
APMO 2014

- 1 For a positive integer m denote by $S(m)$ and $P(m)$ the sum and product, respectively, of the digits of m . Show that for each positive integer n , there exist positive integers a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n satisfying the following conditions:

$$S(a_1) < S(a_2) < \dots < S(a_n) \text{ and } S(a_i) = P(a_{i+1}) \quad (i = 1, 2, \dots, n).$$

(We let $a_{n+1} = a_1$.)

- 2 Let $S = \{1, 2, \dots, 2014\}$. For each non-empty subset $T \subseteq S$, one of its members is chosen as its representative. Find the number of ways to assign representatives to all non-empty subsets of S so that if a subset $D \subseteq S$ is a disjoint union of non-empty subsets $A, B, C \subseteq S$, then the representative of D is also the representative of one of A, B, C .
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- 3 Find all positive integers n such that for any integer k there exists an integer a for which $a^3 + a - k$ is divisible by n .
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- 4 Let n and b be positive integers. We say n is b -discerning if there exists a set consisting of n different positive integers less than b that has no two different subsets U and V such that the sum of all elements in U equals the sum of all elements in V .

(a) Prove that 8 is 100-discerning.

(b) Prove that 9 is not 100-discerning.

- 5 Circles ω and Ω meet at points A and B . Let M be the midpoint of the arc AB of circle ω (M lies inside Ω). A chord MP of circle ω intersects Ω at Q (Q lies inside ω). Let ℓ_P be the tangent line to ω at P , and let ℓ_Q be the tangent line to Ω at Q . Prove that the circumcircle of the triangle formed by the lines ℓ_P , ℓ_Q and AB is tangent to Ω .
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