# Contents

1	akhdefo_functions.unzip	:
	1.1 Parameters	3
	1.2 Returns	3
2	akhdefo_functions.copyImage_Data	Ę
	2.1 Parameters	5
	2.2 Returns	5
3	akhdefo_functions.copyUDM2_Mask_Data	7
	3.1 Parameters	7
	3.2 Returns	7
4	akhdefo_functions.Filter_PreProcess	ç
	4.1 Parameters	ç
	4.2 Returns	Ĉ
5	akhdefo_functions.Crop_to_AOI	11
	5.1 Parameters	
	5.2 Returns	11
6	akhdefo_functions.Mosaic	13
	6.1 Parameters	13
	6.2 Returns	13
7	akhdefo_functions.Coregistration	15
	7.1 Parameters	15
	7.2 Returns	16
8	akhdefo_functions.DynamicChangeDetection	17
	8.1 Parameters	17
	8.2 Returns	18
9	akhdefo_functions.plot_stackNetwork	19
	9.1 Parameters	19
	9.2 Returns	19
10	akhdefo_functions.stackprep	21
	10.1 Parameters	21
	10.2 Returns	22
11	akhdefo_functions.Time_Series	23
	11.1 Parameters	23
	11.2 Returns	23

12 akhdefo_functions.akhdefo_ts_plot         12.1 Parameters          12.2 Returns	
13 akhdefo_functions.rasterClip         13.1 Parameters	
14 akhdefo_functions.akhdefo_viewer         14.1 Parameters	
15 akhdefo_functions.Akhdefo_resample         15.1 Parameters          15.2 Returns	
16 akhdefo_functions.Akhdefo_inversion         16.1 Parameters	<b>33</b> 33 33
17 akhdefo_functions.utm_to_latlon         17.1 Parameters	
18 akhdefo_functions.MeanProducts_plot_ts 18.1 Parameters	<b>37</b> 37 38
19 akhdefo_functions.Auto_Variogram  19.1 Parameters	39
20 Indices and tables	41

akhdefo_functions.unzip (page 3)(zipdir,	This program unzips all the zip products into one
dst_dir)	folder
$akhdefo\_functions.copyImage\_Data \ (page 5)([])$	This program copy all the raster images.
akhdefo_functions.copyUDM2_Mask_Data (page 7)([])	This program copy all raster masks.
akhdefo_functions.Filter_PreProcess	This program prepare and uses filters to balanace
(page 9)([])	raster image brightness
akhdefo_functions.Crop_to_AOI (page 11)([])	This program used to clip multiple raster files
akhdefo_functions.Mosaic (page 13)([])	This program mosiacs raster images in geotif for-
3 3 (1 0 ) (1 1)	mat as well grab dates the satellite image taken for
	further processing.
$akhde fo\_functions. Coregistration$	This program coregisteres multiple rasters using
(page 15)([])	both structural similarity index and feature match-
	ing techniques.
$akhde fo\_functions. Dynamic {\it Change Detection}$	This program calculates optical flow velocity from
(page 17)([])	triplets of daily optical satellite images.
$akhde fo\_functions.plot\_stackNetwork$	This Program plots temporal network of triplets to
(page 19)([])	be stacked for calculating Annual Mean Velocity
	from stacked optical images.
$akhdefo\_functions.stackprep \ (page \ 21)([])$	This program collects velocity candiate points for
	time-series analysis.
$akhdefo\_functions.Time\_Series \ (page \ 23)([])$	This program uses candiate velocity points from
	stackprep function and performs linear interpola-
	tion in time-domain to calibrate stacked velocity.
$akhde fo\_functions.akhde fo\_ts\_plot$	This program used for analysis time-series velocity
(page 25)([])	profiles
$akhde fo\_functions.raster {\it Clip}$	This program used to clip single raster file.
(page 27)(rasterpath,)	
akhdefo_functions.akhdefo_viewer	This program used for plotting raster products.
(page 29)([])	
akhdefo_functions.Akhdefo_resample	This program performs raster resampling for rasters
(page 31)([])	
akhdefo_functions.Akhdefo_inversion	This program calculates 3D displacement velocity
(page 33)([])	(East-West, North-South and vertical) using com-
	bined optical and InSAR products
akhdefo_functions.utm_to_latlon	This program converts geographic projection of
(page 35)(easting,)	shapefiles from UTM to LATLONG
$akhdefo\_functions.MeanProducts\_plot\_ts \ (page 37)([])$	This program used to plot shapefile data
$akhde fo\_functions.Auto\_Variogram$	This program automatically selects best variogram
(page 39)([])	model which later can be used to interpolate data-
	points.

Contents 1

2 Contents

# $akhde fo\_functions.unzip$

akhdefo\_functions.unzip(zipdir,  $dst\_dir$ )

This program unzips all the zip products into one folder

## 1.1 Parameters

### $\mathbf{zipdir}$

[str] path to directory contains all the zipfiles

### $\mathbf{dst\_dir}$

[str] path to destination folder to copy all unzipped products.

## 1.2 Returns

unzip folder

# $akhde fo\_functions.copy Image\_Data$

akhdefo\_functions.copyImage\_Data(path\_to\_unzipped\_folders='', Path\_to\_raster\_tifs='')
This program copy all the raster images.

## 2.1 Parameters

 $path\_to\_unzipped\_folders: str$ 

 $Path\_to\_raster\_tifs: str$ 

### 2.2 Returns

rasters

# $akhde fo\_functions.copy UDM2\_Mask\_Data$

 ${\tt akhdefo\_functions.copyUDM2\_Mask\_Data(\it path\_to\_unzipped\_folders='', Path\_to\_UDM2raster\_tifs='')} \\ {\tt This\ program\ copy\ all\ raster\ masks.}}$ 

## 3.1 Parameters

#### $path\_to\_unzipped\_folders$

[str] file extension must end with udm2\_clip.tif

 $Path\_to\_UDM2raster\_tifs: str$ 

## 3.2 Returns

rasters

# $akhde fo\_functions. Filter\_PreProcess$

 $akhdefo\_functions.Filter\_PreProcess(unfiltered\_folderPath='',\ UDM2\_maskfolderPath='',\ outpath\_dir='',\ Udm\_Mask\_Option=False)$ 

This program prepare and uses filters to balanace raster image brightness

### 4.1 Parameters

 $unfiltered\_folderPath: str$   $UDM2\_maskfolderPath: str$ 

 $outpath\_dir : str$ 

#### $Udm\_Mask\_Option$

[bool] False if True the program uses planetlabs imagery unusable pixel mask to ignore and mask bad image pixels

### 4.2 Returns

#### geotif rasters

Filtered geotif rasters

#### Figures

plotted filtered rasters and mask for bad pixels

# $akhde fo\_functions. Crop\_to\_AOI$

 $\label{eq:continuous_akhdefo_functions.Crop_to_AOI} akhdefo\_functions.Crop\_to\_AOI(Path\_to\_WorkingDir='',\ Path\_to\_AOI\_shapefile='',\ output\_CroppedDir='')$ 

This program used to clip multiple raster files

### 5.1 Parameters

#### $Path\_to\_WorkingDir$

[str] path to raster working directory

#### $Path\_to\_AOI\_shape file$

[str] path to Area of interest in shapefile format

#### $output\_CroppedDir$

[str ] path to save cropped raster files

### 5.2 Returns

cropped raster files

# akhdefo\_functions.Mosaic

akhdefo\_functions.Mosaic(Path\_to\_WorkingDir='', output\_MosaicDir='', img\_mode=0)

This program mosiacs raster images in geotif format as well grab dates the satellite image taken for further processing. The current version only supports Planet Labs SurfaceReflectance products.

#### 6.1 Parameters

Path\_to\_WorkingDir : str output\_MosaicDir : str

#### $img\_mode$

[int] if img\_mode=0 the the programs mosaics only the raster images. if img\_mode=1 the program mosiacs only mask rasters

## 6.2 Returns

Mosaiced raster images

# $akhde fo\_functions. Coregistration\\$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf akhdefo\_functions.Coregistration} (input\_Folder='',\ output\_folder='',\ grid\_res=20,\ min\_reliability=60,\ window\_size=(64,\ 64),\ path\_figures='',\ showFig=False,\ no\_data=[0,\ 0],\ single\_ref\_path='') \end{tabular}$ 

This program coregisters multiple rasters using both structural similarity index and feature matching techniques. This program is written based on arosics python library.

### 7.1 Parameters

#### input\_Folder: str

Path to input raster folders

grid\_res: int

#### min\_reliability: int

structural simialrity index threshold to differentiate deformation from raster shift (min=20, max=100)

#### window\_size: tuple

window size for pixel search

#### showFig: bool

True to display results or False to not displat results

#### no\_data: list

No data values to be ignored for both reference and target image

#### single\_ref\_path: str

provide path to raster if interested to coregister all rasters to a single reference, ignore this option the program uses subsequent rasters as reference.

#### output\_folder: str

returns coregistred and georeferenced raster in geotif format

#### path\_figures: str

returns figure with plotted displaced pixels in raster coordinate system units

## 7.2 Returns

coregistred rasters

# $akhde fo\_functions. Dynamic Change Detection\\$

```
\label{eq:continuous_point}  \mbox{akhdefo\_functions.DynamicChangeDetection}(Path\_working\_Directory='', Path\_UDM2\_folder='', Path\_to\_DEMFile='', Coh\_Thresh=0.75, vel\_thresh=0.063, udm\_mask\_option=False, cmap='jet', Median\_Filter=False, Set\_fig\_MinMax=False, show\_figure=False, plot\_option='origional', xres=10, yres=10)
```

This program calculates optical flow velocity from triplets of daily optical satellite images. Final Timeseris products will be a shapefile format using Time\_Series function after stackprep step.

#### 8.1 Parameters

Path\_working\_Directory: str
Path\_UDM2\_folder: str
Path\_to\_DEMFile: str
Coh\_Thresh: float
vel\_thresh: float
udm\_mask\_option: bool
cmap: str
Median\_Filter: bool

show\_figure : bool

Set\_fig\_MinMax: bool

 $\mathbf{plot\_option}$ 

[str] origional, resampled

xres: int yres: int

## 8.2 Returns

#### Rasters

velocity in X direction (EW) Velocity in Y direction (NS)  $\,$ 

#### Figures

Initial Timesereis Figures (those figures are only intermediate products needs calibration)

# $akhde fo\_functions.plot\_stack Network$

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} akhdefo\_functions.plot\_stackNetwork(src\_folder='', output\_folder='', cmap='tab20', \\ date\_plot\_interval=(5, 30), marker\_size=15) \end{tabular}
```

This Program plots temporal network of triplets to be stacked for calculating Annual Mean Velocity from stacked optical images.

#### 9.1 Parameters

#### $src\_folder$

 $[\mathrm{str}]$  path to georeferenced\_folder

#### output\_folder

[str] path to output folder to save output Figure plot

#### cmap

[str] colormap for the plot default is tab20

#### date\_plot\_interval

[list] minumum and maximum plot x axis interval dates for the plot

#### marker\_size

[float] size of plotted points default is 15

### 9.2 Returns

Figure

# akhdefo\_functions.stackprep

```
\label{lem:akhdefo_functions.stackprep} $$ (path\_to\_flowxnFolder='', path\_toFlowynFolder='', dem='', print\_list=False, start\_date='YYYYMMDD', end\_date='YYYYMMDD', output\_stackedFolder='', VEL\_scale=('month', 'year'), xres=3.125, yres=3.125, Velocity\_shapeFile=False, Resampling=True) $$ This program collects velocity candiate points for time-series analysis.
```

### 10.1 Parameters

```
path_to_flowxnFolder
     [str] path to folder include east-west velocity files
path_toFlowynFolder
     [str] path to folder include north-south velocity files
dem
     [str] path to digital elevation model file will be used to geocode the products
print_list
     [bool] print list of temporal processed dates default is False
start\_date
    [str] YYYYMMDD
end_{-}date
     [str] YYYYMMDD
output\_stackedFolder: str
VEL_scale
     [str] month or year) at this stage you can ignore this option; will be removed from future versions
xres: float
yres: float
Velocity_shapeFile: bool
    set to True if need to generate points for temporal deformation analysis
Resampling: bool
```

if True reduce number of measurement points but faster processing

## 10.2 Returns

### **ESRI Shapefile**

This file include candiate velocity points for timeseries analysis

## akhdefo\_functions.Time\_Series

```
akhdefo\_functions.Time\_Series(stacked\_raster\_EW='', stacked\_raster\_NS='', velocity\_points='', \\ dates\_name='', output\_folder='', outputFilename='', \\ rasteriz\_mean\_products=True, std=1, VEL\_Scale='year')
```

This program uses candiate velocity points from stackprep function and performs linear interpolation in time-domain to calibrate stacked velocity. Additionally produces corrected timeseries velocity(daily) in a shapefile.

#### 11.1 Parameters

```
stacked_raster_EW : str

stacked_raster_NS : str

velocity_points
    [str ] Velcity Candidate points

dates_name
    [str] text file include name of each date in format YYYYMMDD

output_folder : str

outputFilename : str
```

### 11.2 Returns

Time-series shape file of velocity and direction EW, NS, and 2D(resultant Velocity and direction)

# $akhde fo\_functions. akhde fo\_ts\_plot$

```
akhdefo\_ts\_plot(path\_to\_shapefile='', dem\_path='', point\_size=1.0, opacity=0.75, \\ cmap='turbo', Set\_fig\_MinMax=True, MinMaxRange=[-50, 50], \\ color\_field='VEL', user\_data\_points='', path\_saveData\_points='', \\ save\_plot=False, Fiq\_outputDir='', VEL\_Scale='year')
```

This program used for analysis time-series velocity profiles

### 12.1 Parameters

#### $user\_data\_points$

[str] provide path to csv. file contains x and y coordinate for points of interest you can generate this file by providing path to path\_saveData\_points (POI.csv). This is useful to save mouse click positions to repeat the plots for different datasets for example if you plot several TS profiles for EW velocity product, you can recreate TS for the same exact position by saving POI.csv with path\_saveData\_points and then use that as input for the another plot such as NS velocity product via setting user\_datapoints=POI.csv

#### path\_to\_shapefile

[str] type path to timeseries shapefile in stack\_data/TS folder

#### dem\_path

[str] path to dem raster in geotif fromat

#### point\_size

[float] size of the sactter plot points

#### opacity

[float] transparency of the scater overlay

#### cmap

[str] Matplotlib colormap options example RdYlBu\_r, jet, turbo, hsv, etc

#### $\mathbf{Set\_fig\_MinMax}$

[bool] True or False

#### MinMaxRange

[list] [-50,50] Normalize plot colormap range if Set\_fig\_MinMax=True

#### color\_field

[str ] VEL ,VEL\_2D, VEL\_N, VEL\_E, VELDir\_MEA

#### $path\_saveData\_points$

[str] optional, provide directory path if you want to save profile data. the data will be saved under POI.csv file

#### save\_plot: bool

True or False

#### $Fig\_outputDir$

[str]

if save\_plot=True then you save your profile plots in interactive html file and jpg image

#### ${\bf VEL\_Scale}$

[str] year or month projects the velocity into provided time-scale

### 12.2 Returns

Interactive Figures

# $akhde fo\_functions. raster Clip\\$

akhdefo\_functions.rasterClip(rasterpath, aoi, outfilename)
This program used to clip single raster file.

## 13.1 Parameters

#### rasterpath

[str] path to raster file in geotif format

aoi

[str] path to Area of interest in shapefile format

#### outfilename

[str] path to output raster file in geotif format .tif

### 13.2 Returns

clipped raster

## akhdefo\_functions.akhdefo\_viewer

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf akhdefo\_viewer}(Path\_to\_DEMFile='',\ rasterfile='',\ cbar\_label='Velocity(mm/year)', \\ title='Akhdefo-Viewer',\ pixel\_resolution\_meter=3.125, \\ outputfolder='',\ alpha=0.8,\ unit=1,\ cmap='jet', \\ noDATA\_Mask=False,\ Normalize=True,\ SetDates\_Filename=False, \\ Set\_fiq\_MinMax=False) \end{tabular}
```

This program used for plotting raster products.

#### 14.1 Parameters

#### Path\_to\_DEMFile

[str] provide path to digital elevation raster file to be used as shaded base Map

#### rasterfile

[str] provide path to raster file to be plotted

#### title

[str] provide your desired title for the plot

#### pixel\_resolution\_meter

[float] provide pixel resolution of the digital elevation raster to draw proper figure scalebar

#### outputfolder

[str] provide path to outure folder to save the plot

#### outputfileName

[str ] provide name for the output plot including the desired extension such as .jpg, .pmg, .pdf, etc..

#### alpha

[float] transparency level for the plotted raster relative to hillshaded basemap

#### unit

[int] conversion unit default is 1 (no conversion) if your data is in meter such as velocity in meter/year set unit to 2 to convert to mm/year

#### $noDATA\_MAsk$

[bool] set to True if you do not want to plot zero values of your dataset

## 14.2 Returns

Figure

# $akhde fo\_functions. Akhde fo\_re sample$

 $akhdefo\_functions. Akhdefo\_resample(input\_raster='', output\_raster='', xres=3.125, yres=3.125, SavFig=False, convert\_units=False)$ 

This program performs raster resampling for rasters

### 15.1 Parameters

#### $input\_raster$

[str] path to input raster

#### $output\_raster$

[str] path to output raster

 $\mathbf{xres}$ 

[float] horizontal resolution

yres

[float ] vertical resolution

#### SavFig

[bool] True to save output plot False to ignore exporting plot

#### $convert\_units$

[bool] if True converts raster value units from m to mm

#### 15.2 Returns

Raster geotif

## akhdefo\_functions.Akhdefo\_inversion

 $akhdefo\_inversion(horizontal\_InSAR='', \ Vertical\_InSAR='', \ EW\_Akhdefo='', \ NS\_Akhdefo='', \ demFile='', \ output\_folder='')$ 

This program calculates 3D displacement velocity (East-West,North-South and vertical) using combined optical and InSAR products

#### 16.1 Parameters

#### horizontal\_InSAR

[str] path to East Velocity InSAR product in geotif format

#### ${\bf Vertical\_InSAR}$

[str] path to Vertical Velocity InSAR product in geotif format

#### $EW_Akhdefo$

[str ] path to east-west velocity akhdefo(optical) product in geotif format

#### $NS_Akhdefo$

[str] path to north-south velocity akhdefo(optical) product in geotif format

#### demFile

[str] path to DEM raster in geotif format

#### $output\_folder$

[str] path to save raster products

## 16.2 Returns

#### Three geotif rasters

3D-Velocity (D3D in mm/year) raster Plunge raster in degrees Trend raster in degrees

# $akhde fo\_functions.utm\_to\_latlon$

akhdefo\_functions.utm\_to\_latlon(easting, northing, zone\_number, zone\_letter)

This program converts geographic projection of shapefiles from UTM to LATLONG

### 17.1 Parameters

easting: Geopandas column with Easting

northing: Geopandas column with Northing

zone\_number: int zone\_letter: N or S

## 17.2 Returns

[lon , lat ]: List

# $akhde fo\_functions. Mean Products\_plot\_ts$

This program used to plot shapefile data

### 18.1 Parameters

```
path_to_shapefile: str

dem_path: str

out_folder: str

color_field
    [str] geopandas column name

Set_fig_MinMax: bool

MinMaxRange: list

opacity: float

cmap: str

point_size: str

cbar_label
    [str] mm/year or degrees, etc.. based on unit of the data column name in the color_field
```

## 18.2 Returns

Figure

# $akhde fo\_functions. Auto\_Variogram$

 $\verb|akhdefo_functions.Auto_Variogram|(|path\_to\_shapefile='', |column\_attribute='', |latlon=False|)|$ 

This program automatically selects best variogram model which later can be used to interpolate datapoints.

#### 19.1 Parameters

path\_to\_shapefile : str type path to shapefile to include data (point data) the shapefile attribute must have x, y or lat, lon columns

#### $column\_attribute$

[str] Name of shapefile field attribute include data

### 19.2 Returns

 $\operatorname{str}$ 

name of best variogram model also figure for plotted variogram models

# Indices and tables

- $\bullet$  genindex
- $\bullet$  modindex
- $\bullet$  search