Oblig nr. 1 Binær-til-syv-segments dekoder INF-1400

sarime

Mahmut Emrah Sari

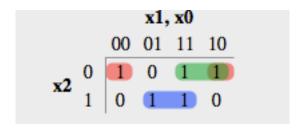
Jeg valgte å løse oppgaven ved å først lage sannhetsverditabellen for hver bokstavene (a, b, c, d, e, f og g) som er utgangene. Her i tabellen **x** representer **Don't Care**-er. Løsningen følger i tabellen under.

	Sannhetsverditabell									
	X2	X1	X0	а	Ь	С	d	е	f	g
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
3	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
4	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
5	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
6	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	1	x	x	x	X	x	X	X

Sannhetsverditabellen med Don't Care verdi

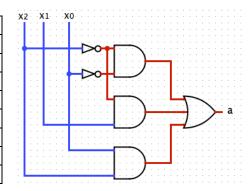
Jeg har laget Karnaugh Diagram for hver bokstavene (a, b, c, d, e, f og g) og har løst funksjonene.

For a:



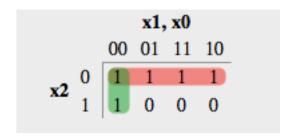
Sannhetstabell for a

	X2	X1	XO	а
0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
2	0	1	0	1
3	0	1	1	1
4	1	0	0	0
5	1	0	1	1
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	X



$$a = x2'x0' + x2'x1 + x2x0$$

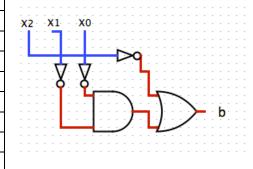
For b:



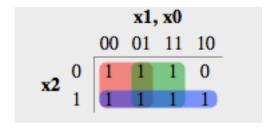
$$b = x2' + x1'x0$$

Sannhetstabell for b

	X2	X1	XO	b
0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	1
3	0	1	1	1
4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	X



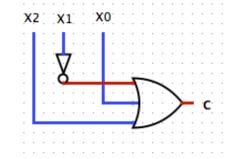
For c:



$$c = x1' + x0 + x2$$

Sannhetstabell for c

		X2	X1	X0	C
	0	0	0	0	1
	1	0	0	1	1
	2	0	1	0	0
	3	0	1	1	1
	4	1	0	0	1
ľ	5	1	0	1	1
	6	1	1	0	1
	7	1	1	1	X



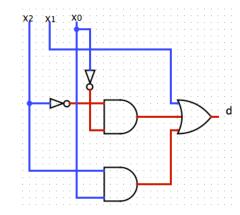
For d:



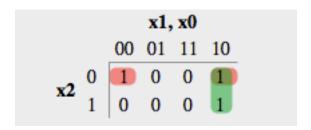
$$d = x2'x0' + x1 + x2x0$$

Sannhetstabell for c

	X2	X1	XO	d
0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
3	0	1	0	1
	0	1	1	1
4 5 6	1	0	0	0
5	1	0	1	1
	1	1	0	1
7	1	1	1	X



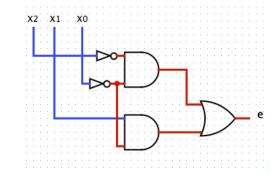
For e:



$$e = x2'x0' + x1x0'$$

Sannhetstabell for e

	X2	X1	X0	е	
0	0	0	0	1	
1	0	0	1	0	
2	0	1	0	1	
3	0	1	1	0	
4	1	0	0	0	
5	1	0	1	0	
6	1	1	0	1	
7	1	1	1	X	



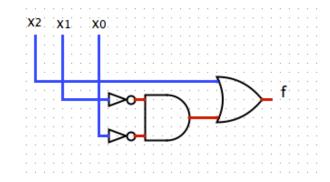
For f:



f = x1'x0' + x2

Sannhetstabell for f

	X2	X1	X0	f
0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
2	0	1	0	0
3	0	1	1	0
4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	1
6	1	1	0	1
7	1	1	1	X



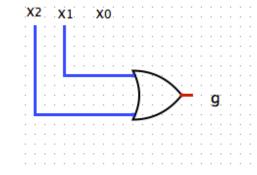




g = x1 + x2

Sannhetstabell for g

	X2	X1	XO	500
0	0	0	0	g
1	0	0	1	0
2	0	1	0	1
3	0	1	1	1
4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	1
6	1	1	0	1
7	1	1	1	X



Så kunne jeg begynne å lage kretsene mine med Logisim. Her er skjermbilde fra Logisim.

