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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 1 | provincial  (prəˈvinSHəl)() (adj. n) | 1সঙ্কীর্ণতাপূর্ণ;   ***1adjective:*** characteristic of a limited perspective; not fashionable or sophisticated  2প্রাদেশিক;  ***2adjective:***of or concerning a province of a country or empire.  of or concerning the regions outside the capital city of a country, especially when regarded as unsophisticated or narrow-minded. | *Maggie's enthusiasm about her high school teams seemed****provincial****to her college classmates, all of whom were following a nationally ranked college team.* |
| 2 | temperance (ˈtemp(ə)rəns)(টেম্পারেন্স) (n) | মিতাচার; মদ্যপানবর্জন; মাদকদ্রব্য-পরিহার;  ***noun:*** the trait of avoiding excesses ***noun:*** abstinence (পরিহার; বিরতি) from alcoholic drink.  trait (ট্রেইট) = টান; বৈশিষ্ট্য; বিশেষ লক্ষণ; | *Welles wasn't known for his****temperance****--he usually ate enough for two and drank enough for three.* |
| 3 | petulant (ˈpeCHələnt)(পেচুলেন্ট) (adj.) | বিরক্ত; খিট্খিটে; ধৈর্যহীন;  ***adjective:*** easily irritated or annoyed ***adjective:*** (of a person or their manner) childishly sulky (গোমড়া-মুখো) or bad-tempered. | *When Ed first met Ruth, he didn't realize she was so****petulant****, but now that they are three months into their relationship, Ed feels a day doesn't go by in which she isn't whining* (ঘেঙানি) *about some minor issue.* |
| 4 | denigrate (ˈdeniˌgrāt)() (v) | কলঙ্কিত করা; হেয় করা  ***verb:*** charge falsely or with malicious intent; attack the good name and reputation of someone ***verb:***criticize unfairly; disparage.  malicious (ম্যালিশাস) = বিদ্বেষপরায়ণ;  intent = *অভিপ্রায়; উদ্দেশ্য; সাগ্রহ* | *Count Rumford****denigrated****the new theory of heat, demonstrating that it was wholly inadequate to explain the observations.* |
| 5 | myopic (mīˈäpik)() (adj.) | ক্ষীণদৃষ্টি; দূরদৃষ্টিহীন;  ***adjective:*** lacking foresight or imagination ***adjective:*** nearsighted. | *The company ultimately went out of business because the****myopic****managers couldn't predict the changes in their industry.* |
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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 6 | soporific (ˌsäpəˈrifik)() (adj., n) | **ঘুমপাড়ানি**; নিদ্রা-উদ্রেককর; নিদ্রাজনক;  ***adjective:*** inducing mental lethargy (তন্দ্রা); sleep inducing ***adjective:***tending to induce drowsiness or sleep  induce = প্রবর্তিত করা; রাজি করানো; প্রবৃত্ত করা; প্ররোচিত করা  **নিদ্রা-উদ্রেককর ঔষধ**  ***noun:*** a drug or other agent that induces sleep. | *Although the professor is brilliant, his bland monotone gives his lectures a****soporific****effect.* |
| 7 | pragmatic ()() (adj.) | বাস্তবধর্মপ্রয়োগবাদী; প্রয়োগিক;  ***adjective:*** guided by practical experience and observation rather than theory ***adjective:*** dealing with things sensibly and realistically in a way that is based on practical rather than theoretical considerations. | *Rather than make a philosophical appeal to the Congressmen, the Speaker decided to take a far more****pragmatic****approach, making small side-deals that would add votes to his bill.* |
| 8 | blatant (ˈblātnt)(ব্লেইটেন্ট) (adj.) | **ভীষণ**; ভয়ানক; অমার্জিত; **অশোভন**; **অত্যন্ত স্পষ্ট**;  **adjective:** without any attempt at concealment; completely obvious  ***adjective:*** (of bad behavior) done openly and unashamedly . concealment = আড়াল; ঢাকনো; চাপাচাপি; অন্তরাল; conceal = আড়াল করা; | *Allen was often punished in school for****blatantly****disrespecting teachers* |
| 9 | admonitory (ədˈmänəˌtôrē)() (adj.) | সতর্ক করে এমন; মৃদু ভর্ত্সনাপূর্ণ  ***adjective:*** serving to warn; expressing reproof or reproach especially as a corrective  ***adjective:*** giving or conveying a warning or reprimand. | *At the assembly, the high school vice-principal gave the students an****admonitory****speech, warning them of the many risks and dangers of prom night.* |
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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 10 | construe (kənˈstro͞o)(কন্‌সট্রু) (v) | **বিশেষভাবে বোঝা;** ভাষান্তরিত করা; ব্যাখ্যা করা;  ***verb:***interpreted in a particular way ***verb:*** interpret (a word or action) in a particular way. | *The author's inability to take a side on the issue was****construed****by both his opponents and supporters as a sign of weakness* |
| 11 | implausible  ()() (adj.) | অকল্পনীয়; আপাত-অবিশ্বাস্য; অসম্ভাব্য;  ***adjective:*** describing a statement that is not believable ***adjective:*** (of an argument or statement) not seeming reasonable or probable; failing to convince. | *The teacher found it****implausible****that the student was late to school because he had been kidnapped by outlaws on horseback.* |
| 12 | incorrigible (inˈkôrijəbəl) (ইনকারিজেব্‌ল) (adj.) | সংশোধনাতীত; সংস্কারসাধনের অসাধ্য; অশোধনীয়;  ***adjective:*** impervious to correction by punishment ***adjective:*** (of a person or their tendencies) not able to be corrected, improved, or reformed.  impervious = অভেদ্য ;বধির; অসংবেদনশীল  pervious = প্রবেশ্য; ভেদ্য | *Tom Sawyer seems like an****incorrigible****youth until Huck Finn enters the novel; even Sawyer can't match his fierce individual spirit.* |
| 13 | pundit  ()() (n) | পণ্ডিত;  ***noun:*** someone who has been admitted to membership in a scholarly field ***noun:*** an expert in a particular subject or field who is frequently called on to give opinions about it to the public.  cognition = চেতনা; জ্ঞান; বোধশক্তি; | *Steven Pinker's credentials* (পরিচয়পত্র) *are unquestioned as a****pundit****; he has taught at MIT and Stanford, teaches at Harvard, and has published a number of influential books on cognition, language, and psychology.* |
| 14 | implacable ()() () | **নির্দয়;** নির্মম; অনমনীয়;  ***adjective:*** incapable of making less angry or hostile ***adjective:*** unable to be placated. ( শান্ত) | *Win or lose, the coach was always****implacable****, never giving the athletes an easy practice or a break.* |
| 15 | acerbic ()() (adj.) | ***adjective:*** harsh in tone  ***adjective:*** (especially of a comment or style of speaking) sharp and forthright. | *Most movie critics are****acerbic****towards summer blockbusters, often referring to them as garbage.* |

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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 16 | intransigent ()() (adj.) | একরোখা; অদম্য;  ***adjective:*** unwilling to change one's beliefs or course of action  ***adjective:*** unwilling or refusing to change one's views or to agree about something. | *Despite many calls for mercy, the judge remained****intransigent****, citing strict legal precedence.* |
| 17 | iconoclastic ()() (adj.) | ***adjective:*** defying tradition or convention ***adjective:*** characterized by attack on cherished beliefs or institutions. | *Jackson Pollack was an****iconoclastic****artist, totally breaking with tradition by splashing paint on a blank canvas.* |
| 18 | largess ()() (n) | উদারতা; বদান্যতা;  **noun:** extreme generosity (মহত্ত্ব) and giving | *Uncle Frank was known for his****largess****, so his nephew was sad when he did not receive a present for his birthday.* |
| 19 | espouse ()() () | **পক্ষাবলম্বন করা; ধারন করা;**  2 বিবাহ করা;   ***verb:*** to adopt or support an idea or cause ***verb:*** adopt or support (a cause, belief, or way of life). | *As a college student, Charlie****espoused****Marxism, growing his beard out and railing against the evils of the free-market.* |
| 20 | Magoosh Practice Exams | **noun:** Determine how you'd do on an actual GRE exam by taking a practice exam. Learn more at http://gre.magoosh.com | ***Magoosh practice exams****enabled Margarette to get a sense of what taking the GRE on test-day would be like.* |
| 21 | exonerate ()() (v) | খালাস দেওয়া; ক্ষালন করা; দোষক্ষালন করা;  ***verb:*** pronounce not guilty of criminal charges ***verb:*** (especially of an official body) absolve (someone) from blame for a fault or wrongdoing, especially after due consideration of the case.  release someone from (a duty or obligation). | *The document clearly indicated that Nick was out of the state at the time of the crime, and so served to****exonerate****him of any charges.* |
| 22 | abstruse (abˈstro͞os)(এব্‌সট্রুস) (adj.) | দুর্বোধ্য;  **adjective:** difficult to understand; incomprehensible adjective: difficult to understand; | *Physics textbooks can seem so****abstruse****to the uninitiated that readers feel as though they are looking at hieroglyphics.* |

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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 23 | confound ()() (v) | হতবুদ্ধি করা; বিভ্রান্ত করা; ভুল করা;  ***1verb:*** be confusing or perplexing to ***1verb:*** cause surprise or confusion in (someone), especially by acting against their expectations.  ***2verb:*** mistake one thing for another | *Though Harry loved numbers, he found calculus****confounding****.*  *Americans often****confound****sweet potatoes with yams, and refer to both vegetables by the same name.* |
| 24 | opaque ()() (adj. n) | অস্পষ্ট; অস্বচ্ছ; ***adjective:*** not clearly understood or expressed ***adjective:*** not able to be seen through; not transparent.  **noun:** an opaque thing or substance. | *The meaning of the professor's new research was****opaque****to most people, so no one asked any questions* |
| 25 | unscrupulous ()() () | নীতিজ্ঞানবর্জিত; বিবেকবর্জিত; ন্যায়-অন্যায় বিচারহীন  ***adjective:*** without scruples or principles ***adjective:*** having or showing no moral principles; not honest or fair.  scruple = সঙ্কোচ; দ্বিধা; | *In the courtroom, the lawyer was****unscrupulous****, using every manner of deceit and manipulation to secure a victory for himself.* |
| 26 | burgeon (ˈbərjən)(বার্‌জন) (v) | বাড়িয়া উঠিতে আরম্ভ করা; দ্রুত বেড়ে ওঠা; মুকুল বা পাতা ধরা  ***verb:*** grow and flourish ***verb:*** begin to grow or increase rapidly; flourish.  flourish = জাঁকজমক; বাড়া; প্রচুর পরিমাণে জন্মান; উন্নতিলাভ করা; | *China's housing market is****burgeoning****, but some predict that the growth is merely a bubble and will burst much like the U.S. real estate bubble of 2008.* |
| 27 | pedantic (pəˈdantik)(পেডেন্টিক) (adj.) | গোঁড়া; নীতিবাগীশী; বিচারবুদ্ধিহীন পণ্ডিতসুলভ;  ***adjective:*** marked by a narrow focus on or display of learning especially its trivial (তুচ্ছ) aspects ***adjective:*** of or like a pedant. utterly = একদম; নিতান্তই; চূড়ান্তরূপে; pedant = বিদ্যাবাগীশ; পাণ্ডিত্যাভিমানী; | *Professor Thompson was regarded as an expert in his field, but his lectures were utterly* ***pedantic****, focused on rigorous details of the most trivial conventions in the field.* |

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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 28 | eradicate (iˈradiˌkāt)() (v) | সমূলে উত্পাটন করা; ধ্বংস করা; নষ্ট করা; Syn. eliminate, exterminate  ***verb:*** to completely destroy ***verb:*** destroy completely; put an end to. | *I tried****eradicating****the mosquitos in my apartment with a rolled up newspaper, but there were too many of them.* |
| 29 | hackneyed (ˈhaknēd)(হ্যাক্‌নিড) (adj.) | বহুলব্যবহৃত; গতানুগতিক; বস্তাপচা;  ***adjective:*** lacking significance through having been overused ***adjective:*** (of a phrase or idea) lacking significance through having been overused; unoriginal and trite. trite = মামুলি; গতানুগতিক; | *Cheryl rolled her eyes when she heard the lecturer's****hackneyed****advice to "be true to yourself."* |
| 30 | refute (riˈfyo͞ot)(রিফিউট) (adj.) | খণ্ডন করা; মিথ্যা বা ভুল প্রমাণ করা;  ***verb:*** prove to be false or incorrect ***verb:*** prove (a statement or theory) to be wrong or false; disprove.  esteem = সম্মান করা; শ্রদ্ধা করা; উচ্চমূল্য দেত্তয়া; গণ্য করা; (v,n) | *No one could****refute****his theories or propositions, and that is why he was esteemed by all his colleagues in the philosophy department.* |
| 31 | decorum (diˈkôrəm)() (n) | শালীনতা; ভদ্রতা; শোভনতা;  ***noun:*** propriety in manners and conduct ***noun:*** behavior in keeping with good taste and propriety.  propriety (প্রোপ্রাইয়েটি) = সঙ্গতি; যথাযথতা; শোভনতা; ভদ্রতা; | *"You will obey the rules of****decorum****for this courtroom or spend the night in a jail cell," said the judge to the prosecutor.* |
| 32 | idiosyncrasy (ˌidēəˈsiNGkrəsē) (ইডিওসিনক্রেসি) (n) | বিশেষ স্বভাব; বিশেষ মানসিক গঠন;  ***noun:*** a behavioral attribute that is distinctive and peculiar to an individual ***noun:*** a mode of behavior or way of thought peculiar to an individual. | *Peggy's numerous****idiosyncrasies****include wearing mismatched shoes, laughing loudly to herself, and owning a pet aardvark.* |
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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 33 | bumbling (ˈbəmb(ə)liNG)() (adj.) | আনাড়ি;  ***adjective:***lacking physical movement skills, especially with the hands ***adjective:*** acting in a confused or ineffectual way; incompetent. | *Within a week of starting, the****bumbling****new waiter was unceremoniously fired.* |
| 34 | forthcoming (ˈfôrTHˌkəmiNG)() (adj.) | 1. প্রয়োজনে ব্যবহারোপযোগী;  ***adjective:*** available when required or as promised **adjective:** (of something required) ready or made available when wanted or needed. 2. ***adjective:*** at ease in talking to others 3. আসন্ন ***adjective:*** planned for or about to happen in the near future. | *The President announced that the senators were about to reach a compromise, and that he was eager to read the****forthcoming****details of the bill.  As a husband, Larry was not****forthcoming****: if Jill didn't demand to know details, Larry would never share them with her.* |
| 35 | aberrant (ˈabərənt)() (adj.) | নীতিভ্রষ্ট; বিপথগামী; বিচ্যুত;  ***adjective:*** markedly different from an accepted norm (আদর্শ; নিয়ম;)  ***adjective:*** departing from an accepted standard. | *When the financial director started screaming and throwing food at his co-workers, the police had to come in to deal with his****aberrant****behavior* |
| 36 | apocryphal (əˈpäkrəfəl)(অ্যাপোক্রিফল) (adj.) | অপ্রামাণিক; সন্দেহজনক; অপ্রামাণিক গ্রন্থাবলী সম্পর্কিত  ***adjective:*** being of questionable authenticity ***adjective:*** (of a story or statement) of doubtful authenticity, although widely circulated as being true. | *The web is notorious for sandwiching****apocryphal****stories between actual news.* |
| 37 | indifference  (inˈdif(ə)rəns)() (n.) | অযত্ন; উদাসীনতা; অনীহা;  ***noun:*** the trait of seeming not to care ***noun:*** lack of interest, concern, or sympathy.  trait = টান; বৈশিষ্ট্য; লক্ষণ; | *In an effort to fight****indifference****, the president of the college introduced a new, stricter grading system.* |
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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 38 | ostentatious (ˌästənˈtāSHəs) (ওসটেনটেইশাস) (adj.) | ভানপূর্ণ; বড়াইপূর্ণ; জাঁকজমকপ্রিয়;  ***adjective:*** intended to attract notice and impress others; tawdry or vulgar ***adjective:*** characterized by vulgar or pretentious display; designed to impress or attract notice.  tawdry (টডরি) = রূচিহীন; চটকদার;  vulgar (ভলগার) = অভদ্র; কুরুচিপূর্ণ; অমার্জিত;  pretentious = দাম্ভিক; | *Matt wanted to buy stone lions for front of the house, but Cynthia convinced him that such a display would be too****ostentatious****for a modest house in an unassuming neighborhood.*  unassuming = নম্র; নিরভিমান; বিনয়ী; |
| 39 | ingratiate (inˈgrāSHēˌāt)(ইনগ্রেশিয়েইট) (adj.) | নিজেকে কারো অনুগ্রহভাজন করা; তোষামোদ করে নিজেকে কারো নেকনজরে আনা;  ***verb:*** gain favor with somebody by deliberate efforts ***verb:*** bring oneself into favor with someone by flattering or trying to please them. | *Even though Tom didn't like his new boss, he decided to****ingratiate****himself to her in order to advance his career.* |
| 40 | laudable (ˈlôdəbəl)(লোডেবল) (adj.) | প্রশংসনীয়;  ***adjective:*** worthy of high praise ***adjective:*** (of an action, idea, or goal) deserving praise and commendation. | *To say that Gandhi's actions were****laudable****is the greatest understatement* (ন্যূনভাষণ)*; he overthrew an empire without violence.* |
| 41 | tortuous ()() (adj.) | কুটিল; অসরল; বহু পেঁচত্তয়ালা; পেঁচালো;  ***adjective:*** marked by repeated turns and bends; not straightforward ***adjective:*** full of twists and turns. | *Because the logic behind McMahon's side of the debate was so****tortuous****, his audience came out either completely confused or, worse, feeling they'd been tricked.* |
| 42 | reconcile (ˈrekənˌsīl)(রেকনসাইল) (v) | মিলনসাধন করা; সামঞ্জস্যবিধান করা; মিটমাট করা; মিলন ঘটানো; পুনর্মিলিত করা; বিবাদ বা বিচ্ছেদের পর আবার মিল করে দেওয়া;  ***verb:*** make (one thing) compatible with (another) ***verb:*** restore friendly relations between. | *Peggy was unable to****reconcile****her kind friend Jane with the cruel and merciless character Jane played on television.* |
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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 43 | contingent (kənˈtinjənt)() (adj. n) | 1. ***noun:*** a gathering of persons representative of some larger group 2. সাপেক্ষ; শর্তসাপেক্ষ; নির্ভরশীল; ***adjective:*** dependent on (usually used with upon) ***adjective:*** occurring or existing only if (certain other circumstances) are the case; dependent on. 3. সম্ভাব্য; ***adjective:*** subject to chance. | *Small* ***contingents****of those loyal to the king have gathered around the castle to defend it.  Whether the former world champions can win again this year is****contingent****upon none of its star players getting injured.* |
| 44 | exacting (igˈzaktiNG)(ইক্জেক্টিং) (adj.) | কঠোর; দাবিদার; বলপূর্বক আদায়কারী; খুঁতখুঁতে; ***adjective:*** requiring and demanding accuracy ***adjective:*** making great demands on one's skill, attention, or other resources.  accuracy = সঠিকতা; যাথাযথ্য; | *Though his childhood piano teacher was so****exacting****, Max is thankful now, as a professional pianist.* |
| 45 | expound (ikˈspound)() (v) | ব্যাখ্যা করা; মানে করা; অর্থপ্রকাশ করা;  ***verb:*** add details or explanation; clarify the meaning; state in depth ***verb:*** present and explain (a theory or idea) systematically and in detail. | *The CEO refused to****expound****on the decision to merge our department with another one, and so I quit.* merge = ডোবান; সম্পূর্ণভাবে যুক্ত করা; সম্পূর্ণভাবে মগ্ন করা বা মিলানো |
| 46 | exalt (igˈzôlt)(ইক্‌জল্ট) (v) | মহিমান্বিত করা; উচ্চে স্থাপন করা; উন্নত করা; প্রশংসা করা  ***verb:*** praise (প্রশংসা) or glorify (গুণকীর্তন করা) ***verb:*** hold (someone or something) in very high regard; think or speak very highly of. | *The teenagers****exalted****the rock star, covering their bedrooms with posters of him.* |
| 47 | ignoble (igˈnōbəl)() (adj.) | নীচ; অসম্মানজনক;   ***adjective:*** dishonorable ***adjective:*** not honorable in character or purpose. | *In the 1920s, the World Series was rigged--an****ignoble****act which baseball took decades to recover from. rig =* তামাশা; সাজসজ্জা; |

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| 48 | copious (ˈkōpēəs)() (adj.) | প্রচুর; পর্যাপ্ত;  ***adjective:*** in abundant supply ***adjective:*** abundant in supply or quantity. | *In midsummer, there are****copious****popsicle stands at the beach; in the winter, there are none.* |
| 49 | adamant (ˈadəmənt)(অ্যাডামেন্ট) (adj., n) | অনড়; অনমনীয়; গোঁয়ার গোবিন্দ;  ***adjective:*** refusing to change one's mind ***adjective:*** refusing to be persuaded or to change one's mind.  হীরক; হীরা বা ঐ জাতীয় অতি কঠিন বস্তু; ***noun:*** a legendary rock or mineral to which many, often contradictory, properties were attributed, formerly associated with diamond or lodestone. | *Civil rights icon Rosa Parks will forever be remembered for****adamantly****refusing to give up her seat on a public bus--even after the bus driver insisted, she remained rooted in place.* |
| 50 | discrete (disˈkrēt)() (adj.) | স্বতন্ত্র; বিযুক্ত; পৃথক্;  ***adjective:*** constituting a separate entity or part ***adjective:*** individually separate and distinct. | *What was once known as Czechoslovakia has since split into two****discrete****, independent nations.* |
| 51 | underscore ()() (v, n) | ***verb:*** give extra weight to (a communication)  ***verb:*** underline (something).  ***noun:*** a line drawn under a word or phrase for emphasis. | *While the hiking instructor agreed that carrying a first aid kit could be a good idea under certain circumstances, he****underscored****the importance of carrying enough water.* |
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