

## **Art of Problem Solving** 1998 APMO

APMO 1998

Let F be the set of all n-tuples  $(A_1, \ldots, A_n)$  such that each  $A_i$  is a subset of  $\{1, 2, \ldots, 1998\}$ . Let |A| denote the number of elements of the set A. Find

$$\sum_{(A_1,\dots,A_n)\in F} |A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_n|$$

- Show that for any positive integers a and b, (36a + b)(a + 36b) cannot be a power of 2.
- 3 Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove that

$$\bigg(1+\frac{a}{b}\bigg)\bigg(1+\frac{b}{c}\bigg)\bigg(1+\frac{c}{a}\bigg) \geq 2\bigg(1+\frac{a+b+c}{\sqrt[3]{abc}}\bigg).$$

- Let ABC be a triangle and D the foot of the altitude from A. Let E and F lie on a line passing through D such that AE is perpendicular to BE, AF is perpendicular to CF, and E and F are different from D. Let M and N be the midpoints of the segments BC and EF, respectively. Prove that AN is perpendicular to NM.
- 5 Find the largest integer n such that n is divisible by all positive integers less than  $\sqrt[3]{n}$ .

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