

# Dictionaries Level - 2

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## Practice Problem 39

### Description:

- Write a Python program that counts the frequency of each value in a dictionary.
- The program should create a new dictionary to **map each value** in the original dictionary **to its frequency** (how many times it occurs).
- If the dictionary is empty, print an empty dictionary.

### ◆ Expected Output:

If this is the dictionary:

```
my_dict = {  
    "a": 4,  
    "b": 4,  
    "c": 2,  
    "d": 7,  
    "e": 4,  
    "f": 2,  
    "g": 7,  
    "h": 7  
}
```

The output should be:

```
freq_dict = {  
    4: 3  
    2: 2  
    7: 3  
}
```

Each value in `my_dict` is a **key** in the `freq_dict` and it is mapped to its corresponding frequency as the value.

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## Practice Problem 40

### Description:

- Write a Python program that creates a dictionary from the values contained in nested lists.
- Each nested list has this format `[value1, value2]`.
- `value1` should be the **key** in the dictionary and `value2` should be its corresponding **value**.
- If there are no nested lists, print an empty dictionary.

### ◆ Expected Output:

If this is the list that contains nested lists:

```
[["a", 1], ["b", 2], ["c", 3], ["d", 4]]
```

The result should be:

```
{"a": 1, "b": 2, "c": 3, "d": 4}
```

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## Practice Problem 41

### Description:

- Write a Python program that prints the largest of the values in a dictionary.
- You may assume that all the values in the dictionary are either lists or tuples.

### ◆ Expected Output:

If this is the dictionary:

```
my_dict = {  
    "a": [1, 2, 3],  
    "b": [4, 0, -4],  
    "c": [3, 5, 9],  
    "d": [45, 12, 100]  
}
```

This should be the output:

```
157
```

### ◆ Hints:

- The `sum()` function returns the sum of the elements of a list or tuple.
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## Practice Problem 42

### Description:

- Write a Python program that creates and displays a dictionary that maps each **letter** in a string to how many times the character occurs in the string (its frequency).
- The dictionary should only include the characters in the string.
- The test should be case-insensitive ("A" should be counted as "a").
- The keys in the dictionary should be **lowercase** letters.
- Only include letters in the dictionary.

### ◆ Expected Output:

Example 1:

For the string:

```
"Hello, World"
```

The output should be this dictionary:

```
{"h": 1, "e": 1, "l": 3, "o": 2, "w": 1, "r": 1, "d": 1}
```

Each letter is mapped to its corresponding frequency.

### Example 2:

```
"Excellent"
```

The output should be this dictionary:

```
{"e": 3, "x": 1, "c": 1, "l": 2, "n": 1, "t": 1}
```

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## Practice Problem 43



### 📌 Description:

- Write a Python program that sorts (in ascending order) the lists contained as values in a dictionary.
- The dictionary contains key-value pairs that match strings to lists. You need to sort these lists.
- The lists have to be **mutated** (changed).

### ◆ Expected Output:

If this is the dictionary:

```
my_dict = {  
    "a": [4, 3, 2],  
    "b": [5, 3, 7],  
    "c": [1, 9, 10],  
    "d": [3, 4, 1]  
}
```

The final output should be:

```
my_dict = {  
    "a": [2, 3, 4],  
    "b": [3, 5, 7],  
    "c": [1, 9, 10],  
    "d": [1, 3, 4]  
}
```

Notice how all the lists are now sorted in ascending order.

### ◆ Hints:

- The `.sort()` method sorts a list (the list is mutated/changed).
  - Be careful with using `sorted()` because it only returns a sorted copy of the list.
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## Practice Problem 44



### 📌 Description:

- Write a Python program that takes the content of a dictionary and converts it into a list of lists.
- Each nested list should contain a key as the first element and its corresponding value as the second element.
- Print the final list of lists.

### ◆ Expected Output:

If this is the original dictionary:

```
product_info = {  
    "description": "shoe",  
    "price": 4.56,  
    "colors": ["green", "blue", "red"],  
}
```

The output should be:

`'description', 'shoe', ['price', 4.56], ['colors', ['green', 'blue', 'red']]`

### ◆ Hints:

- The `.items()` dictionary method can be helpful to solve this exercise. It returns a sequence with the keys of the dictionary and their corresponding values.
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