Day 5

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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 1 | rescind (riˈsind)(রেস্‌সিন্ড) (v) | বাতিল করা; নাকচ করা;  ***verb:*** cancel officially ***verb:*** revoke, cancel, or repeal (a law, order, or agreement).  Syn. **abolish**, rule out, invalidate, set aside, **negate**, negation, nullify, overrule, undo, rescind | *The man's driver's license was****rescinded****after his tenth car accident, which meant he would never be allowed to legally drive again.* |
| 2 | sporadic (spəˈradik)(স্পরাডিক) (adj.) | বিক্ষিপ্ত;   ***adjective:*** recurring in scattered and irregular or unpredictable instances ***adjective:*** occurring at irregular intervals or only in a few places; scattered or isolated. emanate (এমেনেইট) = নি: সৃত হত্তয়া; | *The signals were at first****sporadic****, but now we detect a clear, consistent pattern of electromagnetic radiation emanating from deep space.* |
| 3 | scrupulous (ˈskro͞opyələs)(স্ক্রুপুলাস) (adj.) | 1. **সতর্ক;** যথাযথ; খুঁতখুঁতে; ***adjective:*** characterized by extreme care and great effort ***adjective:*** (of a person or process) diligent, thorough, and extremely attentive to details. 2. নীতিপরায়ণ; বিবেকী; ***adjective:***having a sense of right and wrong; principled | *Because of his****scrupulous****nature, Mary put him in charge of numbering and cataloging the entire collection of rare stamps  Everyone trusted what he said and followed his example because he was****scrupulous****and honest.* |
| 4 | propitious (prəˈpiSHəs)(প্রোপিশাস) (adj.) | প্রসন্ন; শুভলক্ষণযুক্ত; শুভলক্ষপূর্ণ;  ***adjective:*** presenting favorable circumstances; likely to result in or show signs of success ***adjective:*** giving or indicating a good chance of success; favorable. | *The child's heartbeat is still weak, but I am seeing many****propitious****signs and I think that she may be healing.* |
| 5 | precipitous (priˈsipətəs)(পারসিপিটাস) (adj.) | ***adjective:*** done with very great haste and without due deliberation ***adjective:*** dangerously high or steep.  (of an action) done suddenly and without careful consideration. haste = ত্বরন্বিত করান; দ্রুত অগ্রসর করান; steep = খাড়া ; অত্যধিক; দুরারোহ; বেশিরকম ঢালু; | *Instead of calling his financial advisor, Harold acted****precipitously****, buying 4,000 shares of the latest "hot" stock, only to find out that the company had a history of inflating its year end numbers.* |

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| 6 | munificent (myo͝oˈnifəsənt) (মিউনিফিসেন্ট) (adj.) | মহাদানশীল; মুক্তহস্ত; উপুড়হস্ত;  ***adjective:*** very generous ***adjective:*** (of a gift or sum of money) larger or more generous than is usual or necessary. | *Uncle Charley was known for his****munificence****, giving all seven of his nephews lavish Christmas presents each year.* lavish = ঢের; খরচে; অপব্যয় করা; |
| 7 | myriad (ˈmirēəd)(মিরিয়েইড) (n) | অগণ্য; অসংখ্য;   ***noun:*** a large indefinite number ***noun, adj.:*** a countless or extremely great number. | *There are a****myriad****of internet sites hawking pills* (ঔষধ) *that claim to boost energy for hours on end.* hawking = হকিং; ফেরি; |
| 8 | ravenous (ˈravənəs)(রেভেনাস) (adj.) | অত্যন্ত ক্ষুধার্ত; বুভুক্ষিত; গোগ্রাসে গেলে এমন;  ***adjective:*** extremely hungry; devouring or craving food in great quantities ***adjective:*** extremely hungry  craving = ক্ষুধা; তীব্র আকাঙ্ক্ষা; | *John didn't eat much at all during the week he had the flu, so now that he is regaining his health, it's not surprising that he has a****ravenous****appetite.*  appetite (অ্যাপেটাইট) = ক্ষুধা; খাত্তয়ার ইচ্ছা; |
| 9 | haphazard (ˌhapˈhazərd)() (adj.) | এলোমেলো; 2দৈবক্রমে ঘটিত  ***adjective:***marked by great carelessness; dependent upon or characterized by chance ***adjective:*** lacking any obvious principle of organization. | *Many golf courses are designed with great care, but the greens on the county golf course seem entirely****haphazard****.* |
| 10 | circumscribe (ˈsərkəmˌskrīb)() (v) | সংযত করা; সীমাবদ্ধ করা; বেষ্টন করা; চারিদিকে রেখা টেনে দেওয়া;  ***verb:*** restrict or confine ***verb:*** restrict (something) within limits.  draw (a figure) around another, touching it at points but not cutting it. | *Their tour of South America was****circumscribed****so that they saw only popular destinations and avoided the dangerous parts of cities.* |
| 11 | gauche (gōSH)(গোওশ) (adj.) | অবিবেচক; আনাড়ি; অশিষ্ট;  ***adjective:*** lacking social polish (ঔজ্বল্য; চাকচক্য) ***adjective:*** lacking ease or grace (অনুগ্রহ; দয়া); unsophisticated (অকৃত্রিম; খাঁটি) and socially awkward. | *Sylvester says the most****gauche****things, such as telling a girl he liked that she was much prettier when she wore makeup* |

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| 12 | antithetical (ˌantəˈTHetikəl) (এন্টিথেটিকাল) (adj.) | বিরূদ্ধ; বিরোধাভাসমূলক;  ***adjective:*** sharply contrasted in character or purpose ***adjective:*** directly opposed or contrasted; mutually incompatible.  connected with, containing, or using the rhetorical device of antithesis. | *His deep emotional involvement with these ideas is, in fact,****antithetical****to the disattachment Buddhism preaches* ( ধর্মপ্রচার করা). |
| 13 | inimical (iˈnimikəl)(ইনিমিকাল) (adj) | শত্রুভাবাপন্ন;ক্ষতিকর; **প্রতিকূল;** বিরোধী  ***adjective:*** hostile (usually describes conditions or environments) ***adjective:*** tending to obstruct or harm. | *Venus, with a surface temperature that would turn rubber to liquid, is****inimical****to any form of life.* |
| 14 | constituent (kənˈstiCHo͞oənt)() (n, adj.) | 1. নির্বাচনী এলাকার ভোটার ***noun:*** a citizen who is represented in a government by officials for whom he or she votes ***noun:*** a member of a constituency. 2. উপাদান ***noun:*** an abstract part of something ***adjective:*** being a part of a whole. | *The mayor's****constituents****are no longer happy with her performance and plan to vote for another candidate in the upcoming election.  The****constituents****of the metal alloy are nickel, copper, and tin.* |
| 15 | lionize (ˈlīəˌnīz)() (v) | ***verb:*** assign great social importance to ***verb:*** give a lot of public attention and approval to (someone); treat as a celebrity. | *Students in the U.S. learn to****lionize****Jefferson, Franklin, and Washington because they are the founding fathers of the nation.* |
| 16 | poignant (ˈpoinyənt)(পওইনিয়ান্ট) (adj.) | মর্মভেদী; বেধক; গ্লানিকর;  ***adjective:*** emotionally touching ***adjective:*** evoking a keen sense of sadness or regret. | *After the Montagues and Capulets discover the dead bodies of Romeo and Juliet, in the play's most****poignant****moment, the two grief stricken (বিষাদ আহত) familes agree to end their feud (জাতিবিবাদ) once and for all.* |
| 17 | resurgent (riˈsərjənt)() (adj) | পুনরূত্থানকারী; পুনরুত্থানশীল;   ***adjective:*** rising again as to new life and vigor ***adjective:*** increasing or reviving after a period of little activity, popularity, or occurrence. | *The team sank to fourth place in June, but is now****resurgent****and about to win the division.* |

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| 18 | obsequious (əbˈsēkwēəs)() (adj.) | চাটুকার;   ***adjective:*** attentive in an ingratiating or servile manner; attempting to win favor from influential people by flattery ***adjective:*** obedient or attentive to an excessive or servile (হীন) degree.  ingratiating = তোষামুদ; [day4 - 39] | *The****obsequious****waiter did not give the couple a moment's peace all through the meal, constantly returning to their table to refill their water glasses and to tell them what a handsome pair they made.* |
| 19 | prolific ()() (adj.) | উর্বর; প্রচুরপরিমাণে উত্পাদনশীল  **adjective:** intellectually productive ***adjective:*** (of a plant, animal, or person) producing much fruit or foliage or many offspring. present in large numbers or quantities; plentiful. | *Schubert was the most****prolific****composer, producing hundreds of hours of music before he died at the age of 31.* |
| 20 | sanction (ˈsaNG(k)SHən)() (v, n) | 1. অনুমোদন; অধিকার দেত্তয়া;  ***verb:*** give authority or permission to ***verb:*** give official permission or approval for (an action). 2. অনুজ্ঞা; মঁজুরী; ***noun:*** a legal penalty for a forbidden action ***noun:*** a threatened penalty for disobeying a law or rule. | *The authorities have****sanctioned****the use of the wilderness reserve for public use; many expect to see hikers and campers enjoying the park in the coming months.  International****sanctions****have been placed on certain shipping lanes that were thought to be involved in human trafficking* |
| 21 | brazen (ˈbrāzən)(ব্রেইজেন) (adj., v) | নির্লজ্জ; বেহায়া;  ***adjective:*** unrestrained by convention or propriety (সঙ্গতি; শোভনতা; ভদ্রতা) ***adjective:*** bold and without shame.  ***verb***: endure (সহ্য করা)an embarrassing or difficult situation by behaving with apparent confidence and lack of shame | *Their large "donations" to the local police department gave the drug cartel the****brazen*** *confidence to do their business out in the open.* |
| 22 | tempered ()() (adj.) | নির্দিষ্ট মনোভাব বা মেজাজসম্পন্ন  **adjective:** moderated in effect | *The wide-eyed optimism of her youth was now****tempered****after she had worked many years in the criminal justice system.* |
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| 23 | prodigious (prəˈdijəs)(প্রোডিজাস) (adj.) | অস্বাভাবিক রকমর বিশালকায়; প্রকাণ্ড; মস্ত বড়; বিস্ময়কর; আশ্চর্যজনক;   ***adjective:*** so great in size or force or extent as to elicit awe (ভয়) ***adjective:*** remarkably or impressively great in extent, size, or degree. unnatural or abnormal.  elicit (ইলিসেট) = প্রকাশ করা; | *After the relatively small homerun totals in the "dead ball" era, Babe Ruth's homerun totals were truly****prodigious****: every year, he set a new all-time record.* |
| 24 | inveterate (inˈvetərit)(ইনভেটারেট) (adj.) | পাকা; স্বভাবসিদ্ধ;   ***adjective:*** habitual (অভ্যাসগত, স্বভাবসিদ্ধ)  ***adjective:*** having a particular habit, activity, or interest that is long-established and unlikely to change. | *He is an****inveterate****smoker and has told his family and friends that there is no way he will ever quit.* |
| 25 | accolade (ˈakəˌlād)(একলেইড) (n) | প্রশংসা; তারিফ;  ***noun:*** an award or praise granted as a special honor [praise = প্রশংসা] ***noun:*** an award or privilege granted as a special honor or as an acknowledgment of merit. | *Jean Paul-Sartre was not a fan of****accolades****, and as such, he refused to accept the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1964.* |
| 26 | reverent (ˈrev(ə)rənt)(রেভেরেন্ট) (adj.) | সশ্রদ্ধ; ভক্তিপূর্ণ;  **adjective:** feeling or showing profound respect or veneration ***adjective:*** feeling or showing deep and solemn respect.  composition = রচনা | *The professor could speak objectively about the other composers, but he always lectured about Brahms with a particularly****reverent****air, unable to offer a single criticism of his compositions.* |
| 27 | tractable (ˈtraktəbəl)() (adj.) | বাধ্য; সহজে পরিচালনা করা যায় এমন;  ***adjective:*** readily reacting to suggestions and influences; easily managed (controlled or taught or molded) ***adjective:*** (of a person or animal) easy to control or influence. | *Compared to middle school students, who have an untamed wildness about them, high school students are somewhat more****tractable****.* |
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| 28 | austere (ɒˈstɪə,ɔːˈstɪə)( আসটিয়ার) (adj.) | উগ্র; কঠোরভাবাপন্ন;   1. একান্ত অনাড়ম্বর ***adjective:*** practicing self-denial 2. ***adjective:*** unadorned in style or appearance 3. উগ্র;  ***adjective:*** harsh in manner of temperament ***adjective:*** severe or strict in manner, attitude, or appearance.   unadorned = অনলঙ্কৃত; নিরলংকার; | *His lifestyle of revelry* (হুল্লোড়; উচ্ছৃসিত;) *and luxurious excess could hardly be called****austere****.  Late Soviet architecture, although remaining largely****austere****, moved into experimental territory that employed previously unused shapes and structures.  The principal of my elementary school was a cold,****austere****woman; I could never understand why she chose to work with children.* |
| 29 | subversive (səbˈvərsiv)(সাব্‌র্ভাসিভ) (adj., n) | **বিধ্বংসী;** পরাভূত করিতে বা ধ্বংস করিতে সচেষ্ট;  ***adjective:*** in opposition to an established system or institution. ***adjective:*** seeking or intended to subvert an established system or institution.  ***noun:*** a subversive person.  subvert = পরাভূত করা; ধ্বংস করা; | *The ruling political party has begun a campaign to shut down****subversive****websites that it deems as a threat to "national safety."* |
| 30 | garrulous (ˈgar(y)ələs)(গ্যারোলাস) (adj.) | বাচাল; অতিভাষী; আড্ডাবাজ;  ***adjective:*** full of trivial conversation ***adjective:*** excessively talkative, especially on trivial matters. trivial = তুচ্ছ; নগণ্য; | *Lynne was****garrulous****: once, she had a fifteen minute conversation with a stranger before she realized the woman didn't speak English.* |
| 31 | taciturn (ˈtasiˌtərn)(টেসিট্রান) (adj.) | অল্পভাষী; স্বল্পভাষী; অভ্যাসবশতঃ চাপা;  ***adjective:*** habitually reserved and uncommunicative ***adjective:*** (of a person) reserved or uncommunicative in speech; saying little. | *While the CEO enthusiastically shares his plans and agenda with all who will listen, the CFO is far more****taciturn****, rarely revealing his perspective.* |

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| 32 | pedestrian (pəˈdestrēən)() (adj., n) | কল্পনাশক্তিরহিত;   ***adjective:*** lacking imagination ***adjective:*** lacking inspiration or excitement; dull. dull = নিস্তেজ;   পথচারী;   ***noun:*** a person walking along a road or in a developed area. | *While Nan was always engaged in philosophical speculation, her brother was occupied with far more****pedestrian****concerns: how to earn a salary and run a household.* |
| 33 | sycophant (ˈsikəfənt)(সিকেফেন্ট) (n) | চাটুকার; মোসায়ের; পরগাছা; পার্শ্বচর;  ***noun:*** a person who tries to please someone in order to gain a personal advantage ***noun:*** a person who acts obsequiously toward someone important in order to gain advantage. | *The CEO was unaware of the damaging consequences of his choices, largely because he surrounded himself with****sycophants****who would never dare criticize him.* dare = সাহস করা; |
| 34 | vacillate (ˈvasəˌlāt)(ভেসিলেইট) (v) | **দ্বিধাগ্রস্ত হত্তয়া;** স্থির না থাকা; আন্দোলিত হত্তয়া; **এদিকে-ত্তদিকে হত্তয়া;**  ***verb:*** be undecided about something; waver between conflicting positions or courses of action ***verb:*** alternate or waver between different opinions or actions; be indecisive. | *Some students****vacillate****between schools when deciding which to attend, while others focus only on one school.* |
| 35 | intrepid (inˈtrepid)(ইনট্রাপেড) (adj.) | নিরাতঙ্ক; ভয়হীন;   ***adjective:*** fearless ***adjective:***fearless; adventurous (often used for rhetorical or humorous effect). | *Captain Ahab was an****intrepid****captain whose reckless* (বেপরোয়া) *and fearless style ultimately leads to his downfall.* |
| 36 | irrevocable (ˌiˈrevəkəbəl) (ইর্‌রেভিকেবল) (adj.) | অনড়; প্রত্যাহার করার অসাধ্য;  ***adjective:*** incapable of being retracted or revoked ***adjective:*** not able to be changed, reversed, or recovered; final.  retract = প্রত্যাহার করা;  revoke = বাতিল করা; প্রত্যাহার করা; | *Once you enter your plea to the court, it is****irrevocable****so think carefully about what you will say* |

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| 37 | hegemony (həˈjemənē)() (n) | কর্তৃত্ব; নেতৃত্ব;  ***noun:*** dominance over a certain area ***noun:***leadership or dominance, especially by one country or social group over others. | *Until the Spanish Armada was defeated in 1587, Spain had****hegemony****over the seas, controlling waters stretching as far as the Americas.* |
| 38 | audacity (ôˈdasitē)() (n) | স্পর্ধা; ধৃষ্টতা; দু:সাহস;  ***noun:*** aggressive boldness in social situations ***noun:*** the willingness to take bold risks.  rude or disrespectful behavior; impudence. | *She surprised her colleagues by having the****audacity****to publically criticize the findings of an distinguished scientist.* |
| 39 | foment (fōˈment)() (v) | প্ররোচিত করা; উসকে দেওয়া; উত্তেজিত করা  ***verb:*** try to stir up public opinion ***verb:***instigate (প্ররোচিত করা) or stir up (an undesirable or violent sentiment or course of action). bathe (a part of the body) with warm or medicated lotions. (সেঁক দেওয়া)  stir (স্টেয়ার) = আলোড়ন; উত্তেজিত করা; আলোড়িত করা; | *After having his pay cut, Phil spread vicious rumors about his boss, hoping to****foment****a general feeling of discontent.* |
| 40 | dilettante (-ˈtäntē,ˌdiliˈtänt) (ডেলেটান্টি) (n) | অপটু কর্মী;   ***noun:*** an amateur who engages in an activity without serious intentions and who pretends to have knowledge ***noun:***a person who cultivates an area of interest, such as the arts, without real commitment or knowledge. | *Fred has no formal medical training; while he likes to claim authority on medical issues, he is little more than a****dilettante****.* |
| 41 | inscrutable (inˈskro͞otəbəl) (ইন্স্‌ক্রুইটেবল) (adj.) | অবর্ণনীয়; দুর্বোধ্য; জ্ঞানাতীত; অজ্ঞেয়;  ***adjective*:** not easily understood; unfathomable ***adjective:***impossible to understand or interpret.  unfathomable = দুর্বোধ্য; অতল; গহিন; রহস্যময়; | *His speech was so dense and confusing that many in the audience found it****inscrutable****.* |
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| 42 | arbitrary (ˈärbiˌtrerē)() (adj.) | খামখেয়ালী; ইচ্ছামত; অবাধ;  ***adjective:*** based on a random, groundless (ভিত্তিহীন) decision ***adjective:***based on random choice or personal whim, rather than any reason or system.  groundless = ভিত্তিহীন; | *One of the****arbitrary****decrees in place during the emperor's rule is that all citizens pay him weekly homage at his palace.*  decree = আদেশ; homage = সম্মান; আনুগত্য-স্বীকার; |
| 43 | admonish (ədˈmäniSH)(এড্‌মনিশ) (v) | সতর্ক করা; সাবধান করে দেওয়া;  ***verb:*** to warn strongly, even to the point of reprimanding ***verb:*** warn or reprimand someone firmly. | *Before the concert began, security personel****admonished****the crowd not to come up on stage during the performance.* |
| 44 | arcane (ärˈkān)(আরকেইন) (adj.) | রহস্যময়তার জ্ঞান থাকা;   ***adjective:*** requiring secret or mysterious knowledge ***adjective:***understood by few; mysterious or secret. | *Most college fraternities are known for****arcane****rituals that those hoping to the join the fraternity must learn.*  fraternity = সমধর্মিতা; ভ্রাতৃসঙ্ঘ; সমিতি; |
| 45 | Magoosh Practice Questions | **noun:** Test your understanding of concepts from lesson videos. Learn more at http://gre.magoosh.com | *Zach got 7/7 questions correct on a practice session using****Magoosh practice questions****.* |
| 46 | trite (trīt)(ট্রাইট) (adj.) | মামুলি; গতানুগতিক; অতি সাধারণ;  ***adjective:*** repeated too often; over familiar through overuse ***adjective:***(of a remark, opinion, or idea) overused and consequently of little import; lacking originality or freshness. | *Many style guides recommend not using idioms in writing because these****trite****expressions are uninteresting and show a lack of imagination on the part of the writer.* |
| 47 | winsome (ˈwinsəm)() (adj.) | হাসিখুশি; আকর্ষণীয়; প্রফুল্লিত; মনোরম;  ***adjective:*** charming in a childlike or naive way ***adjective:*** attractive or appealing in appearance or character.  charming = কমনীয়; মুগ্ধকারী; | *She was****winsome****by nature, and many people were drawn to this free and playful spirit.* |

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| 48 | ostracize (ˈästrəˌsīz)(ওস্ট্রাসাইজ) (v) | নির্বাসিত করা; বহিষ্কৃত করা; সমাজচু্যত করা;   ***verb:*** exclude from a community or group ***verb:***exclude (someone) from a society or group.  excommunicate = সমাজচু্যত করা;  exile = নির্বাসিত করা; | *Later in his life, Leo Tolstoy was****ostracized****from the Russian Orthodox Church for his writings that contradicted church doctrine.* |
| 49 | pernicious (pərˈniSHəs)(পারনিশাস) (adj.) | ক্ষতিকর; সর্বনাশা;  ***adjective:*** exceedingly harmful; working or spreading in a hidden and injurious way ***adjective:*** having a harmful effect, especially in a gradual or subtle way. | *The most successful viruses are****pernicious****: an infected person may feel perfectly healthy for several months while incubating and spreading the virus.* |
| 50 | repudiate (riˈpyo͞odēˌāt)() (adj.) | অস্বীকার করা; প্রত্যাখ্যান করা;  ***verb:*** reject as untrue or unfounded ***verb:***refuse to accept or be associated with. | *Many in the public believed the rumors of a UFO crash outside town, so the chief of police did everything he could to****repudiate****the rumors.* |
| 51 | insolent (ˈinsələnt)() (adj.) | উদ্ধত; অপমানজনক;  ***adjective:*** rude and arrogant ***adjective:***showing a rude and arrogant lack of respect. | *Lilian could not help herself from being****insolent****, commenting that the Queen's shoes were showing too much toe.* toe = অঙ্গুলী; |
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