India

National Olympiad

1994

- 1 Let G be the centroid of the triangle ABC in which the angle at C is obtuse and AD and CF be the medians from A and C respectively onto the sides BC and AB. If the points B, D, G and F are concyclic, show that $\frac{AC}{BC} \geq \sqrt{2}$. If further P is a point on the line BG extended such that AGCP is a parallelogram, show that triangle ABC and GAP are similar.
- 2 If $x^5 x^3 + x = a$, prove that $x^6 \ge 2a 1$.
- 3 In any set of 181 square integers, prove that one can always find a subset of 19 numbers, sum of whose elements is divisible by 19.
- 4 Find the number of nondegenerate triangles whose vertices lie in the set of points (s,t) in the plane such that $0 \le s \le 4$, $0 \le t \le 4$, s and t are integers.
- $\boxed{5}$ A circle passes through the vertex of a rectangle ABCD and touches its sides AB and AD at M and N respectively. If the distance from C to the line segment MN is equal to 5 units, find the area of rectangle ABCD.
- [6] Find all real-valued functions f on the reals such that f(-x) = -f(x), f(x+1) = f(x) + 1 for all x, and $f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{f(x)}{x^2}$ for $x \neq 0$.