

EMIS

Expenditure Management Information System

May 19, 2019

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Outlines

- Overview
- Software tool
- Implementation Status
- A look at the data
- EMIS data use cases
- Challenges

Overview

A tool for collecting, processing, and analyzing health expenditure data

EMIS

The EMIS is designed to collect and report financial data related to health services within the government of Afghanistan.

- Timely & Accurate for MoPH & donor reporting
- Routine/Improved Expenditure Reporting for NHA
- **Improved** Financial data analysis

Objectives

Support Financial Accountability/Transparency

In the health system

Support Routine Expenditure Data Collection

to NHA

Ensure Quality & Comparability

Of health expenditure information



Objectives ...

Link Financial Inputs

& expenditures with health outputs

Exploit Enabling Technologies

In the collection, processing, analysis
Of health expenditure information

Establishing processes and structures to

Decrease the Burden of Financial Reporting

And ensure optimal use of health expenditure data



Scope of EMIS

Ministry of Public Health

Ministry of Higher Education

Ministry of Defense

Ministry of Interior

International Donors (off budget)

Non-governmental Organizations

National Security
Department

Kabul Medical University

Ministry of Education



EMIS is



A tool for collecting health expenditures by implementers.

A complement to AFMIS and FMIS.

Intended to improve:

- 1) transparency and accountability.
- increase synergy and collaboration across line ministries

EMIS is not



A replacement of accounting software.

A replacement of AFMIS or FMIS.

A tool to facilitate financial management

A tool to be used for auditing.

EMIS reporting details





National

Overall trend analysis, national level expenditure for each line of expense, comparison with other.



Province

Trend analysis, comparison, average.



District

Trend analysis, comparison between districts within the same district and other district, average, total, seasonal variation.



Health Facility

Trend analysis, comparison, average, total, seasonal variation, service utilization.

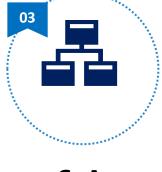
Software tool

A tool for collecting, processing, and analyzing health expenditure data

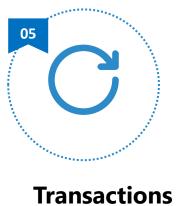
EMIS Modules











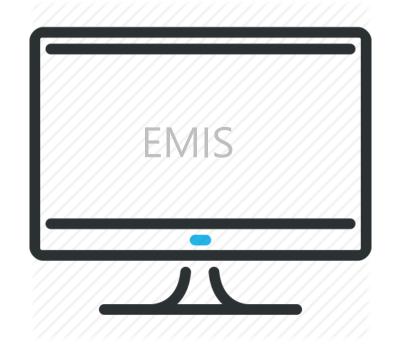
Reporting Period

CoA Mapping

Budget Plan

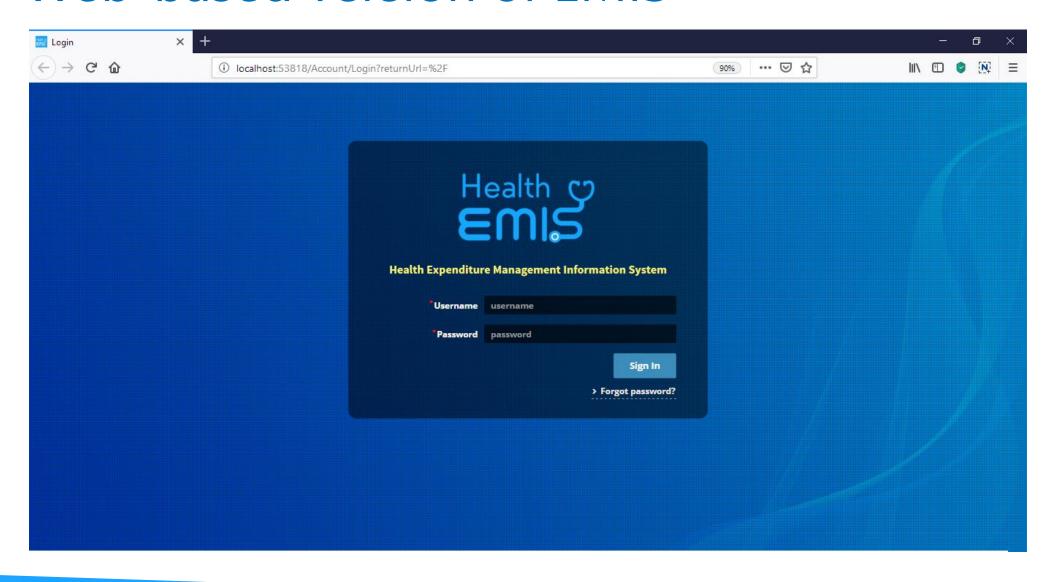
Health co

Desktop version of EMIS



- 1. Microsoft Access based
- 2. Implemented and used since 2014
- 3. Support direct data entry and import
- 4. Feature to easily update and integrate
- 5. Using excel to speed up data transfer between implementer and EMIS data

Web-based version of EMIS



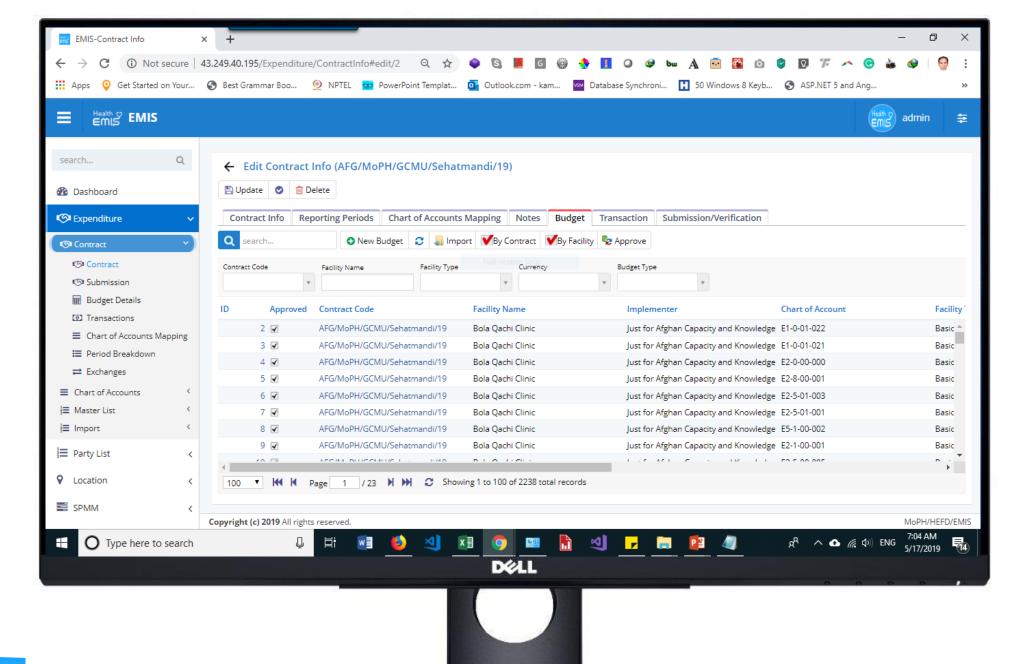


Benefits of the web-based version

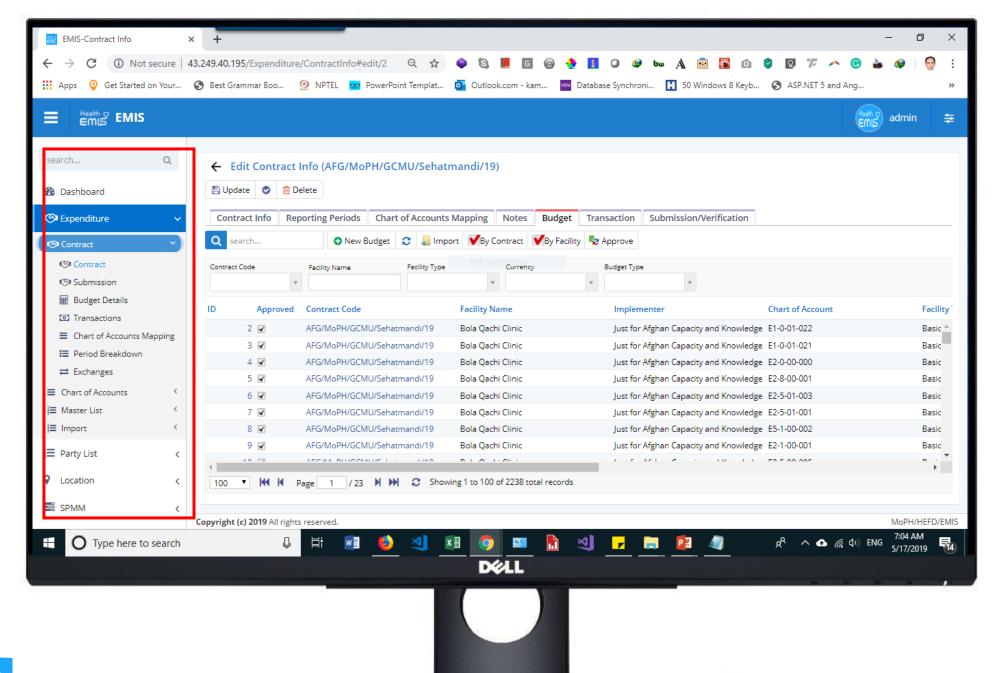
- Uses all useful features of desktop version
- Highly secure and user roles protected
- Can be accessed from anywhere
- Implementers will have access only their own data
- Unlimited Projects

- Unlimited Health Facilities
- Saves Time and Easy to use
- Communicable with other databases, HMIS, DHIS 2
- Can be accessed by phone, computer, tablet

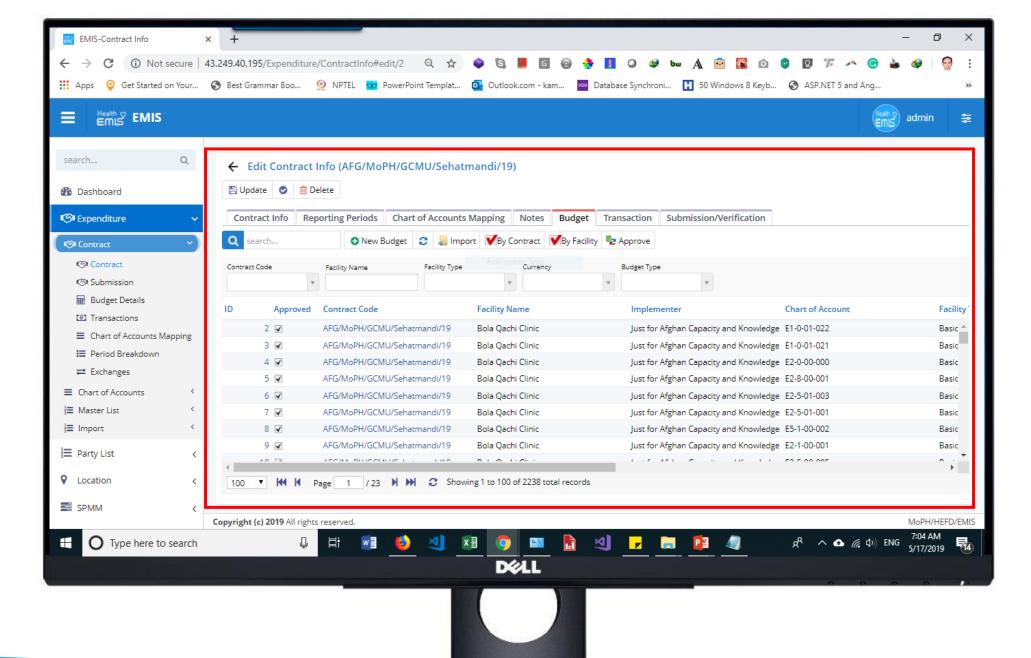




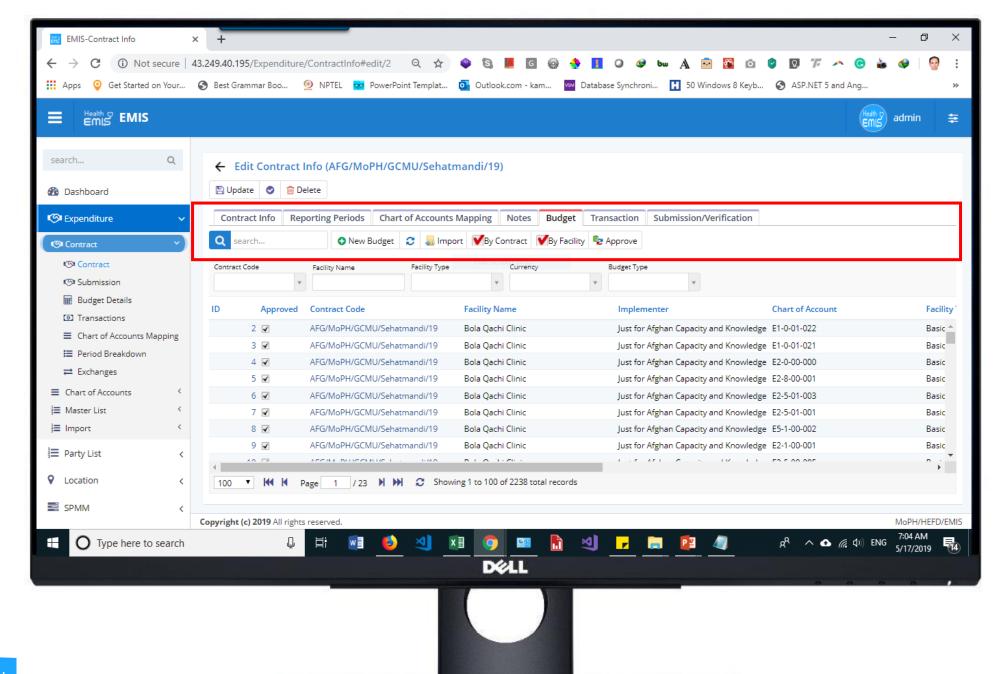










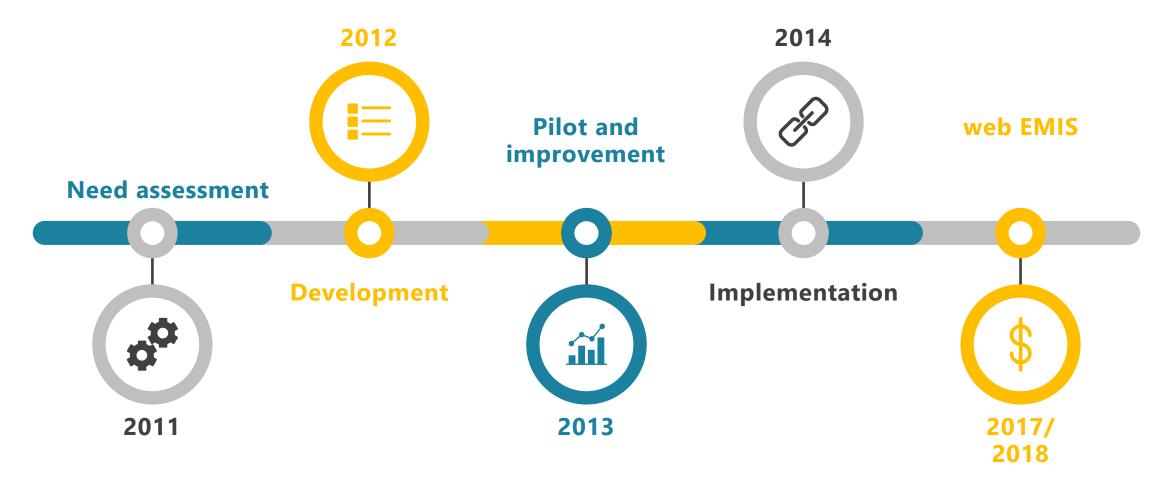




Implementation

A tool for collecting, processing, and analyzing health expenditure data

Implementation



Implementation => BPHS/EPHS projects

Province	Project	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	=>2019
Badghis	SEHAT I	~	~	•	~	-	
Balkh	SEHAT I	-	~	~	-	-	
Dykundi	SEHAT I	-	~	~	-	-	
Farah	SEHAT I	-	~	~	-	-	
Ghor	SEHAT I	-	~	~	-	-	
Helmand	SEHAT I	-	~	-	-	-	
Kunar	SEHAT I	-	~	-	-	-	
Kunduz	SEHAT I	-	~	-	-	-	
Laghman	SEHAT I	-	~	~	-	-	
Logar	SEHAT I	-	~	~	-	-	
Nangarhar	SEHAT I	-	~	~	-	-	
Nimroz	SEHAT I	-	~	~	-	-	
Nooristan	SEHAT I	-	~	-	-	-	
Samangan	SEHAT I	-	~	-	-	-	
Saripul	SEHAT I	~	•	•	~	~	
Urozgan	SEHAT I	~	•	•	~	~	
Wardak	SEHAT I	-	~	•	~	-	
Zabul	SEHAT I	~	-	-	-	-	

Province	Project	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	=>2019
Badakhshan	SEHAT II		-	-	-	-	
Baghlan	SEHAT II		•	-	-	-	
Bamyan	SEHAT II		•	-	-	-	
Faryab	SEHAT II		-	-	-	-	
Ghazni	SEHAT II		-	-	-	-	
Hirat	SEHAT II		-	-	-	-	
Jawzjan	SEHAT II		-	-	-	-	
Kabul	SEHAT II		•	-	-	-	
Kandahar	SEHAT II		-	-	-	-	
Khost	SEHAT II		•	-	-	-	
Paktika	SEHAT II		-	-	-	-	
Paktiya	SEHAT II		-	-	-	-	
Takhar	SEHAT II		~	~	~	~	

Kapisa, Parwan, Panjshir not implemented

EMIS training workshops



Rounds of Training
For NGO Finance Staff
100 Staff Trained



Orientation
For MoPH Staff
20 Participants



On the Job Training
For NGO Finance Staff

50 Staff Trained



Regional Workshops

140 Participants



A look at EMIS data

A tool for collecting, processing, and analyzing health expenditure data



% of expenditure made on salary



SHC

58%



MHT

55%



BHC

59%



CHC

61%



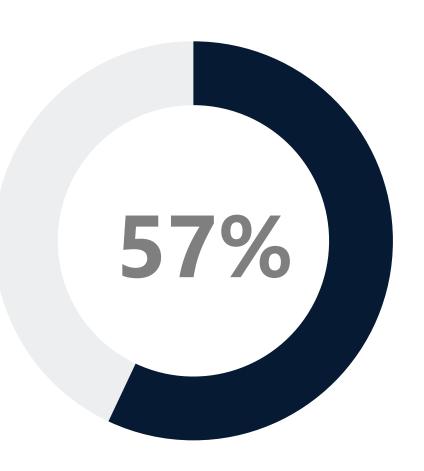
DH

57%

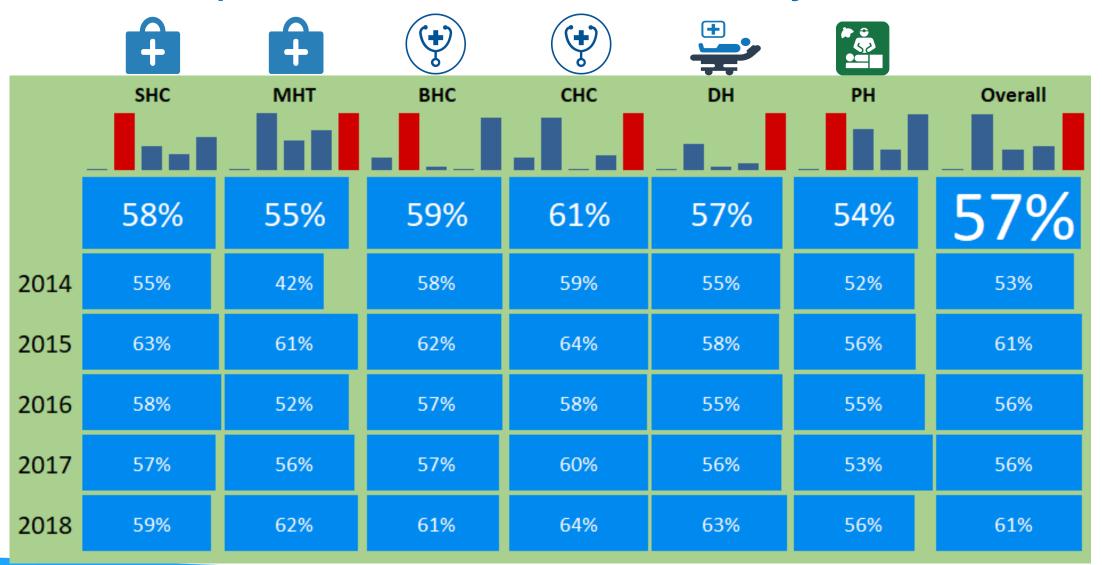


PH

54%



% of expenditure made on salary





% of expenditure made on medicine



SHC

18%



MHT

22%



BHC

18%



CHC

13%



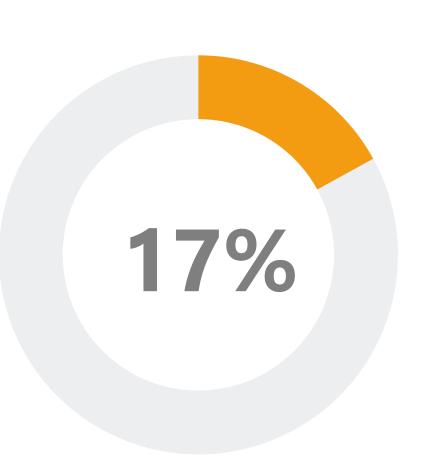
DH

16%

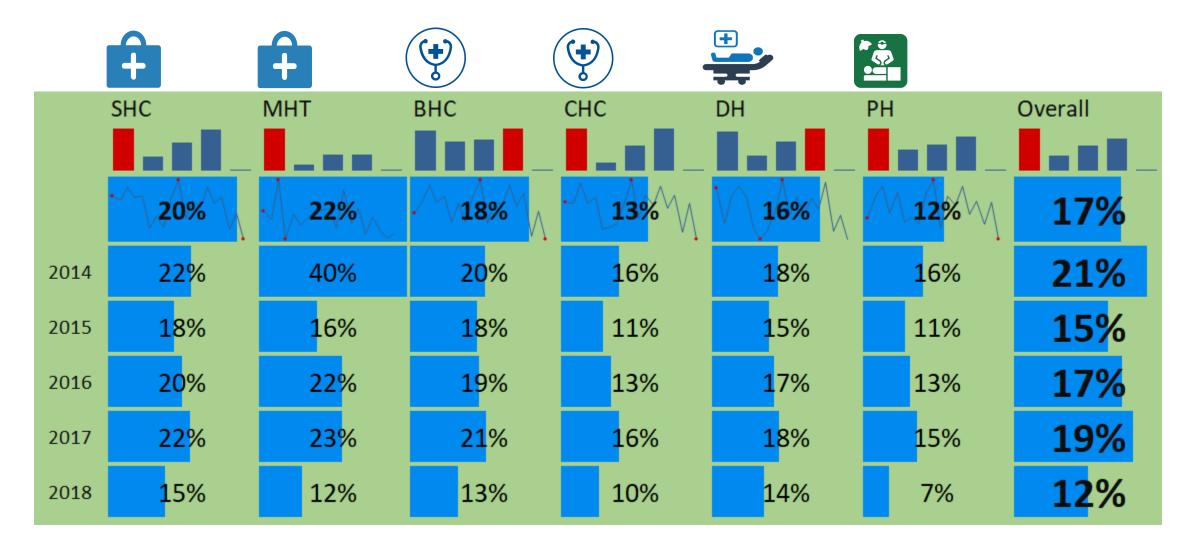


PH

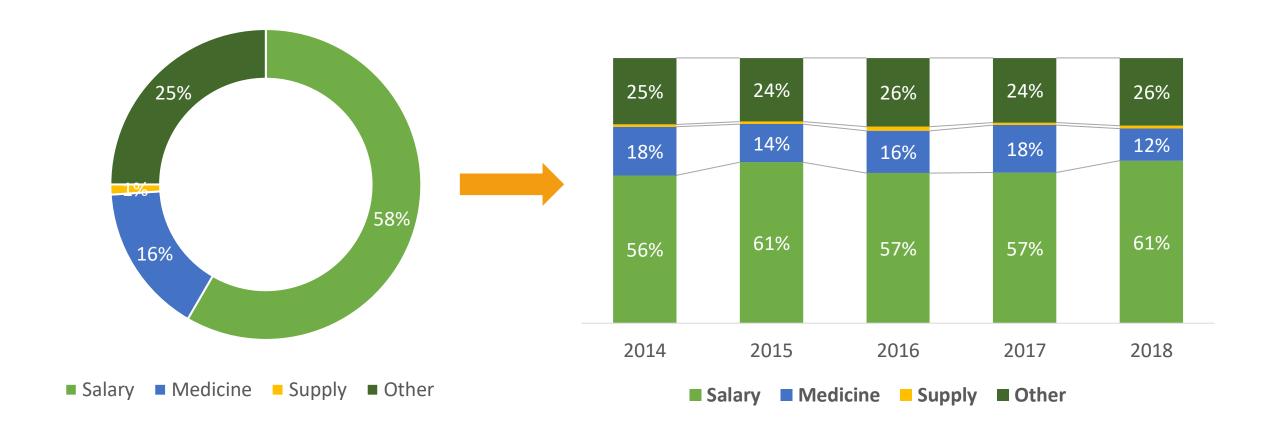
12%



% of expenditure made on medicine

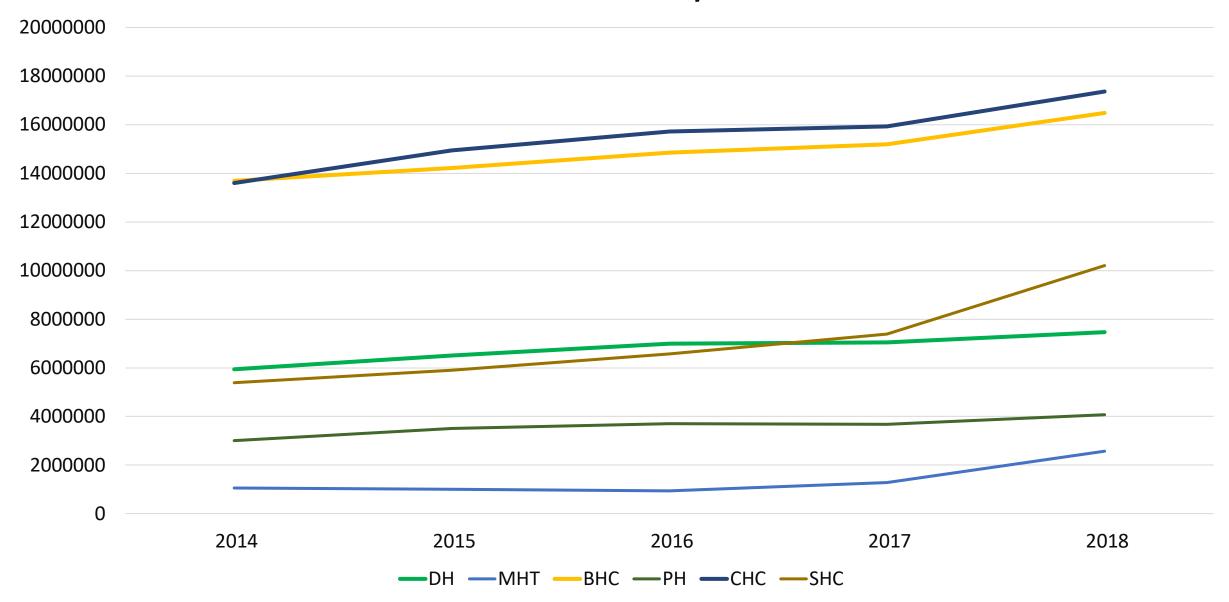


Expenditure by major expense line



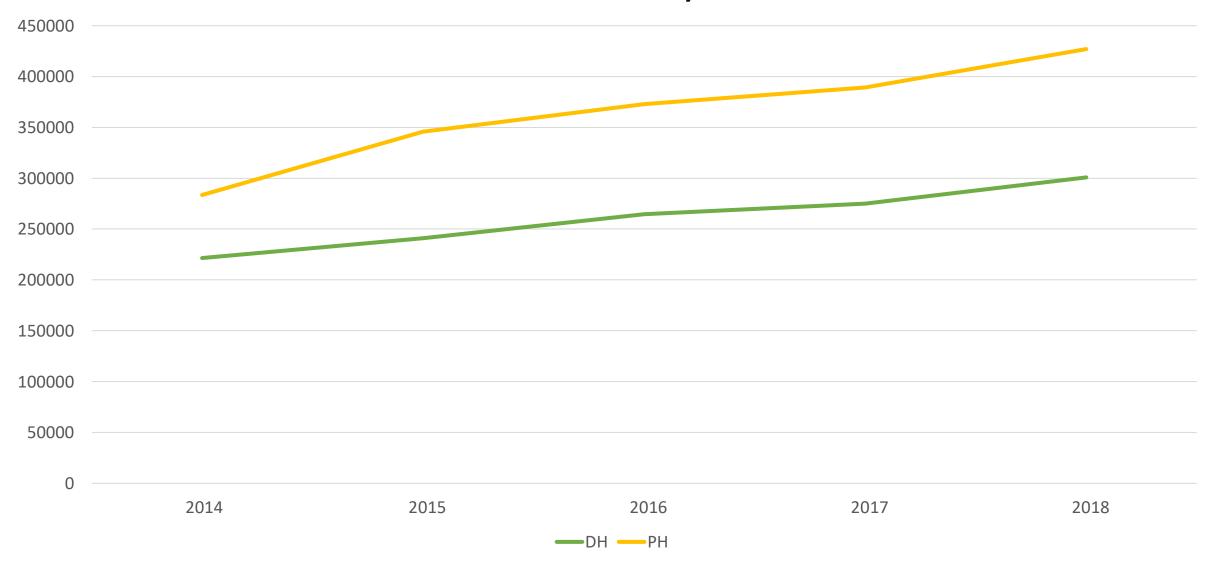


Trend of OPD visits/clients



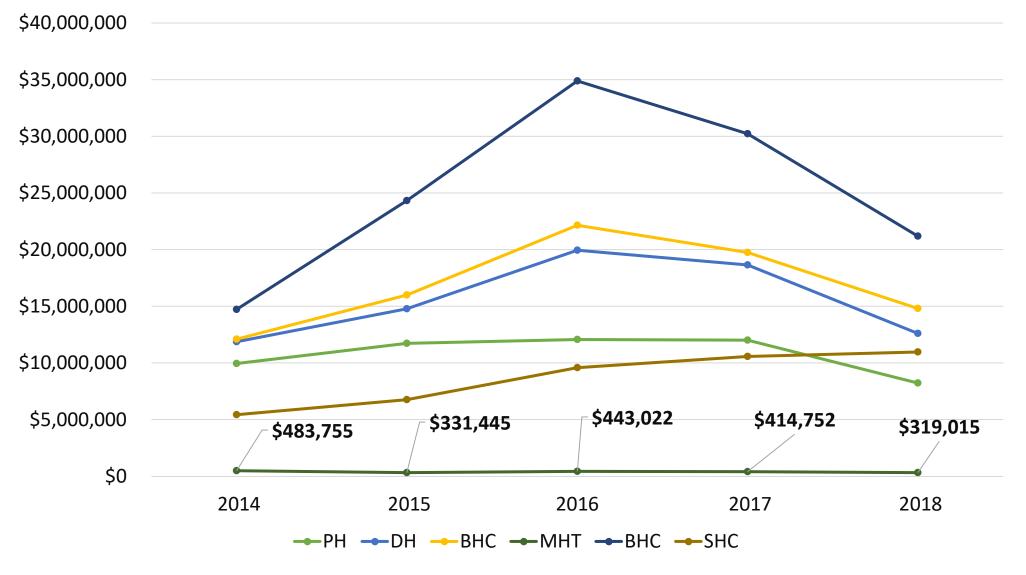


Trend of OPD visits/clients



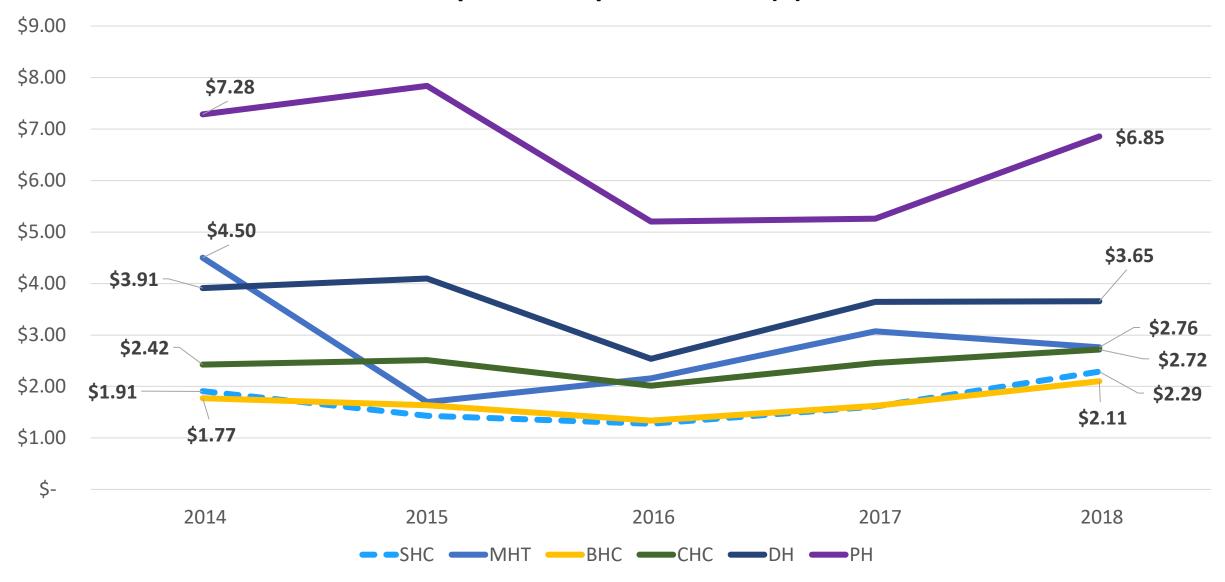


Total expenditure by type of facility



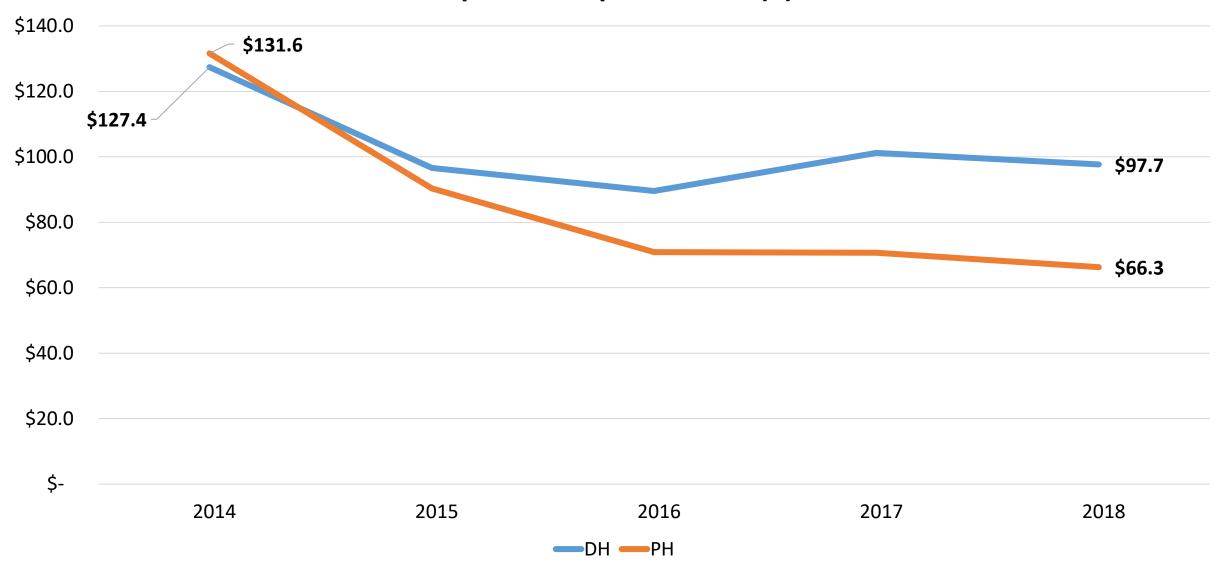
- 2014 to mid 2015 only 18 provinces implemented EMIS
- Mid 2015 to mid 2017 31 provinces implemented EMIS and submitted all reports
- Mid 2017 and 2018
 31 provinces using
 EMIS but partial
 report received

Expenditure per OPD visit(\$)





Expenditure per IPD visit(\$)





EMIS data use

- 1. Service costing for P4P (Sehatmandi)
- 2. BPHS Efficiency analysis
- 3. IPEHS costing
- 4. National Health Accounts (NHA)
- 5. BPHS Normative Costing
- 6. Data requests by donors



Challenges



- 1. Shortage of human resources/job security
- 2. Inadequate capacity at NGO level

Thank you for your attention

Sustainability of EMIS?