

SN	Word	Meaning	Example
1	<b>rescind</b> (ri'sind)(রেস্‌সিন্ড) (v)	বাতিল করা; নাকচ করা;  <b>verb:</b> cancel officially <b>verb:</b> revoke, cancel, or repeal (a law, order, or agreement).  Syn. <b>abolish</b> , rule out, invalidate, set aside, <b>negate</b> , negation, nullify, overrule, undo, rescind	<i>The man's driver's license was <b>rescinded</b> after his tenth car accident, which meant he would never be allowed to legally drive again.</i>
2	<b>sporadic</b> (spə'radik)(স্পেরাডিক) (adj.)	বিচ্ছিন্ন;  <b>adjective:</b> recurring in scattered and irregular or unpredictable instances <b>adjective:</b> occurring at irregular intervals or only in a few places; scattered or isolated. emanate (এমেনেইট) = নি: সৃত হওয়া;	<i>The signals were at first <b>sporadic</b>, but now we detect a clear, consistent pattern of electromagnetic radiation emanating from deep space.</i>
3	<b>scrupulous</b> ( 'skroōpyələs)(স্ক্রুপুলাস) (adj.)	1. <b>সতর্ক</b> ; যথাযথ; খুঁতখুঁতে; <b>adjective:</b> characterized by extreme care and great effort <b>adjective:</b> (of a person or process) diligent, thorough, and extremely attentive to details.  2. <b>নীতিপরায়ণ</b> ; বিবেকী; <b>adjective:</b> having a sense of right and wrong; principled	<i>Because of his <b>scrupulous</b> nature, Mary put him in charge of numbering and cataloging the entire collection of rare stamps</i>  <i>Everyone trusted what he said and followed his example because he was <b>scrupulous</b> and honest.</i>
4	<b>propitious</b> (prə'piSHəs)(প্রোপিশাস) (adj.)	প্রসন্ন; শুভলক্ষণযুক্ত; শুভলক্ষপূর্ণ;  <b>adjective:</b> presenting favorable circumstances; likely to result in or show signs of success <b>adjective:</b> giving or indicating a good chance of success; favorable.	<i>The child's heartbeat is still weak, but I am seeing many <b>propitious</b> signs and I think that she may be healing.</i>
5	<b>precipitous</b> (pri'sipetəs)(পারসিপিটাস) (adj.)	<b>adjective:</b> done with very great haste and without due deliberation <b>adjective:</b> dangerously high or steep.  (of an action) done suddenly and without careful consideration. haste = স্বরঞ্জিত করান; দ্রুত অগ্রসর করান; steep = খাড়া; অত্যধিক; দুরারোহ; বেশিরকম ঢালু;	<i>Instead of calling his financial advisor, Harold acted <b>precipitously</b>, buying 4,000 shares of the latest "hot" stock, only to find out that the company had a history of inflating its year end numbers.</i>

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6	<b>munificent</b> (myoo' nifəsənt) (মিউনিফিসেন্ট) (adj.)	মহাদানশীল; মুক্তহস্ত; উপুড়হস্ত;  <b>adjective:</b> very generous <b>adjective:</b> (of a gift or sum of money) larger or more generous than is usual or necessary.	Uncle Charley was known for his <b>munificence</b> , giving all seven of his nephews lavish Christmas presents each year. lavish = ঢের, খরচে; অপব্যয় করা;
7	<b>myriad</b> ( 'mirēəd)(মিরিয়েইড) (n)	অগণ্য; অসংখ্য;  <b>noun:</b> a large indefinite number <b>noun, adj.:</b> a countless or extremely great number.	There are a <b>myriad</b> of internet sites hawking pills (ঔষধ) that claim to boost energy for hours on end. hawking = হকিং; ফেরি;
8	<b>ravenous</b> ( 'ravənəs)(রেভেনাস) (adj.)	অত্যন্ত ক্ষুধার্ত; বুভুক্ষিত; গোগ্রাসে গেলে এমন;  <b>adjective:</b> extremely hungry; devouring or craving food in great quantities <b>adjective:</b> extremely hungry  craving = ক্ষুধা; তীব্র আকাঙ্ক্ষা;	John didn't eat much at all during the week he had the flu, so now that he is regaining his health, it's not surprising that he has a <b>ravenous</b> appetite.  appetite (অ্যাপেটাইট) = ক্ষুধা; খাওয়ার ইচ্ছা;
9	<b>haphazard</b> ( ,hap' hazərd)() (adj.)	এলোমেলো; <sup>২</sup> দৈবক্রমে ঘটিত  <b>adjective:</b> marked by great carelessness; dependent upon or characterized by chance <b>adjective:</b> lacking any obvious principle of organization.	Many golf courses are designed with great care, but the greens on the county golf course seem entirely <b>haphazard</b> .
10	<b>circumscribe</b> ( 'sərkəm ,skrīb)() (v)	সংযত করা; সীমাবদ্ধ করা; বেষ্টিত করা; চারিদিকে রেখা টেনে দেওয়া;  <b>verb:</b> restrict or confine <b>verb:</b> restrict (something) within limits.  draw (a figure) around another, touching it at points but not cutting it.	Their tour of South America was <b>circumscribed</b> so that they saw only popular destinations and avoided the dangerous parts of cities.
11	<b>gauche</b> (gōSH)(গোওশ) (adj.)	অবিবেচক; আনাড়ি; অশিষ্ট;  <b>adjective:</b> lacking social polish (ঔজ্জ্বল্য; চাকচক্য) <b>adjective:</b> lacking ease or grace (অনুগ্রহ; দয়া); unsophisticated (অকৃত্রিম; খাঁটি) and socially awkward.	Sylvester says the most <b>gauche</b> things, such as telling a girl he liked that she was much prettier when she wore makeup

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12	<b>antithetical</b> (, antəˈTHetɪkəl) (এন্টিথেটিকাল) (adj.)	বিরুদ্ধ; বিরোধভাসমূলক;  <i>adjective:</i> sharply contrasted in character or purpose <i>adjective:</i> directly opposed or contrasted; mutually incompatible.  connected with, containing, or using the rhetorical device of antithesis.	<i>His deep emotional involvement with these ideas is, in fact, <b>antithetical</b> to the disattachment Buddhism preaches ( ধর্মপ্রচার করা).</i>
13	<b>inimical</b> (iˈnimɪkəl)(ইনিমিকাল) (adj)	শত্রুভাবাপন্ন; ক্ষতিকর; প্রতিকূল; বিরোধী  <i>adjective:</i> hostile (usually describes conditions or environments) <i>adjective:</i> tending to obstruct or harm.	<i>Venus, with a surface temperature that would turn rubber to liquid, is <b>inimical</b> to any form of life.</i>
14	<b>constituent</b> (kənˈstiCHooənt)() (n, adj.)	1. নির্বাচনী এলাকার ভোটার <i>noun:</i> a citizen who is represented in a government by officials for whom he or she votes <i>noun:</i> a member of a constituency.  2. উপাদান <i>noun:</i> an abstract part of something <i>adjective:</i> being a part of a whole.	<i>The mayor's <b>constituents</b> are no longer happy with her performance and plan to vote for another candidate in the upcoming election.</i>  <i>The <b>constituents</b> of the metal alloy are nickel, copper, and tin.</i>
15	<b>lionize</b> (ˈlɪə,nɪz)() (v)	<i>verb:</i> assign great social importance to <i>verb:</i> give a lot of public attention and approval to (someone); treat as a celebrity.	<i>Students in the U.S. learn to <b>lionize</b> Jefferson, Franklin, and Washington because they are the founding fathers of the nation.</i>
16	<b>poignant</b> (ˈpɔɪnyənt)(পওইনিয়ান্ট) (adj.)	মর্মভেদী; বেধক; গ্লানিকর;  <i>adjective:</i> emotionally touching <i>adjective:</i> evoking a keen sense of sadness or regret.	<i>After the Montagues and Capulets discover the dead bodies of Romeo and Juliet, in the play's most <b>poignant</b> moment, the two grief stricken (বিসাদ আহত) families agree to end their feud (জাতিবিবাদ) once and for all.</i>
17	<b>resurgent</b> (riˈsərjənt)() (adj)	পুনরুত্থানকারী; পুনরুত্থানশীল;  <i>adjective:</i> rising again as to new life and vigor <i>adjective:</i> increasing or reviving after a period of little activity, popularity, or occurrence.	<i>The team sank to fourth place in June, but is now <b>resurgent</b> and about to win the division.</i>

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18	<b>obsequious</b> (əb'sēkwēəs)() (adj.)	চাটুকার; <b>adjective:</b> attentive in an ingratiating or servile manner; attempting to win favor from influential people by flattery <b>adjective:</b> obedient or attentive to an excessive or servile (হীন) degree. ingratiating = ভোষামুদ; [day4 - 39]	<i>The <b>obsequious</b> waiter did not give the couple a moment's peace all through the meal, constantly returning to their table to refill their water glasses and to tell them what a handsome pair they made.</i>
19	<b>prolific</b> ()() (adj.)	উর্বর; প্রচুরপরিমাণে উত্পাদনশীল <b>adjective:</b> intellectually productive <b>adjective:</b> (of a plant, animal, or person) producing much fruit or foliage or many offspring. present in large numbers or quantities; plentiful.	<i>Schubert was the most <b>prolific</b> composer, producing hundreds of hours of music before he died at the age of 31.</i>
20	<b>sanction</b> ('saNG(k)SHən)() (v, n)	1. অনুমোদন; অধিকার দেওয়া; <b>verb:</b> give authority or permission to <b>verb:</b> give official permission or approval for (an action). 2. অনুজ্ঞা; মঁজুরী; <b>noun:</b> a legal penalty for a forbidden action <b>noun:</b> a threatened penalty for disobeying a law or rule.	<i>The authorities have <b>sanctioned</b> the use of the wilderness reserve for public use; many expect to see hikers and campers enjoying the park in the coming months.</i> <i>International <b>sanctions</b> have been placed on certain shipping lanes that were thought to be involved in human trafficking</i>
21	<b>brazen</b> ('brāzən)(ব্রেইজেন) (adj., v)	নির্লজ্জ; বেহায়া; <b>adjective:</b> unrestrained by convention or propriety (সঙ্গতি; শোভনতা; ভদ্রতা) <b>adjective:</b> bold and without shame. <b>verb:</b> endure (সহ্য করা)an embarrassing or difficult situation by behaving with apparent confidence and lack of shame	<i>Their large "donations" to the local police department gave the drug cartel the <b>brazen</b> confidence to do their business out in the open.</i>
22	<b>tempered</b> ()() (adj.)	নির্দিষ্ট মনোভাব বা মেজাজসম্পন্ন <b>adjective:</b> moderated in effect	<i>The wide-eyed optimism of her youth was now <b>tempered</b> after she had worked many years in the criminal justice system.</i>

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23	<b>prodigious</b> (prəˈdijəs)(প্রোডিজাস) (adj.)	অস্বাভাবিক রকমের বিশালকায়; প্রকাণ্ড; মস্ত বড়; বিস্ময়কর; আশ্চর্যজনক;  <b>adjective:</b> so great in size or force or extent as to elicit awe (ভয়) <b>adjective:</b> remarkably or impressively great in extent, size, or degree. unnatural or abnormal.  এলিসেট elicit (ইলিসেট) = প্রকাশ করা;	<i>After the relatively small homerun totals in the "dead ball" era, Babe Ruth's homerun totals were truly <b>prodigious</b>: every year, he set a new all-time record.</i>
24	<b>inveterate</b> (inˈveterit)(ইনভেটারেট) (adj.)	পাকা; স্বভাবসিদ্ধ;  <b>adjective:</b> habitual (অভ্যাসগত, স্বভাবসিদ্ধ) <b>adjective:</b> having a particular habit, activity, or interest that is long-established and unlikely to change.	<i>He is an <b>inveterate</b> smoker and has told his family and friends that there is no way he will ever quit.</i>
25	<b>accolade</b> (ˈakəˌlād)(একলেইড) (n)	প্রশংসা; তারিফ;  <b>noun:</b> an award or praise granted as a special honor [praise = প্রশংসা] <b>noun:</b> an award or privilege granted as a special honor or as an acknowledgment of merit.	<i>Jean Paul-Sartre was not a fan of <b>accolades</b>, and as such, he refused to accept the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1964.</i>
26	<b>reverent</b> (ˈrev(ə)rənt)(রেভেরেন্ট) (adj.)	সম্রদ্ধ; ভক্তিপূর্ণ;  <b>adjective:</b> feeling or showing profound respect or veneration <b>adjective:</b> feeling or showing deep and solemn respect.  composition = রচনা	<i>The professor could speak objectively about the other composers, but he always lectured about Brahms with a particularly <b>reverent</b> air, unable to offer a single criticism of his compositions.</i>
27	<b>tractable</b> (ˈtraktəbəl)() (adj.)	বাধ্য; সহজে পরিচালনা করা যায় এমন;  <b>adjective:</b> readily reacting to suggestions and influences; easily managed (controlled or taught or molded) <b>adjective:</b> (of a person or animal) easy to control or influence.	<i>Compared to middle school students, who have an untamed wildness about them, high school students are somewhat more <b>tractable</b>.</i>

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28	<b>austere</b> (ɒ'striə, ɔ:'striə)(আসট্রিয়ার) (adj.)	উগ্র; কঠোরভাবাপন্ন; 1. একান্ত অনাড়ম্বর <b>adjective:</b> practicing self-denial 2. <b>adjective:</b> unadorned in style or appearance 3. উগ্র; <b>adjective:</b> harsh in manner of temperament <b>adjective:</b> severe or strict in manner, attitude, or appearance. unadorned = অনলঙ্কৃত; নিরলংকার;	<i>His lifestyle of revelry (হল্লাড়ি, উদ্‌সিসিত) and luxurious excess could hardly be called <b>austere</b>.</i>  <i>Late Soviet architecture, although remaining largely <b>austere</b>, moved into experimental territory that employed previously unused shapes and structures.</i>  <i>The principal of my elementary school was a cold, <b>austere</b> woman; I could never understand why she chose to work with children.</i>
29	<b>subversive</b> (səb'versiv)(সাব্‌ভাসিভ) (adj., n)	<b>বিধ্বংসী;</b> পরাভূত করিতে বা ধ্বংস করিতে সচেষ্ট; <b>adjective:</b> in opposition to an established system or institution. <b>adjective:</b> seeking or intended to subvert an established system or institution. <b>noun:</b> a subversive person. subvert = পরাভূত করা; ধ্বংস করা;	<i>The ruling political party has begun a campaign to shut down <b>subversive</b> websites that it deems as a threat to "national safety."</i>
30	<b>garrulous</b> ('gar(y)ələs)(গ্যারোলাস) (adj.)	বাচাল; অতিভাষী; আড্ডাবাজ; <b>adjective:</b> full of trivial conversation <b>adjective:</b> excessively talkative, especially on trivial matters. trivial = তুচ্ছ; নগণ্য;	<i>Lynne was <b>garrulous</b>: once, she had a fifteen minute conversation with a stranger before she realized the woman didn't speak English.</i>
31	<b>taciturn</b> ('tasi,tərn)(টেসিট্রান) (adj.)	অল্পভাষী; স্বল্পভাষী; অভ্যাসবশতঃ চাপা; <b>adjective:</b> habitually reserved and uncommunicative <b>adjective:</b> (of a person) reserved or uncommunicative in speech; saying little.	<i>While the CEO enthusiastically shares his plans and agenda with all who will listen, the CFO is far more <b>taciturn</b>, rarely revealing his perspective.</i>

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32	<b>pedestrian</b> (pəˈdestriən)() (adj., n)	কল্পনাশক্তিহীন;  <i>adjective:</i> lacking imagination <i>adjective:</i> lacking inspiration or excitement; dull. dull = নিস্তেজ;  পথচারী;  <i>noun:</i> a person walking along a road or in a developed area.	<i>While Nan was always engaged in philosophical speculation, her brother was occupied with far more <b>pedestrian</b> concerns: how to earn a salary and run a household.</i>
33	<b>sycophant</b> (ˈsɪkəfənt)(সিকফেণ্ট) (n)	চাটুকার; মোসায়ের; পরগাছা; পার্শ্বচর;  <i>noun:</i> a person who tries to please someone in order to gain a personal advantage <i>noun:</i> a person who acts obsequiously toward someone important in order to gain advantage.	<i>The CEO was unaware of the damaging consequences of his choices, largely because he surrounded himself with <b>sycophants</b> who would never dare criticize him. dare = সাহস করা;</i>
34	<b>vacillate</b> (ˈvæsəˌlæt)(ভেসিলেইট) (v)	<b>দ্বিধাগ্রস্ত হওয়া; স্থির না থাকা; আন্দোলিত হওয়া; এদিকে-ওদিকে হওয়া;</b>  <i>verb:</i> be undecided about something; waver between conflicting positions or courses of action <i>verb:</i> alternate or waver between different opinions or actions; be indecisive.	<i>Some students <b>vacillate</b> between schools when deciding which to attend, while others focus only on one school.</i>
35	<b>intrepid</b> (inˈtrepid)(ইনট্রিপেড) (adj.)	নিরাতঙ্ক; ভয়হীন;  <i>adjective:</i> fearless <i>adjective:</i> fearless; adventurous (often used for rhetorical or humorous effect).	<i>Captain Ahab was an <b>intrepid</b> captain whose reckless (বেপরোয়া) and fearless style ultimately leads to his downfall.</i>
36	<b>irrevocable</b> (ˌɪˈrevəkəbəl) (ইররেভিক্যেবল) (adj.)	অনড়; প্রত্যাহার করার অসাম্য;  <i>adjective:</i> incapable of being retracted or revoked <i>adjective:</i> not able to be changed, reversed, or recovered; final.  retract = প্রত্যাহার করা; revoke = বাতিল করা; প্রত্যাহার করা;	<i>Once you enter your plea to the court, it is <b>irrevocable</b> so think carefully about what you will say</i>

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37	<b>hegemony</b> (hə'jemənē)() (n)	কর্তৃত্ব; নেতৃত্ব;  <b>noun:</b> dominance over a certain area <b>noun:</b> leadership or dominance, especially by one country or social group over others.	<i>Until the Spanish Armada was defeated in 1587, Spain had <b>hegemony</b> over the seas, controlling waters stretching as far as the Americas.</i>
38	<b>audacity</b> (ô'dasitē)() (n)	স্পর্ধা; ধৃষ্টতা; দুঃসাহস;  <b>noun:</b> aggressive boldness in social situations <b>noun:</b> the willingness to take bold risks. rude or disrespectful behavior; impudence.	<i>She surprised her colleagues by having the <b>audacity</b> to publically criticize the findings of an distinguished scientist.</i>
39	<b>foment</b> (fō'ment)() (v)	প্ররোচিত করা; উসকে দেওয়া; উত্তেজিত করা  <b>verb:</b> try to stir up public opinion <b>verb:</b> instigate (প্ররোচিত করা) or stir up (an undesirable or violent sentiment or course of action). bathe (a part of the body) with warm or medicated lotions. (সেঁক দেওয়া)  stir (স্টেয়ার) = আলোড়ন; উত্তেজিত করা; আলোড়িত করা;	<i>After having his pay cut, Phil spread vicious rumors about his boss, hoping to <b>foment</b> a general feeling of discontent.</i>
40	<b>dilettante</b> (-'tântē, dili'tânt) (ডেলেটান্টি) (n)	অপটু কর্মী;  <b>noun:</b> an amateur who engages in an activity without serious intentions and who pretends to have knowledge <b>noun:</b> a person who cultivates an area of interest, such as the arts, without real commitment or knowledge.	<i>Fred has no formal medical training; while he likes to claim authority on medical issues, he is little more than a <b>dilettante</b>.</i>
41	<b>inscrutable</b> (in'skrōtəbəl) (ইন্সক্রুইটেবল) (adj.)	অবর্ণনীয়; <u>দূর্বোধ্য</u> ; জ্ঞানাতীত; অশ্লেষ;  <b>adjective:</b> not easily understood; unfathomable <b>adjective:</b> impossible to understand or interpret.  unfathomable = দূর্বোধ্য; অতল; গহিন; রহস্যময়;	<i>His speech was so dense and confusing that many in the audience found it <b>inscrutable</b>.</i>



SN	Word	Meaning	Example
42	<b>arbitrary</b> (ˈ ərbi, trerē)() (adj.)	খামখেয়ালী; ইচ্ছামত; অবাধ;  <b>adjective:</b> based on a random, groundless (ভিত্তিহীন) decision <b>adjective:</b> based on random choice or personal whim, rather than any reason or system.  groundless = ভিত্তিহীন;	<i>One of the <b>arbitrary</b> decrees in place during the emperor's rule is that all citizens pay him weekly homage at his palace.</i>  decree = আদেশ; homage = সম্মান; আনুগত্য-স্বীকার;
43	<b>admonish</b> (ədˈmāniSH)(এড্‌মনিশ) (v)	সতর্ক করা; সাবধান করে দেওয়া;  <b>verb:</b> to warn strongly, even to the point of reprimanding <b>verb:</b> warn or reprimand someone firmly.	<i>Before the concert began, security personnel <b>admonished</b> the crowd not to come up on stage during the performance.</i>
44	<b>arcane</b> (ärˈkān)(আরকেইন) (adj.)	রহস্যময়তার জ্ঞান থাকা;  <b>adjective:</b> requiring secret or mysterious knowledge <b>adjective:</b> understood by few; mysterious or secret.	<i>Most college fraternities are known for <b>arcane</b> rituals that those hoping to join the fraternity must learn.</i>  fraternity = সমধর্মিতা; ভ্রাতৃসম্বন্ধ; সমিতি;
45	Magoosh Practice Questions	<b>noun:</b> Test your understanding of concepts from lesson videos. Learn more at <a href="http://gre.magoosh.com">http://gre.magoosh.com</a>	<i>Zach got 7/7 questions correct on a practice session using <b>Magoosh practice questions</b>.</i>
46	<b>trite</b> (trīt)(ট্রাইট) (adj.)	মামুলি; গতানুগতিক; অতি সাধারণ;  <b>adjective:</b> repeated too often; over familiar through overuse <b>adjective:</b> (of a remark, opinion, or idea) overused and consequently of little import; lacking originality or freshness.	<i>Many style guides recommend not using idioms in writing because these <b>trite</b> expressions are uninteresting and show a lack of imagination on the part of the writer.</i>
47	<b>winsome</b> (ˈ winsəm)() (adj.)	হাসিখুশি; আকর্ষণীয়; প্রফুল্লিত; মনোরম;  <b>adjective:</b> charming in a childlike or naive way <b>adjective:</b> attractive or appealing in appearance or character.  charming = কমনীয়; মুগ্ধকারী;	<i>She was <b>winsome</b> by nature, and many people were drawn to this free and playful spirit.</i>

