```
clear all; clc; close all;
h = 75000;
e = 0.3;
i = 95*pi/180;
W = 30*pi/180;
w = 50*pi/180;
true ana = 40*pi/180;
[ro,vo] = OrbElem2StateVec(h,e,i,w,W,true_ana);
fprintf('Position Vector: [%0.0f %0.0f %0.0f] km \n', ro)
fprintf('Velocity Vector: [%0.3f %0.3f %0.3f] km/s \n', vo)
function [RX,VX,r,v,QXx] = OrbElem2StateVec(h,e,i,w,W,true ano)
%This function will take orbital elements and compute two state vectors r and
% r and v must be 3-D vectors
mu = 3.9860044189e5;
r = (h^2/mu)/(1+e^*cos(true ano))^*[cos(true ano) sin(true ano) 0]';
v = mu/h*[-sin(true ano) (e+cos(true ano)) 0]';
R3 W = [\cos(W) \sin(W) 0;
      -\sin(W)\cos(W)0;
      0
             0
R1 i = [1 0 0;
       0 cos(i) sin(i);
        0 -sin(i) cos(i);];
R3 w = [\cos(w) \sin(w) 0;
        -\sin(w)\cos(w) 0
        0 0 1;];
QXx = (R3 W) * (R1 i) * (R3 W);
RX = QXx.'*r;
VX = QXx.'*v;
end
Position Vector: [500 -866 11431] km
```

Velocity Vector: [-5.616 -3.345 1.021] km/s