

IMO 1964

Moscow, USSR

Day 1

- [1] (a) Find all positive integers n for which $2^n - 1$ is divisible by 7. (b) Prove that there is no positive integer n for which $2^n + 1$ is divisible by 7.

- [2] Suppose a, b, c are the sides of a triangle. Prove that

$$a^2(b + c - a) + b^2(a + c - b) + c^2(a + b - c) \leq 3abc$$

- [3] A circle is inscribed in a triangle ABC with sides a, b, c . Tangents to the circle parallel to the sides of the triangle are constructed. Each of these tangents cuts off a triangle from $\triangle ABC$. In each of these triangles, a circle is inscribed. Find the sum of the areas of all four inscribed circles (in terms of a, b, c).

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Day 2

- [4] Seventeen people correspond by mail with one another—each one with all the rest. In their letters only three different topics are discussed. Each pair of correspondents deals with only one of these topics. Prove that there are at least three people who write to each other about the same topic.
- [5] Suppose five points in a plane are situated so that no two of the straight lines joining them are parallel, perpendicular, or coincident. From each point perpendiculars are drawn to all the lines joining the other four points. Determine the maximum number of intersections that these perpendiculars can have.
- [6] In tetrahedron $ABCD$, vertex D is connected with D_0 , the centroid of $\triangle ABC$. Lines parallel to DD_0 are drawn through A, B and C . These lines intersect the planes BCD, CAD and ABD in points A_2, B_1 , and C_1 , respectively. Prove that the volume of $ABCD$ is one third the volume of $A_1B_1C_1D_0$. Is the result if point D_0 is selected anywhere within $\triangle ABC$?