Channel Coding (COMM604) Practical Assignment Guidelines

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You will have to read a video using matlab:

```
obj=VideoReader('highway.avi');
a=read(obj);
```

- To get the number of frames in the video you can use the following: frames=get(obj,'NumberOfFrames');
- To extract the frames of the video so you can work on them:

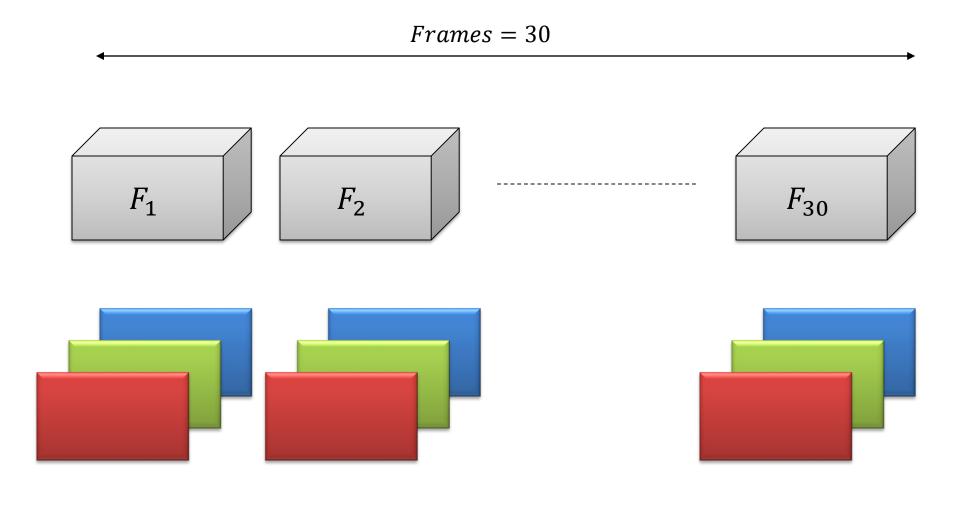
```
for i=1:frames
     I(i).cdata=a(:,:,:,i);
end
```

 In this code, you have to generate a new video with the same size as the original video so you can add these line:

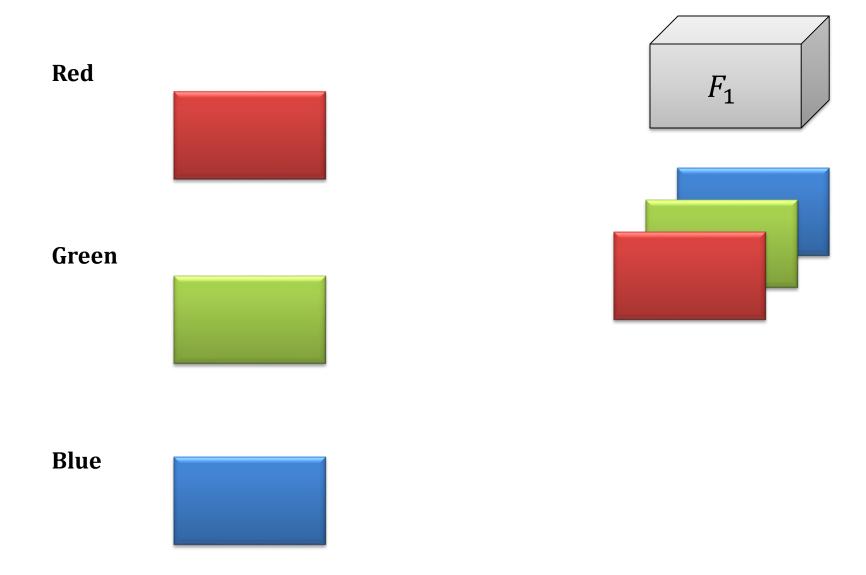
```
s=size(I(1).cdata);
mov(1:frames) =struct('cdata', zeros(s(1),s(2), 3, 'uint8'),'colormap', []);
```



Video



1 Frame



You will have to extract the data of each colour in each frame:

```
%Red Components of the Frame R=I(Frame).cdata(:,:,1); %Green Components of the Frame G=I(Frame).cdata(:,:,2); %Blue Components of the Frame B=I(Frame).cdata(:,:,3);
```

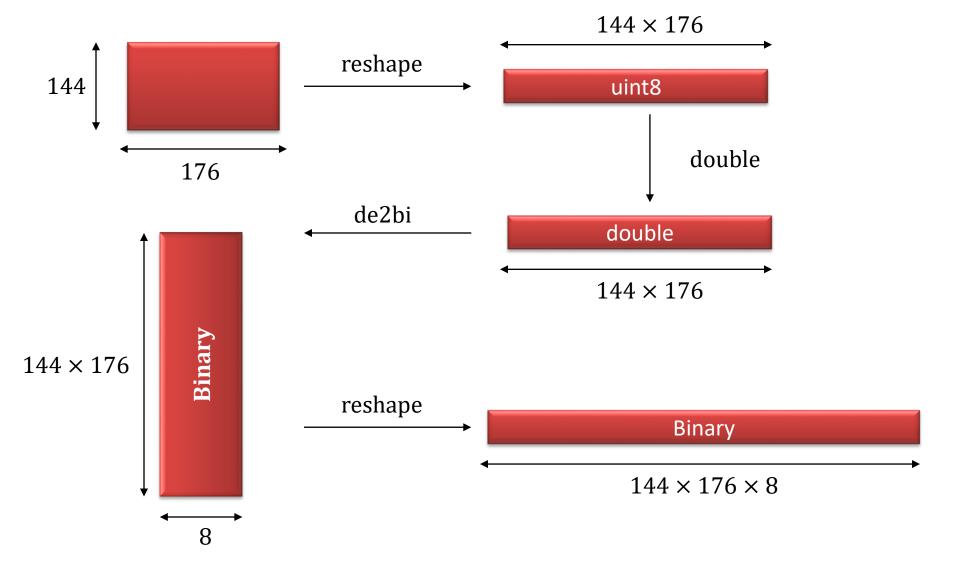


- You will have to convert the data from unsigned integers(the original format) to binary.
- There is no direct way so we convert unsigned integers to double and then from double to binary using the following:

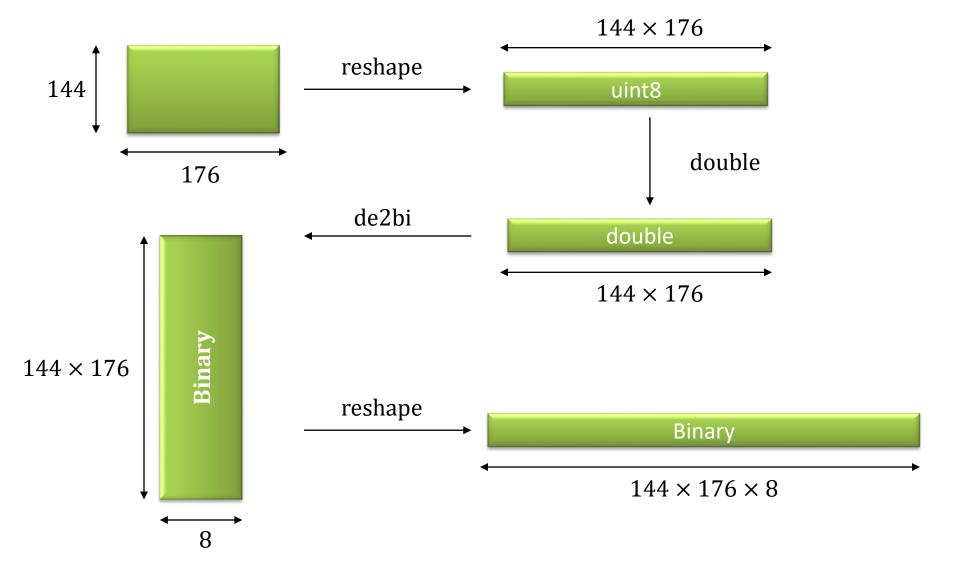
```
Rdouble = double(R);
Gdouble = double(G);
Bdouble = double(B);
Rbin = de2bi(Rdouble);
Gbin = de2bi(Gdouble);
Bbin = de2bi(Bdouble);
```



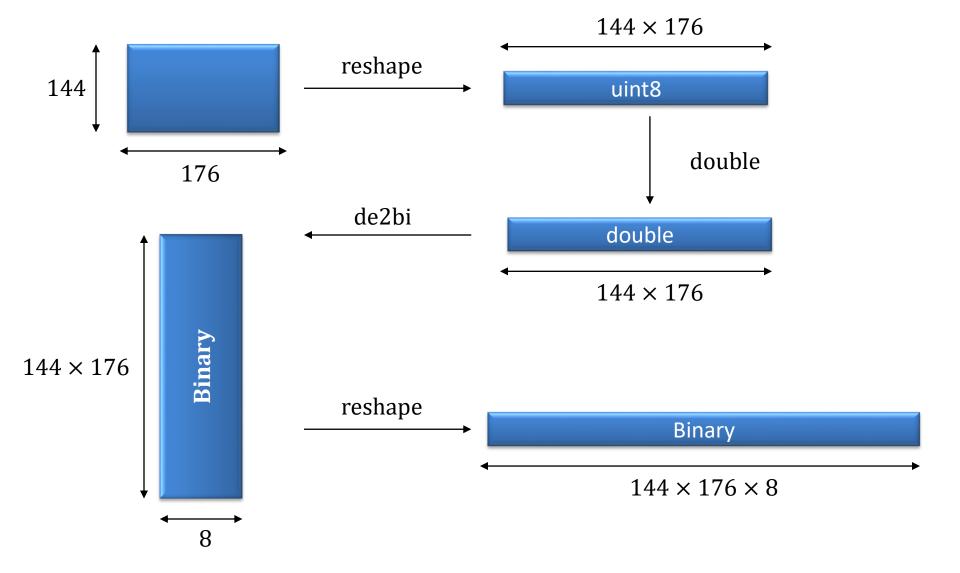
Red



Green



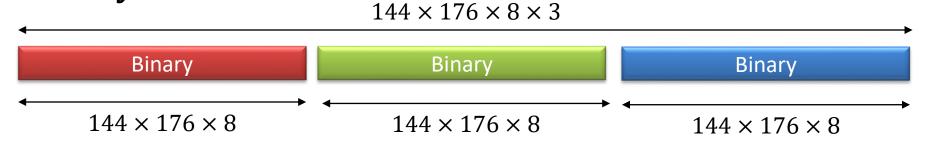
Blue

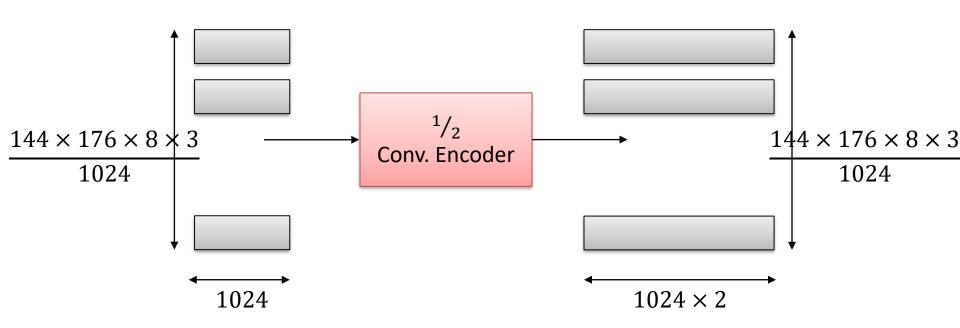


- For each colour now you have a stream of binary bits
- It is required to perform convolutional encoding on packets of bits, where each packet is 1024 bits, so you have to reshape the bits
- The following slide shows an illustration for an example using rate 1/2



Binary Frame





For matlab to build the trellis, you can use the following:

trellis = poly2trellis(7,[171 133]);

To encode a certain packet:

encoded=convenc(packet, trellis,Puncturing Rule);
Note:

➤ In code rate 4/5 : You are given a puncturing rule given as follows:

X:1111 1111

Y:1000 1000

So the puncturing rule for the matlab will be given as follows: Puncturing Rule =[1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0] %a digit from X followed by a digit from Y

- ➤ In case of rate ½, you don't need to input a puncturing rule
- To apply a certain probability of error p to an encoded packet, you can use:

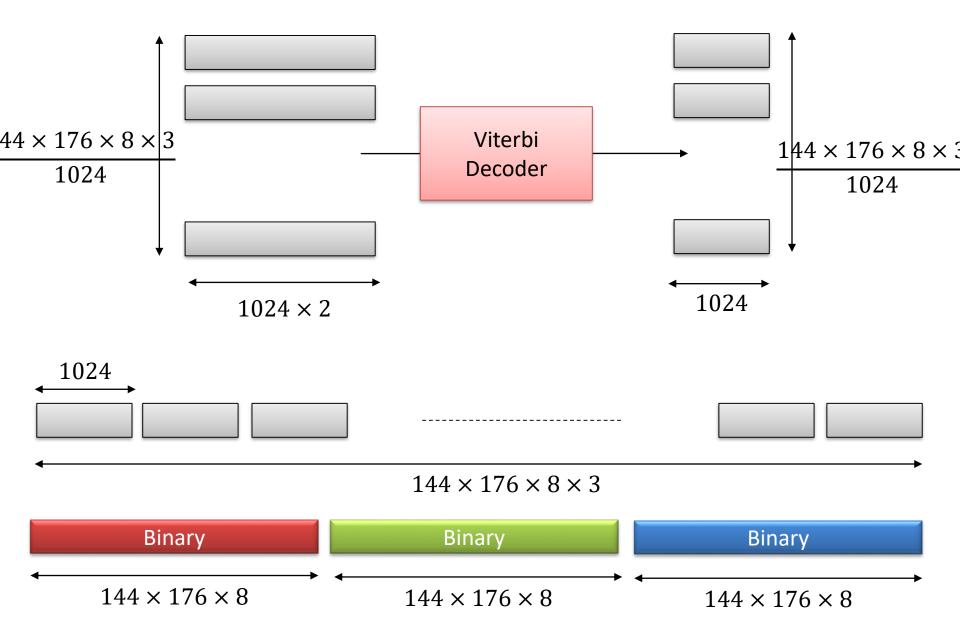
Errored=bsc(encoded,p);

• To decode a received packet:

decoded=vitdec(Errored,trellis,35,'trunc','hard',punc1);



Receiver



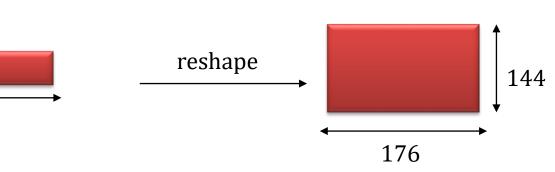
- You will have to convert the data back to the original format
- There is no direct way so we convert binary to double and then from double to unsigned integers



Red Binary reshape Binary 144×176 $144 \times 176 \times 8$ bi2de double 144×176 8 unit8

uint8

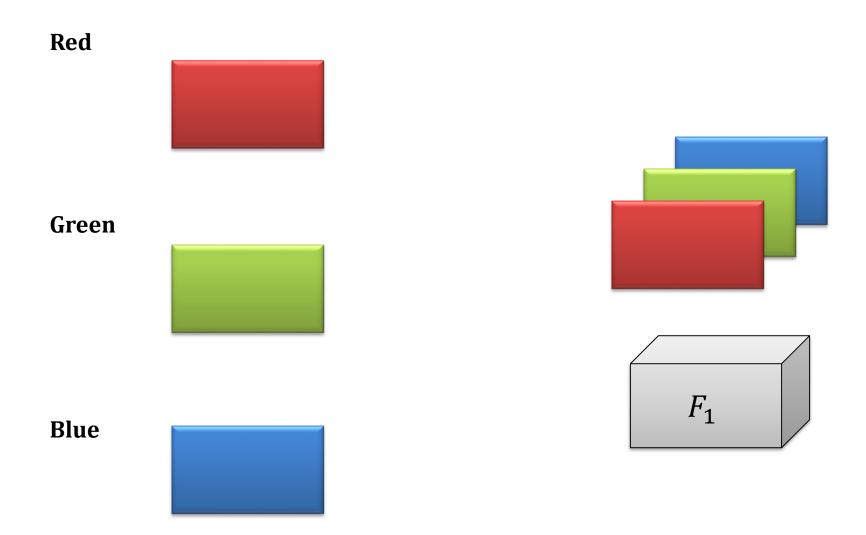
 144×176



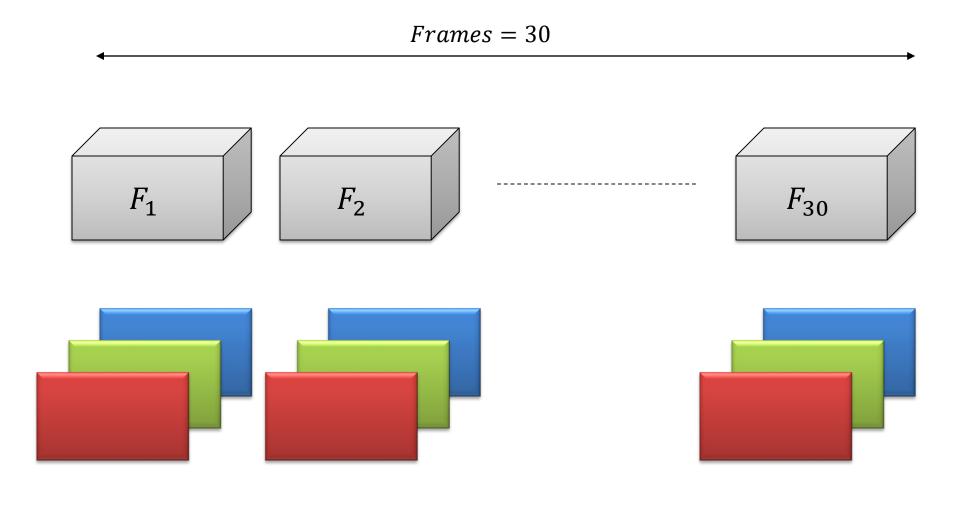
Green Binary reshape Binary 144×176 $144 \times 176 \times 8$ bi2de double 144×176 8 unit8 reshape uint8 144 144×176 176

Blue Binary reshape Binary 144×176 $144 \times 176 \times 8$ bi2de double 144×176 8 unit8 reshape uint8 144 144×176 176

1 Frame



Video



 To create a new video with the received frames, you have to insert frames by using:

```
mov(1,Frame).cdata(:,:,1) = Rnewp;
mov(1,Frame).cdata(:,:,2) = Gnewp;
mov(1,Frame).cdata(:,:,3) = Bnewp;
%where Frame is the index of the frame
```

 To save the video and play it movie2avi(mov,'D:\Channel Coding\Project\NewVideo.avi');

implay('NewVideo.avi')



Thank you ©

