Statistics MCQ Question Bank

First Paper

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1 Basic Concept of Statistics

Ι.	Who is known as the	e Father of modern st	atistics:				
	(a) P.C. Mahalanobis	(b) Kazi Motaher Hossain	(d) R.A. Fisher				
2.	If $\sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i^2 = 20$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{20}$	$x_i = 30$, what is the va	alue of $\sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i +$	100?			
	(a) 130	(b) 200	(c) 230	(d) 2130			
3.	A subset of a popula	ation is called-					
	(a) Constant	(b) Variable	(c) Sample	(d) Scale			
4.	How many measuren	nent scales are there?					
	(a) 2	(b) 3	(c) 4	(d) 5			
5.	Which of the following	ng is a continuous var	riable?				
	(a) Number of goals		(b) Natural number				
	(c) Summation of Fibor	nacci series	(d) Success rate				
6.	In which scale of me	asurement, zero is reg	garded as true zero?				
	(a) Nominal scale	(b) Interval scale	(c) Ratio scale	(d) Ordinal scale			
7.	Which is a discrete v	variable?					
	(a) Weight	(b) Amount of rainfall	(c) Distance	(d) Grade in a subject			
8.	$If x_1 = 2, x_2 = -3, x_3 =$	$= 7$, and $x_4 = 12$, $\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_i^2$	=?				
	(a) 26	(b) 106	(c) 206	(d) 216			
9.	Which one falls in th	ne category of interva	l scale?				
	(a) Temperature	(b) Speed	(c) Distance	(d) Film rating			
10.	In which scale of me	asurement, zero is re	garded as true zero?				
	(a) Nominal scale	(b) Interval scale	(c) Ratio scale	(d) Ordinal scale			
l1.	Which is a discrete v	variable?					
	(a) Weight	(b) Amount of rainfall	(c) Distance	(d) Grade in a subject			
12.	Which one is produc	et of square?					
	(a) $\prod x_i^2$	(b) $(\prod x_i)^2$	(c) $\sum x_i^2 \times \sum x$	(d) $\sum x_i^2$			
13.	For which variable, d	determining number o	of terms is not possibl	e?			
	(a) Discrete variable (b) Continuous variable (c) Quantitative variable(d) Qualitative variable						
	Answer the next thr	ee question based on	the following informa	tion.			
	A farmer collects grown $\sum x_i = 7$ and $\sum x_i^2 = 1$	` / _	ants in a month and fi	nds that			
14.	What is the value of	$\sum (x_i+4)$?					
	(a) 23	(b) $\sum x_i + 4n$	(c) 22	(d) 11			

15.	What is the value of $\sum (x_i - 4)^2$?							
	(a) 23	(b) 135	(c) 484	(d) 121				
16.	If the square of sum	mation is subtracted	the sum of square, the	e value is -				
	(a) -8	(b) 34	(c) 8	(d) -34				
17.	Which one is not an	example of ratio sca	le?					
	(a) Room no.	oom no. (b) Income (c) Number of accident						
	2 Collection,	Organization,	and Presentatio	n of Data				
18.	How many sources of	of data are there?						
	(a) 5	(b) 4	(c) 3	(d) 2				
19.	Data obtained throu	gh direct observation	is called—					
	(a) Primary data	(b) Secondary data	(c) Original Data	(d) Informal data				
20.	Who invented Stem	and Leaf plot?						
	(a) Karl Pearson	(b) R.A. Fisher	(c) David Cox	(d) John Tukey				
21.	Which rule is sugges	sted by H.G. Sturges	for determining numb	er of class (k)?				
	(a) $K = 1 + 3.322 log N$	(b) $K = 1 + 3.222 log N$	(c) $K = 1 - 3.222 log N$	(d) $K = 1 + 2.332 log N$				
22.	22. To show runs per over in a cricket match, which diagram can be used?							
	(a) Histogram	(b) Bar Diagram	(c) Ogive	(d) Frequency polygon				
	3 Measures of Central Tendency							
			U					
	•							
23.	How many measure	-		(1) =				
	(a) 2	(b) 3	(c) 4	(d) 5				
24.			able for qualitative va					
(a) Arithmetic Mean (b) Harmonic Mean (c) Quadratic Mean (d) Mode				(d) Mode				
25.	In presence of negative values, which measure is not usable?							
	(a) Arithmetic Mean	(b) Geometric Mean	(c) Quadratic Mean	(d) Harmonic Mean				
26.	Inappropriate for alg	gebraic analysis–						
	i. Median ii. Mode							
	iii. Geometric Mean							
	Which one is true?							
	(a) i	(b) ii	(c) i & ii	(d) ii & iii				
		o questions based on	the following informat	ion				
27.								
	Fifth Decile is – (a) 0	(b) 8	(c) 7	(d) 6				

Accident	4	6	7	8	9
Frequency	2	0	4	4	1

28.	Which of the following	ng is mode?						
	(a) 4	(b) 8	(c) 0	(d) 7				
29.	Which measure gives	s a value from within	the values?					
	(a) Arithmetic Mean	(b) Geometric Mean	(c) Median	(d) Mode				
30.	Which one is not a p	proper measure of cen	tral tendency?					
	(a) 2nd Quartile	(b) Third Decile	(c) 3rd Quintile	(d) 110th Percentile				
31.	Which measure is no	ot used in determining	g skewness?					
	(a) Arithmetic Mean	(b) Geometric Mean	(c) Median	(d) Mode				
32.	When is the relation	$\mathbf{ship}\ AM = HM = GM$	true?					
	(a) All values are equal		(b) The values form a g	eometric progression				
	(c) The values form an	arithmetic progression	(d) All values are disting	ct				
33.	In the presence of ou	ıtlier(s), which measu	re of central tendency	is suitable?				
	(a) Arithmetic mean	(b) Median	(c) Quadratic mean	(d) Power mean				
34.	If a rate is defined as $R = \frac{c}{d}$, where c is constant, then which measure is perfect?							
	(a) Weighted arithmetic mean		(b) Harmonic mean					
	(c) Quadratic mean		(d) Weighted geometric mean					
35.	Which measure migh	Which measure might have more than one value?						
	(a) Arithmetic mean	(b) Geometric mean	(c) Quadratic mean	(d) Mode				
		_						
	3.2 Arithmetic I	Mean						
36.	For grouped data, w	hich formula is correc	t for Arithmetic Mean	n?				
	(a) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$	(b) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{N}$	(c) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{1}$	(d) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i}{N}$				
27		1,	,,	IV				
37.		the series 2, 12, 22, \cdots	(c) 47	(d) 55				
90	(a) 45	(b) 46		(d) 55				
38.		tic mean of first n ode		(1) $n+1$				
	(a) $\frac{n+1}{n}$	(b) n	(c) n+1	(d) $\frac{n+1}{2}$				
39.		tic mean of first n eve		(1) n-1				
	(a) $\frac{n+1}{2}$	(b) $n+1$	(c) n	(d) $\frac{n-1}{2}$				
40.	The arithmetic mean of first n natural numbers-							
	(a) $\frac{n}{2}$	(b) $\frac{n+1}{2}$	(c) $\frac{n^2}{2}$	(d) $\frac{n^2-1}{2}$				
41.	Arithmetic means of the combined mean?		equal no. of items ar	e 30, 32, and 34. What is				
	(a) 30.33	(b) 32.67	(c) 32.00	(d) 33.00				

3.3 Median

42. Median can be determined from the-

	(a) Histogram	(b) Freq	uency c	eurve	(c) Ogi	ve		(d) Pie Chart	
	Answer the next two (2) questions based on the following information								
		Class	≤ 20	20-25	25-50	50-60	69-70	≥ 70	
		Frequency	5	10	10	7	5	3	
		Cumulative Frequency	5	15	25	32	37	40	
43.	How many value	s are betwee	en 20 a	nd 70?					
	(a) 20	(b) 32			(c) 35			(d) 37	
44.	Which one is the	e median cla	ss?						
	(a) 20-25 (b) 25-50					30		(d) 60-70	
	3.4 Partition	Values							
	Answer the next	two questio	ns as 1	per the	followi	ng info	rmation	1.	
	42 44 59 64 70 72 7					J			
45.	What is the 50th	n percentile?							
	(a) 64	(b) 70			(c) 72			(d) 71	
46.	Below which value	ue lie 70 per	cent v	alues?					
	(a) 42	(b) 44			(c) 59			(d) 74	
47.	Above which value lie 30% observations?								
	(a) 3rd Quartile	(c) 30tl	n Percen	tile	e (d) 70th percentile				
	4 Measure	es of Disp	ersio	on					
48.	Which of the following	lowing is the	e best 1	measur	e of dis	persion	?		
	(a) Range				(b) Mea	Mean deviation			
	(c) Standard deviation (d) Coefficient of vari			of variat	ion				
49.	What is the min	imum possib	le valı	ie of st	andard	deviati	on?		
	(a) ∞	(b) -1			(c) 0			(d) 1	
50.	For two values, radeviation	ange is found	l to be	8. Wh	at are t	he valu	es of m	ean deviation	and standard
	(a) $(2,4)$	(b) $(4,4)$			(c) (4.8)	5)		(d) (8,8)	
51.	What is the stan	idard deviati	ion of	first 10	natura	l numb	ers ?		
	(a) 2.87	(b) 3.02			(c) 0			(d) 2.78	
52.	Which measure	is unit-free?							
	(a) Range				` '	an devia			
	(c) Standard deviat	tion			(d) Coe	efficient	of variat	ion	

5 Moments, Skewness, and Kurtosis

53.	Which can be used to measure dispersion?							
	(a) μ'_2	(b) μ_1	(c) μ_2	(d) μ_1'				
54.	The formula of coef	ficient of variance (C	V) is -					
	(a) $\frac{\mu_2}{n} \times 100$	(b) $\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1} \times 100$	(c) $\frac{\mu_2}{\bar{x}} \times 100$	(d) $\frac{\mu_3}{\sigma} \times 100$				
55.	First moment aroun	nd zero is –						
	(a) 0	(b) 1	(c) -1	(d) Arithmetic Mean				
56.	Which is not used is	n constructing Box &	Whisker Plot?					
	(a) Mode	(b) X_L	(c) $Q_1 \& Q_3$	(d) $Q_1, Q_2 \& Q_3$				
57.	Which might have a	a negative value?						
	(a) μ_4	(b) μ_3	(c) μ'_2	(d) μ_2				
58.	In a symmatric dist	ribution–						
	i. Arithmetic Mean = ii. $Q_2 - Q_1 = Q_3 - Q_2$ iii. $Q_1 - X_L = X_H - Q_1$ Which one is true?							
	(a) i & ii	(b) ii & iii	(c) i &iii	(d) i, ii &iii				
59.	For a data, $Q_3 = 41.6$, $Q_1 = 17.2$, $Median = 29$, & $AM = 30$; What is Coefficient of skewness							
	(a) 24.4	(b) 1	(c) 0.03	(d) 29.45				
60.	$\sqrt{\beta_1} = -0.23$ implies-	_						
	(a) Left Skew	(b) Symmetry	(c) Right Skew	(d) Mesokurtic				
61.	Which is not included in five number summary?							
	(a) Arithmetic Mean	(b) X_H	(c) Q_2	(d) Q_3				
62.	$\beta_2 = \sqrt{9}$ implies data	a are-						
	(a) Leptokurtic	(b) Platykurtic	(c) Mesokurtic	(d) Symmetric				
63.	2nd Central Momen	nt is –						
	(a) $\mu_2 - \mu_1'$	(b) $\mu_2 + \mu_1'$	(c) $\mu_2 - \mu_1^{\prime 2}$	(d) $\mu_2' - \mu_1'^2$				
	6 Correlation and Regression							
	7 Time Serie	es						
64.	A company is const	antly getting greater	revenue than previous	year; this is-				
	(a) Seasonal Variation	(b) General Trend	(c) Irregular Variation	(d) Cyclic Variation				
65.	Which is not a meth	hod of finding genera	l trend?					
	(a) Graphical Method	(b) Moving Average	(c) Semi-Average	(d) Moving Median				
	Answer the next tw	o questions based on	the following table:					

	1 Cai	2001	2000	2000	2010	2011	2012	1
	Sales	5	35	34	40	42	204	_
66. In Semi-Average me	thod, w	hat is	s the 2	nd ave	rage?			
(a) 74	(b) 24.0	67		(c) !	95.33			(d) 28
67. For this data, which	method	l wou	ld give	the be	est me	asure o	of tre	nd?
(a) 3-yearly Moving Av	erage			(b)	4-yearly	Movin	g Ave	rage
(c) Semi-Average				(d)	Graphic	cal Met	hod	
68. which component of	time se	eries r	eprese	nts a n	atural	disast	er?	
(a) Seasonal Variation	(b) Ger	neral T	rend	(c)]	Irregula	r Varia	tion	(d) Cyclic Variation
8 Published 9 69. Bangladesh Bureau (a) Official statistics	of Stati (b) Nor	stics o	collect	tics(c) S			tistics	s(d) None of the above
70. Which statistics are	publish	ed by	an NO	GO?				
(a) Official statistics	(b) Noi	n-officia	al statis	tics(c) S	Semi-off	icial sta	tistics	s(d) None of the above
71. The primary source	of offici	al sta	tistics	in Ban	$_{ m iglades}$	h is $-$		
(a) WHO	(b) BB	S		(c)	CPD			(d) UNDP
72. In Bangladesh, a cer	ısus is ı	ısually	y done	every	– year	s		
(a) 20	(b) 15			(c)	10			(d) 12

2008 2009 2010 2011

2012

Year

2007

Answer Key:

57. (b)
$$\mu_3$$

21. (a)
$$K = 1 + 3.322 log N 39$$
. (b) $n + 1$

40. (b)
$$\frac{n+1}{2}$$

63. (d)
$$\mu'_2 - \mu'^2_1$$

12. (a)
$$\prod x_i^2$$

$$_{l}^{50.}$$
 (a) $(2,4)$

53. (c)
$$\mu_2$$

$$17.~(\mathrm{a})$$
 Room no.

19. (a) Primary data

36. (a)
$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$$

54. (c)
$$\frac{\mu_2}{\bar{x}}\times 100$$

55. (d) Arithmetic Mean