

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

plt.figure(figsize = (8,5))
```

```
Out[1]: <Figure size 800x500 with 0 Axes>
<Figure size 800x500 with 0 Axes>
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
df.head()
```

Out[2]:

	Row ID	Order ID	Order Date	Ship Date	Ship Mode	Customer ID	Customer Name	Segment	Co
0	1	CA-2017-152156	08/11/2017	11/11/2017	Second Class	CG-12520	Claire Gute	Consumer	U.S.
1	2	CA-2017-152156	08/11/2017	11/11/2017	Second Class	CG-12520	Claire Gute	Consumer	U.S.
2	3	CA-2017-138688	12/06/2017	16/06/2017	Second Class	DV-13045	Darrin Van Huff	Corporate	U.S.
3	4	US-2016-108966	11/10/2016	18/10/2016	Standard Class	SO-20335	Sean O'Donnell	Consumer	U.S.
4	5	US-2016-108966	11/10/2016	18/10/2016	Standard Class	SO-20335	Sean O'Donnell	Consumer	U.S.

```
In [3]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9800 entries, 0 to 9799
Data columns (total 18 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   Row ID            9800 non-null   int64  
 1   Order ID          9800 non-null   object  
 2   Order Date         9800 non-null   object  
 3   Ship Date          9800 non-null   object  
 4   Ship Mode          9800 non-null   object  
 5   Customer ID        9800 non-null   object  
 6   Customer Name      9800 non-null   object  
 7   Segment             9800 non-null   object  
 8   Country             9800 non-null   object  
 9   City                9800 non-null   object  
 10  State               9800 non-null   object  
 11  Postal Code        9789 non-null   float64 
 12  Region              9800 non-null   object  
 13  Product ID          9800 non-null   object  
 14  Category             9800 non-null   object  
 15  Sub-Category        9800 non-null   object  
 16  Product Name         9800 non-null   object  
 17  Sales                9800 non-null   float64 
dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(15)
memory usage: 1.3+ MB
```

In [4]: `df.describe()`

	Row ID	Postal Code	Sales
count	9800.000000	9789.000000	9800.000000
mean	4900.500000	55273.322403	230.769059
std	2829.160653	32041.223413	626.651875
min	1.000000	1040.000000	0.444000
25%	2450.750000	23223.000000	17.248000
50%	4900.500000	58103.000000	54.490000
75%	7350.250000	90008.000000	210.605000
max	9800.000000	99301.000000	22638.480000

In [10]: `df.columns`

```
Out[10]: Index(['Row ID', 'Order ID', 'Order Date', 'Ship Date', 'Ship Mode',
       'Customer ID', 'Customer Name', 'Segment', 'Country', 'City', 'State',
       'Postal Code', 'Region', 'Product ID', 'Category', 'Sub-Category',
       'Product Name', 'Sales'],
      dtype='object')
```

In [12]: `df["Order Date"] = pd.to_datetime(df["Order Date"], dayfirst=True)`
`df["Ship Date"] = pd.to_datetime(df["Ship Date"], dayfirst=True)`
`df.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9800 entries, 0 to 9799
Data columns (total 18 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   Row ID            9800 non-null   int64  
 1   Order ID          9800 non-null   object  
 2   Order Date        9800 non-null   datetime64[ns]
 3   Ship Date         9800 non-null   datetime64[ns]
 4   Ship Mode         9800 non-null   object  
 5   Customer ID       9800 non-null   object  
 6   Customer Name     9800 non-null   object  
 7   Segment            9800 non-null   object  
 8   Country            9800 non-null   object  
 9   City               9800 non-null   object  
 10  State              9800 non-null   object  
 11  Postal Code       9789 non-null   float64 
 12  Region             9800 non-null   object  
 13  Product ID         9800 non-null   object  
 14  Category            9800 non-null   object  
 15  Sub-Category       9800 non-null   object  
 16  Product Name       9800 non-null   object  
 17  Sales               9800 non-null   float64 
dtypes: datetime64[ns](2), float64(2), int64(1), object(13)
memory usage: 1.3+ MB
```

```
In [14]: total_sales = df["Sales"].sum()
print("Total Sales:", total_sales)
```

```
Total Sales: 2261536.7827000003
```

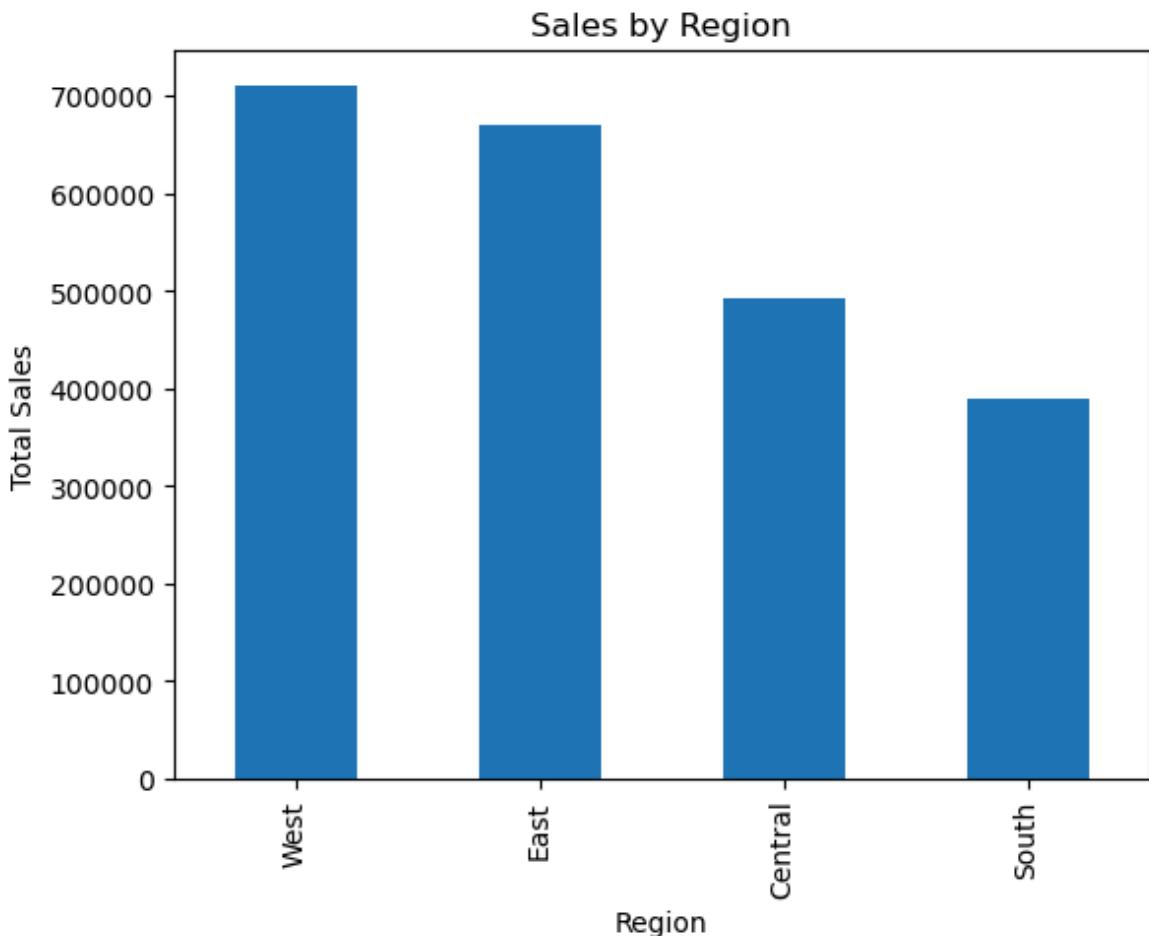
```
In [15]: total_orders = df["Order ID"].nunique()
print("Total Orders:", total_orders)
```

```
Total Orders: 4922
```

```
In [16]: region_sales = df.groupby("Region")["Sales"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
print(region_sales)
```

```
Region
West      710219.6845
East      669518.7260
Central   492646.9132
South     389151.4590
Name: Sales, dtype: float64
```

```
In [17]: region_sales.plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("Sales by Region")
plt.xlabel("Region")
plt.ylabel("Total Sales")
plt.show()
```

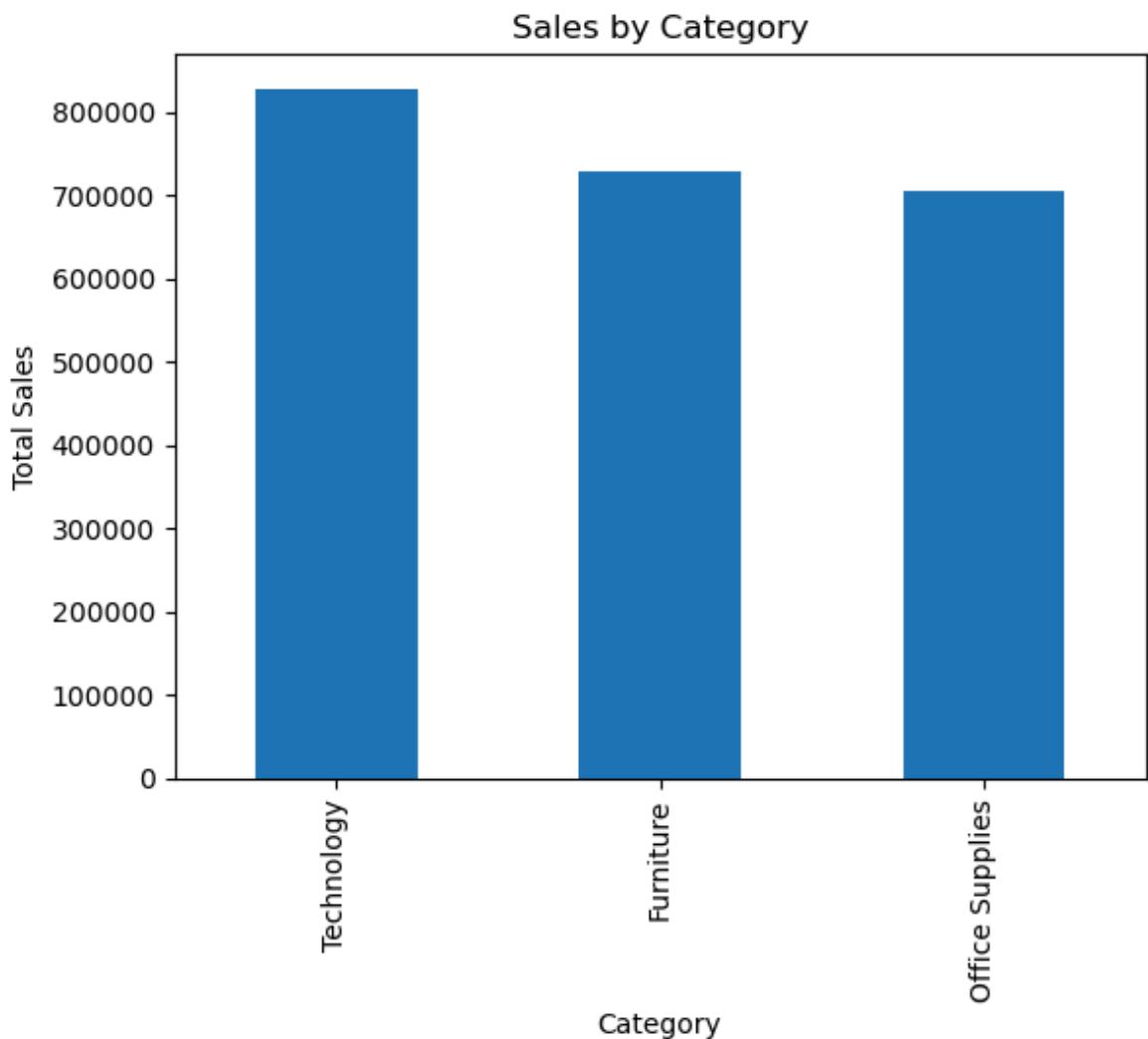


The West region generated the highest sales, indicating strong market penetration and customer demand compared to other regions.

```
In [18]: category_sales = df.groupby("Category")["Sales"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
print(category_sales)
```

```
Category
Technology      827455.8730
Furniture        728658.5757
Office Supplies  705422.3340
Name: Sales, dtype: float64
```

```
In [19]: category_sales.plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("Sales by Category")
plt.xlabel("Category")
plt.ylabel("Total Sales")
plt.show()
```

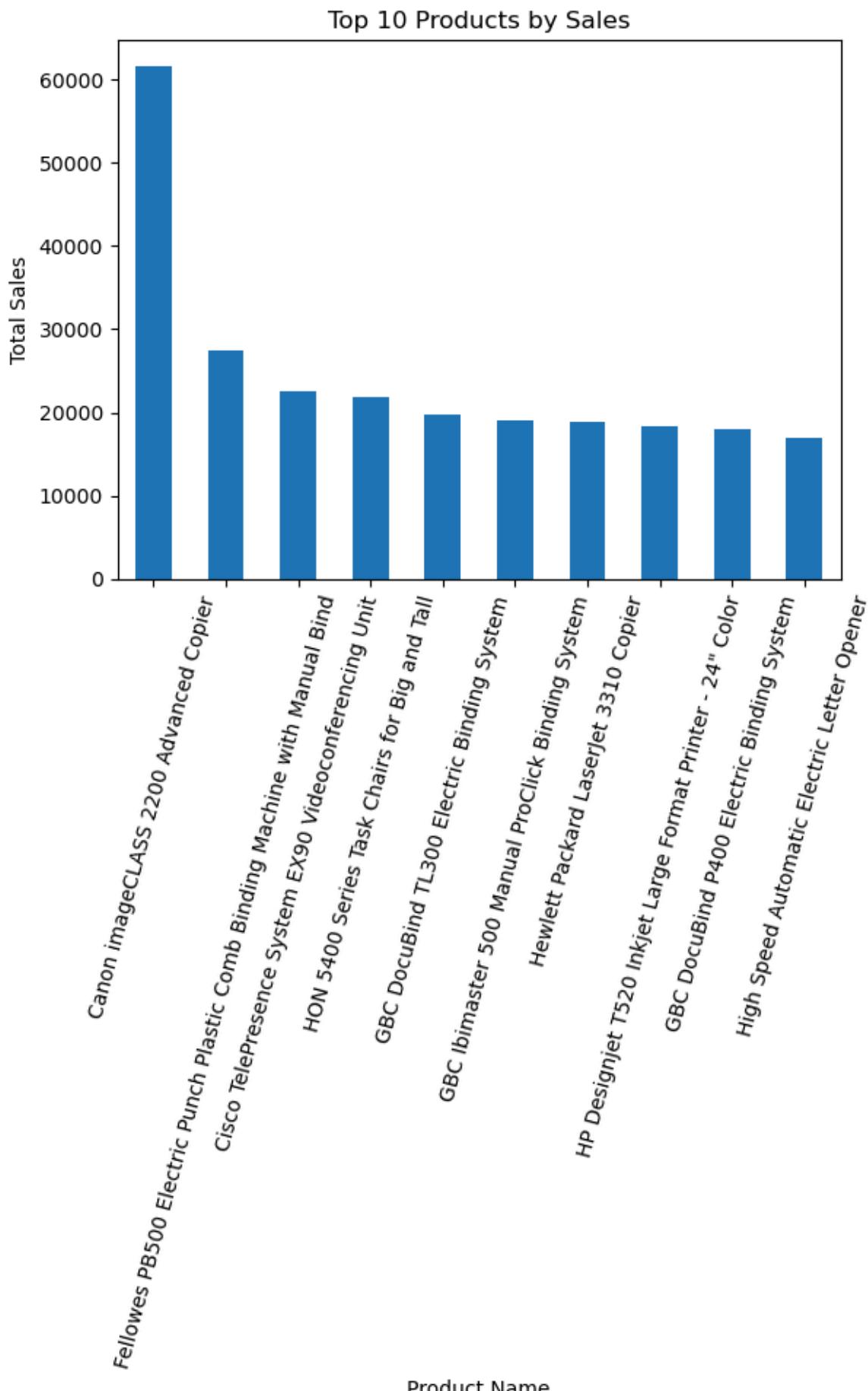


Technology category contributed the highest revenue among all categories, indicating strong customer preference for tech products.

```
In [20]: top_products = df.groupby("Product Name")["Sales"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
print(top_products)
```

```
Product Name
Canon imageCLASS 2200 Advanced Copier           61
599.824
Fellowes PB500 Electric Punch Plastic Comb Binding Machine with Manual Bind   27
453.384
Cisco TelePresence System EX90 Videoconferencing Unit      22
638.480
HON 5400 Series Task Chairs for Big and Tall        21
870.576
GBC DocuBind TL300 Electric Binding System          19
823.479
GBC Ibimaster 500 Manual ProClick Binding System    19
024.500
Hewlett Packard LaserJet 3310 Copier              18
839.686
HP Designjet T520 Inkjet Large Format Printer - 24" Color  18
374.895
GBC DocuBind P400 Electric Binding System          17
965.068
High Speed Automatic Electric Letter Opener        17
030.312
Name: Sales, dtype: float64
```

```
In [21]: top_products.plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("Top 10 Products by Sales")
plt.xlabel("Product Name")
plt.ylabel("Total Sales")
plt.xticks(rotation=75)
plt.show()
```



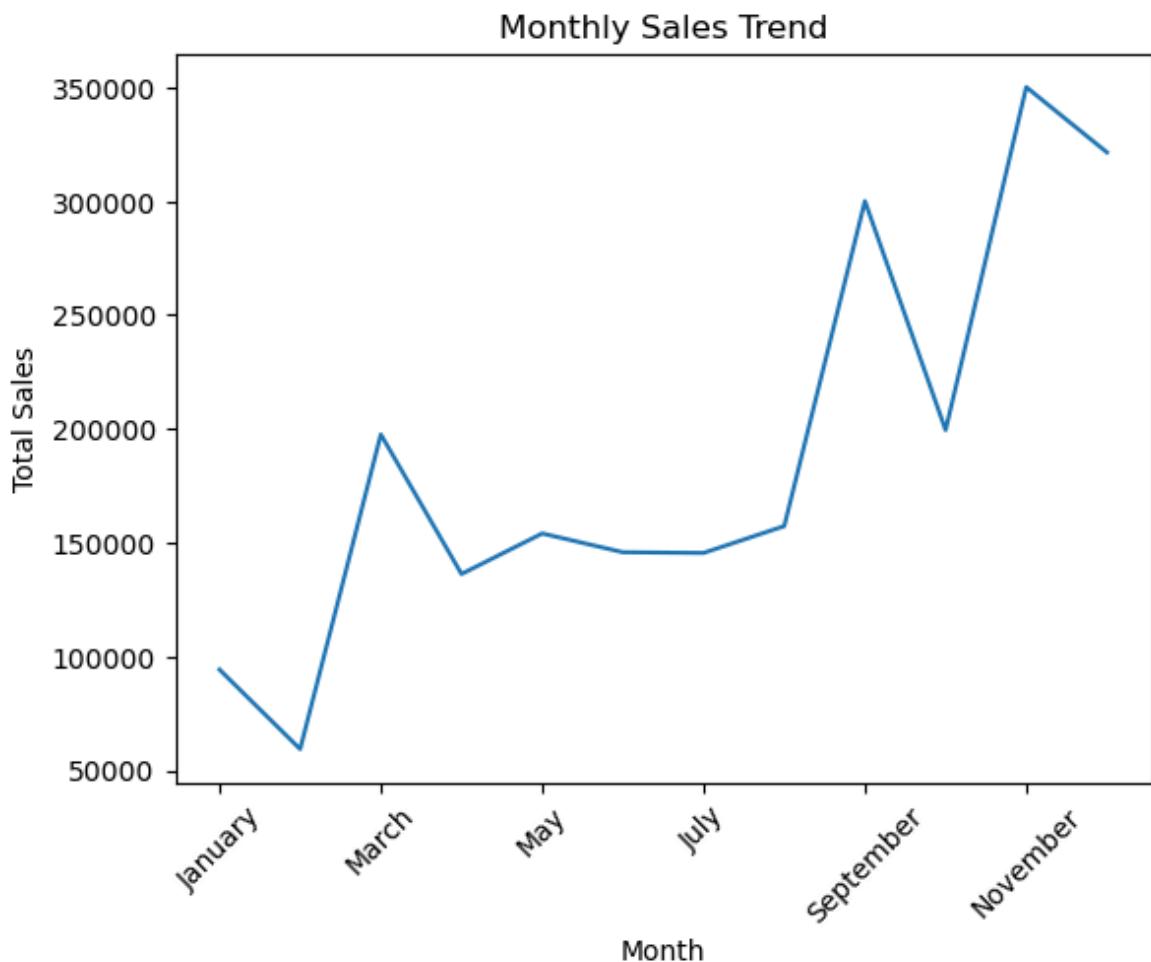
The product "Canon imageCLASS 2200 Advanced Copier" generated the highest sales revenue, indicating strong demand for high-value office equipment.

```
In [23]: df["Month Name"] = df["Order Date"].dt.month_name()

monthly_sales_name = df.groupby("Month Name")["Sales"].sum()

monthly_sales_name = monthly_sales_name.reindex([
    "January", "February", "March", "April", "May", "June",
    "July", "August", "September", "October", "November", "December"
])

monthly_sales_name.plot(kind="line")
plt.title("Monthly Sales Trend")
plt.xlabel("Month")
plt.ylabel("Total Sales")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



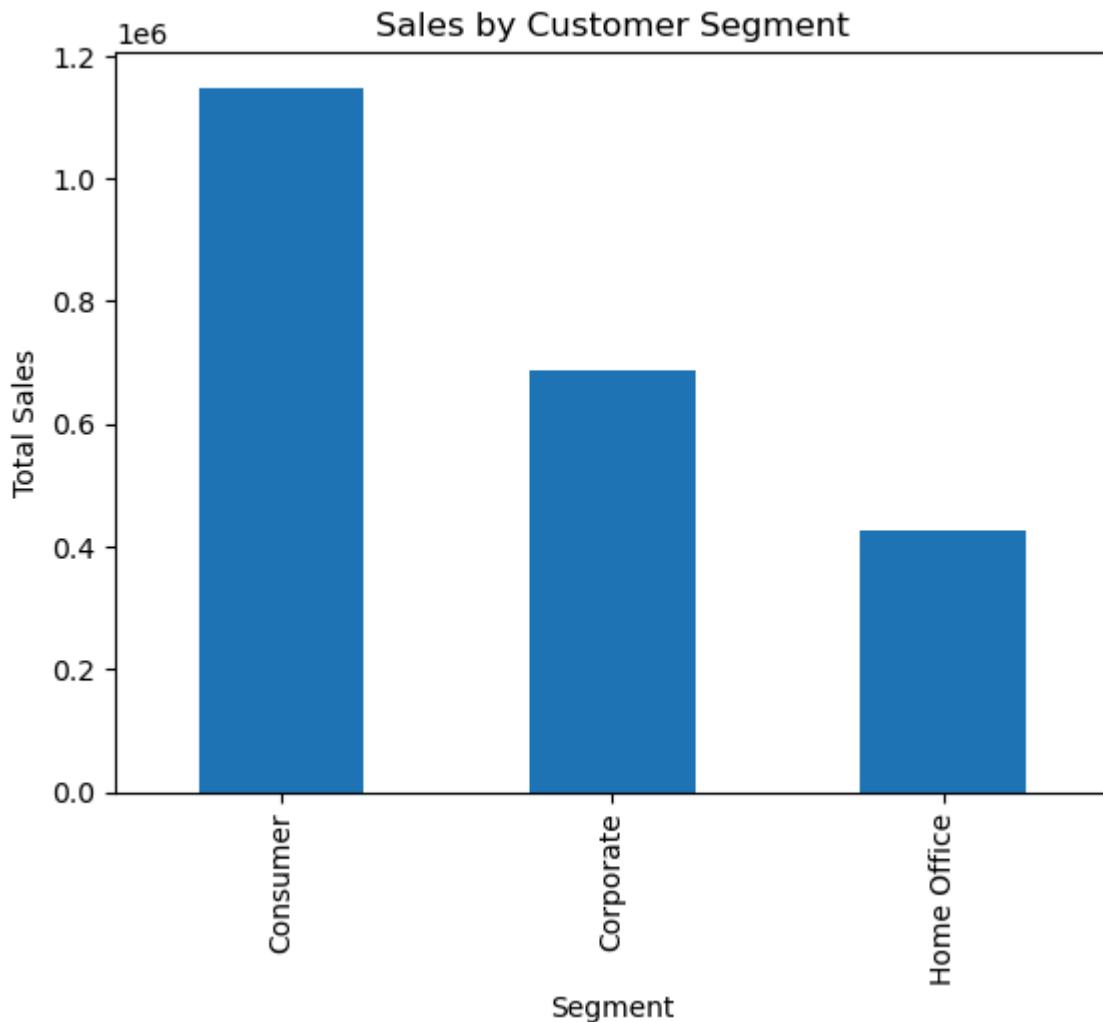
Sales peak observed in november (~350,000), indicating strong year-end demand, possibly driven by holiday season and corporate budget utilization.

```
In [25]: segment_sales = df.groupby("Segment")["Sales"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
print(segment_sales)
```

Segment	Sales
Consumer	1.148061e+06
Corporate	6.884941e+05
Home Office	4.249822e+05

Name: Sales, dtype: float64

```
In [26]: segment_sales.plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("Sales by Customer Segment")
plt.xlabel("Segment")
plt.ylabel("Total Sales")
plt.show()
```

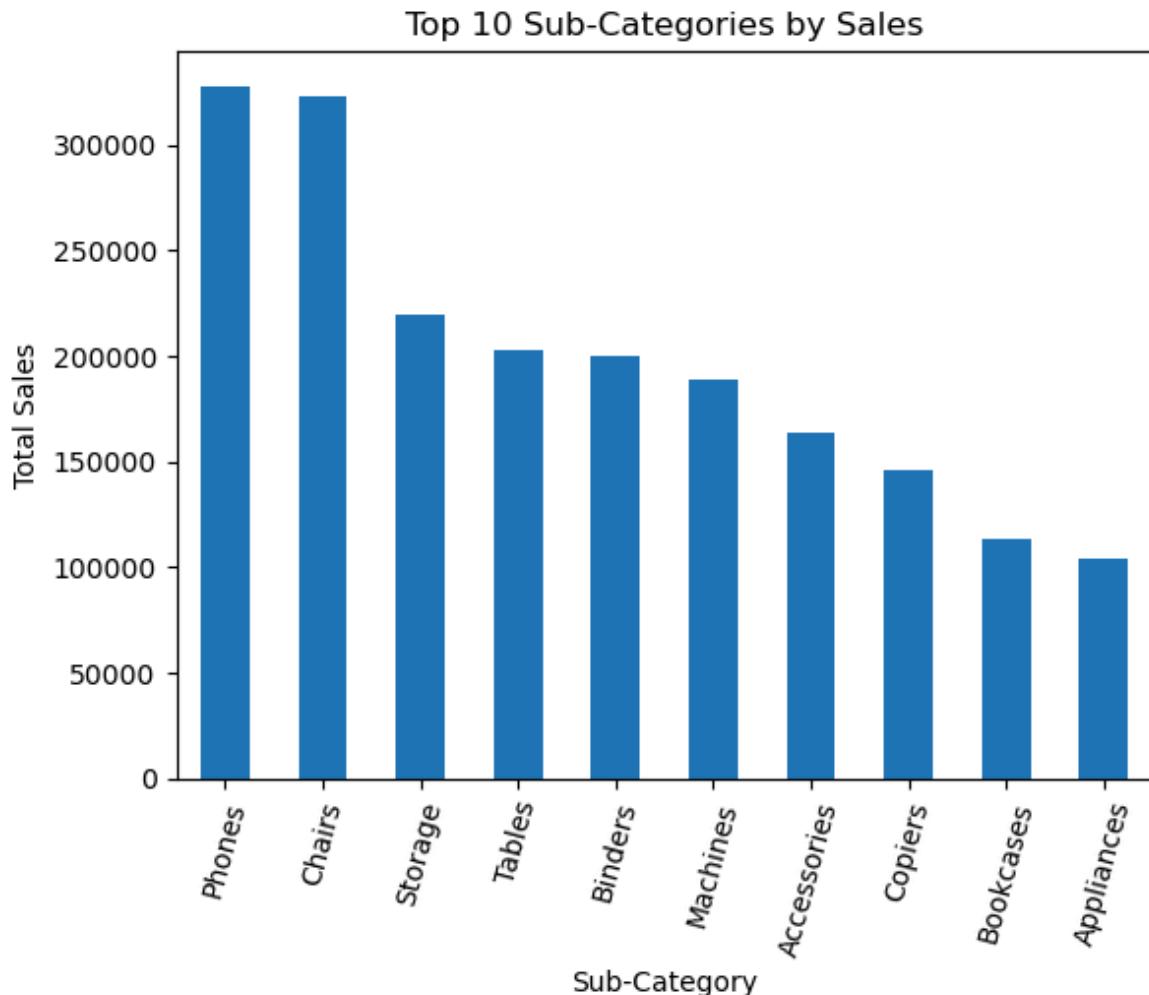


Consumer segment contributes the highest revenue, indicating strong individual customer demand compared to corporate and home office segments.

```
In [27]: sub_category_sales = df.groupby("Sub-Category")["Sales"].sum().sort_values(ascending=True)
print(sub_category_sales)
```

```
Sub-Category
Phones           327782.4480
Chairs           322822.7310
Storage          219343.3920
Tables            202810.6280
Binders          200028.7850
Machines          189238.6310
Accessories       164186.7000
Copiers           146248.0940
Bookcases         113813.1987
Appliances        104618.4030
Furnishings       89212.0180
Paper              76828.3040
Supplies           46420.3080
Art                26705.4100
Envelopes         16128.0460
Labels             12347.7260
Fasteners          3001.9600
Name: Sales, dtype: float64
```

```
In [28]: sub_category_sales.head(10).plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("Top 10 Sub-Categories by Sales")
plt.xlabel("Sub-Category")
plt.ylabel("Total Sales")
plt.xticks(rotation=75)
plt.show()
```



Overall Performance

The dataset contains 9,800 transactions with significant overall revenue generation, indicating a stable retail sales performance.

Regional Performance

The West region generated the highest total sales, suggesting strong market penetration and customer demand in that region.

Category Analysis

Technology emerged as the top-performing category, contributing the highest share of revenue among all product categories.

Top Product

The product "Canon imageCLASS 2200 Advanced Copier" recorded the highest sales revenue, indicating strong demand for high-value office equipment.

Monthly Trend

Sales peaked in December (~350,000), indicating strong year-end demand, possibly driven by holiday season and corporate budget utilization.

Customer Segment

The Consumer segment contributed the highest revenue, indicating strong individual customer demand compared to other segments.

Sub-Category

Among sub-categories, Phones generated the highest revenue, suggesting strong performance in that product segment.

Conclusion

Overall, the analysis highlights that revenue is primarily driven by the West region, Technology category, and strong year-end sales trends, providing valuable insights for strategic business decision-making.

