

Day 17:

1. **encumber** = ব্যাহত করা; গতি ব্যাহত করা;

verb: hold back

*Ex: The costume **encumbered** all my movements and caused me to sweat profusely (অব্বোরে; বহুলপরিমাণে;).*

2. **irrefutable** = অখণ্ডনীয়;

adjective: impossible to deny or disprove

*Ex: Scientists are searching for **irrefutable** evidence that some form of life existed on mars at some point in its history.*

3. **ossify** = হাড়ের মতো শক্ত করা বা শক্ত হয়ে যাওয়া; শক্ত করা;

verb: make rigid and set into a conventional pattern

*Ex: Even as a young man, Bob had some bias against poor people, but during his years in social services, his bad opinions **ossified** into unshiftable views.*

This word has other definitions but this is the most important one to study

4. **magisterial** = ***; শাসক-সংক্রান্ত; গর্বিত; কতৃষ্ণ বা দাস্তিকতা দেখিয়ে চলা;

adjective: offensively self-assured (আত্মপ্রত্যয়ী) or given to exercising unwarranted power

*Ex: Though she was only a third grade teacher, Ms. Martinet was **magisterial** in dealing with her class, lording over them like a queen.*

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5. **puissant** = প্রভাবশালী;

adjective: powerful

*Ex: Over the years of service, and quite to his surprise, he became a **puissant** advisor to the community.*

6. **invidious** = অসন্তোষ বা ক্ষোভ উত্পাদনকারী;

adjective: likely to cause resentment (অসন্তোষ)

*Ex: At a time when many others in the office were about to be laid off, many considered Cheryl's fine clothes that day an **invidious** display.*

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7. **immure** = অবরুদ্ধ অবস্থায় রাখা; জেলে পোরা; কারারুদ্ধ করা;s

verb: to enclose, usually in walls

*Ex: The modern supermarket experience makes many feel claustrophobic, as they are **immured** in walls upon walls of products.*

8. **stalwart** = অদম্য; স্থিরসংকল্প; বলিষ্ঠ;

adjective: dependable; inured to fatigue or hardships

fatigue = **অবসাদ; পরিশ্রান্তি; শ্রম;**

inure = **অভ্যস্ত করান; সহান;** accustom to something

*Ex: Despite all the criticism directed at the President during this scandal, Lisa has remained his **stalwart** supporter.*

9. **ribald** = অশ্লীল; অশ্লীলভাষী;

adjective: humorously vulgar (অমার্জিত; কুরুচিপূর্ণ;)

*Ex: The speaker was famous for his **ribald** humor, but the high school principal asked him to keep the talk G-rated when he spoke to the student body.*

10. **surreptitious** = গুপ্ত; গুপ্তভাবে কৃত;

adjective: stealthy (চুপিসারে; গোপনতাপূর্ণ;), taking pains not to be caught or detected

*Ex: Since his mom was a light sleeper, Timmy had to tiptoe **surreptitiously** through the entire house, careful to not make the floors creak, until he at last was able to enjoy his plunder: a box of chocolate chip cookies.*

11. **denouement** = অন্তিম দৃশ্য; নাটকের বা উপন্যাসের শেষ অংক;

noun: the final resolution of the many strands of a literary or dramatic work; the outcome of a complex sequence of events

*Ex: At the **denouement** of the movie, all questions were answered, and the true identity of the robber was revealed.*

12. **presentiment** = পূর্ব লক্ষণ; পূর্বাভাস; কিছু ঘটতে যাচ্ছে বলে অস্পষ্ট অনুভূতি;

noun: a feeling of evil to come

*Ex: On the night that Lincoln would be fatally shot, his wife had a **presentiment** about going to Ford's Theater, but Lincoln persuaded her that everything would be fine.*

13. **crystallize** =

verb: cause to take on a definite and clear shape

Ex: Only after fifteen minutes of brainstorming did Samantha's ideas for the essay **crystallize**.

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14. **asperity** = কঠোরতা; বন্ধুরতা; কার্কশ্য;

noun: harshness of manner

Ex: The editor was known for his **asperity**, often sending severe letters of rejection to amateur writers.

15. **obstreperous** = প্রচণ্ড গোলমালপূর্ণ; হেঁচকরা; প্রচণ্ড; অদমনীয়; দুর্দান্ত;

adjective: noisily and stubbornly defiant (বেপরোয়া); willfully difficult to control

Ex: When the teacher asked the **obstreperous** student simply to bus his tray, the student threw the entire tray on the floor, shouted an epithet, and walked out.

16. **hobble** = ব্যাহত করা; থামিয়া পড়া;

verb: to hold back the progress of something

Ex: Bad weather has **hobbled** rescue efforts, making it difficult for crews to find bodies in the wreckage.

17. **Spartan** = কষ্টসহিষ্ণু ব্যক্তি;

adjective: unsparing and uncompromising in discipline or judgment; practicing great self-denial

Ex: After losing everything in a fire, Tim decided to live in **spartan** conditions, sleeping on the floor and owning as little furniture as a possible.

18. **unflappable** = উদ্বেগহীন; অচঞ্চল; অনুদ্বিগ্ন;

adjective: not easily perturbed or excited or upset; marked by extreme calm and composure

Ex: The house shook and the ground quaked, but my dad was **unflappable** and comforted the family.

19. **recrimination** = পাল্টা অভিযোগ;

noun: mutual accusations (পারস্পরিক অভিযোগ)

Ex: The two brothers sat and cried, pointing fingers and making elaborate **recriminations** of the other's guilt

20. **cosset** = আদর করা; অতিরিক্ত প্রশ্রয় দেওয়া;

verb: treat with excessive indulgence (প্রশ্রয়)

Ex: The king and queen **cosseted** the young prince, giving him a prized miniature pony for his fifth birthday.

21. **equitable** = ন্যায়সঙ্গত; ন্যায়পরায়ণ;

adjective: fair to all parties as dictated by reason and conscience

*Ex: The **equitable** distribution of ice cream to a group of 5 year olds will ensure little to no fighting—at least until the ice cream is gone.*

22. **apposite** = যথোপযুক্ত; সুপ্রযুক্ত;

adjective: remarkably appropriate

*Ex: For a writer with such quick wit, Jonathan Swift has a rather **apposite** name.*

23. **flippant** = হাসিখুশি; ফাজিল; বাচাল;

adjective: showing inappropriate levity (চপলতা; অসভ্য রসিকতা;)

*Ex: Although Sam was trying to honor Mark's sense of humor, many found it quite **flippant** that he wore a comic nose and glasses mask to Mark's funeral.*

24. **machinate** = ষড়যন্ত্র করা; মতলব আঁটা;

verb: engage in plotting or enter into a conspiracy, swear together

*Ex: The rebels met at night in an abandoned barn to **machinate**.*

25. **patent** = প্রতীয়মান; স্পষ্ট; 2. বিশেষ অধিকারপ্রাপ্ত; পেটেন্ট লাভ করা;

adjective: glaringly (উজ্জ্বলরূপে) obvious

*Ex: Since the book had been through no fewer than six proof runs, the staff was shocked to see such a **patent** spelling mistake remaining, right in the middle of the front cover!*

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26. **intimation** = ইঙ্গিত; আভাস;

noun: an indirect suggestion

*Ex: At first the hostess tried **intimation**, praising the benefits of cutlery; when Cecil continued eating with his hands, the hostess told him to use a fork at dinner.*

27. **peripatetic** = পথিক; ভ্রাম্যমাণ;

adjective: traveling by foot

*Ex: Jim always preferred a **peripatetic** approach to discovering a city: he felt that he could see so many more details while walking.*

28. **dispensation** = *** নিয়মনীতি থেকে অব্যাহতি পাওয়া; 2. বিধান; প্রকৃতির বিধান;

noun: an exemption (অব্যাহতি) from a rule or obligation

*Ex: Since her father is a billionaire, she is given **dispensation** from many of the school's policies.*

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29. **untenable** = অসমর্থনীয়; অচল; খাটে না এমন; অগ্রহণীয়;

adjective: (of theories etc) incapable of being defended or justified

*Ex: With the combination of Kepler's brilliant theories and Galileo's telescopic observations, the old geocentric theory became **untenable** to most of the educated people in Europe.*

30. **subterfuge** = এড়ানর কৌশল; ছল-চাতুরী; প্রতারণা; ধোঁকা;

noun: something intended to misrepresent the true nature of an activity

*Ex: Finally deciding to abandon all **subterfuge**, Arthur revealed to Cindy everything about his secret affair over the past two years.*

31. **dovetail** = নিখুঁতভাবে মিলে যাওয়া; খাঁজে খাঁজে আটকান;

verb: fit together tightly, as if by means of an interlocking joint

*Ex: Although Darwin's evolution and Mendel's genetics were developed in isolation from one another, they **dovetail** very well.*

32. **inviolate** = অক্ষত; অলঙ্ঘিত; পবিত্র;

adjective: must be kept sacred (পবিত্র)

*Ex: While the literary critic subjected most of the classics to the harshest reviews, he regarded Cervantes as **inviolate**, and had nothing but praise for him.*

33. **celerity** = ক্ষিপ্রতা; দ্রুততা;

noun: speed, rapidity

*Ex: We aim to respond to customers' questions with **celerity** and accuracy, with no longer than a 24 hour wait time.*

34. **inimitable** = অননুকরণীয়; অতুলনীয়; অপ্রতিম;

adjective: defying (স্পর্ধা করা; দ্বন্দ্বে আহ্বান করা;) imitation; matchless

*Ex: Mozart's music follows a clear pattern that, anyone could imitate, but his music gives an overall sense of effortlessness that is **inimitable**.*

35. **inure** = অভ্যস্ত করানো; সহানো; accustom to something, especially something unpleasant.

verb: to make accustomed to something unpleasant

*Ex: Three years of Manhattan living has **inured** her to the sound of wailing sirens; she could probably sleep through the apocalypse.*

36. **tempestuous** = ঝটিকাপূর্ণ; ঝড়ো; তুমুল; প্রচণ্ড; উগ্র;

adjective: as if driven by turbulent or conflicting emotions; highly energetic and wildly changing or fluctuating

*Ex: Chuck and Kathy had always been stable and agreeable people on their own, but when they got involved, it was a **tempestuous** relationship.*

37. **nonchalant** = উদাসীন; অনুরক্তিত;

adjective: coming across as uninterested or unconcerned; overly casual

*Ex: The twenty-somethings at the coffee shop always irked Sheldon, especially the way in which they acted **nonchalantly** towards everything, not even caring when Sheldon once spilled his mocha on them.*

38. **crestfallen** = বিষন্ন; হতাশ; ভগ্নোৎসাহ;

adjective: brought low in spirit

*Ex: I asked Maria on a date and she refused without a moment's thought; I was **crestfallen**.*

39. **puerile** = শিশুসুলভ; বালকসুলভ;

adjective: of or characteristic of a child; displaying or suggesting a lack of maturity

*Ex: Helen enjoyed blowing soap bubbles, but Jim regarded this as **puerile**, totally unworthy of a woman with a Ph.D.*

40. **incontrovertible** = নিঃসংশয়; তর্কাতীত; সুনিশ্চিত;

adjective: necessarily or demonstrably true; impossible to deny or disprove

*Ex: Unless you can provide **incontrovertible** evidence, I will remain skeptical.*

41. **corollary** = কোনো কিছুই স্বাভাবিক পরিণতি বা ফলাফল; অনুসিদ্ধান্ত;

noun: a practical consequence that follows naturally

*Ex: A **corollary** of Hurricane Sandy, which ravaged the east coast of the U.S., is a push to build higher sea walls to protect against future hurricanes.*

42. **decry** = কোনো কিছুর বিরুদ্ধে মতামত ব্যক্ত করা; উচ্চস্বরে নিন্দা করা; সমালোচনা করা;

verb: express strong disapproval of

*Ex: The entire audience erupted in shouts and curses, **decrying** the penalty card issued by the referee.*

43. **imperious** = স্বৈরাচারী;

adjective: having or showing arrogant superiority to and disdain of those one views as unworthy

*Ex: Children are **imperious** with each other before they learn that earning someone's respect is better than demanding.*

44. **lacerate** = যন্ত্রণা দেওয়া; বিদীর্ণ করা; মানসিক ভাবে নিপীড়ন করা;

verb: deeply hurt the feelings of; distress

*Ex: The teacher was fired for **lacerating** a student who wrote a poor essay.*

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45. **unpropitious** = অকল্যাণকর; অশুভ;

adjective: (of a circumstance) with little chance of success

*Ex: With only a bottle of water and a sandwich, the hikers faced an **unpropitious** task: ascending a huge mountain that took most two days to climb.*

46. **unviable** =

adjective: not able to work, survive, or succeed (also spelled inviable).

*Ex: The plan was obviously **unviable** considering that it lead to complete environmental destruction in the river valley.*

47. **hubris** = ঔদ্ধত্য; অহঙ্কার; আত্মাভিমান; অযথা গর্ব;

noun: overbearing pride or presumption

*Ex: Bill Clinton was criticized for his **hubris**, since he believed he could get away with anything once in the White House.*

48. **rarefied** = ***; সূক্ষ্ম; তনু;

adjective: made more subtle or refined

Ex: Jack's vulgar jokes were not so successful in the **rarefied** environment of college professors.

49. **improvident** = অবিচক্ষণ; অদূরদর্শী; অপরিণামদর্শী; বেহিসাব;

adjective: not given careful consideration

Ex: Marty was **improvident**, never putting money aside for the future but spending it on decorating the interior of his home.

50. **firebrand** = যে ব্যক্তি সব সময় ঝামেলা বা উত্তেজনা সৃষ্টি করে;

noun: someone who deliberately creates trouble

Ex: Freddie is a **firebrand**: every time he walks into the office, he winds up at the center of heated argument.

51. **impetuous** = ক্ষিপ্ত; দ্রুতবেগে ধাবমান; বেগবান;

adjective: characterized by undue haste and lack of thought or deliberation

Ex: Herbert is rarely **impetuous**, but on the spur of the moment, he spent thousands of dollars on a motorcycle today.

52. **squelch** = দমন করা;

verb: suppress or crush completely

Ex: After the dictator consolidated his power, he took steps to **squelch** all criticism, often arresting any journalist who said anything that could be interpreted as negative about his regime.

53. **objurgate** = তিরস্কার করা; ভর্তসনা করা; গালিগালাজ করা;

verb: express strong disapproval of

Ex: The manager spent an hour **objurgating** the employee in the hopes that he would not make these mistakes again.

54. **untrammeled** = অবাধ; বন্ধনমুক্ত; অশৃঙ্খলিত; নির্বিঘ্ন;

adjective: not confined or limited

Ex: The whole notion of living **untrammeled** inspired the American Revolution and was enshrined in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution.

55. **inanity** = অর্থহীনতা; অসারতা;

noun: total lack of meaning or ideas

Ex: Bill's poem was nothing more than a list of impressive sounding words, so there was no point in trying to take meaning from the **inanity**.

56. **inchoate** = অপরিণত; অনতিস্ফুট;

adjective: only partly in existence; imperfectly formed

Inchoate ideas about the relation of humans to other animals had been discussed since the Middle Ages but the modern theory really began with Darwin.

57. **recrudesce** = পুনরায় প্রাদুর্ভাব হওয়া; পুনরায় প্রকাশ দেওয়া; আবার দেখা দেওয়া;

verb: to break out or happen again

Ex: After years of gamblers anonymous, Tony thought he'd broken his compulsive slot machine playing, but it took only one trip to the Atlantic City for a full **recrudescence**--he lost \$5k on the one armed bandit.

58. **truculence** = নির্ভুরতা; নৃশংসতা;

noun: defiant ((বেপরোয়া) aggressiveness

Ex: When the boss confronted Aaron about his earlier remarks, Aaron responded with utter **truculence**, simply throwing a glass of water in the boss' face and walking away.

59. **effervescent** = *** বুদবুদপূর্ণ;

adjective: marked by high spirits or excitement

Ex: After the sales result, the manager was in an **effervescent** mood, letting several employees leave work early that day.

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60. **rapprochement** = পুনর্মিলন; মিটমাট; প্রীতির সম্পর্কের পুনঃপ্রতিষ্ঠা;

noun: the reestablishing of cordial relations

Ex: Although Ann hoped that her mother and her aunt would have a **rapprochement**, each one's bitter accusations against the other made any reconciliation unlikely.

61. **bemoan** = আক্ষেপ করা;

verb: express discontent (অভুপ্ত; অসন্তোষ;) or a strong regret

Ex: While the CFO carefully explained all the reasons for the cuts in benefits, after the meeting employees **bemoaned** the cuts as further evidence that management was against them.

62. **meteoric** = ঋণপ্রভ; উজ্জ্বল মতো উজ্জ্বল ও ঋণস্থায়ী;

adjective: like a meteor (উজ্জ্বল) in speed or brilliance or transience

*Ex: The early spectacular successes propelled the pitcher to **meteoric** stardom, but a terrible injury tragically cut short his career.*

63. **epigram** = বুদ্ধিদীপ্ত রসাত্মক উক্তি;

noun: a witty saying

*Ex: My favorite **epigram** from Mark Twain is "A man who carries a cat by the tail learns something he can learn no other way."*

64. **paragon** = উত্তমের আদর্শ; সম্পূর্ণতার আদর্শ;

noun: model of excellence or perfection of a kind; one having no equal

*Ex: Even with the rise of Kobe Bryant, many still believe that Michael Jordan is the **paragon** for basketball players.*

noun: an ideal instance; a perfect embodiment of a concept

*Ex: Some say that Athens was the **paragon** of democracy, but these people often forget that slaves and women were still not allowed to vote.*

65. **percipient** = তীক্ষ্ণবুদ্ধিসম্পন্ন; দূরদর্শী; বুদ্ধিমান;

adjective: highly perceptive

*Ex: Even the most **percipient** editor will make an occasional error when proofreading.*

66. **apothegm** =

noun: a short, pithy instructive saying

*Ex: Winston Churchill is famous for many **apothegms**, but this might be his most famous: "It has been said that democracy is the worst form of government except all the others that have been tried."*

67. **ersatz** = বদলি প্রতিস্থাপিত বস্তু; জাল; নকল;

adjective: not real or genuine; phony (জাল; নকল;)

*Ex: The car dealer's **ersatz** laughter was immediately followed by a price quote, one that Shelley found highly inflated.*

68. **arrogate** = অন্যায়পূর্বক দাবি করা; নিজের বলে দাবি করা; বিনা অধিকারে দাবি করা বা নিয়ে যাওয়া;

verb: seize (বাজেয়াপ্ত করা) and control without authority

*Ex: Arriving at the small town, the outlaw **arrogated** the privileges of a lord, asking the frightened citizens to provide food, drink, and entertainment.*

69. **chagrin** = নৈরাশ্য বা বিরক্তিবোধ; মর্মবেদনা; v.বিরক্ত করা; ব্যথিত করা

noun: strong feelings of embarrassment

*Ex: Much to the timid writer's **chagrin**, the audience chanted his name until he came back on the stage.*

verb: cause to feel shame; hurt the pride of

*Ex: She never cared what others said about her appearance but was **chagrined** by the smallest comment from her mother.*

70. **broadside** =

noun: a strong verbal attack

*Ex: Political **broadside**s are usually strongest in the weeks leading up to a national election.*

71. **nettlesome** =

adjective: causing irritation or annoyance

*Ex: Maria found her coworker's cell phone **nettlesome**, because every few minutes it would buzz to life with another text message.*

72. **debonair** = প্রফুল্লিত; চমৎকার; সুন্দর; n. সুদর্শনতা; চমৎকারতা;

adjective: having a sophisticated charm

*Ex: James Bond is known for his good looks, high tech gadgets, and **debonair** manner.*

73. **chimera** = কাল্পনিক জীব;

noun: something desired or wished for but is only an illusion and impossible to achieve

*Ex: Many believe that a world free of war is a **chimera**—a dream that ignores humanity's violent tendencies.*

74. **bristle** = ক্রোধ প্রকাশ করা;

verb: react in an offended or angry manner

*Ex: As we discussed the painting, I noticed the artist's wife **bristling** at our criticisms, ready to defend her husband's work.*

75. **deign** = নিজের মর্যাদার সঙ্গে সম্মতিপূর্ণ না হলেও দয়া বা সৌজন্যবশত কিছু করা; অনুগ্রহ করা;

verb: do something that one considers to be below one's dignity

Ex: The master of the house never **deigned** to answer questions from the servants.

76. **browbeat** = চোখ রাঙ্গানো; শাসানো; চোখ রাঙ্গাইয়া বাগে আনা; মেজাজ দেখানো;

verb: be bossy towards; discourage or frighten with threats or a domineering manner

Ex: During the interrogation, the suspect was **browbeaten** into signing a false confession.

77. **doleful** = বেদনাপূর্ণ;

adjective: filled with or evoking sadness

Ex: No event is more **doleful** than the passing of my mother; she was a shining star in my life, and it brings me great sadness to think that she is now gone.

78. **embryonic** = প্রাথমিক; বিকশিত হয় নাই এমন; ভ্রূণাবস্থিত;

adjective: in an early stage of development

Ex: The Board of Directors is hoping to launch a new product soon, but planning for the Z7 is in an **embryonic** stage.

79. **pith** = প্রধান অংশ; সারাংশ; তরুমজ্জা;

noun: the most essential part of something

Ex: When Cynthia hears a speaker presenting a complex argument, she is always able to discard the irrelevant details and extract the **pith** of what the speaker is trying to convey.

This word has other definitions but this is the most important one to study

80. **baleful** = অলঙ্ঘ্য; অমঙ্গলপূর্ণ; অশুভ;

adjective: threatening or foreshadowing evil or tragic developments

Ex: Movies often use storms or rain clouds as a **baleful** omen (লক্ষণ) of evil events that will soon befall the main character.

81. **hoary** = প্রাচীন;

adjective: ancient

Ex: Most workout gurus are young, fit people, whereas most yoga gurus are **hoary** men with long white beards.

82. **solicitude** = উত্‌কর্শা; উদ্বেগ;

noun: a feeling of excessive concern

*Ex: I walked to his house in the rain to make sure he had enough to eat while he was sick, but he seemed not to appreciate my **solicitude**.*

83. **reprisal** = প্রতিশোধমূলক কর্ম; বদলা;

noun: a retaliatory (প্রতিশোধমূলক) action against an enemy in wartime

*Ex: The Old Testament doctrine of "an eye for an eye" would seem to justify an immediate physical **reprisal** for any injury, but that interpretation neglects the many passages that value mercy and loving-kindness over revenge.*

84. **empiricism** = ***; প্রয়োগবাদ; অভিজ্ঞতাই যাবতীয় জ্ঞানের উৎস এই মত;

noun: any method that derives knowledge from experience, used in experimental science as a way to gain insight and knowledge

*Ex: **Empiricism** does not always lead to knowledge; an experience or experiment may raise more questions than it answers.*

85. **atavism** = পূর্বকার কোনো বৈশিষ্ট্য, গুণ বা চরিত্র পুনরায় ফিরে আসা;

noun: a reappearance of an earlier characteristic; throwback

*Ex: Much of the modern art movement was an **atavism** to a style of art found only in small villages through Africa and South America.*

86. **unprepossessing** = অনাকর্ষণীয়;

adjective: creating an unfavorable or neutral first impression

*Ex: World leaders coming to meet Gandhi would expect a towering sage, and often would be surprised by the **unprepossessing** little man dressed only in a loincloth and shawl.*

87. **phlegmatic** = কম অনুভূতি সম্পন্ন; সহজে উত্তেজিত হয় না এমন; জড়;

adjective: showing little emotion

*Ex: Arnold is truly noble, remaining reserved until an issue of significance arises, but Walter is simply **phlegmatic**: he doesn't have the energy or inclination to care about anything.*

88. **unstinting** =

adjective: very generous

unsparing = মুক্তহস্ত;

*Ex: Helen is **unstinting** with her time, often spending hours at the house of a sick friend.*

89. **besotted** = ***; নেশায় বা প্রেমে বা গর্বে বুঁদ; adj. বোধবুদ্ধিশূন্য; প্রমত্ত; মোহাবিষ্ট;

adjective: strongly affectionate (অনুরক্ত; স্নেহপরায়ণ;) towards

*Ex: Even though her father did not approve, Juliet became **besotted** with the young Romeo.*

adjective: very drunk

*Ex: Never before have I seen my mom so **besotted**, and honestly, I hope it's the last time she drinks so much.*

90. **gambit** =

noun: a maneuver (রণকৌশল; সাময়িক চাল;) or risk in a game or conversation, designed to secure an advantage

*Ex: Randy played a **gambit**, telling his boss that he would leave at the end of the week if he didn't get a raise.*

91. **artifice** = কারচুপি; চাতুরী; চালাকি;

noun: cunning (ধূর্ত; সুচতুর;) tricks used to deceive others

*Ex: The mayoral candidates both spent much of the campaign accusing each other of **artifices** designed to mislead the voting public.*

92. **vitriol** = তীব্র ভাষায় অভিযোগ বা সমালোচনা করা;

noun: abusive or venomous language used to express blame or bitter deep-seated ill will

*Ex: His **vitriol** spewed forth from a deep-seated racism that consumed his whole life.*

93. **languish** = শক্তিহীনতা; দুর্বলতা; v. অবসন্ন হওয়া; নিস্তেজ হওয়া;

verb: become feeble

*Ex: Stranded in the wilderness for four days, the hiker **languished**, eating protein bars and nuts.*

94. **ineffable** = অবর্ণনীয়; অপ্রকাশ্য; ভাষাতীত;

adjective: too sacred to be uttered; defying expression or description

*Ex: While art critics can occasionally pinpoint a work's greatness, much of why a piece captures our imaginations is completely **ineffable**.*

95. **anachronism** = *** কালব্যতিক্রম; একেবারে সেকেল ব্যক্তি, বস্তু বা রীতিনীতি;

noun: something that is inappropriate for the given time period (usually something old).

*Ex: Dressed in 15th century clothing each day, Edward was a walking **anachronism**.*

96. **disingenuous** = কপট; অসরল; আন্তরিকতাশূন্য; গোপন উদ্দেশ্যপ্রণোদিত;

adjective: not straightforward; giving a false appearance of frankness (সরলতা; অকপটতা;)

Ex: Many adults think that they can lie to children, but kids are smart and know when people are **disingenuous**.

97. **antic** = অদ্ভুতদর্শন; কিনভুতকিমাকার;

adjective: ludicrously (হাস্যকর) odd

Ex: The clown's **antic** act was too extreme for the youngest children, who left the room in tears.

This word has other definitions but this is the most important one to study

98. **philistine** = সংস্কৃতিবিবর্জিত অসভ্য মানুষ; সঙ্কীর্ণমনা ব্যক্তি; সুশিক্ষাবিহীন লোক;

adjective: smug (ফিটফাট ব্যক্তি) and ignorant towards artistic and cultural values

Ex: Jane considered Al completely **philistine**, because he talked almost exclusively about video games; she was entirely unaware of how well read he really was.

99. **appurtenant** = আনুষঙ্গিক; সহায়ক;

adjective: supplying added support

Ex: In hiking Mt. Everest, Sherpa's are **appurtenant**, helping climbers both carry gear and navigate treacherous paths.

100. **brook** = ***; সহ্য করা; tolerate or allow

verb: put up with something or somebody unpleasant

Ex: While she was at the chalkboard, the teacher did not **brook** any form of talking--even a tiny peep resulted in afternoon detention.

This word has other definitions but this is the most important one to study

101. **exemplar** = নমুনা; আদর্শ; দৃষ্টান্ত; আদর্শ ব্যক্তি; উদাহরণ;

noun: something to be imitated

Ex: Lena's homework is on the wall because it is an **exemplar** of clean, neat, and thoughtful work.

102.