

IMO 2015

— Day 1

- 1** We say that a finite set  $\mathcal{S}$  of points in the plane is *balanced* if, for any two different points  $A$  and  $B$  in  $\mathcal{S}$ , there is a point  $C$  in  $\mathcal{S}$  such that  $AC = BC$ . We say that  $\mathcal{S}$  is *centre-free* if for any three different points  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  in  $\mathcal{S}$ , there is no points  $P$  in  $\mathcal{S}$  such that  $PA = PB = PC$ .

(a) Show that for all integers  $n \geq 3$ , there exists a balanced set consisting of  $n$  points.

(b) Determine all integers  $n \geq 3$  for which there exists a balanced centre-free set consisting of  $n$  points.

Proposed by Netherlands

- 2** Find all positive integers  $(a, b, c)$  such that

$$ab - c, \quad bc - a, \quad ca - b$$

are all powers of 2.

*Proposed by Serbia*

- 3** Let  $ABC$  be an acute triangle with  $AB > AC$ . Let  $\Gamma$  be its circumcircle,  $H$  its orthocenter, and  $F$  the foot of the altitude from  $A$ . Let  $M$  be the midpoint of  $BC$ . Let  $Q$  be the point on  $\Gamma$  such that  $\angle HQA = 90^\circ$  and let  $K$  be the point on  $\Gamma$  such that  $\angle HKQ = 90^\circ$ . Assume that the points  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$ ,  $K$  and  $Q$  are all different and lie on  $\Gamma$  in this order.

Prove that the circumcircles of triangles  $KQH$  and  $FKM$  are tangent to each other.

Proposed by Ukraine

— Day 2

- 4** Triangle  $ABC$  has circumcircle  $\Omega$  and circumcenter  $O$ . A circle  $\Gamma$  with center  $A$  intersects the segment  $BC$  at points  $D$  and  $E$ , such that  $B$ ,  $D$ ,  $E$ , and  $C$  are all different and lie on line  $BC$  in this order. Let  $F$  and  $G$  be the points of intersection of  $\Gamma$  and  $\Omega$ , such that  $A$ ,  $F$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$ , and  $G$  lie on  $\Omega$  in this order. Let  $K$  be the second point of intersection of the circumcircle of triangle  $BDF$  and the segment  $AB$ . Let  $L$  be the second point of intersection of the circumcircle of triangle  $CGE$  and the segment  $CA$ .

Suppose that the lines  $FK$  and  $GL$  are different and intersect at the point  $X$ .  
Prove that  $X$  lies on the line  $AO$ .

Proposed by Greece

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- 5 Let  $\mathbb{R}$  be the set of real numbers. Determine all functions  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  that satisfy the equation

$$f(x + f(x + y)) + f(xy) = x + f(x + y) + yf(x)$$

for all real numbers  $x$  and  $y$ .

Proposed by Dorlir Ahmeti, Albania

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- 6 The sequence  $a_1, a_2, \dots$  of integers satisfies the conditions:  
(i)  $1 \leq a_j \leq 2015$  for all  $j \geq 1$ ,  
(ii)  $k + a_k \neq \ell + a_\ell$  for all  $1 \leq k < \ell$ .  
Prove that there exist two positive integers  $b$  and  $N$  for which

$$\left| \sum_{j=m+1}^n (a_j - b) \right| \leq 1007^2$$

for all integers  $m$  and  $n$  such that  $n > m \geq N$ .

Proposed by Ivan Guo and Ross Atkins, Australia

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