

## Art of Problem Solving 2011 Cono Sur Olympiad

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Day 1	
1	Find all triplets of positive integers $(x, y, z)$ such that $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2011$ .
2	The numbers 1 through $4^n$ are written on a board. In each step, Pedro erases two numbers $a$ and $b$ from the board, and writes instead the number $\frac{ab}{\sqrt{2a^2+2b^2}}$ . Pedro repeats this procedure until only one number remains. Prove that this number is less than $\frac{1}{n}$ , no matter what numbers Pedro chose in each step.
3	Let $ABC$ be an equilateral triangle. Let $P$ be a point inside of it such that the square root of the distance of $P$ to one of the sides is equal to the sum of the square roots of the distances of $P$ to the other two sides. Find the geometric place of $P$ .
Day 2	
4	A number $\overline{abcd}$ is called <i>balanced</i> if $a+b=c+d$ . Find all balanced numbers with 4 digits that are the sum of two palindrome numbers.
5	Let $ABC$ be a triangle and $D$ a point in $AC$ . If $\angle CBD - \angle ABD = 60^{\circ}$ , $B\hat{D}C = 30^{\circ}$ and also $AB \cdot BC = BD^2$ , determine the measure of all the angles of triangle $ABC$ .
6	Let $Q$ be a $(2n+1) \times (2n+1)$ board. Some of its cells are colored black in such a way that every $2 \times 2$ board of $Q$ has at most 2 black cells. Find the maximum amount of black cells that the board may have.

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