

India
National Olympiad
1997

- [1] Let $ABCD$ be a parallelogram. Suppose a line passing through C and lying outside the parallelogram meets AB and AD produced at E and F respectively. Show that

$$AC^2 + CE \cdot CF = AB \cdot AE + AD \cdot AF.$$

- [2] Show that there do not exist positive integers m and n such that

$$\frac{m}{n} + \frac{n+1}{m} = 4.$$

- [3] If a, b, c are three real numbers and

$$a + \frac{1}{b} = b + \frac{1}{c} = c + \frac{1}{a} = t$$

for some real number t , prove that $abc + t = 0$.

- [4] In a unit square one hundred segments are drawn from the centre to the sides dividing the square into one hundred parts (triangles and possibly quadrilaterals). If all parts have equal perimeter p , show that $\frac{14}{10} < p < \frac{15}{10}$.

- [5] Find the number of 4×4 array whose entries are from the set $\{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and which are such that the sum of the numbers in each of the four rows and in each of the four columns is divisible by 4.

- [6] Suppose a and b are two positive real numbers such that the roots of the cubic equation $x^3 - ax + b = 0$ are all real. If α is a root of this cubic with minimal absolute value, prove that

$$\frac{b}{a} < \alpha < \frac{3b}{2a}.$$