# Statistics Question Bank

First Paper

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# Statistics, Variable and Concepts of Different Symbols

### 1.1 Creative Questions

- 1. Height (in inches) of 10 cadets in a class are: 50, 60, 55, 65, 66, 70, 54, 64, 62, 72
  - (a) What is population in statistics?
  - (b) Is height discrete or continuous?
  - (c) Find  $\sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i^2$  3
  - (d) Find the square of mean and mean of square. Are they equal?
- 2. Income and expenditure (both in thousands) of some individuals in four successive months are collected:

- (a) What is a discrete variable?
- (b) Can fractional numbers be discrete? Explain briefly.
- (c) Are, in the stem,  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i$ ? Show statistically.
- (d) Prove empirically that sum of square is unequal to square of sum of numbers.
- 3. Call duration of 6 calls in a customer care center are

- (a) What is a sample?
- (b) Are all quantitative variables continuous?
- (c) Determine  $\sum_{i=1}^{7} (x_i 3)^3$
- (d) Find the values of  $\sum_{i=1}^{7} (x_i 5)^2$  and  $\sum_{i=1}^{7} x_i^2 + 5$ .

  Explain mathematically why they are unequal.
- 4. Goals scored by Karim Benzema in five seasons are recorded to be the following:
  - (a) What is a quantitative variable?
  - (b) What is the notation to denote his total number of goals?
  - (c) Compute  $\sum_{i=1}^{5} (y_i 3)^2$

| Season  | La Liga (x) | Uefa Champions League (y) |
|---------|-------------|---------------------------|
| 2017-18 | 5           | 5                         |
| 2018-19 | 21          | 4                         |
| 2019-20 | 21          | 5                         |
| 2020-21 | 23          | 6                         |
| 2021-22 | 27          | 15                        |

(d) Find total number of goals using two different notations and examine whether they match.

#### 4

#### 5. Below are some information

$$x_1 = 3, x_2 = 4, x_3 = 1, x_4 = 0$$
  
 $y_1 = 1, y_2 = 5, y_3 = 0, y_4 = 2$ 

(a) What is a qualitative variable?

(b) Find 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_i^2$$
 2

(c) Prove that 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{4} (x_i + y_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{4} x_i + \sum_{i=1}^{4} y_i$$

(d) Find the value of 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_i y_i - \sum_{i=1}^{4} x_i + 4$$

#### 6. An analyst obtains some data:

$$x_1 = 15, x_2 = -12, x_3 = 17, x_4 = 11, x_5 = 23$$

(c) Compute the value of 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{5} (x_i - 10)^2$$

(d) Find the value of 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{5} (5x_i^2 - 4x_i - 3)$$
 and examine its dependency on origin and scale.

#### 1.2 Short Questions

1.  $x_1 = 2, x_2 = -3, x_3 = 7, x_4 = 12.$ 

Find the values of the following:  $4 \times 1.5 = 6$ 

i) 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{3} x_i$$
 ii)  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_i^2$  iii)  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} (x_i + 3)$  iv)  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} (x_i - 4)^2$ 

#### 2. Write down the scales of measurement of the following variables.

 $8 \times 0.5 = 4$ 

Gender, Religion, Temperature, Income group (Lower class, Low, Middle, High)

Income, Distance of stars, Radius of screws, Room no.

#### 3. Distinguish between the qualitative and quantitative variable.

 $6 \times 0.5 = 3$ 

Diameter of trees, Color, Weight, Gender, Jersey Number, Family Size

#### 4. Distinguish between the discrete and continuous variable.

 $8 \times 0.5 = 4$ 

Number of vote cast for a particular candidate, Time required to run 100 m, Years of schooling, Number of goals in a soccer match, Body temperature, Gravity of stars, Absolute humidity, Atomic Number

# Collection, Presentation, and Organization of Data

### 2.1 Creative Questions

1. Hourly wages of 100 workers in an idustry were collected by a market analyst. The analyst desires to mine a patter and useful insights from the collected data about the industry. The obtained data are demonstrated below:

| Wage              | 51-55 | 56-60 | 61-65 | 66-70 | 71-75 | 76-80 | 81-85 |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Number of workers | 7     | 11    | 18    | 36    | 15    | 8     | 5     |

- (a) What is class interval?
  (b) How does a frequency distribution help us to find patter in data?
  (c) Draw an Ogive from the data provided and explain.
  (d) Write five useful insights about the data combining information from Ogive and the table.
- 2.2 Short Questions

# Measures of Central Tendency

### 3.1 Creative Questions

(a) What is change of origin?

(a) When is Harmonic mean suitable?

1. For two non-zero positive numbers,  $GM = 4\sqrt{3}$  and HM = 6, where the quantities bear usual notations

| (a) When is Harmonic mean suitable.                                   | 1 |
|---|---|
| (b) For two numbers, what is the relationship between AM, GM, and HM? | 2 |
| (c) What is the Arithmetic mean?                                      | 3 |
| (d) Determine the numbers.  | 4 |

2. 12 is deducted from each value of a variable and then divided by 3. The new arithmetic mean (AM) is found to be 4.

| (b) Does AM depend on origin? Prove with an example.                        | 2 |
|---|---|
| (c) From the stem, find the original AM.                                    | 3 |
| (d) Does the origin or the scale have greater impact on AM in this example? | 4 |

(d) Does the origin or the scale have greater impact on AM in this example?

3. The arithmetic and geometric means of ages two boys Abir and Abid are 10 and 8.

| (a) What is arithmetic mean?                                   | 1 |
|--|---|
| (b) When can we not calculate arithmetic mean?                 | 2 |
| (c) Determine the ages of Abir and Abid.                       | 3 |
| (d) Does the data comply with the theorem $AM \times = GM^2$ ? | 4 |

4. Income of 100 individuals in the city of Rajshahi were analyzed and found to produce the the following distribution:

| Income                   | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Number of<br>Individuals | 15    | 20    | 35    | 20    | 10    |

| (a) What is Median?  | 1   |
|--|-----|
| (b) Does median necessarily lie in the dataset?                            | 2   |
| (c) Estimate Median and explain the result.                                | 3   |
| (d) Find Arithmetic Mean and Mode. Which measure seems to be thew best one | ? 4 |

5. Amount of rainfall in some cities around the world for a month were obtained as follows:

| Rainfall (mm) | Frequency |
|---------------|-----------|
| 20-30         | 5         |
| 30-40         | 6         |
| 40-50         | 4         |
| 50-60         | 3         |
| 60-70         | 5         |

(a) When is Short-Cut method for Arithmetic Mean useful?

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3

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2 3

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1 2

3

4

1 2

3

- (b) Derive the formula of Short-cut Method
- (c) Compute the Arithmetic Mean using the Short-cut method.
- (d) Compute the Arithmetic Mean with a different value of origin (A). Do both the methods give same result? 4
- 6. A sports analyst collected ages of athelets having ages between 10 and 35. He then presented his findings as below:

| Age            | 10-15 | 15-20 | 20-25 | 25-30 | 30-35 |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| No. of Athlete | 2     | 8     | 10    | 5     | 3     |

- (a) What is central tendency?
- (b) When is geometric mean iappropriate to measure?
- (c) Compute median from the stem.
- (d) Show that Arithmetic mean is greater than Harmonic mean. Which one of them is more suitable for this data?
- 7. Mean monthly salaries of employees of two companies A & B are tk. 65,000 and tk. 75,000. The combined arithmetic mean (AM) is tk. 71,000 and number of employees in the company A is 20.
  - (a) Write down the formula of combined AM for k groups.
  - (b) What is the combined AM of two data sets with AM 35 and 45 and number of values equal?
  - (c) How many employees are there in the company B?
  - (d) Salary of an employee of company A was recorded as tk. 60,000 in place of 65,000. What is the new AM of company A. Also find the corrected combined AM.
- 8. A departmental store records their sales. An analysis of products with prices less than tk. 30 generates the following table.

| Price     | 0 - 5 | 5-10 | 10 - 15 | 15-20 | 20 - 25 | 25 - 30 |
|-----------|-------|------|---------|-------|---------|---------|
| Frequency | 1     | 0    | 2       | 3     | 8       | 12      |

- (a) What is relative frequency?
- (b) If Y = a + bX,  $\bar{Y} = ?$
- (c) Find 67th Percentile and 3rd Quartile and explain.
- (d) Is AM or Median more suitable for this data? Elucidate.
- 9. Arithmetic and Harmonic Mean (HM) of two numbers are 25 and 9, respectively.
  - (a) When is HM useful?
  - (b) Derive HM formula using the concept of average velocity.
  - (c) Find the two values from the stem.
  - (d) Show mathematically that  $HM \leq AM$  (for n=2)
- 10. Frequency distribution of marks in statistics of a college is given in the following table.

| Marks   | Number of Students<br>Group - A | Number of Students<br>Group - B |
|---------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 25-30   | 11                              | 10                              |
| 30 - 35 | 18                              | 16                              |
| 35 - 40 | 21                              | 22                              |
| 40 - 45 | 26                              | 28                              |
| 45-50   | 14                              | 9                               |

- (a) What is data?
- (b) What are the disadvantages of secondary data?
- (c) Calculate the arithmetic mean of Group A
- (d) Compute the combined mean. Is it greather than the arithmetic mean of Group B? Explain the possible reason(s).

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2

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4

1 2

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3

11. In the test examination, marks of 11 students in statistics are: 90, 92, 93, 49, 44, 88, 80, 58, 83, 71, 76.

- (a) What is central tendency?
- (b) When is median better than arithmetic mean? Explain with an example.
- (c) Find the 3rd the quartile and 61st percentile from the data and explain.
- (d) Do quantiles depend on change of origin and scale. Prove using two examples.
- 12. Scores of a batsman in the last 20 innings are

- 12, 20, 20, 00, 12, 10, 10, 50, 52
- (b) Can median be a better measure of central tendency than arithmetic mean for this data?
- (c) Draw a stem and leaf plot from the data and explain.

(a) Write down the formula of weighted harmonic mean

- (d) Make a frequency distribution from the data and also find and interpret cumulative frequencies and percentages.
- 13. In ODI cricket, two top batsmen are (as of 2nd Sept, 2022) Babar Azam and Rassie van der Dussen. Their average (arithmetic mean) scores are 59.79 and 69.32, appearing in 90 (including being not out in 12 occassions) and 33 (including being not out in 11 occassions) matches, respectively.
  - (a) When is arithmetic mean inappropriate to use?
  - (b) Is arithmetic mean always suitable for comparison?
  - (c) Find the combined arithmetic mean and explain.
  - (d) How to compare two sets of data having significantly distinct ranges?
- 14. A fridge manufacturing company observe temperatures of newly developed 8 deep fridges. The observed temperatures (in degree celsius are:

$$-10, -8, -2, -4, -4, -1, -12, -3, -13$$

- (a) What is a Decile?
- (b) How many Deciles does a data set have? Why?
- (c) Compute the 8th Decile from the data and explain.
- (d) Find and compare arithmetic and geometric mean from the data.
- 15. Given below is a series of data.

$$5, 7, 9, \cdots, 123$$

- (a) What is the summation of natural numbers up to nth value?
- (b) Find the arithmetic mean of natural numbers from 1 up to 20.
- (c) Find the arithmetic mean of the given series.
- (d) Prove that arithmetic mean is greater than gemetric mean theoretically and empricially.
- 16. Grades of a an undergraduate student with major in statistics are given

| Course         | Grade | Credit |
|----------------|-------|--------|
| Probability    | 3.75  | 4      |
| Simulation     | 3.50  | 3      |
| Calculas       | 3.50  | 4      |
| Linear Algebra | 3.75  | 4      |
| Econometrics   | 3.00  | 2      |
| Programming    | 3.50  | 3      |

- (a) Write down the formula of weighted mean.
- (b) What is difference between weight and frequency?
- (c) Determine the GPA of the student.

4

(d) Determine the geometric mean for the data and evaluate suitability.

#### 17. A student walks 3 hours at 5 km per hour (kph), 4 hours at 4 kph, and 2 hours at 3 kph

- (a) When is harmonic mean suitable?(b) Which means could we use for the given data and why?
- (c) Find the average speed using weighted harmonic mean.
- (d) Find the average speed using another method and mathematically show their relationship.

#### 18. A clyclist moves around a square-shaped lake with the speeds 20, 25, 30, and 16 km per hour.

- (a) What is grouped data?
- (b) Is arithmetic mean suitable for this data?
- (c) Find the average speed of the cyclist.
- (d) Can we use some other formula for finding the average? Demonstrate.

| Rainfall (mm) | Frequency |
|---------------|-----------|
| 20-30         | 5         |
| 30-40         | 6         |
| 40-50         | 4         |
| 50-60         | 3         |
| 60-70         | 5         |

### 3.2 Short Questions

#### 3.2.1 General Questions

- 1. What is the primary goal of central tendency?
- 2. When is WAM equal to WHM? Show mathematically.
- 3. When is the equality true: AM = GM = HM? Prove mathematically and empirically.
- 4. When is Median a better measure of central tendency than Arithmetic Mean?
- 5. When is Harmonic Mean more suitable than Arithmetic Mean?
- 6. Write two primary uses of central tendency.
- 7. For two distinct non-zero values, what is the relationship among AM, GM, and HM?
- 8. what is the relationship among AM, GM, and HM?
- 9. What are the criteria of a good measure of central tendency?
- 10. For two non-zero positive numbers, prove  $AM \geq GM \geq HM$
- 11. Find the AM, GM, and HM:  $1, 2, 4, \dots, 2^n$

#### 3.2.2 Arithmetic Mean

- 12. Does Arithmetic Mean depend on origin and scale? Prove with an example.
- 13. Prove with an example:  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i \bar{x})$
- 14. Prove mathematically:  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i \bar{x})$
- 15. Derive the formula of Arithmetic Mean for short-cut method.
- 16. Derive the formula of combined Arithmetic Mean for n nnumber of observations.
- 17. Find Arithmetic Mean of first n natural numbers.

1

1

- 18. If  $u_i = x_i + y_i$ , find  $\bar{x}$  in terms of u.
- 19. For two numbers, AM = 25 and GM = 15. HM = ?
- 20.  $\bar{X} = 25$  and  $Y_i = 5X_i + 20$ .  $\bar{Y} = ?$
- 21. Find Arithmetic Mean:  $11, 13, 15, \dots 57$
- 22. Find Arithmetic Mean:  $115, 120, 125, \dots 225$
- 23. Arithmetic Mean  $(\bar{X})$  of five numbers is 40, and of three of them is 30. What is  $\bar{X}$  of the rest two?
- 24. AM of 200 values is found to be 50. Later it was seen two values were recorded as 92 and 8 in place of 192 and 88, respectively. What is the correct AM?
- 25. AM of 8 values of 20. If the 9th value is 0, what is the new AM?
- 26. AM of Income of City A is 1500 and of City B is 1200. If a person moves from city A to city B, can AM of both cities decrease?
- 27. Calculate Arithmetic Mean:

| Renumeration (X) | No. of Employees (f) |
|------------------|----------------------|
| 30               | 5                    |
| 35               | 8                    |
| 40               | 10                   |

28. Calculate Arithmetic Mean using short-cut method:

| Rainfall (mm) | Frequency |
|---------------|-----------|
| 20-30         | 5         |
| 30-40         | 6         |
| 40-50         | 4         |
| 50-60         | 3         |
| 60-70         | 5         |

29. What is the relationship between changing origin & scale and short-cut method of Arithmetic Mean?

#### 3.2.3 Geometric Mean

- 30. Write down the formula of Geometric Mean for grouped data.
- 31. Find Geometric Mean for these values: 2, 4, 8
- 32. Derive the formula of Geometric Mean using logarithm.
- 33. When is Geometric Mean not calculable?
- 34. When is Geometric Mean appropriate?
- 35. Determine the formula of combined Geometric Mean when  $n_1 = n_2 = n$
- 36.  $Y_i = 3X_i$ . If  $G_y = 9$ ,  $G_x = ?$  [G stands for Geometric Mean]
- 37.  $n_1 = 15, G_1 = 75, n_2 = 10, and G_2 = 80$  Find combined GM.

#### 3.2.4 Harmonic Mean

- 38. Write down the formula of Weighted Harmonic Mean.
- 39. When is Weighted Harmonic Mean used instead of Unweighted one?
- 40. Calculate Harmonic Mean: 10, 15, 20
- 41. Show mathematically that Harmonic Mean of velocity for a fixed distance is equal to average velocity.
- 42. Find the average speed:

| Path   | Distance (km) | Speed (km/h) |
|--------|---------------|--------------|
| Path 1 | 3             | 8            |
| Path 2 | 2             | 9            |
| Path 3 | 2             | 2            |

#### **3.2.5** Median

- 43. Does Median depend on origin and scale? Prove with an example?
- 44. Median score of 50 students is 70. What does it mean?
- 45. Write down the formula of Median for even number of observations.
- 46. Write down the formula of Median for grouped data.
- 47. Find median: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30
- 48. Is Median affected by outliers?
- 49. Does Median depend on origin and scale? Prove.
- 50. What is the greatest disadvantage of Median?
- 51. Does Median lie in the data set from which it is calculated?

#### 3.2.6 Mode

- 52. What is the formula of Mode for grouped data?
- 53. Find the mode: 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 2, 7
- 54. What is an Unimodal dataset?

#### 3.2.7 Quadratic Mean

- 55. What is the formula of Quadratic Mean for grouped and ungrouped data?
- 56. When is Quadratic Mean used?

#### 3.2.8 Partition Values

- 57. If a data is divided into four parts, how many partition values are created?
- 58. Write down the formula of Median for even and odd number of observations.
- 59. Derive the general formula of Quartiles using the concept of Median?
- 60. Third Quartile of score of 50 students is 76. What does it mean?
- 61. Which Quartile is equal to Median?
- 62. Which Percentile is equal to 3rd Quartile?
- 63. Find all the Quartiles: 2, 1, 0, 5, -6, 7, -4

# Measures of Dispersion

### 4.1 Creative Questions

1. Temperatures of two cold regions for five days are as below:

City A: 2, 1, -1, 0, 3

City B: 3, 0, -2, 2, 3

is shown below:

- (a) What is standard deviation??
- (b) Is standard deviation of a set of negative values negative? Justify mathematically.
- (c) Find Mean Deviation about mean of the values of city A.

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3

4

1

2

3

4

- (d) Which city has more consistent weather? Verify statistically.
- 2. Two companies A and B pay their workers on a weekly basis. The summary of wages paid by them

| Factory | Wage (BDT) | Standard Deviation | Number of workers |
|---------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| A       | 1560       | 90                 | 200               |
| В       | 1580       | 70                 | 160               |

- (a) What is dispersion?
- (b) Is variance always greater than stanard deviation? Justify.
- (c) Which company is more consistent with their wages?
- (d) Find the combined Coefficient of Variance (CV) and compare with individual companies.
- 3. Mean and Standard Deviation of 200 items are found to be 60 and 20. Later it was found that two items were recorded as 3 and 67 in place of 13 and 17.
  - (a) Does standard deviation depend on change of origin?
  - (b) Prove  $\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum x^2}{n} (\frac{\sum x}{n})^2$  from original formula.
  - (c) Should the correct mean be smaller or greater? Also find it and compare.
  - (d) Find the correct standard deviation.

### 4.2 Short Questions

# Moments, SKewness, and Kurtosis

### 5.1 Creative Questions

1. There has been an increase in average lifetime of people of Bangladesh. To get more insight on this, a research was conducted, in which ages of retired government employees were recorded. A sample of 10 people is given below:

75, 62, 63, 72, 66, 76, 59, 77, 70, 79

- (a) What is the 2nd central moment? 1 2 (b) Why is the first central moment zero? (c) Find the variance of the data. 3 (d) Are the data symmetric? Justify. 4 2. The arithmetic and geometric means of the first and third quartiles of a distribution are 10 and 8, respectively. The second quartile is 10. (a) What is the formula suggested by Pearson to find skewness? 1 (b) Which moments are useful in measuring central tendency and dispersion? 2 (c) Find skewness from the stem using a suitable formula. 3 (d) Which method of finding skewness od you think is the best and why? 4 3. For a particular data set, Median = 120, Mode = 110, Standard Deviation = 4, and Coefficient of Variation (CV) = 3.2(a) Why is CV used? 1 2 (b) Find arithmetic mean.. (c) Find skewness according to Pearson's method  $(SK_P)$ 3 (d) Does  $(SK_P)$  convey the proper idea about the data as to the given information? Justify. 4 1. US Dollar exchange (to taka) in Bangladesh since 1980 to 2005 (after each 5 years) were: 16, 31, 36, 40, 52, 64 (a) What are moments? 1 (b) Which moment is equal to the variance? Show mathematically. 2 (c) Find, from the stem, the first and second raw moments about 1. 3 (d) Find skewness and kurtosis of and explain. 4 2. A farmer in Dinajpur district produces seasonal crops. First four moments around 9 of his daily earnings are computed as -1, 8, -16, and 25. (a) What is the Box and Whisker plot? 1 (b) Can Box and Whisker plot suggest symmetry? 2 (c) Find the arithmetic mean and variance of the farmer's earnings. 3 (d) Do the earnings produce a symmetric data? Analyze. 4
- 3. The first four moments about 3 of a distribution are -1, 5, -10, and 120.

| (d) Estimate skewness and kurtosis and explain. | 4 |
|---|---|
|   |   |

7. Exam marks of two students were summarized for the purpose of comparison. The summary is

| Measure         | Student X | Student Y |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| First Quartile  | 28        | 27        |
| Second Quartile | 60        | 60        |
| Third Quartile  | 75        | 73        |
| Minimum         | 16        | 14        |
| Maximum         | 89        | 86        |

| (a) What is kurtosis?   | 1 |
|---|---|
| (b) How much data are contained within Interquartile range?                       | 2 |
| (c) For student A, estimate the Bowley's Coefficient of skewness and explain.     | 3 |
| (d) On the basis of skewness (and hence shape of the data), compare the students. | 4 |

### 5.2 Short Questions

given below:

# Correlation and Regression

- 6.1 Creative Questions
- 6.2 Short Questions

### Time Series

### 7.1 Creative Questions

1. The yearly revenue (in hundred thousand) of shoe manufacturer company is given below

| Year    | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Revenue | 35   | 22   | 40   | 35   | 50   | 42   | 60   |

(a) What is general trend? 1 (b) Which method of determining trend gives only two values? 2 (c) Determine the trend using three-yearly moving average method. 3 (d) Find the trend using graphical method and extrapolate the approximate revenue earned in 2012. 4 2. GDP (in bn. US\$ PPP) of Bangladesh since 1980 to 1985 according to an estimate of International Monetary Fund: 41.2, 47.4, 52.0, 56.5, 61.0, 65.3 (a) What is time series data? 1 (b) What are the components of a time series model? 2 (c) Determine the 3-yearly moving average from the data. 3 (d) Find trend of the data using another method (other than (c)), plot both, and comment which is better. 4 3. Annual sales of company are as given in the following 2012 | 2013 | Profit (million) | 40 45 46 53 (a) What is a trend? 1 (b) Do the data in the stem seem to have a trend? 2 (c) Find the trend using semi-average method. 3 (d) Find the trend using 2-yearly moving average method. Would it better if we used 3-yearly 4 method? 4. Income of a freelancer in 6 successive months (from Jan to Jun) was found to be 46.0, 49.5, 51.5, 50.6, 56.5, and 60 (in thousands BDT.). (a) What is time series data? 1 2 (b) What are the components of a time series model? (c) Determine the 3-monthly moving average from the data. 3 (d) Draw the moving averages on a graph paper and interpret. 4

### 7.2 Short Questions

# Published Statistics in Bangladesh

### 8.1 Creative Questions

1. In 2015, tens of thousands of Rohingya people were forcibly displaced from their villages and IDP camps in Rakhine state, Mynmar. Many of them fled to neighboring countries, including Bangladesh, Malaysia, Indonesia. Many national and internations agencies collect data on the issue.

|    | (a) What is non-official statistics?  | 1 |
|----|---|---|
|    | (b) Name five sources of official statistics.   | 2 |
|    | (c) Shed some light on the limitations of official statistics.  | 3 |
|    | (d) How can the quality of published statistics in Bangladesh be improved?  | 4 |
| 2. | 2. Climate change is an alarming problem throught the world. To determine what to problem, many government and non-government organizatios collect and analyze deconsistent solution. |   |
|    | (a) What is official statistics?  | 1 |
|    | (b) What is the role of World Meteorological Organization?  | 2 |
|    | (c) What are the limitations of published statistics in Bangladesh?   | 3 |
|    | (d) How can the quality of published statistics in Bangladesh be improved?  | 4 |

### 8.2 Short Questions

# Conclusion

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