

# Agenda

13 June 2024 13:13

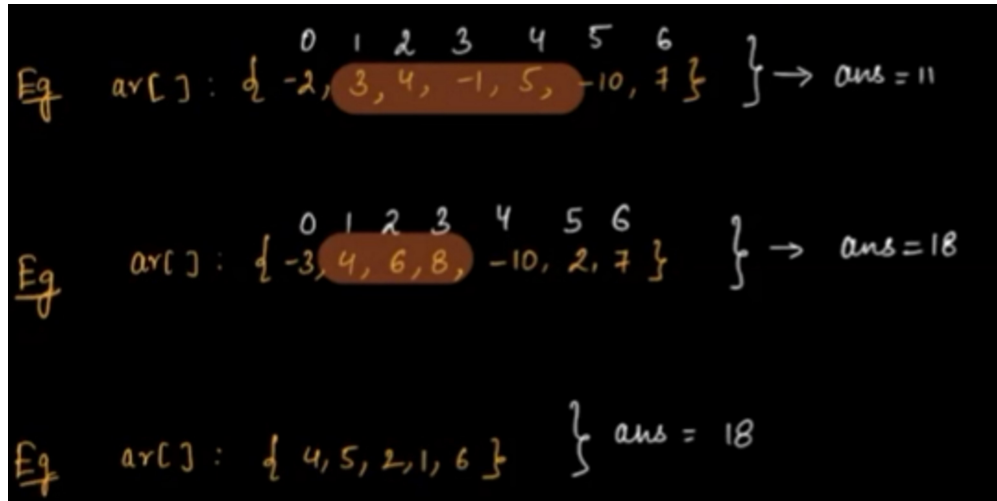
1. Max Subarray Sum
2. Add x from i to N-1
3. Add x from i to j
4. Rain water Trapping

# Problems

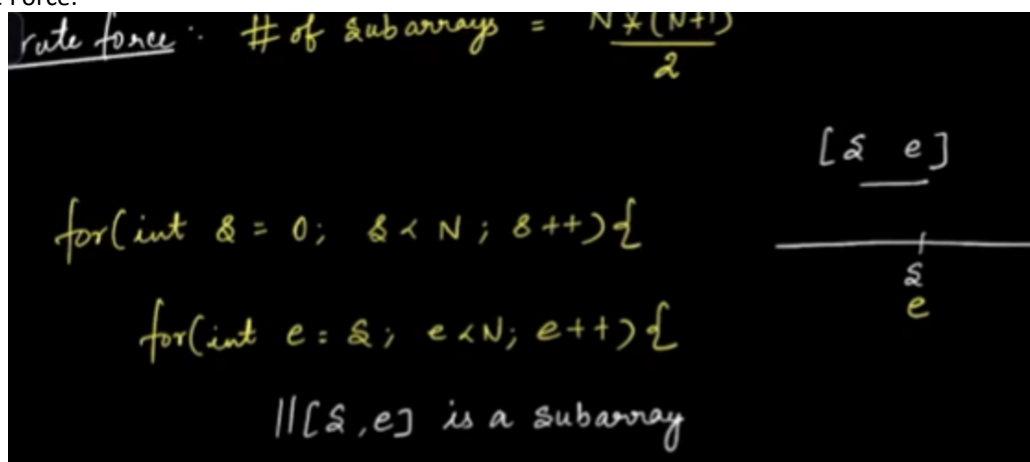
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## Problem1:

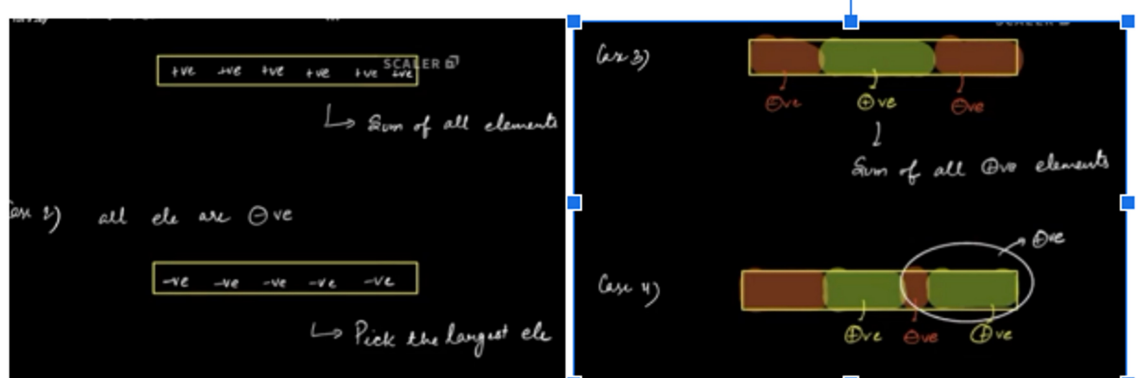
Given an array. Find the max subarray sum.



### 1) Brute Force:



- 2) Using Prefix sum : Calculate the prefix sum and using prefix sum find the subarray. For each  $i$  and  $j$  calculate difference in prefix sum (this gives sum of element in subarray  $i$  to  $j$ )
- 3) Using carry forward : use a variable which holds sum of each consecutive elements of consecutive subarrays .
- 4) Kadane's Algorithm :



Eg

	↓						
	{ -2	3	4	-1	5	-10	7 }
curr	<del>-2</del> <sup>0</sup>	3	7	6	11	1	8
ans	-2	3	7	7	11	11	11

} ans = 11

## Problem 2:

Given an array where every element is 0. Find the final array after performing multiple queries.

Query(i, x) :- Add x to all numbers from index i to N-1

Eg N = 7, Q = 3

i	x						
Q <sub>1</sub>	(1, 3)						
Q <sub>2</sub>	(4, 2)						
Q <sub>3</sub>	(3, 1)						

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	+3	+3	+3	+3	+3	+3
				+2	+2	+2
				+1	+1	+1
<hr/>						
0	3	3	4	6	6	6

Brute Force:

For every query add respective elements in array.

Using Prefix Sum :

- Add all the values in the respective index.
- Do the prefix sum in end;

N = 7, Q = 3

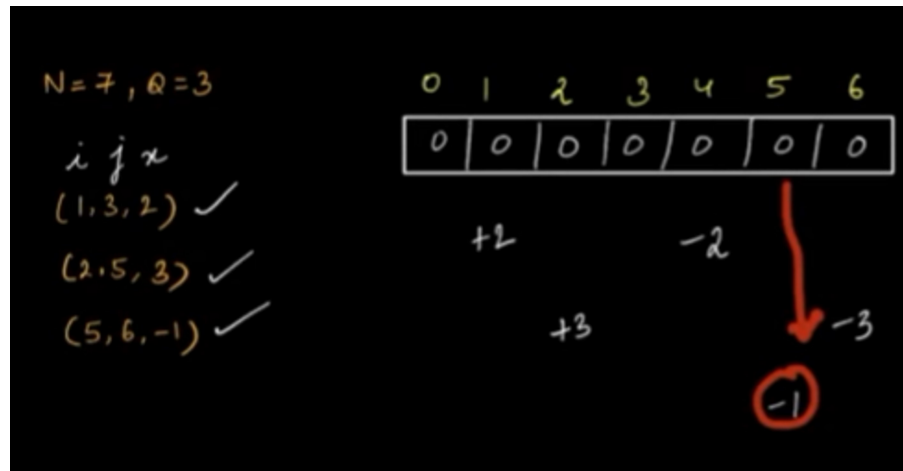
i	x						
Q <sub>1</sub>	(1, 3)	✓					
Q <sub>2</sub>	(4, 2)	✓					
Q <sub>3</sub>	(3, 1)	✓					
Q <sub>4</sub>	(4, -5)						

				-5	-5	-5
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	+3	...	...	...	...	...
				+2	...	...
				+1	...	...
<hr/>						
0	3	0	1	-3	0	0
Pf Sum :-	0	3	3	4	1	1

### Problem 3:

Given an array where every element is 0. Find the final array after performing multiple queries.

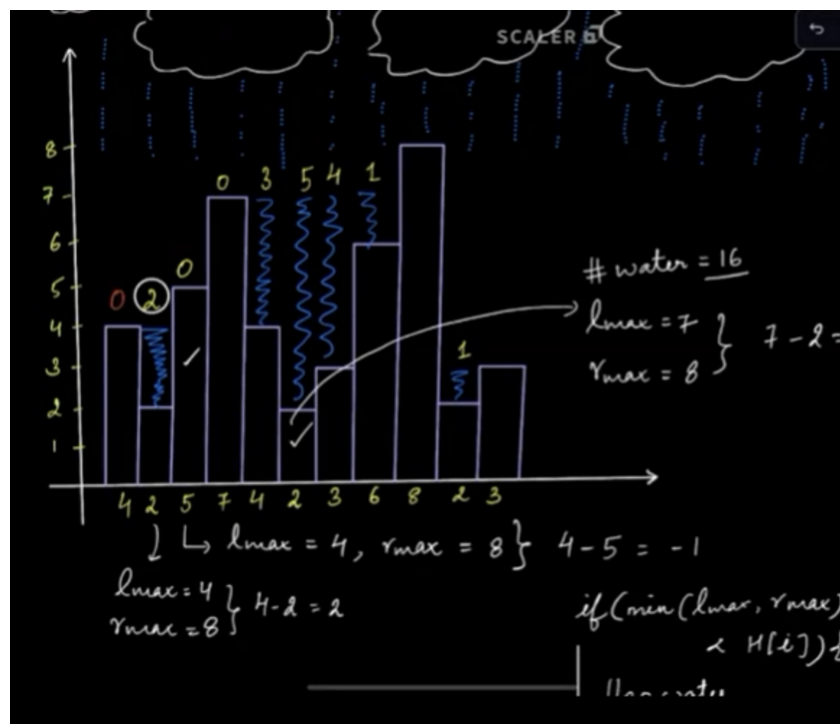
Query(i, j, x) :- Add x to all numbers from index i to j



### Problem 4:

#### Rain Water Trapping

Given N buildings with height of each building. Find the rain water trapped in between the buildings.



#### Brute Force Approach:

Find the left maximum and right maximum for each building

Find the minimum among them.

If minimum is greater than the current building size = calculate the difference between minmax and current building.

Do for each building sum up and return.

#### Optimised Code:

Keep two arrays which stores leftMax(Maximum among all elements present in left side) and rightMax.

Precompute

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	4	2	5	7	4	2	3	6	8	2	3
<u>lmax[]</u>	4	4	5	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
<u>rmax[]</u>	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	3	3

$lmax[i] = \text{Max from } [0 \ i]$

$rmax[i] = \text{max from } [i \ N-1]$

$lmax$

$rmax$

$lmax[0 \ i] = \max(ans[i], lmax[0 \ i-1])$