

Time-series Forecasting (TSF)

Artificial Intelligence Applications

(Case-studies)





Full Course Outline:

- TSF Basics
 - What? & Why?
- TSF Applications (Examples)
- TSF Approaches
 - Statistical Models
 - ARIMA Model
 - Machine Learning
 - Deep Learning
- TSF Toolkit (Frameworks)







Time-series Forecasting (TSF)

"Time is money." ~ Benjamin Franklin.





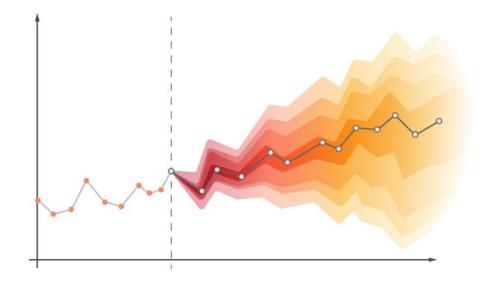


Time-series Forecasting Basics

- Time-series Forecasting (TSF) occurs when you make scientific predictions based on historical time stamped data.
- A **time-series** is a **sequence** where a metric is recorded over regular time intervals.
 - Hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly and annual.

Why?

 Time series analysis shows how data changes over time, and good forecasting can identify the direction in which the data is changing.









TSF Applications (Examples)

- A retailer may be interested in predicting future sales at an SKU (stock keeping unit) level for planning and budgeting.
- A small merchant may be interested in **forecasting sales by store**, so it can schedule the right resources (more people during busy periods and vice versa).
- A software giant like Google may be interested in knowing the busiest hour of the day or busiest day of the week so that they can schedule server resources accordingly.
- The health department may be interested in predicting the cumulative COVID vaccinations administered so that they can further predict when herd immunity is expected to kick in.
- Predicting the TESLA stock price using time-series forecasting techniques.



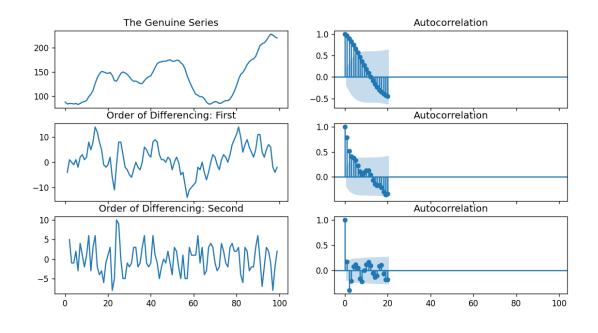






TSF Approaches

- Classical / Statistical Models —
 Moving Averages, Exponential
 Smoothing, ARIMA, SARIMA, TBATS
 (StatsModels)
 - ARIMA (Auto Regressive Integrated Moving Average) Model
- Machine Learning Linear Regression, XGBoost, Random Forest, or any ML model with reduction methods (Facebook Prophet)
- Deep Learning RNN, LSTM (Neural Prophet)



$$Y_{t} = \beta_{1} Y_{t-1} + \beta_{2} Y_{t-2} + \dots + \beta_{0} Y_{0} + \epsilon_{t}$$

$$Y_{t-1} = \beta_{1} Y_{t-2} + \beta_{2} Y_{t-3} + \dots + \beta_{0} Y_{0} + \epsilon_{t-1}$$



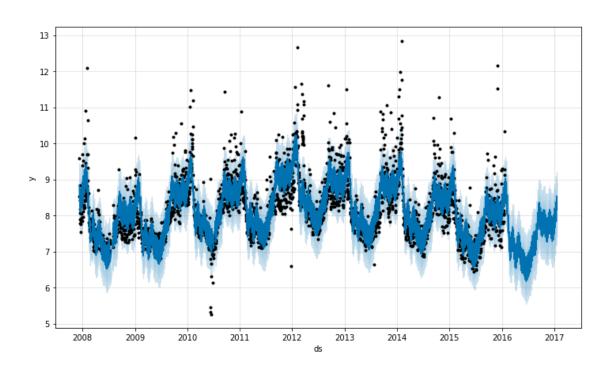




TSF Toolkit (Python Frameworks)

- Statsmodels
- Facebook Prophet
- Sktime
- PMDARIMA
- Kats
- TensorFlow
- PyTorch
- PyCaret

PROPHET











THANKS

Keep Moving Forward! ©



