3**

**Aim:** To include icons, images, fonts in Flutter app

### **Theory:**

#### Introduction

Flutter is a powerful UI development framework that allows developers to create visually appealing applications using a wide range of UI elements. In modern applications, icons, images, and custom fonts play a crucial role in enhancing user experience by improving aesthetics, readability, and branding. Flutter provides built-in support for adding these assets efficiently, ensuring a smooth and responsive UI.

This experiment focuses on understanding how to incorporate icons, images, and fonts into a Flutter application to create a more engaging and customized interface.

#### 2. Objective

The main objectives of this experiment are:

- To learn how to use icons in a Flutter app.
- To understand how to include and display images.
- To explore the process of adding custom fonts for better UI styling.

#### 3. Importance of Icons, Images, and Fonts in UI Design

Icons, images, and fonts enhance the usability and aesthetic appeal of a mobile application.

- Icons provide a visual representation of actions and functionalities, improving navigation and user experience.
- Images enhance the visual storytelling of an app, making it more engaging and informative.
- Custom Fonts help in defining the app's branding and improve text readability, ensuring consistency in UI design.

#### 4. Including Icons in Flutter

Flutter supports two types of icons:

1. Material Icons – Built-in icons provided by Flutter's Material Design framework (Icons class).
2. Custom Icons – Custom icon sets imported as image assets or vector files (SVGs).

#### 5. Adding Images in Flutter

Flutter allows developers to include images in three different ways:

1. Asset Images – Images stored in the project's assets folder.
2. Network Images – Images loaded from an external URL.
3. Memory Images – Images dynamically generated or loaded at runtime.

## 6. Using Custom Fonts in Flutter

Flutter allows the integration of custom fonts to enhance text styling. Custom fonts provide a unique appearance to the app and align with branding guidelines. To use custom fonts:

1. Font files are placed in the assets/fonts directory.
2. The pubspec.yaml file is updated to register the font.
3. The font is applied using the TextStyle property in Flutter widgets.

Code:

### **Colors.dart:**

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

const backgrounndColor = Colors.black;

const kwhiteColor = Colors.white;

final kButtonColorBlue = Colors.blueAccent[700];

const kButtonColorWhite = Colors.white;

const kBlackColor = Colors.black;

const kGray = Colors.grey;
```

**Constants.dart:**

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

const kWidth = SizedBox(
    width: 10,
);

const kHeight = SizedBox(
    height: 10,
);

const kHeight20 = SizedBox(
    height: 20,
);

const kHeight50 = SizedBox(
    height: 50,
);

// border radius

final BorderRadius kRadius10 = BorderRadius.circular(10);

final BorderRadius kRadius30 = BorderRadius.circular(30);

// image

const mainImage =
    'https://www.themoviedb.org/t/p/w600_and_h900_bestv2/A69pKujkYeLp7uO4LrUqZvxEAze.jpg';

const imageUrltemp1 =
    'https://www.themoviedb.org/t/p/w533_and_h300_bestv2/iQlJyRecJeGGzQGT2rEcyAgz89F.jpg';

const imageUrltemp2 =
    "https://www.themoviedb.org/t/p/w533_and_h300_bestv2/8TUb2U9GN3PonbXAQ1FBcJ4XeXu.jpg";

// Textstyle
```

```

const TextStyle kHomeTitleText =
    TextStyle(fontSize: 14, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold);

const imageAppendUrl = "https://image.tmdb.org/t/p/w500";

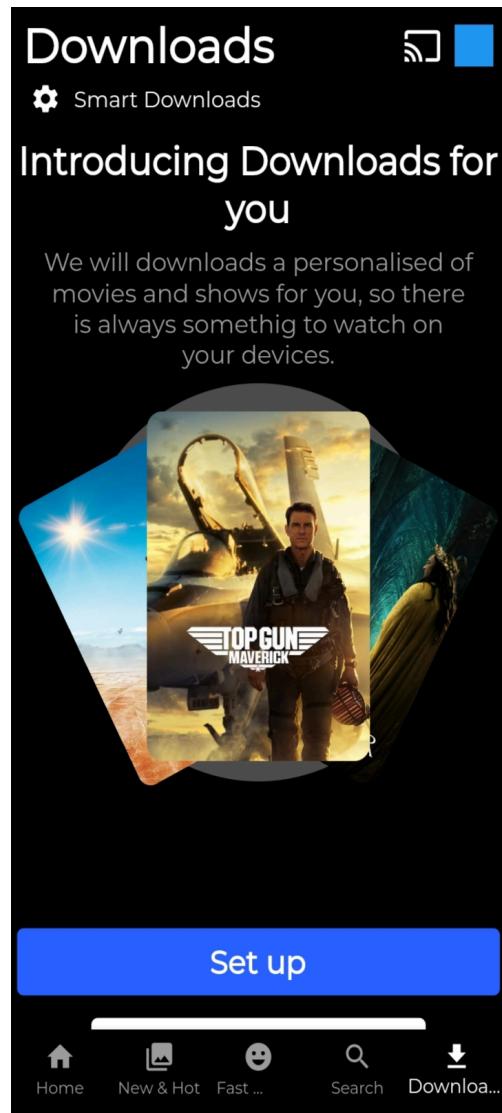
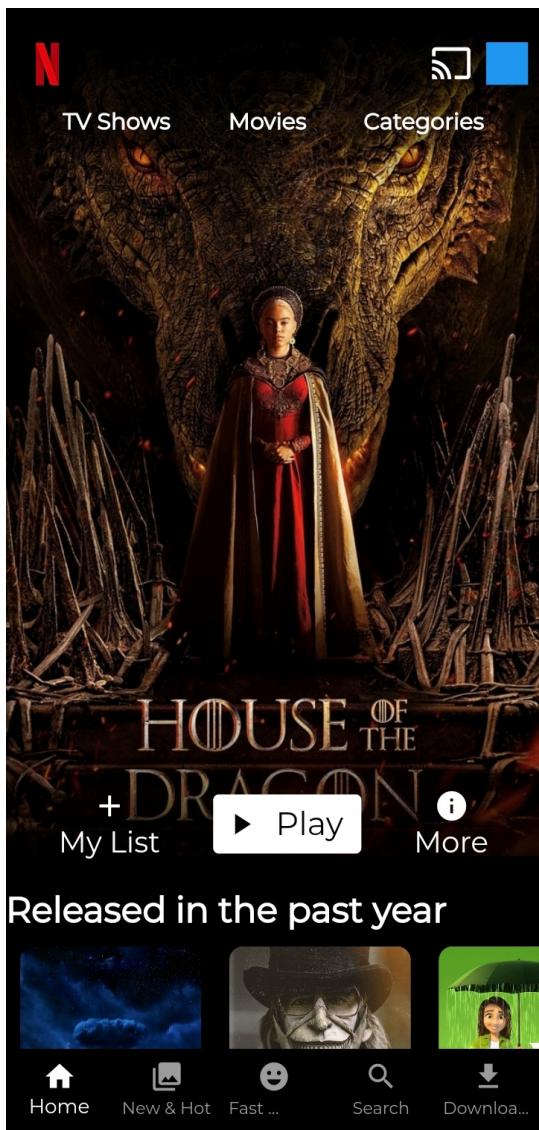
const mainScreenImage =
"https://www.themoviedb.org/t/p/w600\_and\_h900\_bestv2/z2yahI2uefxDCl0nogcRBstwruJ.jpg";

```

### Strings.dart:

```
const kBaseUrl = "https://api.themoviedb.org/3";
```

Output:



### **Conclusion:**

Icons, images, and fonts are essential components of a well-designed Flutter application. They contribute to a more polished and professional look, improving both aesthetics and user experience. By understanding how to include and manage these assets, developers can build visually appealing and highly functional Flutter applications.

## MPL EXPERIMENT NO: 4

**Name:** Mahi Jodhani

**Class:** D15A

**Roll No:** 21

### CODE:

#### main.dart:

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
```

```
void main() {  
  runApp(MyApp());  
}
```

```
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {  
  @override  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
    return MaterialApp(  
      debugShowCheckedModeBanner: false,  
      theme: ThemeData.dark(),  
      home: LoginScreen(),  
    );  
  }  
}
```

```
class LoginScreen extends StatelessWidget {  
  @override  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
    return Scaffold(  
      backgroundColor: Colors.black,  
      body: Padding(  
        padding: EdgeInsets.all(20),  
        child: Column(  
          mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,  
          crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.center,  
          children: [  
            Text(  
              "JioCinema",  
              style: TextStyle(  
                color: Color(0xFFFF1493),  
                fontSize: 28,  
                fontWeight: FontWeight.bold,  
              ),  
          ],  
        ),  
      ),  
    );  
  }  
}
```

```
),
SizedBox(height: 40),
_buildTextField(Icons.email, "Email"),
SizedBox(height: 20),
_buildTextField(Icons.lock, "Password", isPassword: true),
SizedBox(height: 30),
ElevatedButton(
 onPressed: () {},
style: ElevatedButton.styleFrom(
 backgroundColor: Color(0xFFFF1493),
 padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 100, vertical: 15),
),
child: Text(
 "Login",
 style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold),
),
),
SizedBox(height: 20),
TextButton(
 onPressed: () {
 Navigator.push(
 context,
 MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => SignUpScreen()),
);
},
child: Text(
 "Don't have an account? Sign Up",
 style: TextStyle(color: Color(0xFFFF1493)),
),
),
TextButton(
 onPressed: () {
 Navigator.push(
 context,
 MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => PhoneLoginScreen()),
);
},
child: Text(
 "Login with Mobile Number",
 style: TextStyle(color: Color(0xFFFF1493)),
),
),
],
),
```

```
        ),
    );
}
}
class SignUpScreen extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      backgroundColor: Colors.black,
      body: Padding(
        padding: EdgeInsets.all(20),
        child: Column(
          mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
          crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.center,
          children: [
            Text(
              "Create Account",
              style: TextStyle(
                color: Color(0xFFFF1493),
                fontSize: 28,
                fontWeight: FontWeight.bold,
              ),
            ),
            SizedBox(height: 40),
            _buildTextField(Icons.person, "Full Name"),
            SizedBox(height: 20),
            _buildTextField(Icons.email, "Email"),
            SizedBox(height: 20),
            _buildTextField(Icons.lock, "Password", isPassword: true),
            SizedBox(height: 30),
            ElevatedButton(
              onPressed: () {},
              style: ElevatedButton.styleFrom(
                backgroundColor: Color(0xFFFF1493),
                padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 90, vertical: 15),
              ),
              child: Text(
                "Sign Up",
                style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold),
              ),
            ),
            SizedBox(height: 20),
            TextButton(
              onPressed: () {
```

```
        Navigator.pop(context);
    },
    child: Text(
        "Already have an account? Login",
        style: TextStyle(color: Color(0xFFFF1493)),
    ),
),
],
),
),
),
);
}
}

class PhoneLoginScreen extends StatelessWidget {
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Scaffold(
backgroundColor: Colors.black,
body: Padding(
padding: EdgeInsets.all(20),
child: Column(
mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.center,
children: [
Text(
"Enter Mobile Number",
style: TextStyle(
color: Color(0xFFFF1493),
fontSize: 24,
fontWeight: FontWeight.bold,
),
),
),
SizedBox(height: 30),
_buildTextField(Icons.phone, "Phone Number"),
SizedBox(height: 20),
ElevatedButton(
 onPressed: () {
Navigator.push(
context,
MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => OtpScreen()),
);
},
),
style: ElevatedButton.styleFrom(
backgroundColor: Color(0xFFFF1493),

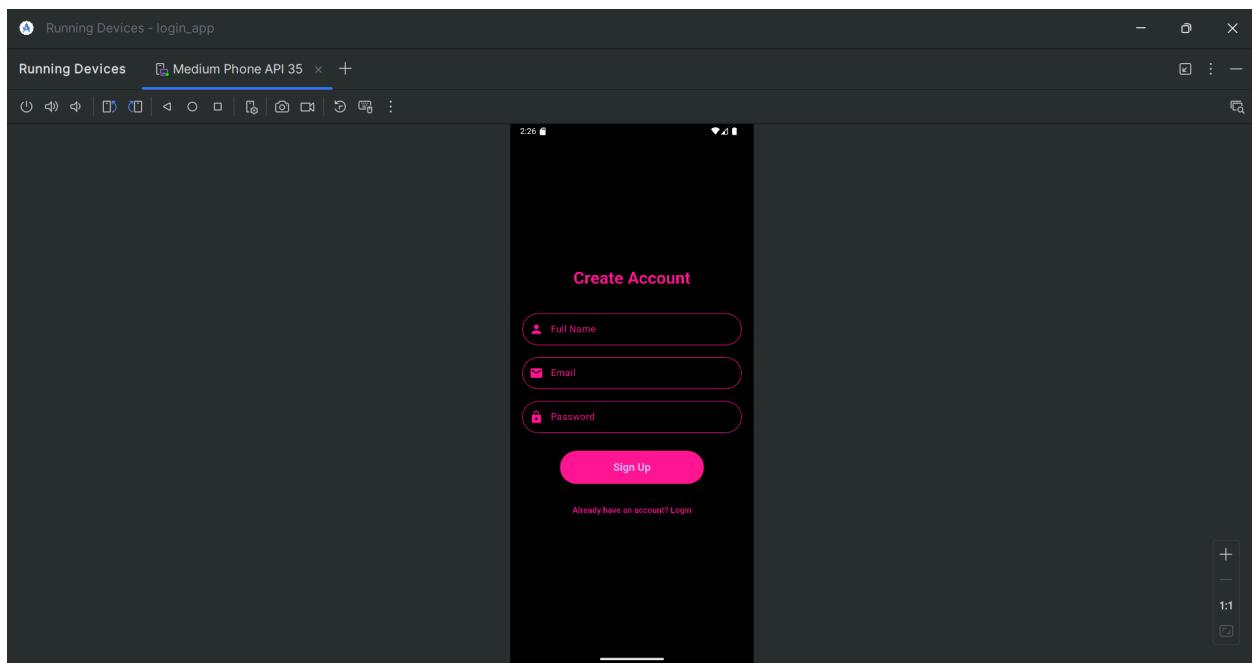
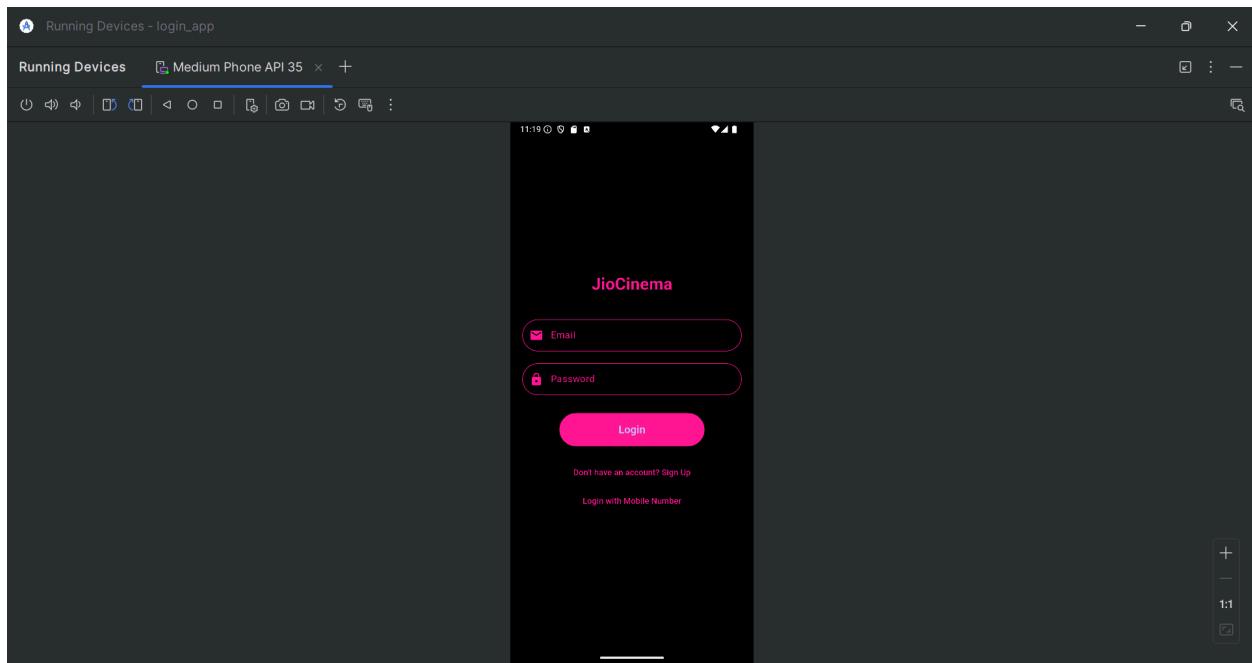
```

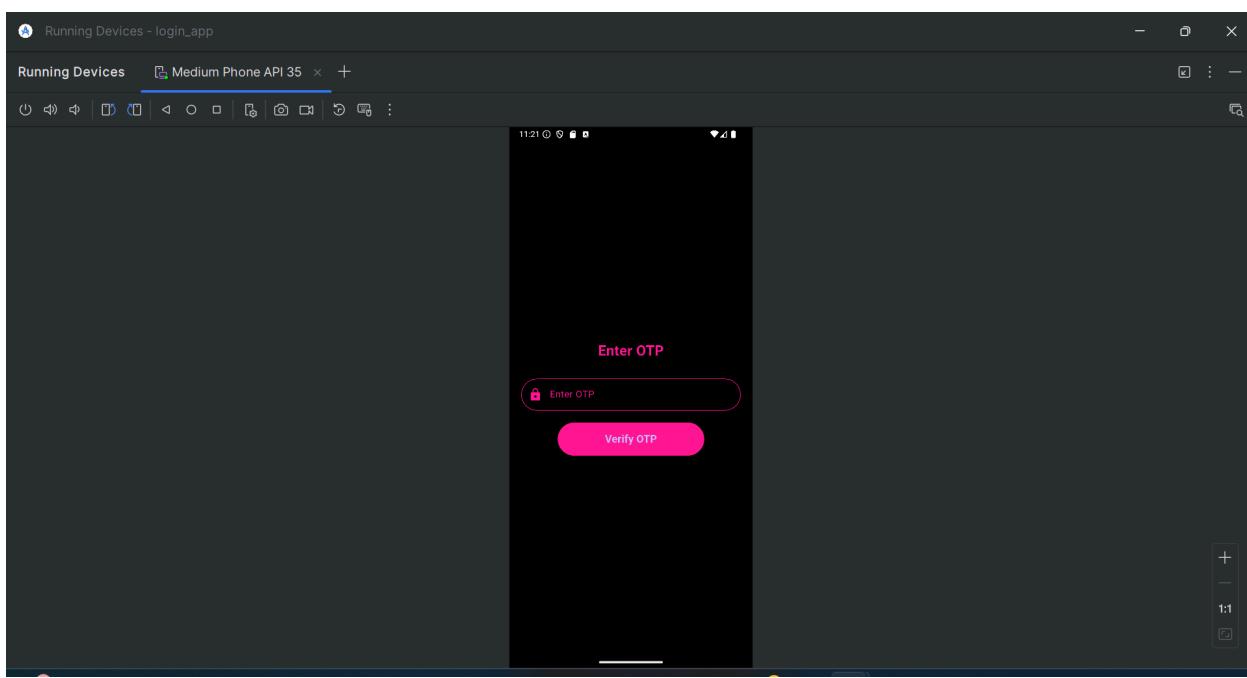
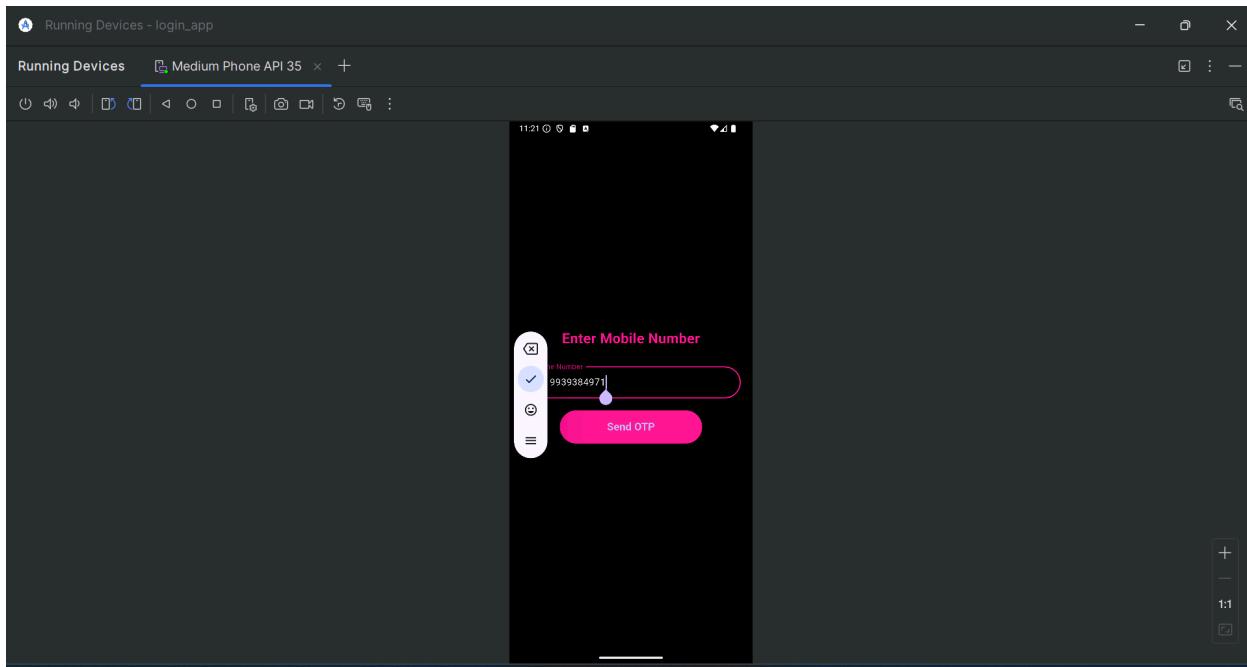
```
padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 80, vertical: 15),
),
child: Text(
"Send OTP",
style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold),
),
),
],
),
),
),
);
}
}
class OtpScreen extends StatelessWidget {
@Override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Scaffold(
backgroundColor: Colors.black,
body: Padding(
padding: EdgeInsets.all(20),
child: Column(
mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.center,
children: [
Text(
"Enter OTP",
style: TextStyle(
color: Color(0xFFFF1493),
fontSize: 24,
fontWeight: FontWeight.bold,
),
),
),
SizedBox(height: 30),
_buildTextField(Icons.lock, "Enter OTP"),
SizedBox(height: 20),
ElevatedButton(
 onPressed: () {},
style: ElevatedButton.styleFrom(
backgroundColor: Color(0xFFFF1493),
padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 80, vertical: 15),
),
child: Text(
"Verify OTP",
style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold),
)
```

```
        ),
        ),
        ],
        ),
        );
    );
}
}

Widget _buildTextField(IconData icon, String label, {bool isPassword = false}) {
    return TextField(
        obscureText: isPassword,
        style: TextStyle(color: Colors.white),
        decoration: InputDecoration(
            labelText: label,
            labelStyle: TextStyle(color: Color(0xFFFF1493)),
            enabledBorder: OutlineInputBorder(
                borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(30),
                borderSide: BorderSide(color: Color(0xFFFF1493)),
            ),
            focusedBorder: OutlineInputBorder(
                borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(30),
                borderSide: BorderSide(color: Color(0xFFFF1493), width: 2),
            ),
            prefixIcon: Icon(icon, color: Color(0xFFFF1493)),
            filled: true,
            fillColor: Colors.black,
            contentPadding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(vertical: 15, horizontal: 20),
        ),
    );
}
}
```

## OUTPUT:





## Experiment no: 5

**Aim:** To apply navigation, routing and gestures in Flutter App

**Theory:**

Introduction: Navigation, routing, and gestures are essential aspects of a Flutter application to ensure seamless interaction and smooth user experience. Navigation allows users to move between different screens, routing defines how screens are structured and managed, and gestures enable touch interactions like taps, swipes, and long presses. Implementing these functionalities properly enhances app usability and improves the overall flow of the application.

2. Objective: The primary objectives of this experiment are:

- To understand navigation and routing concepts in Flutter.
- To implement navigation between different screens using routes.
- To integrate gestures for better user interaction.

3. Importance of Navigation, Routing, and Gestures

Navigation enables users to switch between different screens or pages in an app. It ensures smooth transitions between different UI components, making the app interactive and user-friendly.

**Routing:** Routing defines the structure of app screens and their navigation paths. Flutter supports two main types of routing:

1. Basic Routing (Navigator Class) – Used for simple navigation between screens using push and pop methods.
2. Named Routing – Predefined routes that make navigation structured and manageable.

**Gestures:** Gestures allow users to interact with the app through touch-based inputs like tapping, swiping, dragging, and pinching. Flutter's GestureDetector widget helps in detecting and responding to these interactions effectively.

4. Navigation in Flutter: Flutter provides a built-in navigation system using the Navigator class. Navigation can be implemented using:

- Navigator.push() – Moves to a new screen.
- Navigator.pop() – Returns to the previous screen.
- Navigator.pushNamed() – Uses named routes for structured navigation.

5. Implementing Routing in Flutter

Flutter supports two routing mechanisms:

1. Direct Navigation – Using Navigator.push() for simple screen transitions.
2. Named Routes – Defined in the MaterialApp widget, allowing better organization and scalability.

Using named routes is beneficial for large applications with multiple screens, making navigation management more efficient.

## 6. Gesture Handling in Flutter

Flutter provides the GestureDetector widget to handle user interactions. Common gestures include:

- Tap Gesture – Used for button clicks or selecting UI elements.
- Swipe Gesture – Enables horizontal or vertical movement within the app.
- Long Press – Triggers additional actions on prolonged touch.
- Drag and Drop – Allows moving objects within the app.

Code:

### **Downloads\_bloc.dart:**

```
import 'dart:developer';
import 'package:bloc/bloc.dart';
import 'package:dartz/dartz.dart';
import 'package:injectable/injectable.dart';
import 'package:meta/meta.dart';
import 'package:freezed_annotation/freezed_annotation.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/downloads/i_downloads_repos.dart';
import '../domain/core/failures/main_failure.dart';
import '../domain/downloads/models/downloads.dart';
part 'downloads_event.dart';
part 'downloads_state.dart';
part 'downloads_bloc.freezed.dart';
@Injectable
class DownloadsBloc extends Bloc<DownloadsEvent, DownloadsState> {
    final IDownloadsRepo _downloadsRepo;
    DownloadsBloc(this._downloadsRepo) : super(DownloadsState.initial());
    on<_GetDownloadsImage>((event, emit) async {
        emit(
            state.copyWith(
                isLoading: true,
                downloadsFailureSucessOption: none(),
            ),
        );
    final Either<MainFailure, List<Downloads>> downloadsOption =
        await _downloadsRepo.getDownloadsImage();
    // log(downloadsOption.toString());
    emit(
        downloadsOption.fold(
            (failure) => state.copyWith(
                isLoading: false,
                downloadsFailureSucessOption: Some(
                    Left(failure),
            ),
        ),
    );
```

```

        ),
        (sucess) => state.copyWith(
            isLoading: false,
            downloads: sucess,
            downloadsFailureSucessOption: Some(
                Right(sucess),
            ),
        ),
    ),
),
);
);
);
);
);
);
}
}

```

### Description\_bloc.dart:

```

import 'dart:developer';
import 'package:bloc/bloc.dart';
import 'package:freezed_annotation/freezed_annotation.dart';
import 'package:injectable/injectable.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/description/description_service.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/description/model/description_resp/description_resp.dart';
import '../../domain/core/failures/main_failure.dart';
import '../../domain/new_and_hot/model/discover.dart';
part 'description_event.dart';
part 'description_state.dart';
part 'description_bloc.freezed.dart';

```

@injectable

```

class DescriptionBloc extends Bloc<DescriptionEvent, DescriptionState> {
    final DescriptionService _descriptionService;
    DescriptionBloc(this._descriptionService)
        : super(DescriptionState.initial()) {
        on<LoadDataMovie>((event, emit) async {
            emit(
                const DescriptionState(
                    title: '',
                    posterPath: '',
                    overview: '',
                    status: '',
                    relaseDate: '',
                    voteAverage: 0,
                    isLoading: true,
                    isError: false,
                ),
            );
        });
    }
}
```

```

final movies =
    await _descriptionService.getMovieDescription(id: event.id);
final result = movies.fold(
    (l) => const DescriptionState(
        title: '',
        posterPath: '',
        overview: '',
        status: '',
        releaseDate: '',
        voteAverage: 0,
        isLoading: true,
        isError: false,
    ),
    (r) => DescriptionState(
        title: r.title!,
        posterPath: r.posterPath!,
        overview: r.overview!,
        status: r.status!,
        releaseDate: r.releaseDate!,
        voteAverage: r.voteAverage!,
        isLoading: false,
        isError: false,
    ),
);
emit(result);
});
}
}

```

### **Fast\_laugh\_bloc.dart:**

```

import 'dart:developer';
import 'package:bloc/bloc.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:freezed_annotation/freezed_annotation.dart';
import 'package:injectable/injectable.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/core/failures/main_failure.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/downloads/i_downloads_repos.dart';
import '../../domain/downloads/models/downloads.dart';
part 'fast_laugh_event.dart';
part 'fast_laugh_state.dart';
part 'fast_laugh_bloc.freezed.dart';
final dummyVideoUrls = [

```

"<https://pagalstatus.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/10/Game-Of-Thrones-Dragon-Scene-Status-Video.mp4>

```
",  
"https://statuspaji.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Iron-Man-Full-Screen-Status-Video.mp4",  
"https://statusguide.com/anykreeg/2021/04/Naruto-vs-pain-amv-whatsapp-status.mp4",  
  
"https://gostatusguru.com/siteuploads/files/sfd25/12133/Stranger%20Things%20Whatsapp%20Status(Go  
StatusGuru.Com).mp4",  
  
"https://statusour.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Money-Heist-Whatsapp-Status-Video-Download-Full  
-Screen-4k-Status-9.mp4"  
];  
ValueNotifier<Set<int>> likedVideosIdNotifier = ValueNotifier({});  
@injectable  
class FastLaughBloc extends Bloc<FastLaughEvent, FastLaughState> {  
    FastLaughBloc(  
        IDownloadsRepo _downlodService,  
    ) : super(FastLaughState.initial()) {  
        on<Initialize>((event, emit) async {  
            emit(  
                // sending loading to ui  
                const FastLaughState(  
                    videosList: [],  
                    isLoading: true,  
                    isError: false,  
                );  
                // get trending movies  
                final _result = await _downlodService.getDownloadsImage();  
                // log(_result.toString());  
                final respon = _result.fold(  
                    (l) => FastLaughState(  
                        videosList: [],  
                        isError: true,  
                        isLoading: false,  
                    ),  
                    (r) => FastLaughState(  
                        videosList: r,  
                        isLoading: false,  
                        isError: false,  
                    ));  
                // send to ui  
                emit(respon);  
            );  
        on<LikeVideo>((event, emit) async {  
            likedVideosIdNotifier.value.add(event.id);  
            likedVideosIdNotifier.notifyListeners();  
        });  
    }  
}
```

```

    });
    on<UnlikeVideo>((event, emit) async {
      likedVideosIdNotifier.value.remove(event.id);
      likedVideosIdNotifier.notifyListeners();
    });
  }
}

```

### **Hot\_and\_new\_bloc.dart:**

```

import 'package:bloc/bloc.dart';
import 'package:freezed_annotation/freezed_annotation.dart';
import 'package:injectable/injectable.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/new_and_hot/hot_and_new_service.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/new_and_hot/model/discover.dart';
import '../domain/core/failures/main_failure.dart';
part 'hot_and_new_event.dart';
part 'hot_and_new_state.dart';
part 'hot_and_new_bloc.freezed.dart';
@injectable
class HotAndNewBloc extends Bloc<HotAndNewEvent, HotAndNewState> {
  final HotAndNewService _hotAndNewService;
  HotAndNewBloc(this._hotAndNewService) : super(HotAndNewState.initial()) {
    // get hot and new movie data
    on<LoadDataInComingSoon>((event, emit) async {
      // send loading to ui
      emit(const HotAndNewState(
        comingSoonList: [],
        everyOneIsWatchingList: [],
        isLoading: true,
        hasError: false));
      // get data from remote
      final _result = await _hotAndNewService.getHotAndNewMovieData();
      // data in state
      final newState = _result.fold((MainFailure f) {
        return const HotAndNewState(
          comingSoonList: [],
          everyOneIsWatchingList: [],
          isLoading: false,
          hasError: true);
      }, (HotAndNewDataResp resp) {
        return HotAndNewState(
          comingSoonList: resp.results,
          everyOneIsWatchingList: state.everyOneIsWatchingList,
          isLoading: false,
        );
      });
      emit(newState);
    });
  }
}

```

```

        hasError: false);
    });
    emit(newState);
});
// get hot and new tv data
on<LoadDataInEveryOnesWatching>((event, emit) async {
    emit(const HotAndNewState(
        comingSoonList: [],
        everyOneIsWatchingList: [],
        isLoading: true,
        hasError: false));
    // get data from remote
    final _result = await _hotAndNewService.getHotAndNewTvData();
    // data in state
    final newState = _result.fold((MainFailure f) {
        return const HotAndNewState(
            comingSoonList: [],
            everyOneIsWatchingList: [],
            isLoading: false,
            hasError: true);
    }, (HotAndNewDataResp resp) {
        return HotAndNewState(
            comingSoonList: state.comingSoonList,
            everyOneIsWatchingList: resp.results,
            isLoading: false,
            hasError: false);
    });
    emit(newState);
});
}
}

```

### **Search\_bloc.dart:**

```

import 'package:bloc/bloc.dart';
import 'package:freezed_annotation/freezed_annotation.dart';
import 'package:injectable/injectable.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/core/failures/main_failure.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/downloads/i_downloads_repos.dart';
import 'package:netflix_clone/domain/search/search_service.dart';

import '../../domain/downloads/models/downloads.dart';
import '../../domain/search/model/search_resp/search_resp.dart';

part 'search_event.dart';

```

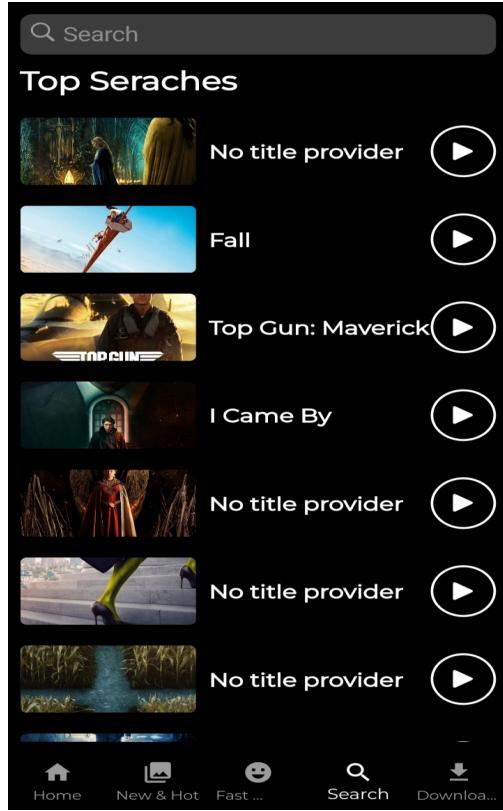
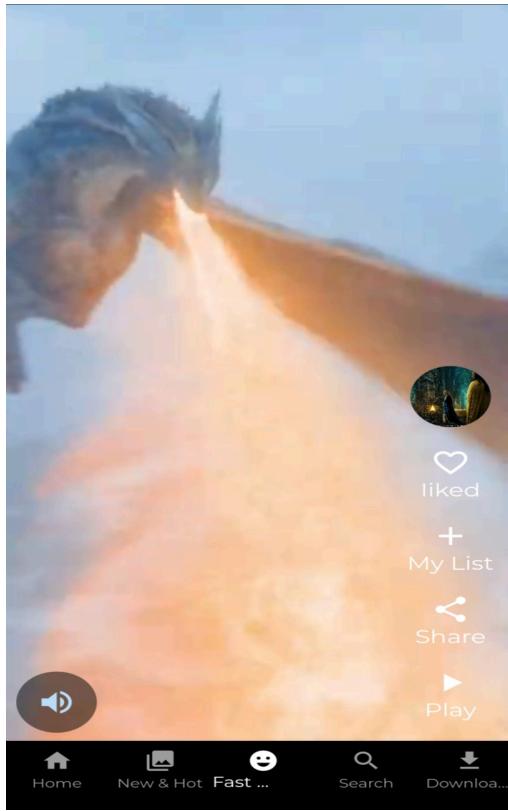
```
part 'search_state.dart';
part 'search_bloc.freezed.dart';

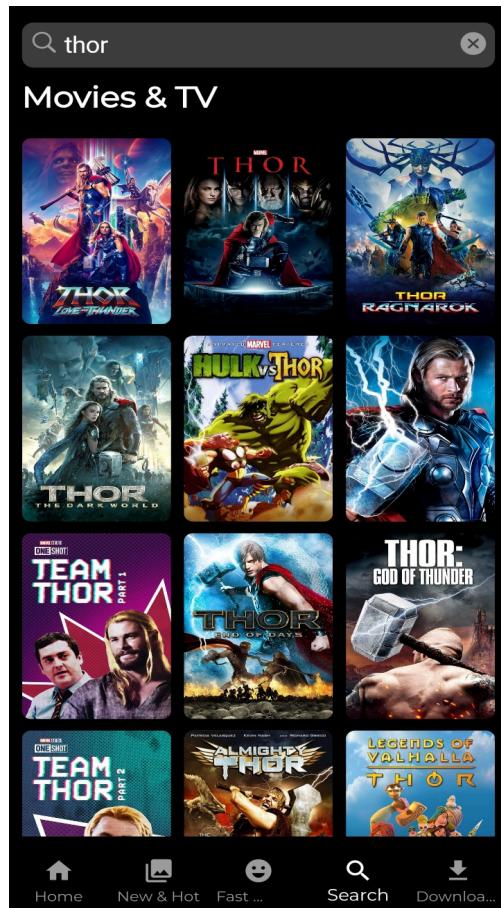
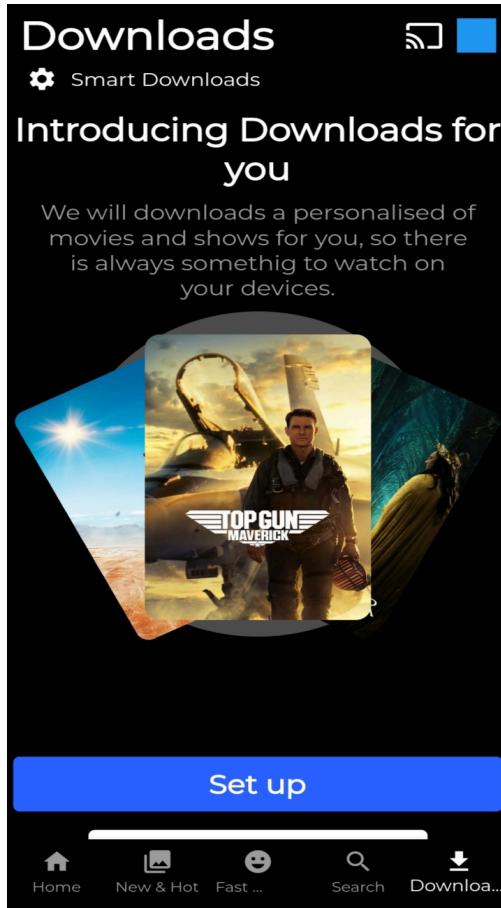
@Injectable
class SearchBloc extends Bloc<SearchEvent, SearchState> {
  final IDownloadsRepo _downloadsService;
  final SearchService _searchService;
  SearchBloc(this._searchService, this._downloadsService)
    : super(SearchState.initial()) {
    // idle state
    on<Initialize>((event, emit) async {
      if (state.idleList.isNotEmpty) {
        emit(SearchState(
          searchResultList: [],
          idleList: state.idleList,
          isLoading: false,
          isError: false,
        ));
      }
      return;
    })
    emit(
      const SearchState(
        searchResultList: [],
        idleList: [],
        isLoading: true,
        isError: false,
      ),
    );
  }
  // get trending
  final _result = await _downloadsService.getDownloadsImage();
  final _state = _result.fold((MainFailure f) {
    return const SearchState(
      searchResultList: [],
      idleList: [],
      isLoading: false,
      isError: true,
    );
  }, (List<Downloads> list) {
    return SearchState(
      searchResultList: [],
      idleList: list,
      isLoading: false,
      isError: false,
    );
  });
}
```

```
    });
    emit(_state);
    // show to ui
  });
  // serch result state
  on<SerachMovie>((event, emit) async {
    // call search movie api
    emit(
      const SearchState(
        searchResultList: [],
        ideleList: [],
        isLoading: true,
        isError: false,
      ),
    );
    final _result =
      await _searchService.searchMovies(movieQuery: event.movieQuery);
    final _state = _result.fold((MainFailure f) {
      return const SearchState(
        searchResultList: [],
        ideleList: [],
        isLoading: false,
        isError: true,
      );
    }, (SearchResp r) {
      return SearchState(
        searchResultList: r.results,
        ideleList: [],
        isLoading: false,
        isError: false,
      );
    });
    // show to ui
    emit(_state);
  });
}
```

## OUTPUT:







### Conclusion:

Navigation, routing, and gestures are fundamental in creating a dynamic and interactive Flutter application. Proper navigation ensures users can move seamlessly between screens, routing organizes app structure efficiently, and gestures provide a smooth and intuitive user experience. By implementing these features effectively, developers can create well-structured, responsive, and user-friendly Flutter applications.

## EXPERIMENT NO: - 06

Name:-Mahi Jodhani

Class:- D15A

Roll:No: - 21

**AIM:** - To connect Flutter UI with Firebase database.

### Theory: -

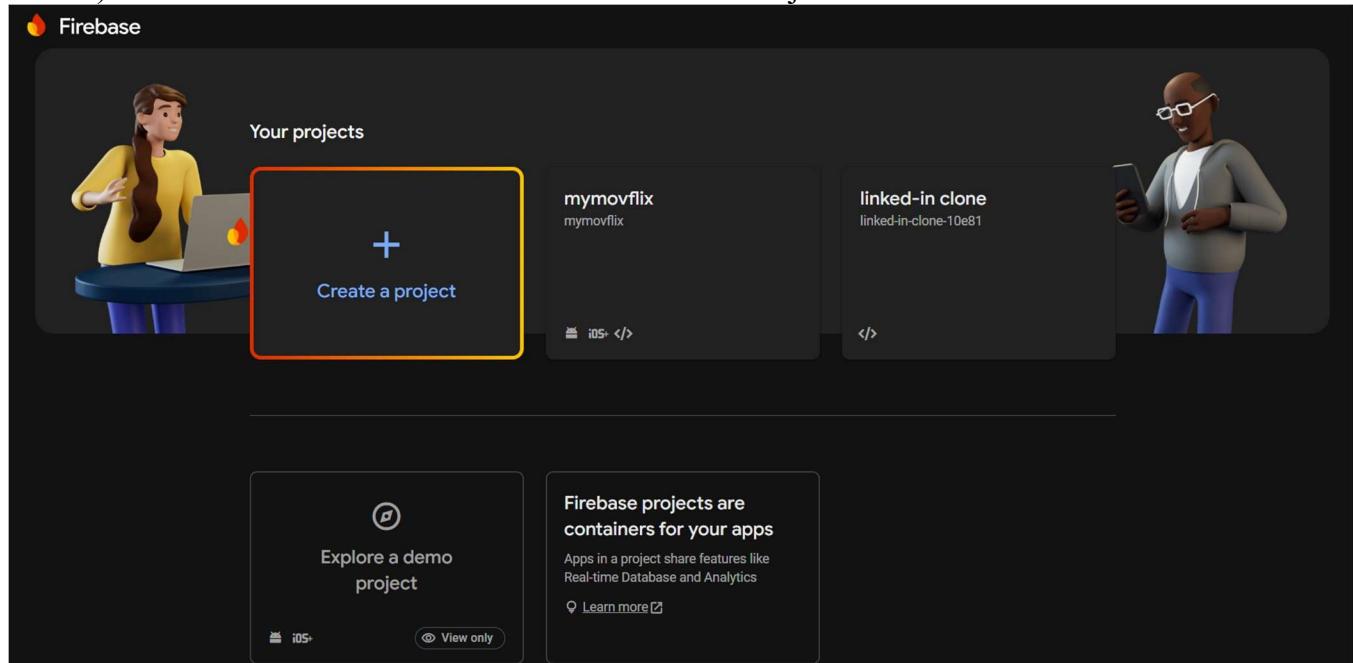
Flutter is an open-source UI toolkit developed by Google for building natively compiled applications for mobile, web, and desktop from a single codebase. Firebase, a Backend-as-a-Service (BaaS) platform, provides real-time database, authentication, and cloud storage services, making it a powerful backend solution for Flutter applications.

By integrating Firebase with Flutter, developers can store and retrieve data in real time, authenticate users, and manage cloud-based data efficiently. This is particularly useful for applications requiring dynamic content updates and user interactions.

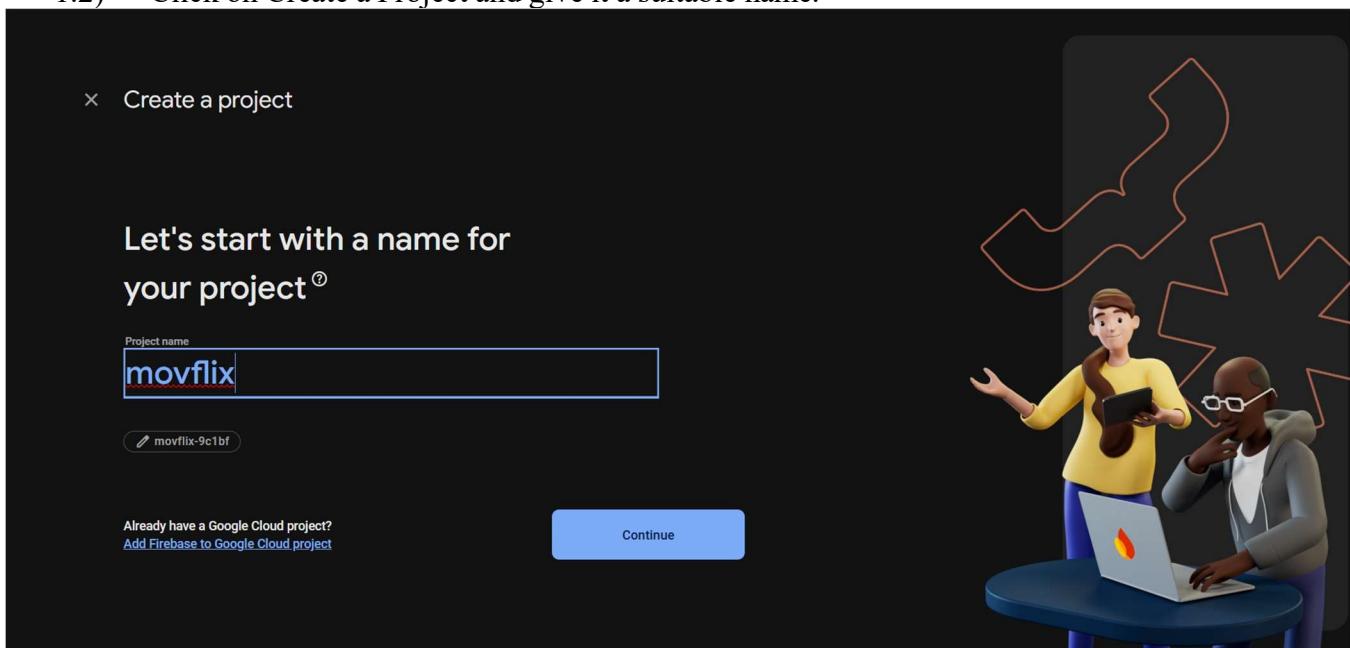
Steps to Connect Flutter UI with Firebase Database

### Step 1:

- 1.1) Go to Firebase Console and Create a Firebase Project

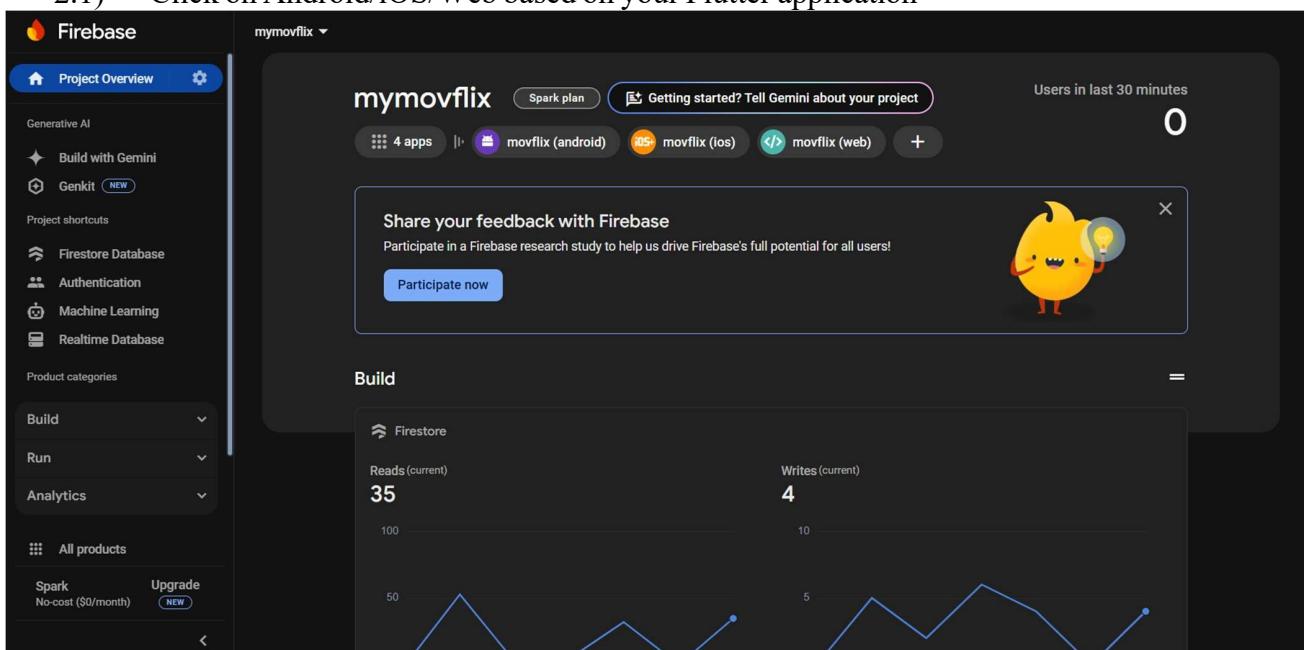


1.2) Click on Create a Project and give it a suitable name.



## Step 2:- Add Firebase to Your Flutter App

2.1) Click on Android/iOS/Web based on your Flutter application



### Step 3: - Add Firebase Authentication to Your App

#### 3.1) Add Firebase Authentication Dependencies

```
dependencies:  
  flutter:  
    sdk: flutter  
  firebase_core: ^3.11.0  
  firebase_auth: ^5.4.2 # For authentication  
  cloud_firestore: ^5.6.3 # For Firestore, if you need it  
  firebase_messaging: ^15.2.2  
  http: ^0.13.3  
  image_picker: ^1.0.4  
  tflite_flutter: ^0.11.0  
  image: ^3.2.0  
  url_launcher: ^6.1.14
```

#### 3.2) Enable Authentication in Firebase Console

Go to **Firebase Console → Authentication**.

Click on **Sign-in method** and enable **Email/Password** (or any other method like Google).

Click Save

The screenshot shows the Firebase Authentication screen for the project "mymovflix". On the left, there's a sidebar with various project settings like Generative AI, Build with Gemini, Genkit, Project shortcuts, Firestore Database, and Authentication (which is selected). The main area is titled "Authentication" and has tabs for "Users", "Sign-in method", "Templates", "Usage", "Settings", and "Extensions". A message at the top states: "The following Authentication features will stop working when Firebase Dynamic Links shuts down on August 25, 2025: email link authentication for mobile apps, as well as Cordova OAuth support for web apps." Below this is a search bar and a table of users. The table columns are Identifier, Providers, Created, Signed In, and User UID. The data in the table is as follows:

Identifier	Providers	Created	Signed In	User UID
ppol@gmaip.com	✉️	Feb 27, 2025	Feb 27, 2025	2YvQxSXKoBN0YJqXAUrVBAi...
qwerty@gmail.com	✉️	Feb 25, 2025	Feb 25, 2025	eeLptVgp5RoFoXc57qRJJf5A...
06sannidhi@gmail.com	✉️	Feb 24, 2025	Feb 24, 2025	BnIzkgsJhCgehXZWVJG2ob...
pranav.s.poli44@gmail...	✉️	Feb 21, 2025	Feb 27, 2025	BV8F3OPt2jRV20rq4tBy1pc0...

At the bottom, there are pagination controls for "Rows per page: 50" and "1 - 4 of 4".

- 3.3) Implement  
Authentication in  
Flutter Modify  
main.dart

```
import
'package:firebase_core/firebase_core.dar
t'; import
'package:firebase_auth/firebase_auth.dar
t';

void main() async
{
  WidgetsFlutterBinding.ensure
  Initialized();
  await
  Firebase.initializeApp();
  runApp(MyApp());
}
```

Step 4: -Configure Firebase Realtime Database

- 4.1) Go to Firebase Console → Realtime Database.
- 4.2) Click **Create Database** → Choose location → Set rules (for development, set read/write to true).
- 4.3) Click **Publish**.

Code:-

### Sign\_in\_page.dart

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:flutter/rendering.dart';
import
'package:cloud_firestore/cloud_firestore.dart';
import
'package:firebase_auth/firebase_auth.dart';

import 'sign_up_page.dart';
import
'package:movflix/screens/homescreen.dart';
import
'package:movflix/widgets/bottom_bar_nav.dart';

class SignInPage extends StatefulWidget
{
  @override
  _SignInPageState createState() =>
  _SignInPageState();
}

class _SignInPageState extends
State<SignInPage> {
  final FirebaseAuth _auth =
  FirebaseAuth.instance;
  final FirebaseFirestore _firestore =
  FirebaseFirestore.instance;
  final TextEditingController _emailController =
  TextEditingController();
  final TextEditingController
  _passwordController = TextEditingController();
  String _errorMessage = "";
  bool _isLoading = false;

  Future<void> _signIn() async
  {
    setState(() {
      _isLoading = true;
      _errorMessage = "";
    });

    try {
      // Firebase Authentication
      UserCredential userCredential = await
      _auth.signInWithEmailAndPassword(
        email: _emailController.text.trim(),
        password: _passwordController.text.trim(),
      );
    } catch (e) {
      Navigator.pushAndRemoveUntil( context,
        MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) =>
        HomeScreen()),
        (route) => false,
      );
      Navigator.of(context).pushReplacement( MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) =>
      const BottomNavBar()),
      );
    }
  }

  void _onAuthError(FirebaseAuthException e)
  {
    setState(() {
      _errorMessage = e.message ?? "Error
signing in";
      _isLoading = false;
    });
  }

  void _onAuthSuccess(User user)
  {
    Navigator.pushAndRemoveUntil( context,
      MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) =>
      HomeScreen()),
      (route) => false,
    );
  }
}
```

```
        mainAxisAlignment:  
    }  
  
    @override  
    Widget build(BuildContext context)  
    {  
        return Scaffold(  
            body: Container(  
                padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal:  
                    15, vertical: 15),  
                child:  
                    Column(  
                        children: [  
                            _headerWidget(),  
                            SizedBox(  
                                height: 10,  
                            ),  
                            _formWidget(),  
                        ],  
                    ),  
                ),  
            );  
    }  
  
    Widget _headerWidget()  
    {  
        return Row(  
            children:  
            [  
                InkWell(  
                    onTap: () {  
                        Navigator.pop(context);  
                    },  
                    child: Icon(Icons.arrow_back),  
                ),  
                SizedBox(  
                    width: 10,  
                ),  
                Container(  
                    height: 40,  
                    child: Image.asset('assets/logo.png'),  
                )  
            ],  
        );  
    }  
  
    Widget _formWidget()  
    {  
        return  
            Expanded(  
                child:  
                    Column(  
                        children:  
                        [
```

```
MainAxisAlignment.center,
      children: [
        Container(
          padding: EdgeInsets.all(5),
          decoration: BoxDecoration(
            color: Colors.grey[800],
            borderRadius: BorderRadius.all(
              Radius.circular(5),
            ),
          ),
        ),
        child: TextFormField(
          controller: _emailController,
          decoration: InputDecoration(
            labelStyle: TextStyle(fontSize: 14, color: Colors.white),
            border: InputBorder.none,
            labelText: "Email or phone number",
          ),
        ),
        SizedBox(height: 10),
      ],
    ),
    Container(
      padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 8),
      decoration: BoxDecoration(
        color: Colors.grey[800],
        borderRadius: BorderRadius.all(
          Radius.circular(5),
        ),
      ),
      child: TextFormField(
        controller: _passwordController,
        obscureText: true,
```

```

InkWell(
  onTap: _isLoading ? null : _signIn,
  child: Container(
    alignment: Alignment.center,
    padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(vertical: 15),
    width: double.infinity,
    decoration: BoxDecoration(
      color: _isLoading ? Colors.grey : Colors.transparent,
      border: Border.all(
        color: Colors.grey[600] ??
          Colors.grey, width: 2),
    ),
    child: _isLoading
      ? CircularProgressIndicator(color:
        Colors.white)
      : Text("Sign In"),
  ),
  if(_errorMessage.isNotEmpty)
    Padding(
      padding: const EdgeInsets.all(8.0),
      child: Text(
        _errorMessage,
        style: TextStyle(color: Colors.red),
      ),
    ),
  SizedBox( height
    t: 15,
  ),
  Text("Need Help?"),
  SizedBox(
    height: 15,
  ),
  GestureDetector( onTa
    p: () {
      Navigator.push(
        context,
        MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context)
          => SignUpPage()),
      );
    },
    child: Text(
      "New to Netflix? Sign up now.",
      style: TextStyle(fontWeight:
        FontWeight.bold, color: Colors.blue),
    ),
  ),
  SizedBox( height
    t: 20,
  ),
  Text(
    "Sign-in is protected by Google
    reCAPTCHA to ensure you're not a bot. Learn
    more.", style:
    TextStyle( font
      Size: 12,
    ),
    textAlign: TextAlign.center,
  )
],
),
);
}
}

```

## Sign\_up\_page.dart

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:flutter/rendering.dart';
import
'package:movflix/widgets/header_widget.da
rt';
import 'sign_in_page.dart';
import
'package:movflix/screens/homescreen.dart';
import
'package:movflix/widgets/bottom_bar_nav.d
art';
import
'package:firebase_auth/firebase_auth.dart';
import
'package:cloud_firestore/cloud_firestore.dart
';

class SignUpPage extends StatefulWidget
{
  @override
  _SignUpPageState createState() =>
  _SignUpPageState();
}

class _SignUpPageState extends
State<SignUpPage> {
  final FirebaseAuth _auth =
  FirebaseAuth.instance;
  final FirebaseFirestore _firestore =
  FirebaseFirestore.instance;
  final TextEditingController
  _emailController = TextEditingController();
  final TextEditingController
  _passwordController =
  TextEditingController();
  bool _isCheck = false;
  String _errorMessage = "";
  bool _isLoading = false;

  Future<void> _signUp() async
  {
    setState(() {
      _isLoading = true;
      _errorMessage = "";
    });

    try {
      // Check if the user already exists in
      Firestore
```

```
var existingUser = await _firestore
  .collection('users')
    .where('email', isEqualTo:
  _emailController.text.trim())
  .get();

if(existingUser.docs.isNotEmpty)
  {
    setState(() {
      _errorMessage = "User already exists.
Please log in.";
      _isLoading = false;
    });
    return;
  }

// Create user in Firebase Authentication
UserCredential userCredential = await
_auth.createUserWithEmailAndPassword( email
: _emailController.text.trim(), password:
  _passwordController.text.trim(),
);

// Store user details in Firestore
await
firestore.collection('users').doc(userCredential.
user!.uid).set({
  'email': _emailController.text.trim(),
  'password': _passwordController.text.trim(),
  'createdAt': FieldValue.serverTimestamp(),
});

// Navigate to Home Page
Navigator.pushAndRemoveUntil( context
t,
  MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) =>
HomeScreen()),
  (route) => false,
);

Navigator.of(context).pushReplacement( Materia
lPageRoute(builder: (context) =>
const BottomNavBar(),
);

} on FirebaseAuthException catch (e)
  {
    setState(() {
      _errorMessage = e.message ?? "Error
signing up";
    });
  }
```

```
        } finally
        {
            setState(() {
            });
            _isLoading = false;
        }
    }

@Override
Widget build(BuildContext context)
{
    return Scaffold(
        body:
        Container(
            margin:
            EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 15,
            vertical: 10),
            child:
            Column(
                children:
                [
                    HeaderWidget(),
                    _formWidget(),
                ],
            ),
        ),
    );
}

Widget _formWidget()
{
    return
    Expanded(
        child:
        Column(
            mainAxisAlignment:
            MainAxisAlignment.start,
            children:
            [
                SizedBox(height:
                19), Text(
                    "Sign up to start
                    your\nmembership.",
                    style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18,
                    fontWeight: FontWeight.bold, color:
                    Colors.white),
                ),
                SizedBox(height: 10),
                Text(
                    "Create your account",
                    style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18,
                    fontWeight: FontWeight.bold),
                ),
                SizedBox(height: 10),
                Container(
                    padding:
```

```
labelText:  
        "Email",  
        border:  
        InputBorder.  
        none,  
        labelStyle:  
        TextStyle(fontSize: 14, color:  
        Colors.white),  
        ),  
        ),  
        ),  
        SizedBo  
        x(height:  
        10),  
        Containe  
        r(  
        padding:  
        EdgeInsets.symmetric(h  
        orizontal: 8),  
        decoration:  
        BoxDecoration  
        on( color:  
        Colors.grey[8  
        00],  
        borderRadius:  
        BorderRadius.all(Radius.circular(5)),  
        ),  
        child: TextFormField(  
        controller:  
        _passwordControll  
        er, obscureText:  
        true,  
        decoration:  
        InputDecoration  
        on( labelText:  
        "Password",  
        border:  
        InputBorder.n  
        one,  
        labelStyle:  
        TextStyle(fontSize: 14, color:  
        Colors.white),  
        ),  
        ),  
        ),  
        SizedBo  
        x(height:  
        15),  
        Row(  
        c  
        h
```

```

SizedBox(height: 15),
InkWell(
  onTap: _signUp,
  child: Container(
    alignment: Alignment.center,
    padding:
      EdgeInsets.symmetric(vertical: 15),
    width: double.infinity,
    decoration:
      BoxDecoration( color:
        Colors.transparent, border:
        Border.all(color:
          Colors.grey[600] ?? Colors.grey, width: 2),
      ),
    child: _isLoading
      ? CircularProgressIndicator()
      : Text("Sign Up"),
  ),
),
if(_errorMessage.isNotEmpty)
Padding(
  padding: const EdgeInsets.all(8.0),
  child: Text(_errorMessage, style:
TextStyle(color: Colors.red)),
),
SizedBox(height: 15),
GestureDetector( onTap:
() {
  Navigator.push(context,
MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context)=>
SignInPage()));
},
child: Text(
  "Already have an account? Sign
in.", style: TextStyle(fontWeight:
FontWeight.bold, color: Colors.blue),
),
),
),
],
),
);
}
}

```

## Main.dart

```

import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import
'package:movflix/widgets/custom_theme.dart';

import
'package:firebase_core/firebase_core.dart';
import 'firebase_options.dart';
import 'screens/splash_screen.dart';

void main()
async { WidgetsFlutterBinding.ensureInitialize
d(); await Firebase.initializeApp(
  options:
DefaultFirebaseOptions.currentPlatform,
);
runApp(const MyApp());
}

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget
{ const MyApp({super.key});

// This widget is the root of your application.
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context)
{ return MaterialApp(
  title: 'MovFlix',
  theme: darkTheme,
  debugShowCheckedModeBanner: false,
  home: SplashScreen(),
);
}
}

```

**Firebase**

mymovflix

## Cloud Firestore

Add database Ask Gemini how to get started with Firestore

Data Rules Indexes Disaster Recovery (NEW) Usage Extensions

Protect your Cloud Firestore resources from abuse, such as billing fraud or phishing Configure App Check X

Panel view Query builder ::

users > 2YvQxSXKoBN0JqXAUrvBAio7x93

(default) users 2YvQxSXKoBN0JqXAUrvBAio7x93

+ Start collection + Add document + Start collection

+ Add field

movie\_recommendations

users >

2YvQxSXKoBN0JqXAUrvBAio7x93 >

BV8F30P12jRV20rq4tBy11pc0nH3

BnIIZkgSoJhCgehXZWJG2objxE3

eeLpItVgp5RoFoXc57qRJJf5AQE2

createdAt: February 27, 2025 at 1:01:03 AM UTC+5:30

email: "ppol@gmail.com"

lastLogin: February 27, 2025 at 11:20:47 AM UTC+5:30

password: "Pranav"

This screenshot shows the Cloud Firestore interface for a project named 'mymovflix'. The left sidebar includes options for Project Overview, Generative AI, Build with Gemini, Genkit, Project shortcuts, and the selected 'Firestore Database' tab. The main area displays a hierarchical view of a 'users' collection, with a specific document '2YvQxSXKoBN0JqXAUrvBAio7x93' expanded. This document contains nested collections 'movie\_recommendations' and 'users', and fields like 'createdAt', 'email', 'lastLogin', and 'password'. A 'More in Google Cloud' button is also present.

**Firebase**

mymovflix

## Realtime Database

Need help with Realtime Database? Ask Gemini

Data Rules Backups Usage Extensions

Protect your Realtime Database resources from abuse, such as billing fraud or phishing Configure App Check X

https://mymovflix-default-rtbd.firebaseio.com > messages > -OJt1857\_x6uhF... > -OJt19VINQPNQ

! Your security rules are not secure. Any authenticated user can steal, modify, or delete data in your database. Learn more Dismiss

-OJt19VINQPNQ180cLcC +

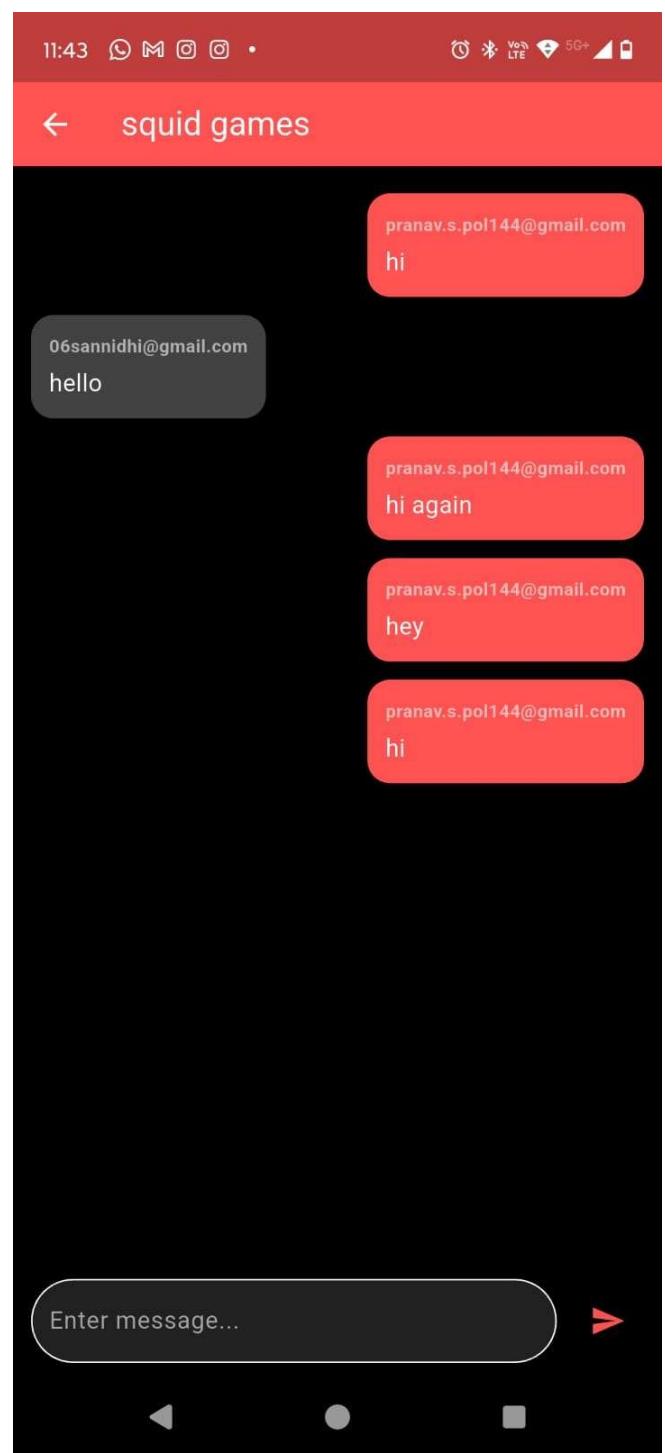
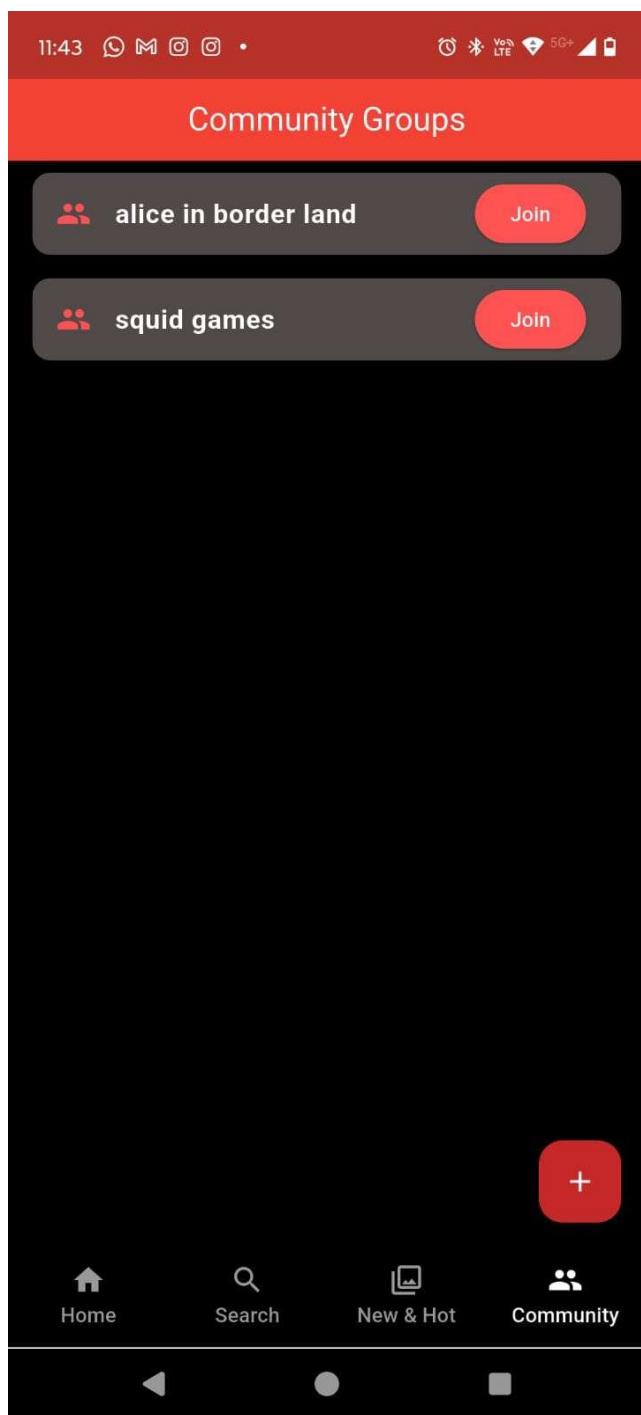
message: "hi"

sender: "pranav.s.pol144@gmail.com"

timestamp: "2025-02-24T23:07:03.537993"

Database location: United States (us-central1)

This screenshot shows the Realtime Database interface for the same project. The left sidebar includes options for Project Overview, Generative AI, Build with Gemini, Genkit, Project shortcuts, and the selected 'Realtime Database' tab. The main area shows a single message node with fields 'message', 'sender', and 'timestamp'. A warning message at the top states 'Your security rules are not secure. Any authenticated user can steal, modify, or delete data in your database.' with links to learn more or dismiss. The database location is listed as 'United States (us-central1)'.



## Experiment No. 7

**Aim:** To write meta data of your Ecommerce PWA in a Web app manifest file to enable “add to homescreen feature”.

### Theory:

- **Regular Web App**

A regular web app is a website that is designed to be accessible on all mobile devices such that the content gets fit as per the device screen. It is designed using a web technology stack (HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Ruby, etc.) and operates via a browser. They offer various native-device features and functionalities. However, it entirely depends on the browser the user is using. In other words, it might be possible that you can access a native-device feature on Chrome but not on Safari or Mozilla Firefox because the browsers are incompatible with that feature.

- **Progressive Web App**

Progressive Web App (PWA) is a regular web app, but some extras enable it to deliver an excellent user experience. It is a perfect blend of desktop and mobile application experience to give both platforms to the end-users.

- **Difference between PWAs vs. Regular Web Apps:**

**1. Native Experience:** Though a PWA runs on web technologies (HTML, CSS, JavaScript) like a Regular web app, it gives user experience like a native mobile application. It can use most native device features, including push notifications, without relying on the browser or any other entity. It offers a seamless and integrated user experience that it is quite tough for one to differentiate between a PWA and a Native application by considering its look and feel.

**2. Ease of Access:** Unlike other mobile apps, PWAs do not demand longer download time and make memory space available for installing the applications. The PWAs can be shared and installed by a link, which cuts down the number of steps to install and use. These applications can easily keep an app icon on the user's home screen, making the app easily accessible to the users and helps the brands remain in the users' minds, and improving the chances of interaction.

**3. Faster Services:** PWAs can cache the data and serve the user with text stylesheets, images, and other web content even before the page loads completely. This lowers the waiting time for the end-users and helps the brands improve the user engagement and retention rate, which eventually adds value to their business.

**4. Engaging Approach:** As already shared, the PWAs can employ push notifications and other native device features more efficiently. Their interaction does not depend on the browser user uses. This eventually improves the chances of notifying the user regarding your services, offers, and other options related to your brand and keeping them hooked to your brand. In simpler words, PWAs let you maintain the user engagement and retention rate.

**5. Updated Real:** Time Data Access: Another plus point of PWAs is that these apps get updated on their own. They do not demand the end-users to go to the App Store or other such platforms to download the update and wait until installed.

**6. Discoverable:** PWAs reside in web browsers. This implies higher chances of optimizing them as per the Search Engine Optimization (SEO) criteria and improving the Google rankings like that in websites and other web apps.

**7. Lower Development Cost:** Progressive web apps can be installed on the user device like a native device, but it does not demand submission on an App Store. This makes it far more cost-effective than native mobile applications while offering the same set of functionalities.

- **The main features are:**

1. Progressive — They work for every user, regardless of the browser chosen because they are built at the base with progressive improvement principles.
2. Responsive — They adapt to the various screen sizes: desktop, mobile, tablet, or dimensions that can later become available.
3. Updated — Information is always up-to-date thanks to the data update process offered by service workers.
4. Secure — Exposed over HTTPS protocol to prevent the connection from displaying information or altering the contents.
5. Searchable — They are identified as “applications” and are indexed by search engines.
6. Reactivable — Make it easy to reactivate the application thanks to capabilities such as web notifications.
7. Installable — They allow the user to “save” the apps that he considers most useful with the corresponding icon on the screen of his mobile terminal (home screen) without having to face all the steps and problems related to the use of the app store.
8. Linkable — Easily shared via URL without complex installations.
9. Offline — Once more it is about putting the user before everything, avoiding the usual error message in case of weak or no connection. The PWA are based on two particularities: first of all the ‘skeleton’ of the app, which recalls the page structure, even if its contents do not respond and its elements include the header, the page layout, as well as an illustration that signals that the page is loading.

**Code:****1. Manifest.json**

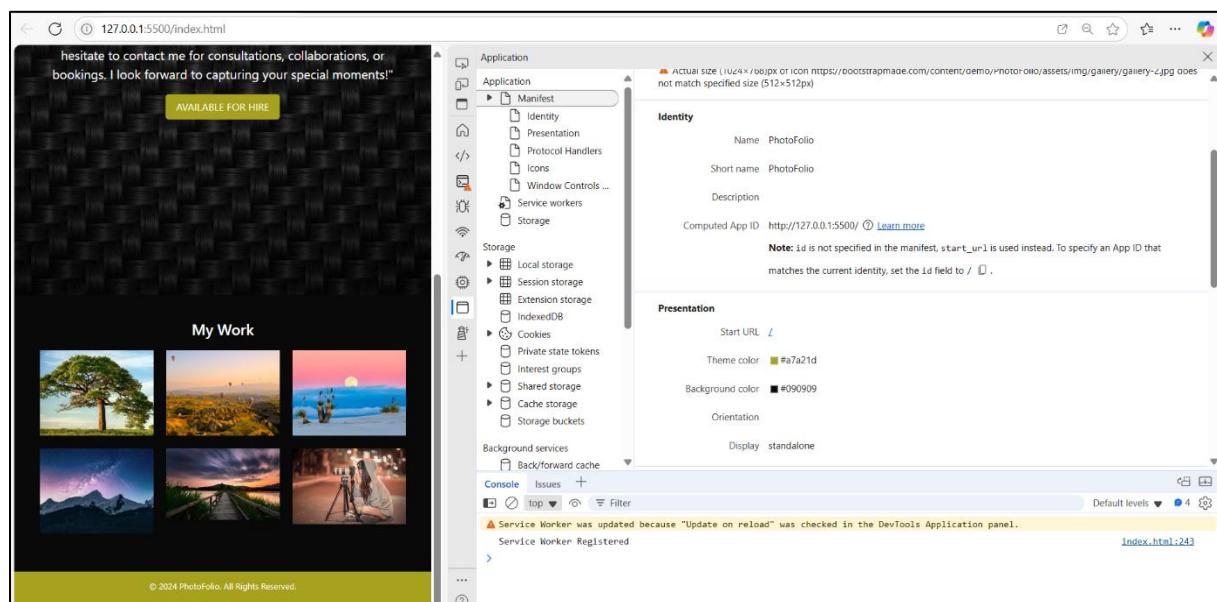
```
{  
  "name": "PhotoFolio",  
  "short_name": "PhotoFolio",  
  "start_url": "/",  
  "display": "standalone",  
  "background_color": "#090909",  
  "theme_color": "#a7a21d",  
  "icons": [  
    {  
      "src":  
        "https://bootstrapmade.com/content/demo/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery-1.jpg",  
      "sizes": "192x192",  
      "type": "image/png"  
    },  
    {  
      "src":  
        "https://bootstrapmade.com/content/demo/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery-2.jpg",  
      "sizes": "512x512",  
      "type": "image/png"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

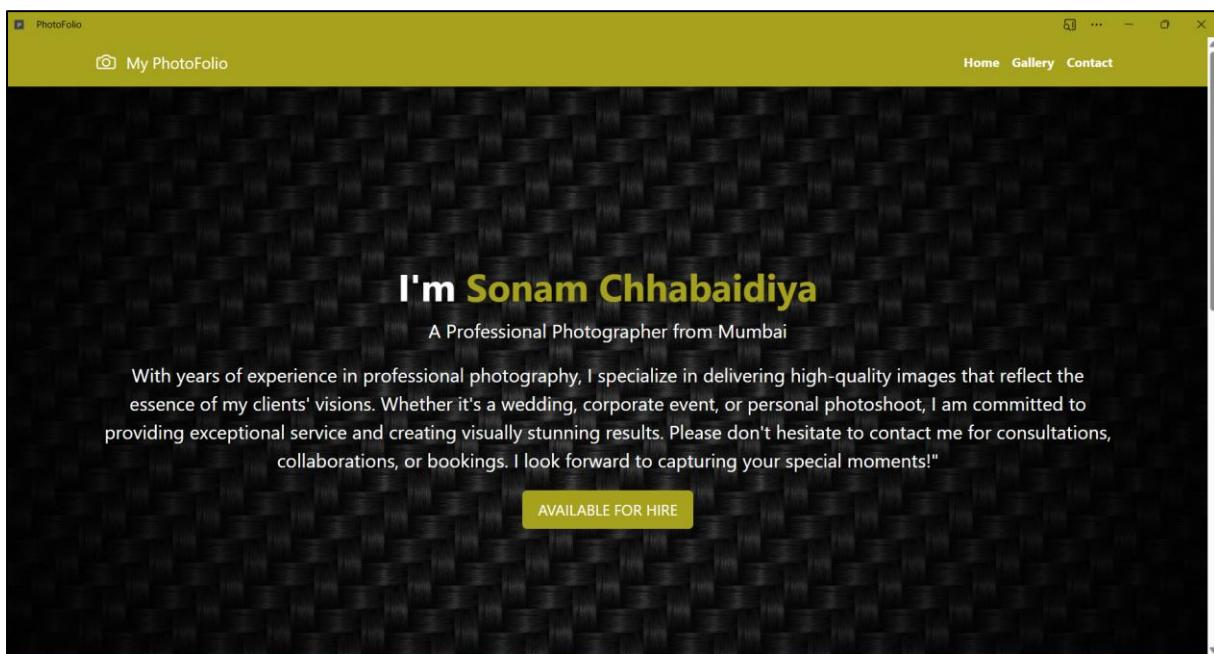
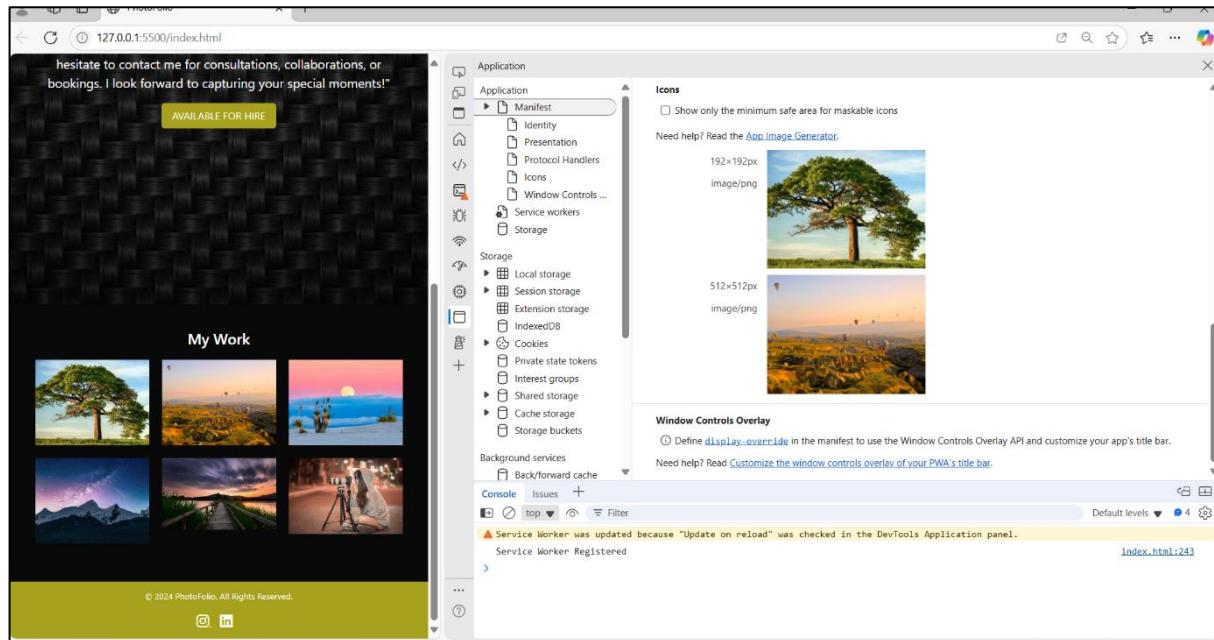
## 2. Service-worker.js

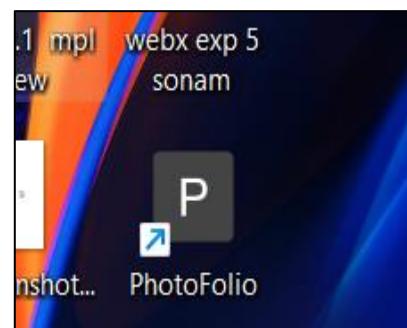
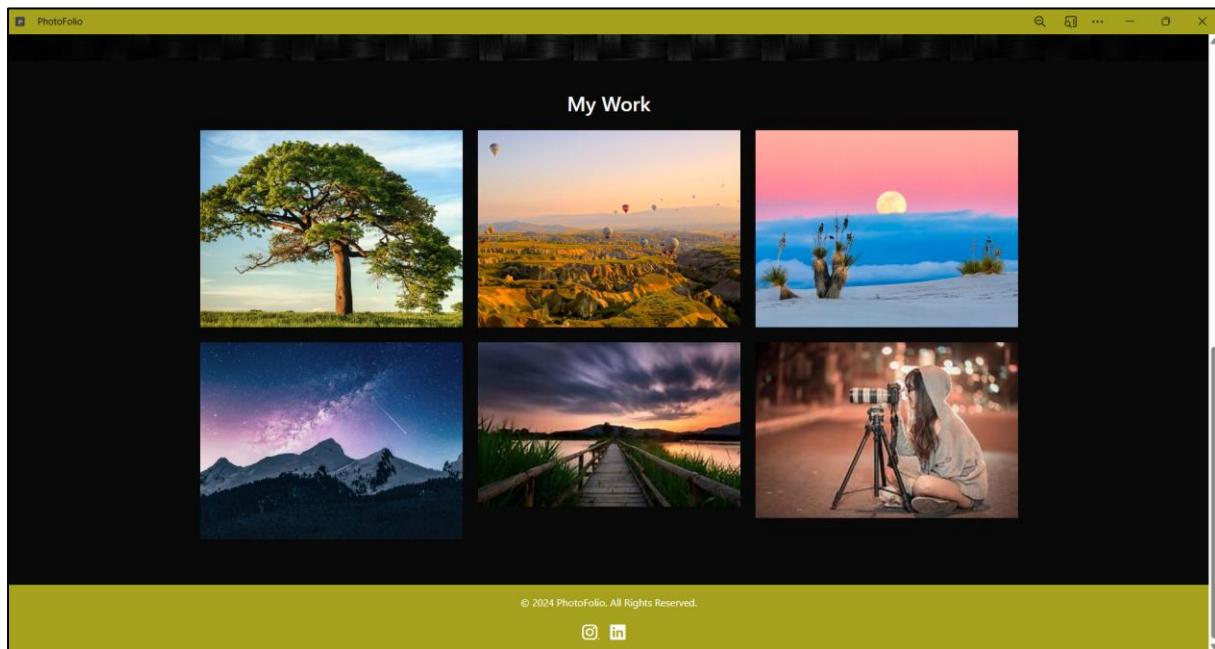
```
self.addEventListener("install", (event) => {
  event.waitUntil(
    caches.open("static").then((cache) => {
      return cache.addAll(["/", "/index.html", "/styles.css"]);
    })
  );
});

self.addEventListener("fetch", (event) => {
  event.respondWith(
    caches.match(event.request).then((response) => {
      return response || fetch(event.request);
    })
  );
})
```

### Output:







## Experiment No. 8

**Aim:** To code and register a service worker, and complete the install and activation process for a new service worker for the E-commerce PWA.

### **Theory:**

#### **Service Worker**

Service Worker is a script that works on browser background without user interaction independently. Also, It resembles a proxy that works on the user side. With this script, you can track network traffic of the page, manage push notifications and develop “offline first” web applications with Cache API.

Things to note about Service Worker:

- A service worker is a programmable network proxy that lets you control how network requests from your page are handled.
- Service workers only run over HTTPS. Because service workers can intercept network requests and modify responses, "man-in-the-middle" attacks could be very bad.
- The service worker becomes idle when not in use and restarts when it's next needed. You cannot rely on a global state persisting between events. If there is information that you need to persist and reuse across restarts, you can use IndexedDB databases.

#### **What can we do with Service Workers?**

- You can dominate **Network Traffic**

You can manage all network traffic of the page and do any manipulations. For example, when the page requests a CSS file, you can send plain text as a response or when the page requests an HTML file, you can send a png file as a response. You can also send a true response too.

- You can **Cache**

You can cache any request/response pair with Service Worker and Cache API and you can access these offline content anytime.

- You can manage **Push Notifications**

You can manage push notifications with Service Worker and show any information message to the user.

- You can **Continue**

Although Internet connection is broken, you can start any process with Background Sync of Service Worker.

#### **What can't we do with Service Workers?**

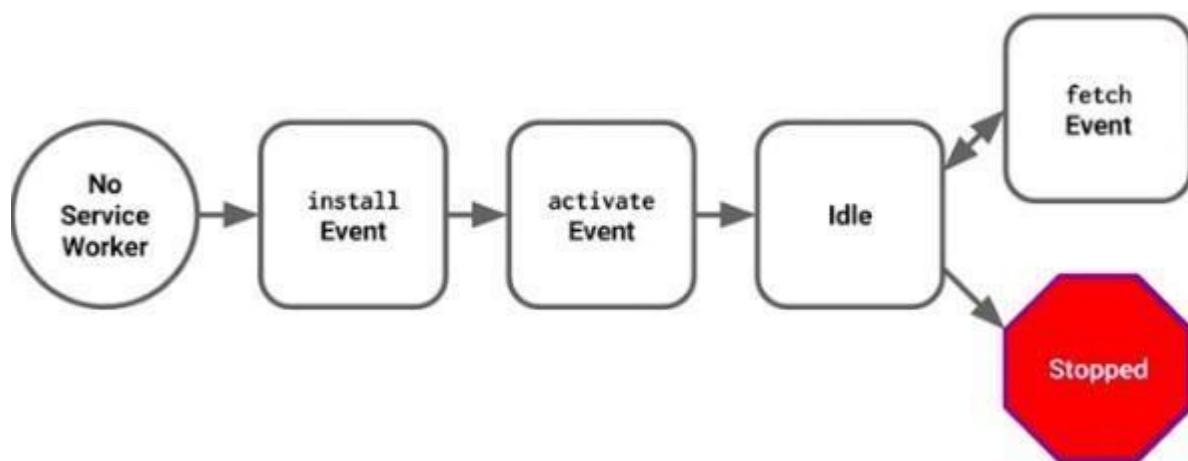
- You can't access the **Window**

You can't access the window, therefore, You can't manipulate DOM elements. But, you can communicate to the window through post Message and manage processes that you want.

- You can't work it on **80 Port**

Service Worker just can work on HTTPS protocol. But you can work on localhost during development.

### Service Worker Cycle



A service worker goes through three steps in its life cycle:

- Registration
- Installation
- Activation

### Registration

To install a service worker, you need to register it in your main JavaScript code. Registration tells the browser where your service worker is located, and to start installing it in the background. Let's look at an example:

main.js

```
if ('serviceWorker' in navigator) { navigator.serviceWorker.register('/service-worker.js')
.then(function(registration) {
  console.log('Registration successful, scope is:', registration.scope);
})
.catch(function(error) {
  console.log('Service worker registration failed, error:', error);
});}
```

This code starts by checking for browser support by examining `navigator.serviceWorker`. The service worker is then registered with `navigator.serviceWorker.register`, which returns a promise that resolves when the service worker has been successfully registered. The scope of the service worker is then logged with `registration.scope`. If the service worker is already installed, `navigator.serviceWorker.register` returns the registration object of the currently active service worker.

The scope of the service worker determines which files the service worker controls, in other words, from which path the service worker will intercept requests. The default scope is the location of the service worker file, and extends to all directories below. So if `service-worker.js` is located in the root directory, the service worker will control requests from all files at this domain.

You can also set an arbitrary scope by passing in an additional parameter when registering. For example: `main.js`

```
navigator.serviceWorker.register('/service-worker.js', { scope: '/app/'  
});
```

In this case we are setting the scope of the service worker to `/app/`, which means the service worker will control requests from pages like `/app/`, `/app/lower/` and `/app/lower/lower`, but not from pages like `/app` or `/`, which are higher.

If you want the service worker to control higher pages e.g. `/app` (without the trailing slash) you can indeed change the scope option, but you'll also need to set the `Service-Worker-Allowed` HTTP Header in your server config for the request serving the service worker script.

```
main.js  
navigator.serviceWorker.register('/app/service-worker.js', { scope: '/app'  
});
```

## Installation

Once the browser registers a service worker, installation can be attempted. This occurs if the service worker is considered to be new by the browser, either because the site currently doesn't have a registered service worker, or because there is a byte difference between the new service worker and the previously installed one.

A service worker installation triggers an `install` event in the installing service worker. We can include an `install` event listener in the service worker to perform some task when the service worker installs. For instance, during the `install`, service workers can precache parts of a web app so that it loads instantly the next time a user opens it (see caching the application shell). So, after that first load, you're going to benefit from instant repeat loads and your time to interactivity is going to be even better in those cases. An example of an `install` event listener looks like this:

```
service-worker.js  
// Listen for install event, set callback  
self.addEventListener('install', function(event) {
```

```
// Perform some task  
});
```

## Activation

Once a service worker has successfully installed, it transitions into the activation stage. If there are any open pages controlled by the previous service worker, the new service worker enters a waiting state. The new service worker only activates when there are no longer any pages loaded that are still using the old service worker. This ensures that only one version of the service worker is running at any given time.

When the new service worker activates, an activate event is triggered in the activating service worker. This event listener is a good place to clean up outdated caches (see the Offline Cookbook for an example).

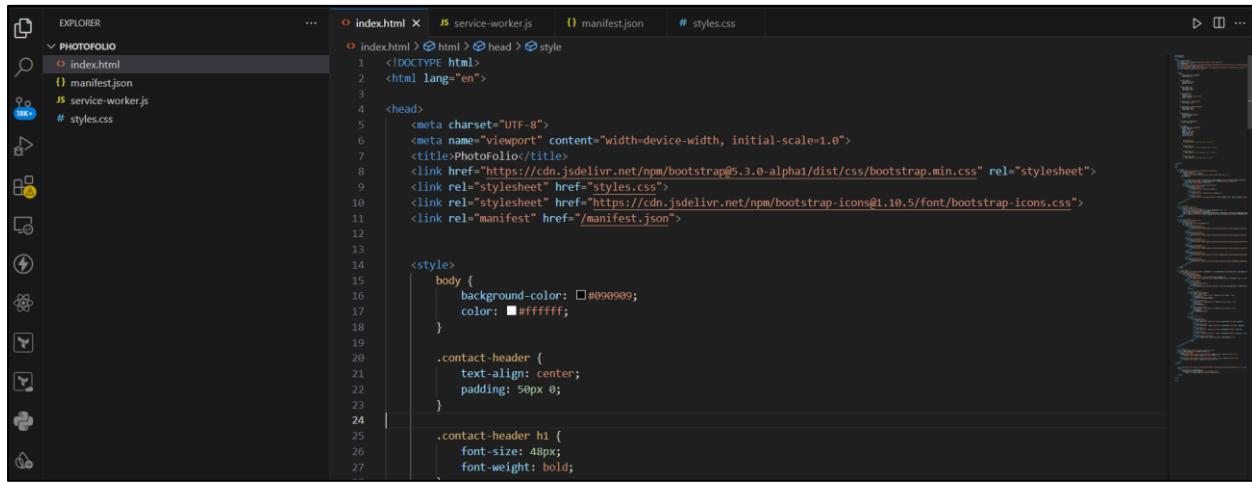
service-worker.js

```
self.addEventListener('activate', function(event) {  
  // Perform some task  
});
```

Once activated, the service worker controls all pages that load within its scope, and starts listening for events from those pages. However, pages in your app that were loaded before the service worker activation will not be under service worker control. The new service worker will only take over when you close and reopen your app, or if the service worker calls `clients.claim()`. Until then, requests from this page will not be intercepted by the new service worker. This is intentional as a way to ensure consistency in your site.

## **CODE:**

### **Index.html:**



```

EXPLORER
PHOTOFOLIO
  index.html
  manifest.json
  service-worker.js
  styles.css

index.html x JS service-worker.js manifest.json # styles.css

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>PhotoFolio</title>
    <link href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.0-alpha1/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css">
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap-icons@1.10.5/font/bootstrap-icons.css">
    <link rel="manifest" href="/manifest.json">

  <style>
    body {
      background-color: #000000;
      color: white;
    }
    .contact-header {
      text-align: center;
      padding: 50px 0;
    }
    .contact-header h1 {
      font-size: 48px;
      font-weight: bold;
    }
  </style>

```

### **Service worker.js**

```

const CACHE_NAME = "photoFolio-cache-v4";
const urlsToCache = [
  "/",
  "/index.html",
  "/styles.css",
  "/manifest.json",
  "/service-worker.js",
  "https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.0-alpha1/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css",
  "https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap-icons@1.10.5/font/bootstrap-icons.css"
];

// Install event - Cache static assets
self.addEventListener("install", (event) => {
  event.waitUntil(
    caches.open(CACHE_NAME).then((cache) => {
      console.log("Opened cache and adding assets...");

      return cache.addAll(urlsToCache);
    })
  );
});

```

```
// Fetch event - Cache external images dynamically
self.addEventListener("fetch", (event) => {
  event.respondWith(
    caches.match(event.request).then((response) => {
      return response || fetch(event.request).then((fetchResponse) => {
        let requestUrl = event.request.url;

        // Cache only images (JPG, PNG, etc.)
        if (requestUrl.match(/\.(jpg|jpeg|png|gif|webp)$/)) {
          return caches.open(CACHE_NAME).then((cache) => {
            cache.put(event.request, fetchResponse.clone());
            return fetchResponse;
          });
        }

        return fetchResponse;
      });
    })
  );
});

// Activate event - Cleanup old caches
self.addEventListener("activate", (event) => {
  event.waitUntil(
    caches.keys().then((cacheNames) => {
      return Promise.all(
        cacheNames.map((cache) => {
          if (cache !== CACHE_NAME) {
            console.log("Deleting old cache:", cache);
            return caches.delete(cache);
          }
        })
      );
    })
  );
});
```

## OUTPUT:

I'm Sonam Chhabaidiya  
A Professional Photographer from Mumbai

With years of experience in professional photography, I specialize in delivering high-quality images that reflect the essence of my clients' visions. Whether it's a wedding, corporate event, or personal photoshoot, I am committed to providing exceptional service and creating visually stunning results. Please don't hesitate to contact me for consultations, collaborations, or bookings. I look forward to capturing your special moments!

AVAILABLE FOR HIRE

Source: [service-worker.js](#)  
Received 28/3/2025, 14:39:29 am  
Status: #294 activated and is running Stop  
Clients: http://127.0.0.1:5500/ [p]  
Push: Test push message from DevTools. Push  
Sync: test-tag-from-devtools Sync  
Periodic sync: test-tag-from-devtools Periodic sync

Version	Update Activity	Timeline
#294	Install	
#294	Wait	
#294	Activate	Yellow bar

Service workers from other origins  
[See all registrations](#)

I'm Sonam Chhabaidiya  
A Professional Photographer from Mumbai

With years of experience in professional photography, I specialize in delivering high-quality images that reflect the essence of my clients' visions. Whether it's a wedding, corporate event, or personal photoshoot, I am committed to providing exceptional service and creating visually stunning results. Please don't hesitate to contact me for consultations, collaborations, or bookings. I look forward to capturing your special moments!

AVAILABLE FOR HIRE

Bucket name: default  
Is persistent: No  
Durability: relaxed  
Quota: 0 B  
Expiration: None

#	Name	Response...	Content-Ty...	Content-Le...	Time Cach...	Vary Header
0	/	basic	text/html	12,015	28/3/2025...	Origin
1	/index.html	basic	text/html	12,015	28/3/2025...	Origin
2	/manifest.json	basic	application...	570	28/3/2025...	Origin
3	/service-worker.js	basic	application...	1,890	28/3/2025...	Origin
4	/styles.css	basic	text/css	1,454	28/3/2025...	Origin
5	/content/demo/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery...	opaque	image/jpeg	22,013	26/3/2025...	Accept-Enc...
6	/content/demo/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery...	opaque	image/jpeg	164,806	26/3/2025...	Accept-Enc...
7	/content/demo/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery...	opaque	image/jpeg	180,434	26/3/2025...	Accept-Enc...
8	/content/demo/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery...	opaque	image/jpeg	94,827	26/3/2025...	Accept-Enc...
9	/npm/bootstrap-icons@1.10.5/font/bootstrap-icons.c...	cors	text/css	12,015	26/3/2025...	Accept-Enc...
10	/npm/bootstrap@5.3.0-alpha.1/dist/css/bootstrap.min...	cors	text/css	26,379	26/3/2025...	Accept-Enc...

No cache entry selected  
Select a cache entry above to preview

The screenshot shows a browser window with a developer tools overlay. The left pane displays a website for "My PhotoFolio" featuring a dark background, a yellow header bar with the title, and a central text area. The right pane is the "Application" tab of the developer tools, specifically the "Cache storage" section. It lists 11 items from a cache named "photoFolio-cache-v4 - http://127.0.0.1:5500". The table includes columns for Name, Response-Type, Content-Type, Content-Length, Time Cached, and Very Header. The preview pane at the bottom shows a large image of a tree.

Name	Response-Type	Content-Type	Content-Length	Time Cached	Very Header
/	basic	text/html	12,015	28/3/2023, 14:3...	Origin
/index.html	basic	text/html	12,015	28/3/2023, 14:3...	Origin
/manifest.json	basic	application/json	570	28/3/2023, 14:3...	Origin
/service-worker.js	basic	application/javascript	1,860	28/3/2023, 14:3...	Origin
/wp-content	basic	text/html	4,554	28/3/2023, 14:3...	Origin
/content/items/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery-1.jpg	opaque	image/jpeg	220,013	28/3/2023, 8:46...	Accept-Encoding
/content/items/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery-2.jpg	opaque	image/jpeg	164,806	28/3/2023, 8:46...	Accept-Encoding
/content/items/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery-6.jpg	opaque	image/jpeg	180,434	28/3/2023, 8:46...	Accept-Encoding
/content/items/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery-8-2.jpg	opaque	image/jpeg	94,827	28/3/2023, 8:46...	Accept-Encoding
/npm/bootstrap-icons@1.10.5/font/bootstrap-icons.css	cors	text/css	12,016	28/3/2023, 8:46...	Accept-Encoding
/wp-content/themes/PhotoFolio/assets/bootstrap.min.css	cors	text/css	26,379	28/3/2023, 8:46...	Accept-Encoding
/wp/wp5096422.jpg	opaque	image/webp	225,124	28/3/2023, 8:46...	Accept



## **EXPERIMENT NO. 9**

**Aim:** To implement Service worker events like fetch, sync and push for E-commerce PWA.

**Theory:**

### **Service Worker**

Service Worker is a script that works on browser background without user interaction independently. Also, It resembles a proxy that works on the user side. With this script, you can track network traffic of the page, manage push notifications and develop “offline first” web applications with Cache API.

Things to note about Service Worker:

- A service worker is a programmable network proxy that lets you control how network requests from your page are handled.
- Service workers only run over HTTPS. Because service workers can intercept network requests and modify responses, "man-in-the-middle" attacks could be very bad.
- The service worker becomes idle when not in use and restarts when it's next needed. You cannot rely on a global state persisting between events. If there is information that you need to persist and reuse across restarts, you can use IndexedDB databases.
- Service workers make extensive use of promises, so if you're new to promises, then you should stop reading this and check out Promises, an introduction.

### **Fetch Event**

You can track and manage page network traffic with this event. You can check existing cache, manage “cache first” and “network first” requests and return a response that you want.

Of course, you can use many different methods but you can find in the following example a “cache first” and “network first” approach. In this example, if the request’s and current location’s origin are the same (Static content is requested.), this is called “cacheFirst” but if you request a targeted external URL, this is called “networkFirst”.

- **CacheFirst** - In this function, if the received request has cached before, the cached response is returned to the page. But if not, a new response requested from the network.
- **NetworkFirst** - In this function, firstly we can try getting an updated response from the network, if this process completed successfully, the new response will be cached and returned. But if this process fails, we check whether the request has been cached before or not. If a cache exists, it is returned to the page, but if not, this is up to you. You can return dummy content or information messages to the page.

```
self.addEventListener("fetch", function (event) {
  const req = event.request;
  const url = new URL(req.url);

  if (url.origin === location.origin) {
    event.respondWith(cacheFirst(req));
  }
  else {
    event.respondWith(networkFirst(req));
  }
});

async function cacheFirst(req) {
  return await caches.match(req) || fetch(req);
}

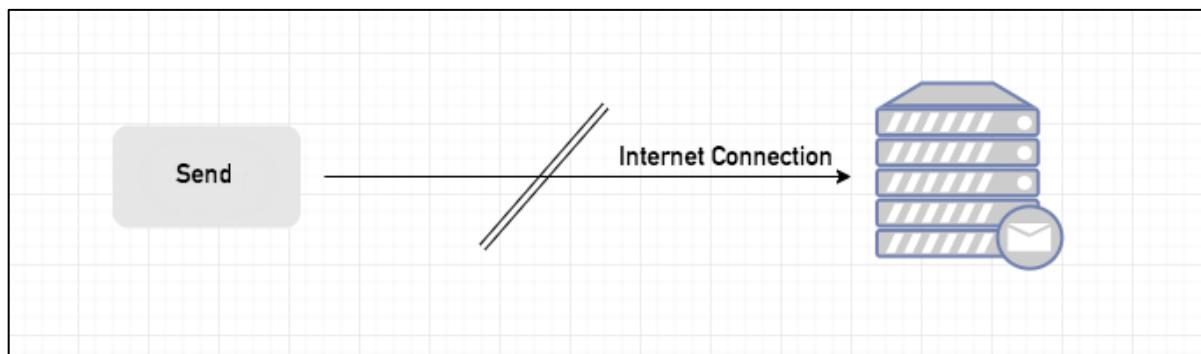
async function networkFirst(req) {
  const cache = await caches.open("pwa-dynamic");
  try {
    const res = await fetch(req);
    cache.put(req, res.clone());
    return res;
  } catch (error) {
    const cachedResponse = await cache.match(req);
    return cachedResponse || await caches.match("./noconnection.json");
  }
}
```

## Sync Event

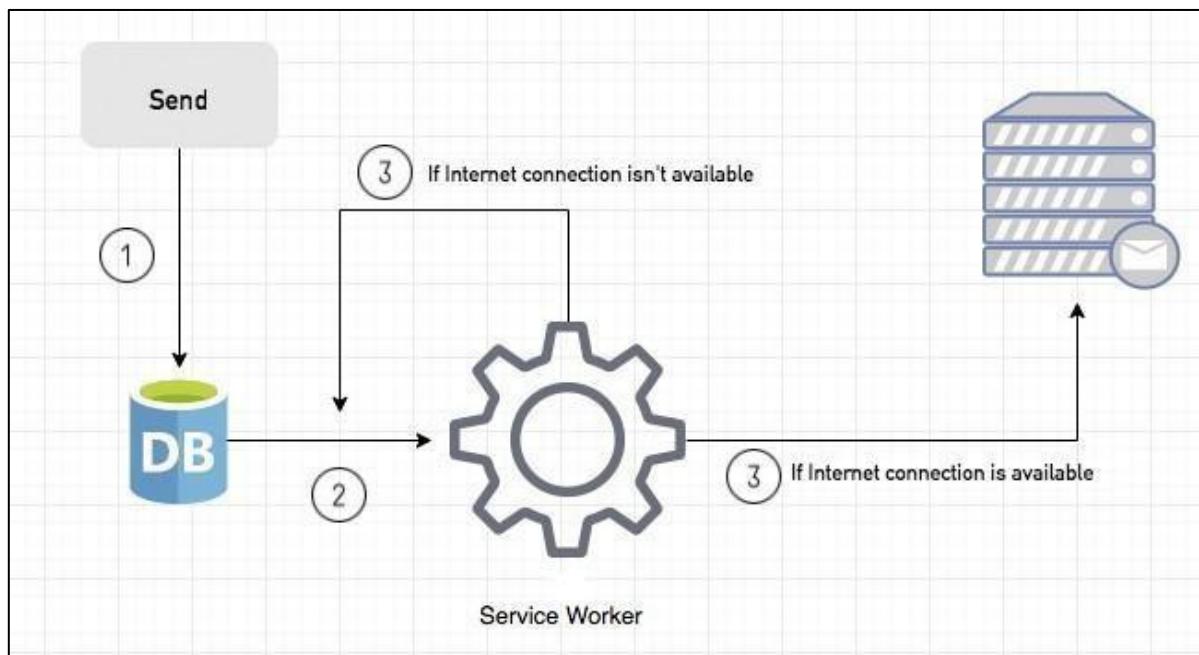
Background Sync is a Web API that is used to delay a process until the Internet connection is stable. We can adapt this definition to the real world; there is an e-mail client application that works on the browser and we want to send an email with this tool. Internet connection is broken while we are writing e-mail content and we didn't realize it. When completing the writing, we click the send button.

Here is a job for the Background Sync.

The following view shows the classical process of sending email to us. If the Internet Connection is broken, we can't send any content to Mail Server.



Here, you can create any scenario for yourself. A sample is in the following for this case.



1. When we click the “send” button, email content will be saved to IndexedDB.
2. Background Sync registration.
3. **If the Internet connection is available**, all email content will be read and sent to Mail Server.

**If the Internet connection is unavailable**, the service worker waits until the connection is available even though the window is closed. When it is available, email content will be sent to Mail Server.

You can see the working process within the following code block.

#### Event Listener for Background Sync Registration

```
document.querySelector("button").addEventListener("click", async () => {
  var swRegistration = await navigator.serviceWorker.register("sw.js");
  swRegistration.sync.register("helloSync").then(function () {
    console.log("helloSync success [main.js]");
  });
});
```

#### Event Listener for sw.js

```
self.addEventListener('sync', event => {
  if (event.tag == 'helloSync') {
    console.log("helloSync [sw.js]");
  }
});
```

## Push Event

This is the event that handles push notifications that are received from the server. You can apply any method with received data.

We can check in the following example.

“Notification.requestPermission();” is the necessary line to show notification to the user. If you don’t want to show any notification, you don’t need this line.

In the following code block is in sw.js file. You can handle push notifications with this event. In this example, I kept it simple. We send an object that has “method” and “message” properties. If the method value is “pushMessage”, we open the information notification with the “message” property.

```
self.addEventListener('push', event => {
  if (event && event.data) {
    var data = event.data.json();
    if (data.method === "pushMessage") {
      event.waitUntil(self.registration.showNotification("Test App", {
        body: data.message
      }));
    }
  }
});
```

You can use Application Tab from Chrome Developer Tools for testing push notification.

**Code:****1. Push Notification code:**

```
/ Push Notification event - College Announcements
self.addEventListener("push", async (event) => {
    if (!self.registration || Notification.permission !== "granted") {
        console.warn("Push notification permission not granted.");
        return;
    }

    const options = {
        body: "New event update at VESIT! Click to know more.",
        icon: "/logo192.png",
        badge: "/logo192.png",
        actions: [
            { action: "view", title: "View Event" },
            { action: "close", title: "Dismiss" }
        ]
    };

    event.waitUntil(
        self.registration.showNotification("College Announcement!", options)
            .catch(error => console.error("Error showing notification:", error))
    );
});

// Handle Notification Click - Redirect to Event Page
self.addEventListener("notificationclick", (event) => {
    event.notification.close();

    if (event.action === "view") {
        event.waitUntil(
            clients.matchAll({ type: "window", includeUncontrolled: true }).then((clientList) => {
                if (clientList.length > 0) {
                    return clientList[0].focus();
                }
                return clients.openWindow("/events").catch((error) => {
                    console.error("Failed to open events page:", error);
                });
            })
        );
    }
});
```

## 2. Fetch and Sync Code:

```
// Fetch event - Serve files from cache & dynamically cache new requests
self.addEventListener("fetch", (event) => {
    if (event.request.method !== "GET") return; // Handle only GET requests

    event.respondWith(
        caches.match(event.request).then((cachedResponse) => {
            if (cachedResponse) {
                return cachedResponse; // Return cached response if available
            }

            return fetch(event.request)
                .then((fetchResponse) => {
                    return caches.open(CACHE_NAME).then((cache) => {
                        cache.put(event.request, fetchResponse.clone());
                        return fetchResponse;
                    });
                })
                .catch(() => {
                    return new Response("You are offline. Please check your connection.", {
                        status: 503,
                        headers: { "Content-Type": "text/plain" }
                    });
                });
        });
    );
});

// Background Sync - Preload Important Pages
self.addEventListener("sync", (event) => {
    if (event.tag === "preload-pages") {
        event.waitUntil(preloadImportantPages());
    }
});

async function preloadImportantPages() {
    console.log("Preloading important pages...");
    const pages = ["/courses", "/teachers", "/about"];
    try {
        const cache = await caches.open(CACHE_NAME);
        await Promise.all(pages.map(async (page) => {
            const response = await fetch(page);
            if (response.ok) {
                cache.put(page, response.clone());
            }
        }));
        console.log("Pages preloaded successfully.");
    } catch (error) {
        console.error("Preloading failed:", error);
    }
}
```

**OUTPUT:-**

The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Application tab for the URL <http://localhost:3000>. The left sidebar lists various storage and service worker components. The main panel displays the Service workers section, which shows a service worker named `service-worker.js` is activated and running. It also shows a notification from Microsoft Edge about a new event update.

Event	Origin	Timestamp
Push event dispatched	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event completed	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event dispatched	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event completed	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event dispatched	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event completed	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event dispatched	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event completed	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event dispatched	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event completed	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event dispatched	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...
Push event completed	http://localhost:3000/	2025-03-28 02:01...

The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Application tab for the URL <http://localhost:3000>. The left sidebar lists various storage and service worker components. The main panel displays the Storage section, which shows a table of events. The table includes columns for #, Timestamp, Event, Origin, Storage Key, and Service ... Instance ID. The events listed are all push event dispatches and completions, all originating from `http://localhost:3000/`.

#	Timestamp	Event	Origin	Storage Key	Service ... Instance ID
1.	2025-03-28 02:01...	Push event dispatch...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
2.	2025-03-28 02:01...	Push event comple...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
3.	2025-03-28 02:01...	Push event dispatch...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
4.	2025-03-28 02:01...	Push event comple...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
5.	2025-03-28 02:01...	Push event dispatch...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
6.	2025-03-28 02:01...	Push event comple...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
7.	2025-03-28 02:1...	Push event dispatch...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
8.	2025-03-28 02:1...	Push event comple...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
9.	2025-03-28 02:1...	Push event dispatch...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/
10.	2025-03-28 02:1...	Push event comple...	http://localhost:3000/	/	/

The screenshot shows a browser window with the URL `localhost:3000`. On the left, there is a sidebar for "Vivekanand Education Society Institute Of Technology" with links for Home, Courses, Teachers, and About Us. The main content area displays the text "Inspiring Innovation and Discovery" and a paragraph about the institution's dedication to fostering innovation, inspiration, and discovery in science and technology education.

The right side of the screen shows the developer tools interface:

- Application Tab:** Shows logs for Manifest, Service workers, and Storage. A table lists events from March 25 to 28, 2025, including registered syncs, dispatched sync events, and sync completions. One entry is labeled "test-tag-from-devtools".
- Console Tab:** Displays log messages:
  - Background Sync registered for page preloading.
  - Push notifications granted!
  - Console Ninja extension is connected to Webpack, see <https://tinyurl.com/2vt8jxzw> for more info.
  - Preloading important pages...
  - Pages preloaded successfully.

## **EXPERIMENT NO: - 10**

**AIM:** - To study and implement deployment of Ecommerce PWA to GitHub Pages.

### **Theory:** -

#### **GitHub Pages: Static Website Hosting Made Simple**

GitHub Pages is a free hosting service that allows users to publish **public webpages directly from a GitHub repository**. It is particularly useful for **static websites, project documentation, and blogs**.

##### **Key Features**

- **Jekyll Integration:** Built-in support for Jekyll enables easy blogging.
- **Custom Domains:** Allows users to configure their own URLs.
- **Automatic Page Deployment:** Simply push your changes to the repository, and the updates go live.

##### **Why Choose GitHub Pages?**

- **Completely Free:** No hosting charges.
- **Seamless GitHub Integration:** Works directly with your repositories.
- **Quick Setup:** Just create a repository, push your files, and your site is live.

##### **Who Uses GitHub Pages?**

Companies like **Lyft, CircleCI, and HubSpot** use GitHub Pages for their documentation and static sites. It is widely adopted, appearing in **775 company stacks and 4,401 developer stacks**.

##### **Pros & Cons**

##### **Pros**

- Familiar interface for GitHub users.

- Simple deployment via the [gh-pages](#) branch.
- Supports custom domains with easy DNS configuration.

### Cons

- Repositories need to be public unless you have a paid plan.
  - Limited HTTPS support for custom domains (expected to improve).
  - Jekyll plugins have limited support.
- 

## Firebase: A Full-Featured Real-Time Backend

Firebase is a cloud-based **real-time application platform** developed by Google. It enables developers to build **dynamic, collaborative applications** with ease.

### Key Features

- **Real-Time Database:** Automatically syncs data across all connected clients.
- **Cloud-Based Storage:** JSON-based storage accessible via REST APIs.
- **Scalable Infrastructure:** Works well with existing services and scales automatically.
- **Authentication & Cloud Messaging:** Secure login and push notifications.

### Why Choose Firebase?

- **Instant Backend Setup:** No need to build a separate backend.
- **Fast & Responsive:** Real-time data synchronization.
- **Built-in HTTPS:** Free SSL certificates for custom domains.

### Who Uses Firebase?

Companies like **Instacart, 9GAG, and Twitch** rely on Firebase for their backend needs. Firebase is widely adopted, appearing in **1,215 company stacks and 4,651 developer stacks**.

### Pros & Cons

## Pros

- **Hosted by Google**, ensuring reliability and security.
- **Comes with authentication, messaging, and real-time database services.**
- **Free HTTPS support** for all custom domains.

## Cons

- **Limited Free Plan:** 10 GB of data transfer per month (can be mitigated with a CDN).
- **Command-Line Deployment:** No GUI for hosting.
- **No Built-in Static Site Generator Support:** Unlike GitHub Pages, Firebase doesn't natively support static site generators like Jekyll.

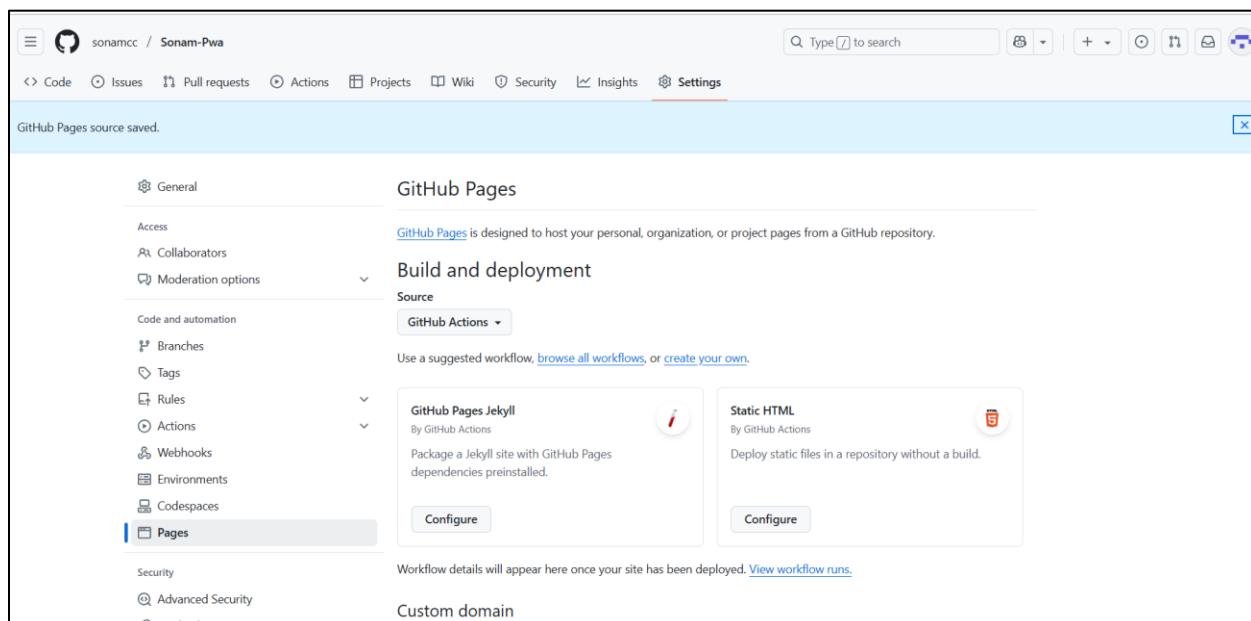
**Link to our GitHub repository:**



**Hosted link:**

<https://sonamcc.github.io/Sonam-Pwa/>

**Github Screenshot:**



The screenshot shows the GitHub Actions workflow editor for the repository "sonamcc / Sonam-Pwa". The workflow file, `static.yml`, is displayed on the left. It defines a workflow for deploying static content to GitHub Pages. The workflow starts with a deployment job named "Deploy static content to Pages" triggered by pushes to the default branch. The job uses the `GITHUB_TOKEN` to allow deployment to GitHub Pages. It has permissions to read contents, write pages, and write the id-token. The concurrency is set to "pages" and the `cancel-in-progress` option is set to `false`. A modal window titled "Commit changes" is open, prompting for a commit message: "Create static.yml". Below the message input is an "Extended description" field with placeholder text "Add an optional extended description...". At the bottom of the modal are two radio buttons: one selected for "Commit directly to the main branch" and another for "Create a new branch for this commit and start a pull request". The "Commit changes" button is highlighted in green.

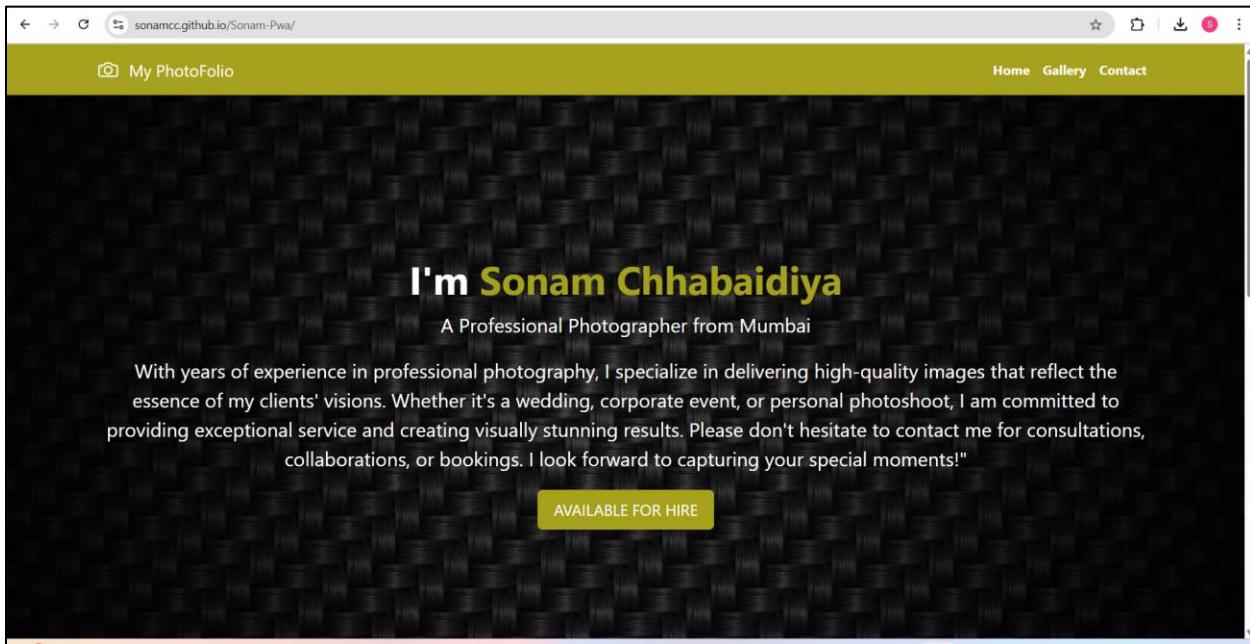
```

1 # Simple workflow for deploying static content to GitHub Pages
2 name: Deploy static content to Pages
3
4 on:
5   # Runs on pushes targeting the default branch
6   push:
7     branches: ["main"]
8
9   # Allows you to run this workflow manually from the Actions tab
10 workflow_dispatch:
11
12   # Sets permissions of the GITHUB_TOKEN to allow deployment to GitHub
13   permissions:
14     contents: read
15     pages: write
16     id-token: write
17
18   # Allow only one concurrent deployment, skipping runs queued between
19   # However, do NOT cancel in-progress runs as we want to allow these
20   concurrency:
21     group: "pages"
22     cancel-in-progress: false
  
```

Use `Control + Shift + m` to toggle the `tab` key moving focus. Alternatively, use `esc` then `tab` to move to the next interactive element on the page.

Use `Control + Space` to trigger autocomplete in most situations.

The screenshot shows the "Actions" tab for the repository "sonamcc / Sonam-Pwa", specifically for the workflow "Create static.yml #1". The run summary indicates the workflow was triggered via push 2 minutes ago, pushed by "sonamcc" to the "main" branch, with a success status, a total duration of 22s, and 1 artifact produced. The "static.yml" job details show it ran on a push and included a "deploy" step that took 14s and resulted in the artifact <https://sonamcc.github.io/Sonam-Pwa/>. The "Artifacts" section shows the produced artifact. The taskbar at the bottom of the screen includes icons for trending videos, search, and various system status indicators like battery level and network connection.



Sonam chhabaidiya/ palak Chanchlani/ Mahi jodhani

D15A 09/05/21

## Experiment 11

**AIM:** - To use google Lighthouse PWA Analysis Tool to test the PWA functioning.

**Theory:** - Google Lighthouse is an open-source tool that audits web applications based on multiple key parameters, including performance, accessibility, Progressive Web App (PWA) implementation, and best practices. It provides a detailed, automated report that helps developers optimize their websites efficiently. Unlike traditional manual audits, which can take days or even weeks, Lighthouse generates insights within minutes.

One of the key advantages of Lighthouse is its ease of use—no complex setup is required. Simply run it on a webpage or provide a URL, and it will generate an extensive performance report.

### **Key Features and Audit Metrics**

Lighthouse can audit both desktop and mobile versions of a webpage. The core evaluation criteria include:

#### **1. Performance**

This metric measures how efficiently a webpage loads and displays content.

Key factors influencing the performance score include:

- Page load speed – How quickly the page becomes visible to the user.
- First Contentful Paint (FCP) – The time taken for the first piece of content to appear.
- Largest Contentful Paint (LCP) – The time taken for the main content to fully load.
- Cumulative Layout Shift (CLS) – Measures how visually stable a page is (i.e., avoiding unexpected shifts in content).
- Time to Interactive (TTI) – The time it takes for the page to become fully functional.

Lighthouse assigns a score from 0 to 100 based on percentile rankings, where:

- 100 → Top 2% of websites (98th percentile)
- 50 → Around the 75th percentile
- Lower scores → Indicate areas that need optimization

## 2. Progressive Web App (PWA) Score (Mobile)

With the rise of PWAs, modern web applications aim to provide a native app-like experience. Lighthouse evaluates the PWA implementation based on Google's Baseline PWA Checklist, which includes:

- Service Worker implementation – Ensuring offline support and background synchronization.
- App Manifest compliance – Providing metadata for better mobile integration.
- Viewport configuration – Optimizing mobile responsiveness.
- Performance in script-disabled environments – Ensuring the page functions even when JavaScript is disabled.

A high PWA score indicates that the application meets essential PWA criteria and provides an app-like user experience.

## 3. Accessibility

Accessibility ensures that web applications are usable by individuals with disabilities. Lighthouse audits a webpage based on:

- ARIA attributes – Enhancing accessibility through attributes like aria-required.
- Text alternatives for media – Ensuring audio and visual content is accessible.
- Semantic HTML – Proper use of , , , and other elements that improve screen-reader compatibility.

Unlike other metrics, accessibility checks follow a pass/fail approach—if a necessary feature is missing, it significantly impacts the score. A higher accessibility score ensures inclusivity for users with visual or cognitive impairments

## Manifest.json

```
{  
  "name": "PhotoFolio",  
  "short_name": "PhotoFolio",  
  "start_url": "/",  
  "display": "standalone",  
  "background_color": "#090909",  
  "theme_color": "#a7a21d",  
  "icons": [  
    {  
      "src":  
        "https://bootstrapmade.com/content/demo/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery-1.jpg",  
      "sizes": "192x192",  
      "type": "image/png"  
    },  
    {  
      "src":  
        "https://bootstrapmade.com/content/demo/PhotoFolio/assets/img/gallery/gallery-2.jpg",  
      "sizes": "512x512",  
      "type": "image/png"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

## Output:

The Lighthouse tool provides links to content hosted on third-party websites. [Don't show again](#)

10:08:50 pm - 127.0.0.1:5500

<http://127.0.0.1:5500/>

Performance: 96 | Accessibility: 90 | Best Practices: 100 | SEO: 91

**Performance**

Values are estimated and may vary. The [performance score](#) is calculated directly from these metrics. [See calculator](#).

▲ 0–49   ■ 50–89   ● 90–100

METRICS

Issues   Console   +   Expand view

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10:08:50 pm - 127.0.0.1:5500

<http://127.0.0.1:5500/>

96 | 90 | 100 | 91

- ▲ Properly size images — Potential savings of 487 KiB
- ▲ Serve images in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 272 KiB
- ▲ Preconnect to required origins — Potential savings of 160 ms
- ▲ Largest Contentful Paint element — 1,360 ms
- ▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 170 ms
- ▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason
- Preload Largest Contentful Paint image — Potential savings of -30 ms
- Image elements do not have explicit width and height
- Enable text compression — Potential savings of 9 KiB
- Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 2 resources found
- Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 12 KiB

Issues   Console   +