The Tiny Language

A program in TINY consists of a set of functions (any number of functions and ends with a main function), each function is a sequence of statements including (declaration, assignment, write, read, if, repeat, function, comment, ...) each statement consists of (number, string, identifier, expression, condition, ...).

Language described as:

- 1) Number: any sequence of digits and maybe floats (e.g. 123 | 554 | 205 | 0.23 | ...)
- 2) String: starts with double quotes followed by any combination of characters and digits then ends with double quotes (e.g. "Hello" | "2nd + 3rd" | ...)
- 3) Reserved_Keywords: int | float | string | read | write | repeat | until | if | elseif | else | then | return | endl
- 4) Comment_Statement: starts with /* followed by any combination of characters and digits then ends with */ (e.g. /*this is a comment*/ | ...)
- 5) Identifiers: starts with letter then any combination of letters and digits. (e.g. x | val | counter1 | str1 | s2 | ...)
- 6) Function_Call: starts with Identifier then left bracket "(" followed by zero or more Identifier separated by "," and ends with right bracket ")". (e.g. sum(a,b) | factorial(c) | rand() | ...)
- 7) Term: maybe Number or Identifier or function call. (e.g. 441 | var1 | sum(a,b) | ...)
- 8) Arithmatic_Operator: any arithmetic operation (+ | | * | /)
- 9) Equation: starts with Term or left bracket "(" followed by one or more Arithmatic_Operator and Term. with right bracket ")" for each left bracket (e.g. 3+5 | x +1 | (2+3)*10 | ...)

- 10) Expression: may be a String, Term or Equation (e.g. "hi" | counter | 404 | 2+3 | ...)
- 11) Assignment_Statement: starts with Identifier then assignment operator ":=" followed by Expression (e.g. x := 1 | y:= 2+3 | z := 2+3*2+(2-3)/1 | ...)
- 12) Datatype: set of reserved keywords (int, float, string)
- 13) Declaration_Statement: starts with Datatype then one or more identifiers (assignment statement might exist) separated by coma and ends with semi-colon. (e.g. int x; | float x1,x2:=1,xy:=3; | ...)
- 14) Write_Statement: starts with reserved keyword "write" followed by an Expression or endl and ends with semi-colon (e.g. write x; | write 5; | write 3+5; | write "Hello World"; | ...)
- 15) Read_Statement: starts with reserved keyword "read" followed by an Identifier and ends with semi-colon (e.g. read x; | ...)
- 16) Return_Statement: starts with reserved keyword "return" followed by Expression then ends with semi-colon (e.g. return a+b; | return 5; | return "Hi"; | ...)
- 17) Condition_Operator: (less than "<" | greater than ">" | is equal "=" | not equal "<>")
- 18) Condition: starts with Identifier then Condition_Operator then Term (e.g. z1 <> 10)
- 19) Boolean_Operator: AND operator "&&" and OR operator "||"
- 20) Condition_Statement: starts with Condition followed by zero or more Boolean_Operator and Condition (e.g. x < 5 && x > 1)
- 21) If_Statement: starts with reserved keyword "if" followed by Condition_Statement then reserved keyword "then" followed by set of Statements (i.e. any type of statement: write, read, assignment, declaration, ...) then Else_If_Statement or Else_Statement or reserved keyword "end"

- 22) Else_If_Statement: same as if statement but starts with reserved keyword "elseif"
- 23) Else_Statement: starts with reserved keyword "else" followed by a set of Statements then ends with reserved keyword "end"
- 24) Repeat_Statement: starts with reserved keyword "repeat" followed by a set of Statements then reserved keyword "until" followed by Condition Statement
- 25) FunctionName: same as Identifier
- 26) Parameter: starts with Datatype followed by Identifier (e.g. int x)
- 27) Function_Declaration: starts with Datatype followed by FunctionName followed by "(" then zero or more Parameter separated by "," then ")" (e.g. int sum(int a, int b) | ...)
- 28) Function_Body: starts with curly bracket "{" then a set of Statements followed by Return_Statement and ends with "}"
- 29) Function_Statement: starts with Function_Declaration followed by Function_Body
- 30) Main_Function: starts with Datatype followed by reserved keyword "main" then "()" followed by Function_Body
- 31) Program: has zero or more Function_Statement followed by Main Function

Code Sample

```
/*Sample program includes all 30 rules*/
int sum(int a, int b)
{
      return a + b;
int main()
      int val, counter;
      read val;
      counter:=0;
      repeat
            val := val - 1;
            write "Iteration number [";
            write counter;
            write "] the value of x = ";
            write val:
            write endl:
            counter := counter+1;
      until val = 1
      write endl:
      string s := "number of Iterations = ";
      write s;
      counter:=counter-1;
      write counter;
      /* complicated equation */
      float z1 := 3*2*(2+1)/2-5.3;
      z1 := z1 + sum(1,y);
      if z1 > 5 \parallel z1 < \text{counter \&\& } z1 = 1 \text{ then}
            write z1:
      elseif z1 < 5 then
            z1 := 5;
      else
```

```
z1 := counter;
end
return 0;
}
```

Code Sample

```
/* Sample program in Tiny language – computes factorial*/
int main()
      int x;
      read x; /*input an integer*/
      if x > 0 then /*don't compute if x <= 0 */
            int fact := 1;
            repeat
                 fact := fact * x;
                  x := x - 1;
            until x = 0
            write fact; /*output factorial of x*/
      end
      return 0;
}
```