## NETS 1500 - HW3 Theory

- 1. Does Java have a URI class? If yes, list two differences between the URI class and the URL class in Java? (5 points)
  - a. Yes, Java has a URI class, which implements Serializable and Comparable<URI>.
  - b. One difference is that the URL class has an openConnection() method that returns a URLConnection that represents a connection to the object the URL refers to. On the other hand, the URI class has no analogous method that opens or returns a connection. You would have to use the URL class if you had a URI and wanted to use the open connection method.
  - c. A second difference is that the URI class (and not the URL class) has a relative method that inputs a URI and outputs a String after relativizing the given URI against this URI. That is, it checks using one URI as the base to find the "tail" of a URI.
- 2. What happens if the URL constructor's parameter is given an invalid URL (such as "www.cis.upenn.edu")? (5 points)

public static void main(String[] args) {

```
Java.net.HalformedURLException Create breakpoint: no protocol: xmw.cis.upenn.edu
at java.base/java.net.URL.<init>(URL.java.675)
at java.base/java.net.URL.<init>(URL.java.675)
at java.base/java.net.URL.<init>(URL.java.675)
at java.base/java.net.URL.<init>(URL.java.675)
at URLGetter.<init>(URLGetter.java.160)
at URLGetter.<init>(URLGetter.java.16)
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.bullPointerException Create breakpoint: Cannot invoke "java.net.HttpURLConnection.getResponseCode()" because "this.httpConnection" is nul
at URLGetter.printStatusCode (URLGetter.java.28)
```

- Process finished with exit code 1
- c. The URL constructor will throw a MalformedURLException because it can't handle something unformatted like this. This causes the httpConnection to be null.
- Paper Program modify the URLGetter code from class (posted in canvas) so that it
  now has an additional method getRedirectURL() that returns the redirected URL if the
  server returns a 3xx response code. (10 points)
  - a. Below is a screenshot of the code I wrote in IntelliJ for this method.

```
public URL getRedirectURL() {
    URL ret = null;
    try {
        ret = new URL(httpConnection.getHeaderField( name: "Location"));
    } catch (IOException e) {
        throw new RuntimeException(e);
    }
    return ret;
}
```

c. Below is a screenshot of the code I wrote in IntelliJ for this method to ensure that the response code is of the type 3xx.

```
public URL getRedirectURL() {
    URL ret = null;
    try {
        if (Math.abs(httpConnection.getResponseCode() % 300) < 100) {
            ret = new URL(httpConnection.getHeaderField( name: "Location"));
        }
    } catch (IOException e) {
        throw new RuntimeException(e);
    }
    return ret;
}</pre>
```

d.

b.