India

Regional Mathematical Olympiad

1999

- 1 Prove that the inradius of a right angled triangle with integer sides is an integer.
- $\boxed{2}$ Find the number of positive integers which divide 10^{999} but not 10^{998} .
- 3 Let ABCD be a square and M, N points on sides AB, BC respectively such that $\angle MDN = 45^{\circ}$. If R is the midpoint of MN show that RP = RQ where P, Q are points of intersection of AC with the lines MD, ND.
- 4 If p, q, r are the roots of the cubic equation $x^3 3px^2 + 3q^2x r^3 = 0$, then show that p = q = r.
- $\boxed{5}$ If a, b, c are sides of a triangle, prove that

$$\frac{a}{c+a-b} + \frac{b}{a+b-c} + \frac{c}{b+c-a} \ge 3.$$

 $\boxed{6}$ Find all solutions in integers m, n of the equation

$$(m-n)^2 = \frac{4mn}{m+n-1}.$$

- 7 Find the number of quadratic polynomials $ax^2 + bx + c$ which satisfy the following:
 - (a) a, b, c are distinct;
 - (b) $a, b, c \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots 1999\};$
 - (c) x + 1 divides $ax^2 + bx + c$.