

Statistics MCQ Question Bank

First Paper

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1 Basic Concept of Statistics

1. **Who is known as the Father of modern statistics?**
(a) P.C. Mahalanobis (b) Kazi Motaher Hos-sain (c) Karl Pearson (d) R.A. Fisher
 2. **If $\sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i^2 = 20$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i = 30$, what is the value of $\sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i + 100$?**
(a) 130 (b) 200 (c) 230 (d) 2130
 3. **A subset of a population is called—**
(a) Constant (b) Variable (c) Sample (d) Scale
 4. **How many measurement scales are there?**
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5
 5. **Which of the following is a continuous variable?**
(a) Number of goals (b) Natural number
(c) Summation of Fibonacci series (d) Success rate
 6. **In which scale of measurement, zero is regarded as true zero?**
(a) Nominal scale (b) Interval scale (c) Ratio scale (d) Ordinal scale
 7. **Which is a discrete variable?**
(a) Weight (b) Amount of rainfall (c) Distance (d) Grade in a subject
 8. **If $x_1 = 2, x_2 = -3, x_3 = 7$, and $x_4 = 12$, $\sum_{i=1}^4 x_i^2 = ?$**
(a) 26 (b) 106 (c) 206 (d) 216
 9. **Which one falls in the category of interval scale?**
(a) Temperature (b) Speed (c) Distance (d) Film rating
 10. **In which scale of measurement, zero is regarded as true zero?**
(a) Nominal scale (b) Interval scale (c) Ratio scale (d) Ordinal scale
 11. **Which is a discrete variable?**
(a) Weight (b) Amount of rainfall (c) Distance (d) Grade in a subject
 12. **Which one is product of square?**
(a) $\prod x_i^2$ (b) $(\prod x_i)^2$ (c) $\sum x_i^2 \times \sum x$ (d) $\sum x_i^2$
 13. **For which variable, determining number of terms is not possible?**
(a) Discrete variable (b) Continuous variable (c) Quantitative variable (d) Qualitative variable
- Answer the next three question based on the following information.**
A farmer collects growth (in cm) of 10 plants in a month and finds that $\sum x_i = 7$ and $\sum x_i^2 = 15$
14. **What is the value of $\sum (x_i + 4)$?**
(a) 23 (b) $\sum x_i + 4n$ (c) 22 (d) 11

15. What is the value of $\sum (x_i - 4)^2$?
 (a) 23 (b) 135 (c) 484 (d) 121
16. If the square of summation is subtracted the sum of square, the value is -
 (a) -8 (b) 34 (c) 8 (d) -34
17. Which one is not an example of ratio scale?
 (a) Room no. (b) Income (c) Number of accidents (d) Weight

2 Collection, Organization, and Presentation of Data

18. How many sources of data are there?
 (a) 5 (b) 4 (c) 3 (d) 2
19. Data obtained through direct observation is called—
 (a) Primary data (b) Secondary data (c) Original Data (d) Informal data
20. Who invented Stem and Leaf plot?
 (a) Karl Pearson (b) R.A. Fisher (c) David Cox (d) John Tukey
21. Which rule is suggested by H.G. Sturges for determining number of class (k)?
 (a) $K = 1 + 3.322 \log N$ (b) $K = 1 + 3.222 \log N$ (c) $K = 1 - 3.222 \log N$ (d) $K = 1 + 2.332 \log N$
22. To show runs per over in a cricket match, which diagram can be used?
 (a) Histogram (b) Bar Diagram (c) Ogive (d) Frequency polygon

3 Measures of Central Tendency

3.1 General Questions

23. How many measure of central tendency are there?
 (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5
24. Which measure of central tendency is suitable for qualitative variable?
 (a) Arithmetic Mean (b) Harmonic Mean (c) Quadratic Mean (d) Mode
25. In presence of negative values, which measure is not usable?
 (a) Arithmetic Mean (b) Geometric Mean (c) Quadratic Mean (d) Harmonic Mean
26. Inappropriate for algebraic analysis—
 i. Median
 ii. Mode
 iii. Geometric Mean
 Which one is true?
 (a) i (b) ii (c) i & ii (d) ii & iii
- Answer the next two questions based on the following information
27. Fifth Decile is —
 (a) 0 (b) 8 (c) 7 (d) 6

Accident	4	6	7	8	9
Frequency	2	0	4	4	1

28. Which of the following is mode?
 (a) 4 (b) 8 (c) 0 (d) 7
29. Which measure gives a value from within the values?
 (a) Arithmetic Mean (b) Geometric Mean (c) Median (d) Mode
30. Which one is not a proper measure of central tendency?
 (a) 2nd Quartile (b) Third Decile (c) 3rd Quintile (d) 110th Percentile
31. Which measure is not used in determining skewness?
 (a) Arithmetic Mean (b) Geometric Mean (c) Median (d) Mode
32. When is the relationship $AM = HM = GM$ true?
 (a) All values are equal (b) The values form a geometric progression
 (c) The values form an arithmetic progression (d) All values are distinct
33. In the presence of outlier(s), which measure of central tendency is suitable?
 (a) Arithmetic mean (b) Median (c) Quadratic mean (d) Power mean
34. If a rate is defined as $R = \frac{c}{d}$, where c is constant, then which measure is perfect?
 (a) Weighted arithmetic mean (b) Harmonic mean
 (c) Quadratic mean (d) Weighted geometric mean
35. Which measure might have more than one value?
 (a) Arithmetic mean (b) Geometric mean (c) Quadratic mean (d) Mode

3.2 Arithmetic Mean

36. For grouped data, which formula is correct for Arithmetic Mean?
 (a) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$ (b) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{N}$ (c) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{n}$ (d) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i}{N}$
37. Arithmetic mean of the series 2, 12, 22, ..., 92 is—
 (a) 45 (b) 46 (c) 47 (d) 55
38. What is the arithmetic mean of first n odd natural numbers?
 (a) $\frac{n+1}{n}$ (b) n (c) n+1 (d) $\frac{n+1}{2}$
39. What is the arithmetic mean of first n even natural numbers?
 (a) $\frac{n+1}{2}$ (b) $n + 1$ (c) n (d) $\frac{n-1}{2}$
40. The arithmetic mean of first n natural numbers—
 (a) $\frac{n}{2}$ (b) $\frac{n+1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{n^2}{2}$ (d) $\frac{n^2-1}{2}$
41. Arithmetic means of three groups having equal no. of items are 30, 32, and 34. What is the combined mean?
 (a) 30.33 (b) 32.67 (c) 32.00 (d) 33.00

3.3 Median

42. Median can be determined from the—

- (a) Histogram (b) Frequency curve (c) Ogive (d) Pie Chart

Answer the next two (2) questions based on the following information

Class	≤ 20	20-25	25-50	50-60	69-70	≥ 70
Frequency	5	10	10	7	5	3
Cumulative Frequency	5	15	25	32	37	40

43. How many values are between 20 and 70?

- (a) 20 (b) 32 (c) 35 (d) 37

44. Which one is the median class?

- (a) 20-25 (b) 25-50 (c) 50-60 (d) 60-70

3.4 Partition Values

Answer the next two questions as per the following information.

42 44 59 64 70 72 74 91 94 are 9 values.

45. What is the 50th percentile?

- (a) 64 (b) 70 (c) 72 (d) 71

46. Below which value lie 70 percent values?

- (a) 42 (b) 44 (c) 59 (d) 74

47. Above which value lie 30% observations?

- (a) 3rd Quartile (b) Median (c) 30th Percentile (d) 70th percentile

4 Measures of Dispersion

5 Moments, Skewness, and Kurtosis

48. Which can be used to measure dispersion?

- (a) μ'_2 (b) μ_1 (c) μ_2 (d) μ'_1

49. The formula of coefficient of variance (CV) is —

- (a) $\frac{\mu_2}{n} \times 100$ (b) $\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1} \times 100$ (c) $\frac{\mu_2}{\bar{x}} \times 100$ (d) $\frac{\mu_3}{\sigma} \times 100$

50. First moment around zero is —

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) -1 (d) Arithmetic Mean

51. Which is not used in constructing Box & Whisker Plot?

- (a) Mode (b) X_L (c) $Q_1 \& Q_3$ (d) $Q_1, Q_2 \& Q_3$

52. Which might have a negative value?

- (a) μ_4 (b) μ_3 (c) μ'_2 (d) μ_2

53. In a symmetric distribution—
 i. Arithmetic Mean = Mode = Median
 ii. $Q_2 - Q_1 = Q_3 - Q_2$
 iii. $Q_1 - X_L = X_H - Q_3$
 Which one is true?
 (a) i & ii (b) ii & iii (c) i & iii (d) i, ii & iii
54. For a data, $Q_3 = 41.6, Q_1 = 17.2, \text{Median} = 29, \& AM = 30$; What is Coefficient of skewness?
 (a) 24.4 (b) 1 (c) 0.03 (d) 29.45
55. $\sqrt{\beta_1} = -0.23$ implies—
 (a) Left Skew (b) Symmetry (c) Right Skew (d) Mesokurtic
56. Which is not included in five number summary?
 (a) Arithmetic Mean (b) X_H (c) Q_2 (d) Q_3
57. $\beta_2 = \sqrt{9}$ implies data are—
 (a) Leptokurtic (b) Platykurtic (c) Mesokurtic (d) Symmetric
58. 2nd Central Moment is —
 (a) $\mu_2 - \mu_1'$ (b) $\mu_2 + \mu_1'$ (c) $\mu_2 - \mu_1'^2$ (d) $\mu_2' - \mu_1'^2$

6 Correlation and Regression

7 Time Series

59. A company is constantly getting greater revenue than previous year; this is—
 (a) Seasonal Variation (b) General Trend (c) Irregular Variation (d) Cyclic Variation
60. Which is not a method of finding general trend?
 (a) Graphical Method (b) Moving Average (c) Semi-Average (d) Moving Median

Answer the next two questions based on the following table:

Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Sales	5	35	34	40	42	204

61. In Semi-Average method, what is the 2nd average?
 (a) 74 (b) 24.67 (c) 95.33 (d) 28
62. For this data, which method would give the best measure of trend?
 (a) 3-yearly Moving Average (b) 4-yearly Moving Average
 (c) Semi-Average (d) Graphical Method
63. which component of time series represents a natural disaster?
 (a) Seasonal Variation (b) General Trend (c) Irregular Variation (d) Cyclic Variation

8 Published Statistics in Bangladesh

64. **Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics collect –**
(a) Official statistics (b) Non-official statistics(c) Semi-official statistics(d) None of the above
65. **Which statistics are published by an NGO?**
(a) Official statistics (b) Non-official statistics(c) Semi-official statistics(d) None of the above
66. **The primary source of official statistics in Bangladesh is –**
(a) WHO (b) BBS (c) CPD (d) UNDP
67. **In Bangladesh, a census is usually done every – years**
(a) 20 (b) 15 (c) 10 (d) 12

Answer Key:

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 1. (d) R.A. Fisher | 18. (d) 2 | 35. (d) Mode | 51. (a) Mode |
| 2. (c) 230 | 19. (a) Primary data | 36. (a) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$ | 52. (b) μ_3 |
| 3. (c) Sample | 20. (d) John Tukey | 37. (c) 47 | 53. (d) i, ii & iii |
| 4. (c) 4 | 21. (a) $K = 1 + 3.322 \log N$ | 38. (b) n | 54. (d) 29.45 |
| 5. (d) Success rate | 22. (b) Bar Diagram | 39. (b) $n + 1$ | 55. (a) Left Skew |
| 6. (c) Ratio scale | 23. (d) 5 | 40. (b) $\frac{n+1}{2}$ | 56. (a) Arithmetic Mean |
| 7. (d) Grade in a subject | 24. (d) Mode | 41. (c) 32.00 | 57. (c) Mesokurtic |
| 8. (c) 206 | 25. (b) Geometric Mean | 42. (c) Ogive | 58. (d) $\mu'_2 - \mu'^2_1$ |
| 9. (a) Temperature | 26. (c) i & ii | 43. (b) 32 | 59. (b) General Trend |
| 10. (c) Ratio scale | 27. (c) 7 | 44. (b) 25-50 | 60. (d) Moving Median |
| 11. (d) Grade in a subject | 28. (b) 8 | 45. (b) 70 | 61. (c) 95.33 |
| 12. (a) $\prod x_i^2$ | 29. (d) Mode | 46. (d) 74 | 62. (a) 3-yearly Moving Average |
| 13. (b) Continuous variable | 30. (d) 110th Percentile | 47. (d) 70th percentile | 63. (c) Irregular Variation |
| 14. (a) 23 | 31. (b) Geometric Mean | 48. (c) μ_2 | 64. (a) Official statistics |
| 15. (a) 23 | 32. (a) All values are equal | 49. (c) $\frac{\mu_2}{\bar{x}} \times 100$ | 65. (c) Semi-official statistics |
| 16. (d) -34 | 33. (b) Median | 50. (d) Arithmetic Mean | 66. (b) BBS |
| 17. (a) Room no. | 34. (b) Harmonic mean | 67. (c) 10 | |