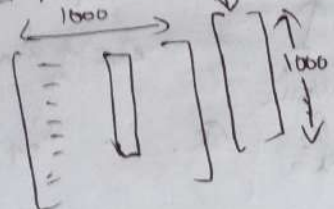


29

$\hat{y}_i \rightarrow \text{avg } \text{neg log likelihood}$  of Average

$$\hat{y}_i = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^N \text{neg log likelihood}$$

$$S_i = \sigma(w_s S_i + w_k x_i + b_s)$$


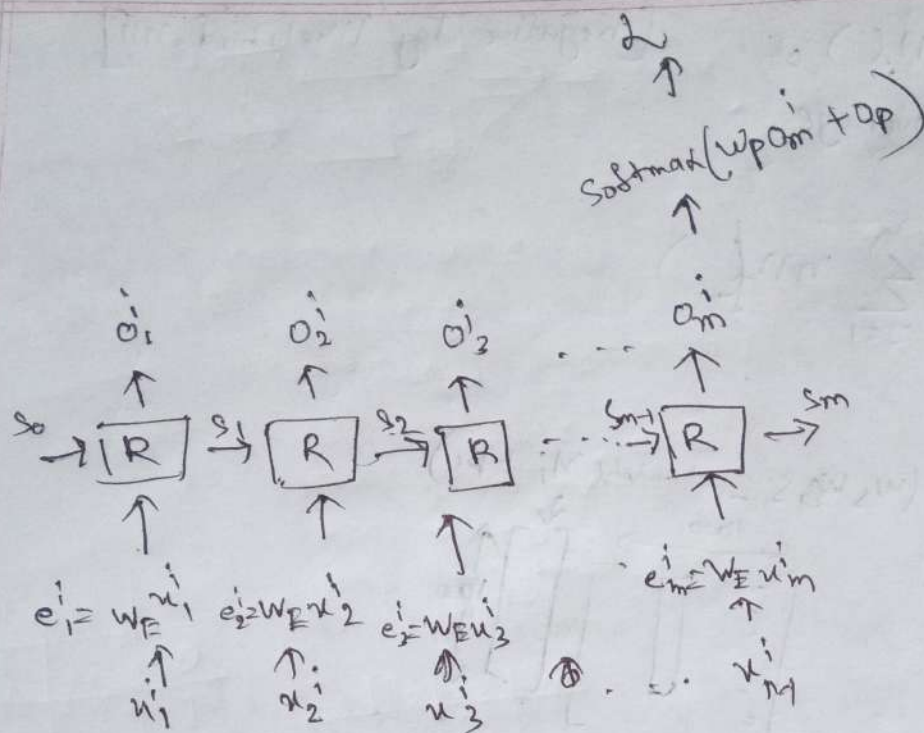
The diagram illustrates a vector of size 1000 (represented by a column of dots) being multiplied by a weight vector  $w_s$  (represented by a small vertical rectangle) to produce a scalar output  $S_i$ . The output is then passed through a sigmoid function  $\sigma$ .

Example Your results are awesome but bad  
Your results are not bad

$$x_i = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n), \quad \vec{p} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{pos} \\ \text{neg} \\ \text{not} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1^i, x_2^i, x_3^i, \dots, x_m^i$$

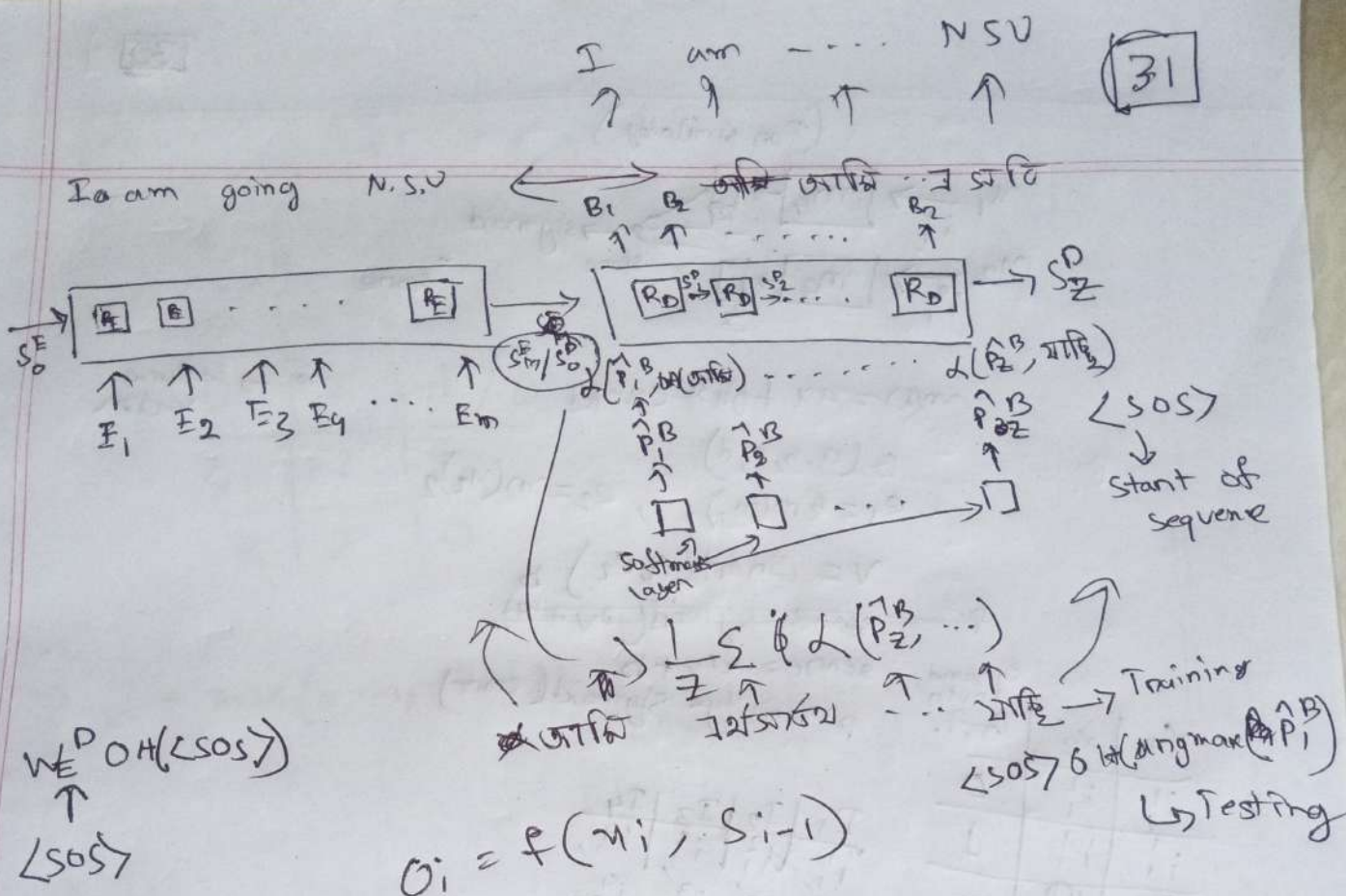
(Pad)



Many to One

Encoder - I am  
 Decoder - আমি  
 B<sub>1</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>3</sub> B<sub>4</sub> B<sub>5</sub> B<sub>6</sub> B<sub>7</sub>  
 I am going to North South University  
 আমি যাচ্ছি নর্থ সাউথ বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ে মাঠে  
 B<sub>1</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>3</sub> B<sub>4</sub>  
 I am going X  
 X am X  
 going X



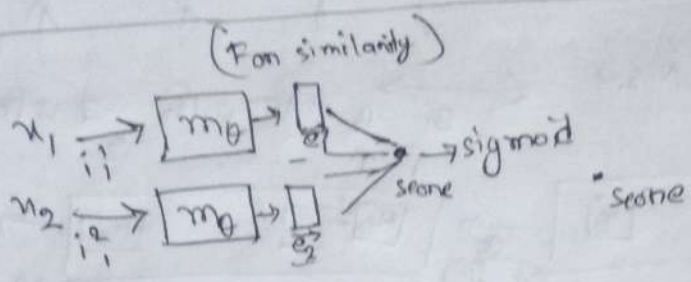


$\mu \rightarrow m$

Face Recg

Recognition

Open Set Problem



$\vec{e} \rightarrow$  Feature vector

$$m(x) = ax + b$$

$$e_1 = m(x_1), e_2 = m(x_2)$$

$$v = \text{Concat}(e_1, e_2)$$

~~$score = \text{sigmoid}(wv + b)$~~

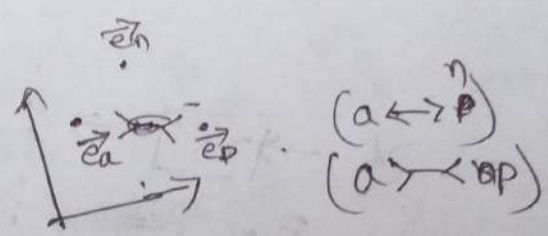
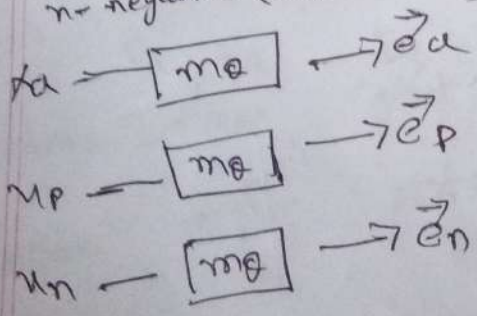
$$score = wv + b$$

$$probability = \text{Sigmoid}(score)$$

$x_1$	$x_2$	Ground Truth G.T.
11	12	0
11	11	1
11	13	1

$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$
11	12	13	14
11	12	13	14
12	12	13	14
13	13	13	14

a - action  
 p - positive (same as a)  
 n - negative (different as a)



$$D(\vec{e}_a, \vec{e}_p) = d_{a,p}$$

$$D(\vec{e}_a, \vec{e}_n) = d_{a,n}$$

$d_{a,p} > d_{a,n} > 0$

~~$d_{a,n} - d_{a,p} + m = 0$~~

$d_{a,p} - d_{a,n} + m = 0$

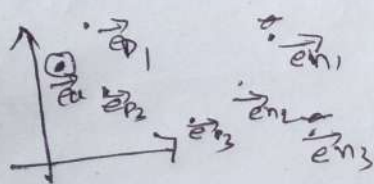


$g=5$

$d_{a,n}$	$d_{a,p}$	$d_{a,p}-d_{a,n}+g$
3	4	6
7	3	1
8	2	-1/0
3	3	5
7	2	0

$\vec{e}_a$   
 $\vec{e}_p$   
 $\vec{e}_n$

$$\mathcal{L} = \max(0, d_{a,p} - d_{a,n} + g) \rightarrow \text{Triplet loss}$$



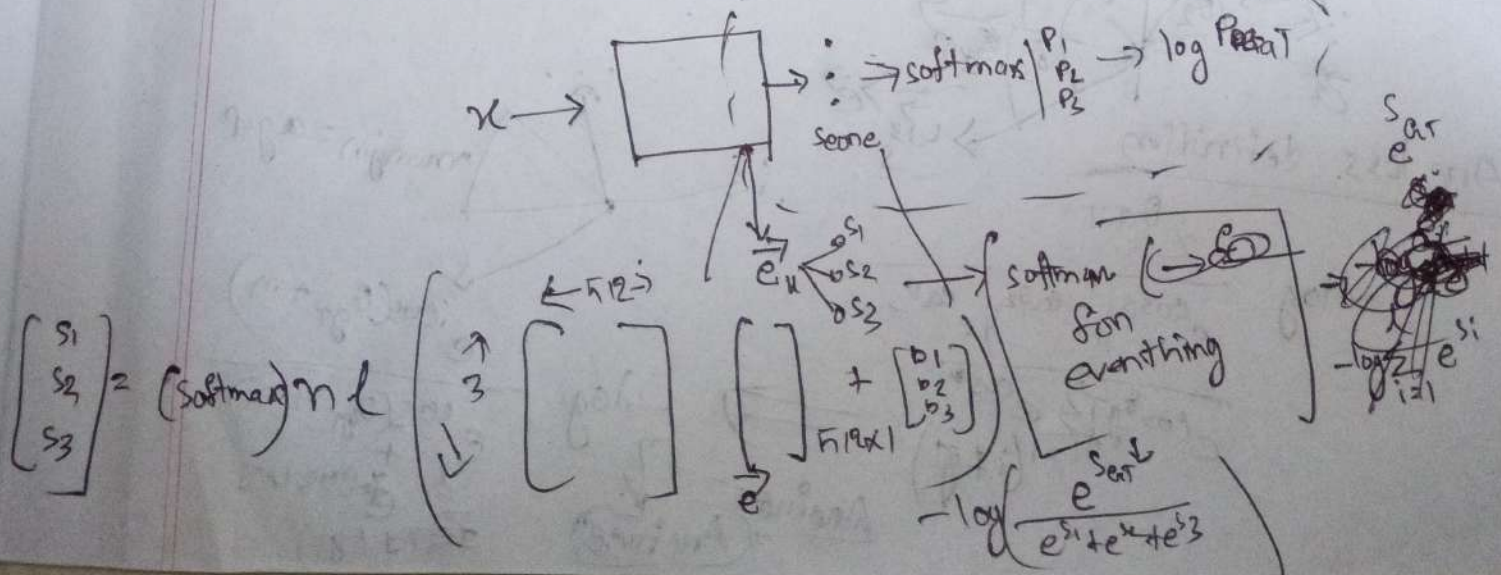
$\vec{n} = m_e(\text{reference})$

$\vec{q} = m_e(\text{query})$

$$d_{n,q} = D(\vec{n}, \vec{q})$$

if ( $d_{n,q} < \text{threshold}$ )  
similar  
end if.

Angular Margin loss



$$s_i = \text{dot}(\vec{w}_s^i, \vec{e}) \quad [\text{Equivalent to before}]$$

$$s_i = \text{dot}(\vec{w}_s^i, \vec{e})$$

$$P_i = \frac{e^{\text{dot}(\vec{w}_s^i, \vec{e})}}{e^{\text{dot}(\vec{w}_s^1, \vec{e})} + e^{\text{dot}(\vec{w}_s^2, \vec{e})} + e^{\text{dot}(\vec{w}_s^3, \vec{e})}}$$

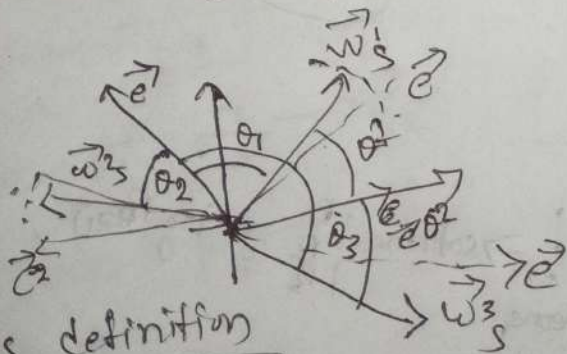
$$s_i = \|\vec{w}_s^i\| \|\vec{e}\| \cos \theta_i$$

$$\|\vec{w}_s^i\| = 1 \text{ for } i=1, 2, 3$$

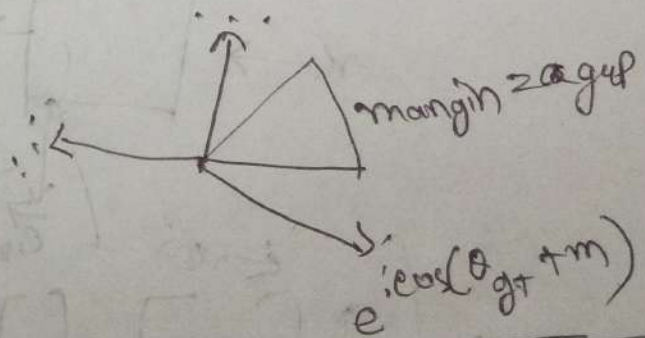
$$\|\vec{e}\| = 1$$

$$s_i = \cos \theta_i$$

$$P_i = \frac{e^{\cos \theta_i}}{e^{\cos \theta_1} + e^{\cos \theta_2} + e^{\cos \theta_3}}$$



$$\theta^1, \theta^2 = \text{for } \vec{w}_s^1, \vec{w}_s^2$$



$$-\log \frac{e^{\theta_{gt,T}}}{e^{\cos \theta_1} + e^{\cos \theta_2} + e^{\cos \theta_3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Anceface} \rightarrow \text{Anceface}$$

$$-\log \frac{e^{\cos(\theta_{gt} + m)}}{e^{\cos \theta_1} + e^{\cos \theta_2} + e^{\cos \theta_3}}$$

Ance loss definition