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10		Write a solidity program to find the sum of an array of 10	
		numbers which are taken from the user and then create a smart	
		contract to find the AND operation of Odd positioned numbers	
		and OR operation of Even positioned numbers including 0 th	
		Index, hence find the product of the result and also identify	
		whether the result is part of the array or not. (Optional)	
11		Write a solidity program to find whether a number is even or	
		odd and another number is prime or composite. Also find the	
		AND and OR operation of the two numbers. (Optional)	

<u>AIM</u>: Create a blockchain and a genesis block and execute it.

CODE:

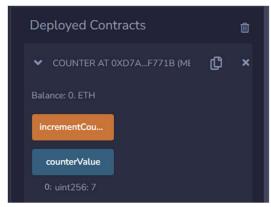
```
Blockchain.py - E:/Sathaye College/MSC-IT Sem 4/BC/Practicals/Blockchain.py (3.11.4)
                                                                                               X
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import hashlib
import time
class Block:
   def
          init
                (self, index, timestamp, data, previous_hash):
        self.index = index
        self.timestamp = timestamp
        self.data = data
        self.previous hash = previous hash
        self.hash = self.compute_hash()
    def compute hash(self):
        block string = f"{self.index}--{self.timestamp}--{self.data}--{self.previous hash}"
        return hashlib.sha256(block_string.encode()).hexdigest()
class Blockchain:
    def
        init (self):
        self.chain = [self.create genesis block()]
    def create_genesis block(self):
        return Block(0, time.time(), "Genesis Block", "0")
    def get last block(self):
        return self.chain[-1]
    def add block(self, data):
        last block = self.get last block()
        new block = Block(len(self.chain), time.time(), data, last_block.hash)
        self.chain.append(new block)
blockchain = Blockchain()
print("\nGenesis Block:\n", vars(blockchain.chain[0]))
blockchain.add block("First Block after Genesis")
print("\nNew Block:\n", vars(blockchain.chain[1]))
blockchain.add block("Second Block after Genesis")
print("\nNew Block:\n", vars(blockchain.chain[2]))
blockchain.add block("Third Block after Genesis")
print("\nNew Block:\n", vars(blockchain.chain[3]))
```

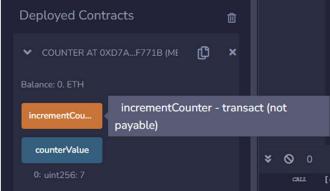
<u>AIM</u>: Implement and demonstrate the use of solidity programming.

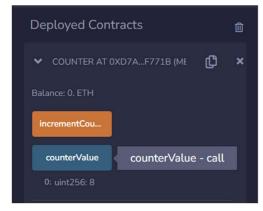
- a. Counter
- b. Calculator
- c. Increment/Decrement Operator

[A] Counter

CODE:

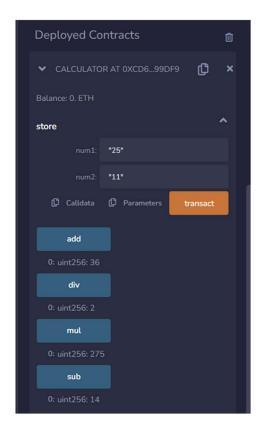






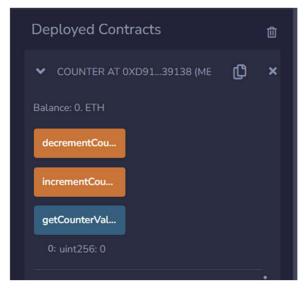
[B] Calculator

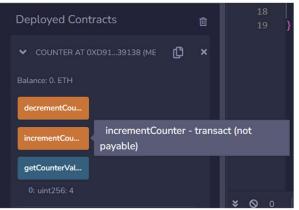
CODE:

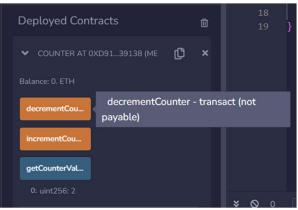


[C] Increment/Decrement Operator

$\underline{\mathbf{CODE}}$:







AIM: Loops in solidity.

- a. For Loop
- b. While Loop

[A] FOR Loop

CODE:

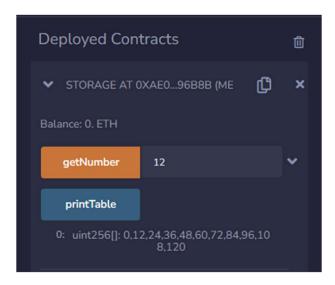
```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-3.0
pragma solidity >=0.8.2 <0.9.0;

vontract Storage {

uint256 number;
uint256[] tables= new uint256[](0);

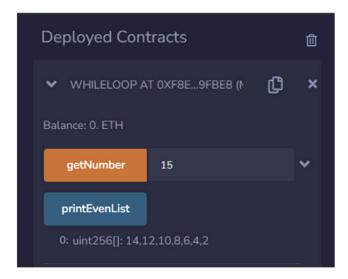
function getNumber(uint256 num) public {
 under = num;
 for (uint256 i=0; i<=10; i++)
 {
 tables.push(number*i);
 }

function printTable() public view returns (uint256[] memory){
 return tables;
}
</pre>
```



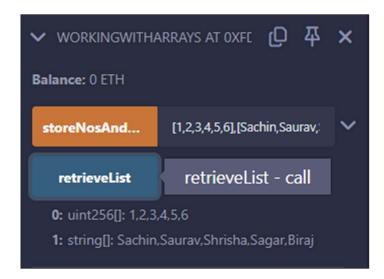
[B] WHILE Loop

CODE:



<u>AIM</u>: Arrays in solidity.

<u>CODE</u> :



<u>AIM</u>: Operators in solidity.

- a. Comparison Operator (==, !=)
- b. Logical operator (&&, \parallel , !)
- c. Assignment operator (+=, -=, *=, /=)
- d. Ternary operator (?:)

[A] Comparison Operator (==, !=)

CODE:

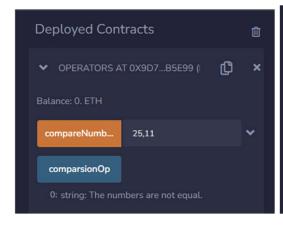
```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-3.0
pragma solidity >=0.8.2 <0.9.0;
contract Operators {

uint256 number1;
uint256 number2;
function compareNumber(uint256 num1,uint256 num2) public {
 uint256 number1 = num1;
 number1 = num1;
 number2 = num2;
}

function comparsionOp()public view returns (string memory) {
 if(number1==number2) {
 return "The numbers are equal.";
 }else if(number1!=number2) {
 return "The numbers are not equal.";
 }else {
 return "The details are unavailable.";
 }
}

}

}
</pre>
```

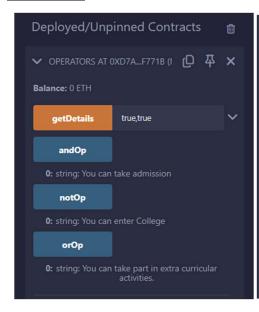


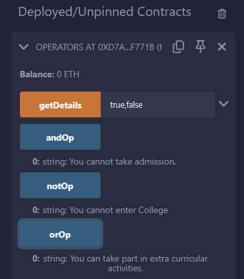


[B] Logical operator (&&, \parallel , !)

CODE:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-3.0
pragma solidity >=0.8.2 <0.9.0;
contract Operators {
  bool ageOfPerson;
  bool prof;
  ageOfPerson = isAbove18;
    prof = isStudent;
  if(ageOfPerson && prof){
       return "You can take admission";
     }else {
       return "You cannot take admission.";
  if(ageOfPerson || prof){
       return "You can take part in extra curricular activities.";
     }else {
      return "You cannot take part"; }
  if(!prof){
       return "You cannot enter College";
       return "You can enter College";
```

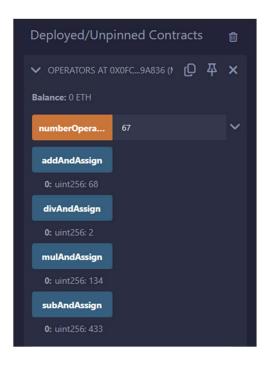




[C] Assignment operator (+=, -=, *=, /=)

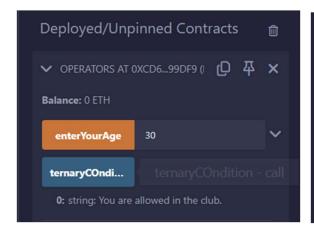
CODE:

```
pragma solidity >=0.8.2 <0.9.0;
    contract Operators {
        uint num;
        num = number;
        function addAndAssign() public view returns (uint256) {  □ infinite gas
            uint256 add = 1;
            add += num;
           return add;
        function subAndAssign() public view returns (uint256) {  □ infinite gas
           uint256 sub = 500;
14
            sub -= num;
           return sub;
        function mulAndAssign() public view returns (uint256) {  □ infinite gas
            uint256 mul = 2;
            mul *= num;
            return mul;
        function divAndAssign() public view returns (uint256) {  □ infinite gas
           uint256 div = 200;
           div /= num;
           return div;
```



[D] Ternary operator (?:)

CODE:





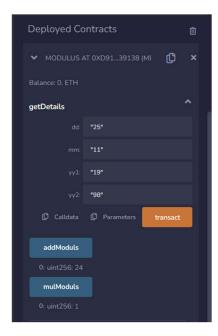
<u>AIM</u>: Mathematical functions (mulmod and addmod) and Function overloading.

CODE:

```
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5 5_Modulus.sol 

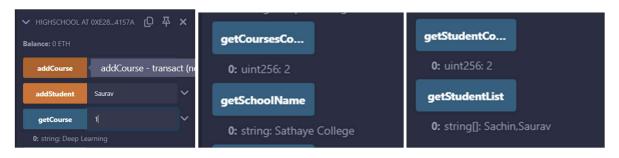
★
   pragma solidity >=0.8.2 <0.9.0;
   contract Modulus {
      uint256 num1;
       uint256 num2;
     uint256 date;
       uint256 month;
       uint256 year1;
       uint256 year2;
       function getDetails(uint256 dd, uint256 mm,uint256 yy1,uint256 yy2) public { ■ infinite gas
          date=dd;
           month=mm;
           year1=yy1;
           year2=yy2;
           num1=dd & mm;
           num2=yy1 | yy2;
        function addModuls() public view returns (uint256){ ■ 6690 gas
           return addmod(num1, num2, date);
        function mulModuls() public view returns (uint256){
■ 6646 gas
           return mulmod(num1, num2, month);
```



<u>AIM</u>: Implementation of interface and inheritance.

CODE:

```
pragma solidity >=0.8.2 <0.9.0;
interface ISchool {
 function getStudentList() external view returns (string[] memory);
 contract School is ISchool {
 string private schoolName;
 string[] private students;
 schoolName = _schoolName;
 return schoolName;
 function getStudentCount() public view override returns (uint) { ■ 2445 gas
   return students.length;
 return students;
 students.push(name);
```



AIM: Selection of candidate in election.

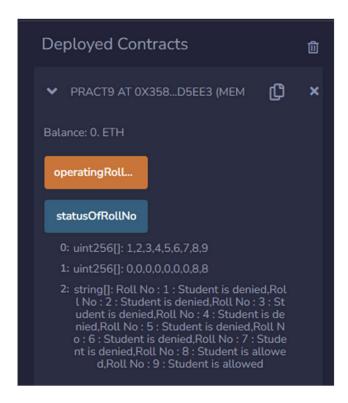
$\underline{\mathbf{CODE}}$:

```
pragma solidity >=0.8.2 <0.9.0;
    import "@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Strings.sol";
6 ∨ contract Election
       string[] candidatesList = ["Sachin", "Saurav", "Sagar", "Shrisha"];
       uint256[][] candidatesData = [
           [26, 10, 0],
           [28, 5, 0],
       uint256[] candidateResult;
       for (uint256 i = 0; i < candidatesData.length; i++) {</pre>
               for (uint256 j = 0; j < 1; j++) {
                   if (candidatesData[i][2] == 0) {
                      andData(candidatesData[i][0], candidatesData[i][1]);
                   } else {
                      andData(
                          candidatesData[i][0],
                          candidatesData[i][1],
                          candidatesData[i][2]
```



<u>AIM</u>: Write a solidity program to create an array of roll no's and then create a smart contract where it checks the values of the roll no and perform AND operation with today's date DD and if the result is even, then display the message "Student is allowed" else "Denied".

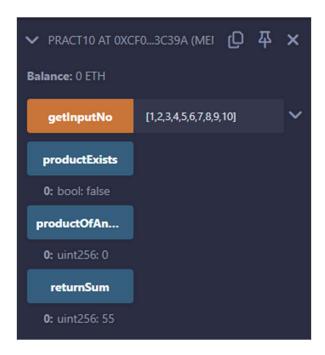
CODE:



<u>AIM</u>: Write a solidity program to find the sum of an array of 10 numbers which are taken from the user and then create a smart contract to find the AND operation of Odd positioned numbers and OR operation of Even positioned numbers including 0th Index, hence find the product of the result and also identify whether the result is part of the array or not.

CODE:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-3.0
pragma solidity >=0.8.2 <0.9.0;
  uint256[10] inputNumber;
  uint256 oddAndResult;
   uint256 evenOrResult;
   bool isProductInArray;
   uint256 sumOfNo = 0;
   inputNumber = inputNos;
      calculateSum();
      andOrOperation();
      productExistsInArray();
   for (uint256 i = 0; i < inputNumber.length; i++) {</pre>
         sumOfNo += inputNumber[i];
   oddAndResult = inputNumber[1];
      evenOrResult = inputNumber[0];
      for (uint256 i = 0; i < inputNumber.length; i++) {</pre>
             evenOrResult = evenOrResult | inputNumber[i];
          } else if (i % 2 == 0) {
             evenOrResult = evenOrResult | inputNumber[i];
          } else {
             oddAndResult = oddAndResult & inputNumber[i];
       product = oddAndResult * evenOrResult;
   for (uint256 i = 0; i < inputNumber.length; i++) {
   if (inputNumber[i] == product) {</pre>
             isProductInArray = true;
```



<u>AIM</u>: Write a solidity program to find whether a number is even or odd and another number is prime or composite. Also find the AND and OR operation of the two numbers.

CODE:

```
function checkPrimeOrComposite() public view returns (string memory) {
20 V
           if (number2 == 0 || number2 == 1) {
               return "The number2 is neither prime or composite.";
           } else {
               uint256 flag = 0;
25 🗸
               for (uint256 i = 2; i <= (number2 / 2); i++) {
                  if (number2 % i == 0) {
                      flag = 1;
                      break;
               if (flag == 0) {
31 V
                  return "The number2 is prime number.";
               } else {
33 V
                  return "The number2 is composite number.";
        return number1 & number2;
40
        function numberOrOp() public view returns (uint256) { ■ 4609 gas
           return number1 | number2;
```

